

Data 211 Final Project

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```
#Libraries
```

```
library(ggplot2)
library(readxl)

## Warning: package 'readxl' was built under R version 4.5.2

library(tidyverse)

## Warning: package 'tidyverse' was built under R version 4.5.2

## Warning: package 'tidyr' was built under R version 4.5.2

## Warning: package 'readr' was built under R version 4.5.2

## Warning: package 'purrr' was built under R version 4.5.2

## Warning: package 'forcats' was built under R version 4.5.2

## Warning: package 'lubridate' was built under R version 4.5.2

## — Attaching core tidyverse packages ————— tidyverse
2.0.0 —
## ✓ dplyr     1.1.4      ✓ readr     2.1.5
## ✓forcats   1.0.1      ✓ stringr   1.5.2
## ✓ lubridate 1.9.4      ✓ tibble    3.3.0
## ✓ purrr    1.1.0      ✓ tidyr    1.3.1
## — Conflicts —
tidyverse_conflicts() —
## X dplyr::filter() masks stats::filter()
## X dplyr::lag()   masks stats::lag()
## i Use the conflicted package (<http://conflicted.r-lib.org/>) to force all
conflicts to become errors
```

```
#Load data into a new dataset
```

```
Calories<-read_excel("C:/Users/Patrick/Desktop/Prog/R/Data 211 Final Project
Data Collection .xlsx")
```

```
#Change format for graph and table
```

```
NewCalories<-Calories%>%
  mutate(`Day of Data`=c(1:14))
```

Initial Statistical Summary

```
summary(Calories)
```

```
## Day of Data Total Calories Ultra-Processed Unprocessed
## Min. :2025-11-02 00:00:00 Min. :1935 Min. : 774 Min. : 790
## 1st Qu.:2025-11-05 06:00:00 1st Qu.:2116 1st Qu.: 920 1st Qu.:1012
## Median :2025-11-08 12:00:00 Median :2216 Median :1068 Median :1194
## Mean   :2025-11-08 12:00:00 Mean  :2242 Mean  :1063 Mean  :1179
## 3rd Qu.:2025-11-11 18:00:00 3rd Qu.:2392 3rd Qu.:1214 3rd Qu.:1259
## Max.   :2025-11-15 00:00:00 Max. :2580 Max. :1315 Max. :1610
## Percent of Ultra-Processed Calories
## Min. :36.00
## 1st Qu.:40.50
## Median :47.00
## Mean   :47.64
## 3rd Qu.:53.75
## Max.   :60.00

sd(Calories$`Percent of Ultra-Processed Calories`)

## [1] 7.830975

range(Calories$`Percent of Ultra-Processed Calories`)

## [1] 36 60
```

Table

```
PercentTable<-NewCalories%>%
  select(`Day of Data`, `Percent of Ultra-Processed Calories`)
```

```
PercentTable
```

```
## # A tibble: 14 × 2
##   `Day of Data` `Percent of Ultra-Processed Calories`
##       <int>                <dbl>
## 1           1                 40
## 2           2                 58
## 3           3                 51
## 4           4                 45
## 5           5                 60
## 6           6                 56
## 7           7                 48
## 8           8                 54
## 9           9                 42
## 10          10                46
## 11          11                53
## 12          12                38
```

```

## 13          13          36
## 14          14          40

NewCalories

## # A tibble: 14 × 5
##   `Day of Data` `Total Calories` `Ultra-Processed` Unprocessed
##       <int>           <dbl>            <dbl>        <dbl>
## 1            1         2467            987        1480
## 2            2         2113           1225         888
## 3            3         2580           1315        1265
## 4            4         2248           1011        1237
## 5            5         1976           1186         790
## 6            6         2185           1224         961
## 7            7         2360           1133        1227
## 8            8         2291           1237        1054
## 9            9         2140            899        1241
## 10          10         2045            941        1104
## 11          11         2123           1125         998
## 12          12         2402            913        1489
## 13          13         2516            906        1610
## 14          14         1935            774        1161
## # i 1 more variable: `Percent of Ultra-Processed Calories` <dbl>

```

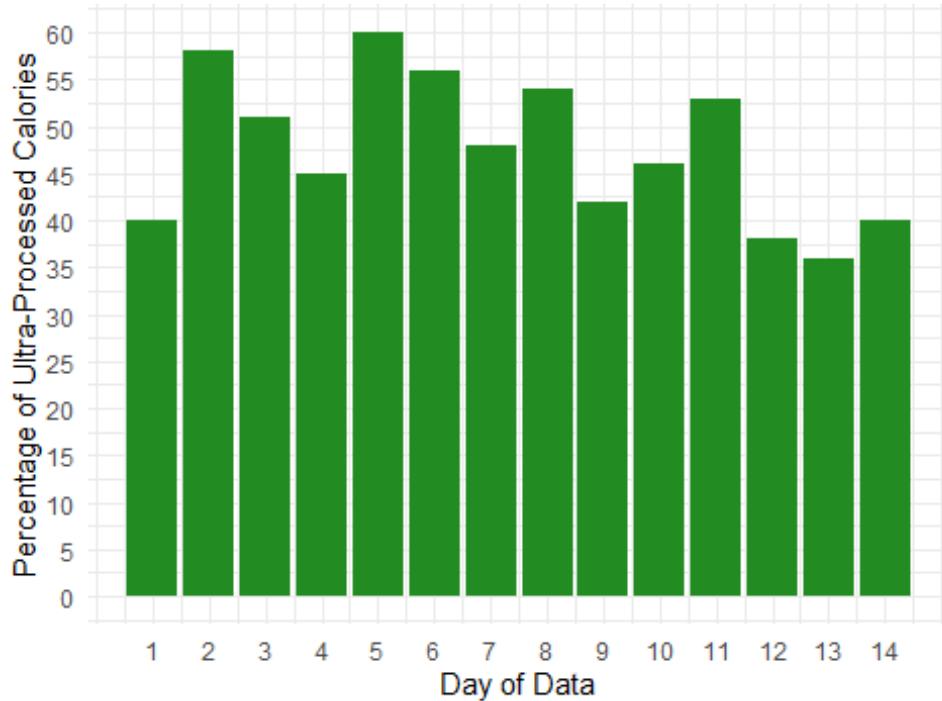
Visualizations

```

ggplot(data=NewCalories,aes(x=`Day of Data`,y=`Percent of Ultra-Processed
Calories`))+
  geom_bar(stat="identity",fill="forestgreen")+
  scale_x_continuous(breaks=c(1:14))+ 
  scale_y_continuous(breaks=seq(0,60,by=5))+ 
  labs(title="Ultra Processed Calories - Personal Average",
       x="Day of Data",
       y="Percentage of Ultra-Processed Calories")+
  theme_minimal()

```

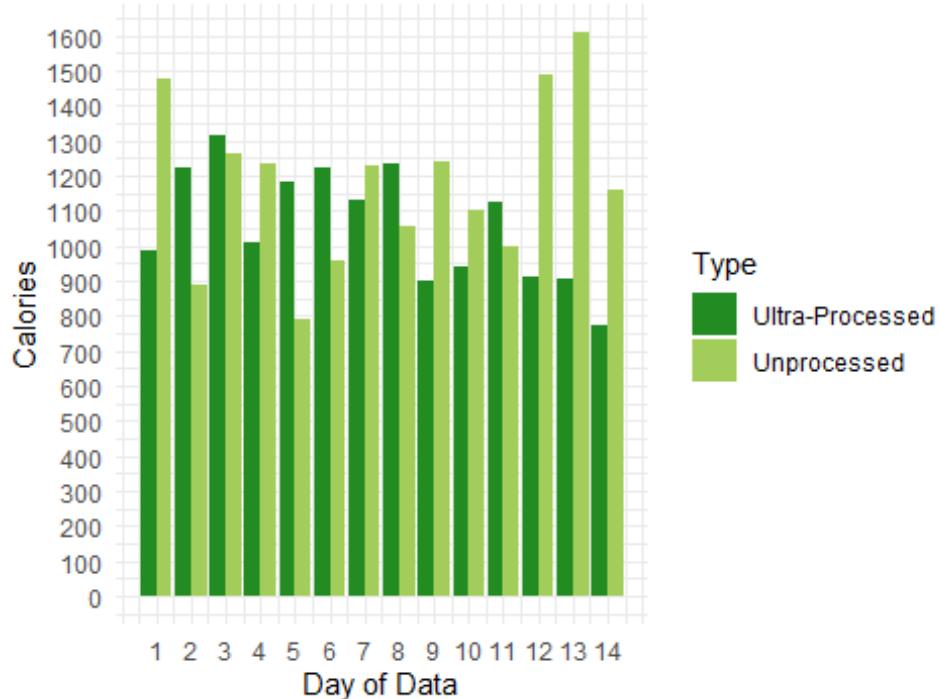
Ultra Processed Calories - Personal Average



#Formatting to long data for caloric comparison.

```
LongCalories<-pivot_longer(NewCalories,cols =c("Unprocessed","Ultra-  
Processed"),names_to = "Type",values_to = "Calories")  
  
ggplot(data=LongCalories,aes(x=`Day of Data`,y=Calories,fill=Type))+  
  geom_bar(stat="identity",position="dodge") +  
  labs(title="Unprocessed vs. Ultra-Processed Caloric Intake over 14 days") +  
  scale_x_continuous(breaks=c(1:14)) +  
  scale_y_continuous(breaks=seq(0,1700,by=100)) +  
  theme_minimal() +  
  scale_fill_manual(values=c("forestgreen","darkolivegreen3"))
```

Unprocessed vs. Ultra-Processed Caloric Intake over



Statistical Analysis

p_m : mean percentage of my ultra-processed calories.

$H_0: p_m = 55$ vs. $H_1: p_m < 55$

```
t_test_result<-t.test(NewCalories$`Percent of Ultra-Processed
Calories`,mu=55,alternative="less")
print(t_test_result)

##
##  One Sample t-test
##
##  data:  NewCalories$`Percent of Ultra-Processed Calories`
##  t = -3.5153, df = 13, p-value = 0.001901
##  alternative hypothesis: true mean is less than 55
##  95 percent confidence interval:
##    -Inf 51.34927
##  sample estimates:
##  mean of x
##  47.64286
```

$p - value \approx 0.0019 < \alpha = 0.05$. Reject H_0 . So at 5% significance level, we have enough evidence to conclude that the percentage of my ultra-processed calories is less than the American average of 55%.