

A stack is a data structure that works on LIFO principle

How to add value to stack and take out ?

```
.MODEL SMALL
.STACK 100H
.DATA
.CODE
MAIN PROC
```

```
mov AX, 2
```

```
PUSH AX
```

```
POP AX
```

```
mov DX, AX
mov ah, 2
Int 21h
```

```
mov AH, 4CH
INT 21H
MAIN ENDP
END MAIN
```

Copies content from Operand to top of stack

PUSH Register/Variable

```
PUSH AX
PUSH Var1
```

```
Push Al
Pop al
```

> 16 bits

Pop Register/Variable

Copies content from top of stack to Operand

```
POP AX
POP Var1
```

Stack Pointer Register  
Point the top of space reserved for stack

Stack Segment Register  
Hold address of space reserved for stack

SS : SP

```
.stack 100h
```

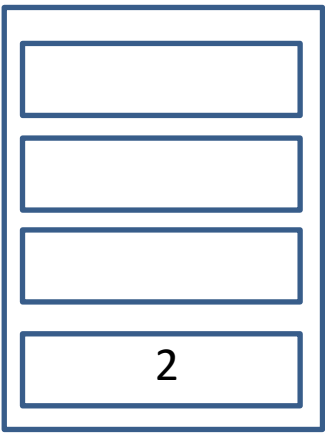
It's a directive/command that reserves 100h bytes for stack

What's the use of Stack in Computer Science?

- 1. Undo/Redo
- 2. Back/Forward
- 3. Solving mathematical problems with precedence

Why do we study Stack in Assembly Language ?

- 1. Swap two numbers
- 2. To reverse a string
- 3. Helps in Nested Loops (Loop within loop)



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How to use stack in assembly program?

Last In, first out (LIFO)

```
PUSH → Rakhna
POP  → Nikalna
```