# **SMALL PROGRAM 6**

COP3223C Introduction to Programming with C Dr. Andrew Steinberg

Fall 2022

#### **Due Date**

The assignment is due on November 4th at 11:59pm EST via Webcourses. **Do not email the professor or TAs your submissions as they will not be accepted!** This assignment is accepted late up to 24 hours with a penalty. Please see the syllabus for more information on this. Make sure to submit on time to get potential full credit. Make sure to also take into consideration the uploading time. In the past, students who are working last minute on the assignment sometimes run into uploading issues where their Internet may run slow, resulting in late submissions. The timestamp Webcourses uses for your submission will be applied and will be the final say. Please do not email the instructor or TAs saying your Internet was running slow. If the time is off by a second of the due date, then the assignment is considered late. Plan accordingly!

# Important! Read Carefully! There is something new here!

Before you attempt the problems, make sure you can run the provided skeleton code by calling the display function. You will see a lot of numbers. If you see a lot of numbers, then you are ready to begin the assignment. The skeleton file will proudce your input array that you will use solve the four problems. You may notice some unfamiliar code in the main function. Inside the main function, you notice srand() and rand() being called. These functions are estential for properly populating the array. **DO NOT CHANGE THEM IN ANY WAY OR ELSE YOU RISK POINTS BEING DEDUCTED.** 

This assignment contains a set of problems that are to be completed in **one C file**. You have learned about creating user-defined functions and why they are so beneficial to us programmers. For each problem in the assignment, you will create the definition of the user-defined function that is asked in the description. **If you do not create a user-defined function for each of the problems, then you will receive no credit for the problem.** Creating user-defined functions is good practice! You also must write the function prototypes! Missing function prototypes will result in points being deducted. Function prototypes are also good practice as well. The file must be named <code>smallprogram6\_lastname\_firstname.c</code>, where lastname and firstname is your last and first name (as registered in webcourses). For example Dr. Steinberg's file would be named <code>smallprogram6\_Steinberg\_Andrew.c</code>. Make sure to include the underscore character \_. If your file is not named properly, points will be deducted. The script the graders use will pull your name from the file name properly. It is imperative you follow these steps so you can get

# **Testing on Eustis**

It is your responsibility to test your code on Eustis. If you submit your assignment without testing on Eustis, you risk points being deducted for things that may behave differently on your operating system. Remember, you cannot dispute grades if your code didn't work properly on Eustis all because it worked on your machine. The Eustis environment gives the final say. Plan accordingly to test on Eustis!!

# The Python Script File! Read Carefully!

A python script has been provided for you to test your code with a sample output of Dr. Steinberg's solution. This script will check to make sure your output matches exactly with Dr. Steinberg's solution file as the graders are using this to grade your assignments. The script removes leading and trailing white space, but not white space in the actual text. If there is anything off with the output (including the expected answer), the script will say your output is not correct. This includes your output producing the correct answer, however there is something off with the output display. The script is going to run 5 unique scenarios for each problem (5 Test Cases). Each test case contains a different set of input values being used to ensure your code produces the correct answer. Back in your previous assignments, Dr. Steinberg would provide 1 sample solution that you would upload to Eustis. Now, there are 5 solution text files you are going to need to upload to Eustis. Before you test your program, your directory in Eustis should look something like this: After you run the script, 5 new text files are going to be generated. These

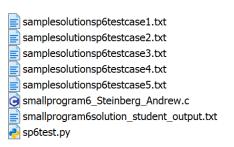


Figure 1: Your setup for testing on Eustis. 5 sample txt files (provided for you in Webcourses), your C program, and the python test script.

files are the solution output for each test case. If you have these files, you are ready to run the script. Use the following command to test your code with Dr. Steinberg's provided solution sample.

python3 sp6test.py

```
samplesolutionsp6testcase1.txt
samplesolutionsp6testcase2.txt
samplesolutionsp6testcase3.txt
samplesolutionsp6testcase4.txt
samplesolutionsp6testcase5.txt
smallprogram6
smallprogram6_Steinberg_Andrew.c
smallprogram6solution_student_output.txt
sp6student_output_test_case_1.txt
sp6student_output_test_case_2.txt
sp6student_output_test_case_3.txt
sp6student_output_test_case_4.txt
sp6student_output_test_case_5.txt
sp6student_output_test_case_5.txt
sp6student_output_test_case_5.txt
```

Figure 2: Your Eustis setup after running the script in Eustis.

### The Rubric

Please see the assignment page for the established rubric on webcourses.

#### **Comment Header**

Make sure you place a comment header at the top of your C file. You will use single line comments to write your name, professor, course, and assignment. For example, Dr. Steinberg's header would be:

```
//Andrew Steinberg
//Dr. Steinberg
//COP3223C Section 1
//Small Program 6
```

Missing a comment header will result in point deductions!

#### **Problem 1**

Write a user defined function called meanMinMax that takes an int array as an argument. The function will use the array that is declared in the main function that contains SIZE elements. The function will calculate the mean of the values stored in the array and also determine the max and min values inside the array within the function definition. These results will be displayed in the user defined function definition. The following figure shows a sample output of the problem. Read the Important section of this assignment to understand the array you are using for all of these problems.

Average: 500.495000 Max: 1000 Min: 1

Figure 3: Sample output from problem 1. Make sure it matches for the python script.

## **Problem 2**

Write a user defined function called mySort that takes an int array (same one from the previous problem) as an argument. The function will sort the array in increasing order. Do not use any built in sorting function. If a built in sorting function is used, then no credit will be given for this problem. The following figure shows a sample output of the problem. **Call the** display function after calling mySort in the main function.

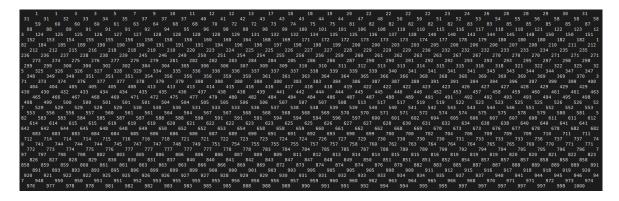


Figure 4: Sample output from problem 2 from calling display after mySort. Make sure it matches for the python script.

## **Problem 3**

Write a user defined function called doubleShift. This function shifts values over by 2 indexes to the right (increasing index) in the array. Here is an example when the array has 5 elements before and after the function is called. The function takes the int array (same one from previous problems) as an argument.

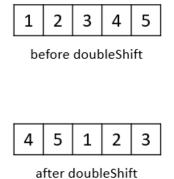


Figure 5: Sample of how doubleShift works with an array of 5 elements.

**Call the** display function after calling doubleShift in the main function.

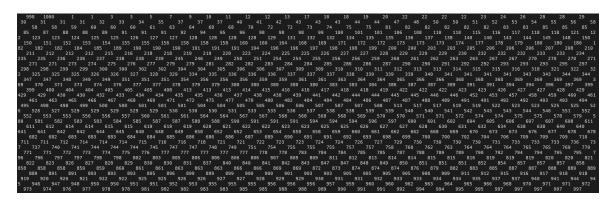


Figure 6: Sample output from problem 3 from calling display after doubleShift. Make sure it matches for the python script.

## **Problem 4**

Write a user-defined function called reverse. The function flips the position of the values in reverse order. The following figure shows a sample with an array of 5 elements. You cannot use

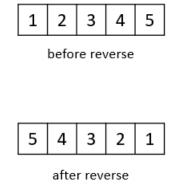


Figure 7: Sample of how reverse works with an array of 5 elements.

an additional array for this problem. If an additional array is used, then points will be deducted. **Call the** display **function after calling** reverse **in the main function.** 

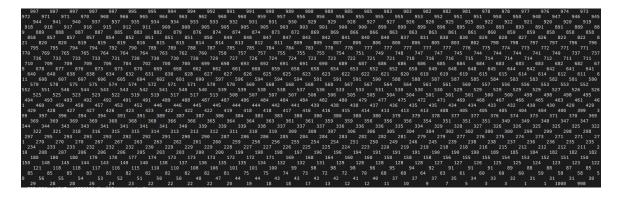


Figure 8: Sample output from problem 4 from calling display after reverse. Make sure it matches for the python script.