## **Quadratic primes**

## Problem 27 (http://projecteuler.net/problem=27)

Euler discovered the remarkable quadratic formula: n2+n+41

It turns out that the formula will produce 40 primes for the consecutive integer values  $0 \le n \le 39$ . However, when  $n=40,40^2+40+41=40(40+1)+41$  is divisible by 41, and certainly when  $n=41,41^2+41+41$  is clearly divisible by 41.

The incredible formula  $n^2$ -79n+1601 was discovered, which produces 80 primes for the consecutive values  $0 \le n \le 79$ . The product of the coefficients, -79 and 1601, is -126479.

Considering quadratics of the form:  $n^2+an+b$ , where |a|<1000 and  $|b|\le1000$ , where |n| is the modulus/absolute value of n, e.g. |11|=11 and |-4|=4

Find the product of the coefficients, a and b, for the quadratic expression that produces the maximum number of primes for consecutive values of n, starting with n=0.

## **Solution**

```
In [1]: ▶ def prime(m=0):
                if m > 2:
                   yield 2
                if m > 3:
                   yield 3
                p, n, q = 5, 3, 9
                while (not m) or (p < m):
                    if all(p % x for x in range(3, n+1, 2)):
                    yield p
p += 2
                    while p>q:
                        q += n
                        n += 1
                        q += n
            ptable = list(prime(1000))
            def isprime(n):
                if n <= ptable[-1]:</pre>
                    return n in ptable
                q = int(n ** 0.5) + 1
                for x in ptable:
                    if n % x == 0:
                        return False
                    if x > q:
                        return True
                if q>ptable[-1]:
                    for x in range(ptable[-1],q,2):
                        if n % x == 0:
                           return False
                return True
            def qlen(a,b):
                x, n = b, 0
                while isprime(x):
                    n += 1
                    x = n * n + a * n + b
                return n
            maxlen = 0
            ab = 0
            for b in ptable[1:]:
                for a in range(2-b,1000,2):
                    ql = qlen(a, b)
                    if maxlen < ql:</pre>
                        maxlen = ql
                        ab = a * b
            print(ab)
```