NAME

tclgd - modern, nearly feature-complete interface to gd-2 graphics drawing routines

SYNOPSIS

```
package require gdtcl
```

- **GD** create objName width height
- GD create truecolor objName width height
- GD create_from_jpeg objName channel
- GD create_from_jpeg_data objName data
- **GD create_from_png** *objName channel*
- GD create_from_png_data objName data
- **GD create_from_gif** *objName channel*
- GD create_from_gif_data objName data
- GD create from gd objName channel
- GD create_from_gd_data objName data
- GD create_from_gd2 objName channel
- GD create_from_gd2_data objName data
- **GD create from gd2 part** *objName channel x y width height*
- **GD create_from_gd2_part_data** *objName data x y width height*
- GD create_from_wbmp objName channel
- GD create_from_wbmp_data objName data
- **GD create_from_xbm** *objName fileHandle*
- **GD create_from_xpm** *objName fileHandle*
- **objName pixel** x y ?color?
- objName line x1 y1 x2 y2 color
- objName polygon ?filled/open? pointList color
- **objName rectangle** x1 y1 x2 y2 color
- objName filled_rectangle x1 y1 x2 y2 color
- objName arc cx cy width height startDegrees endDegrees color
- **objName filled_arc** cx cy width height startDegrees endDegrees color ?arc? ?chord? ?pie? ?nofill? ?edged?
- **objName filled_ellipse** *cx cy width height color*
- **objName fill_to_border** *x y borderColor color*
- **objName** fill x y color
- objName fill x y color
- objName text color font pointSize angle x y text
- **objName text_bounds** color font pointSize angle x y text
- **objName allocate_color** *r g b ?alpha?*
- **objName closest_color** *r g b ?alpha?*
- objName closest color hwb r g b
- **objName exact_color** *r g b ?alpha?*
- 1:N
- **objName resolve_color** r g b ?alpha?
- objName total_colors
- objName deallocate_color color
- **objName true_color** *r g b ?alpha?*
- objName interlace ?boolean?
- objName transparent ?color?
- objName set_anti_aliased color
- objName set_anti_aliased_dont_blend color
- objName set_brush BROKE
- objName set tile BROKE
- objName set_style BROKE
- objName set thickness thickness
- objName alpha_blending blending

```
objName save_alpha boolean
objName get_alpha
objName bounds_safe x y
objName green_component color
objName red component color
objName blue_component color
objName width
objName height
objName copy srcImageCommand destX destY srcX srcY width height
objName copy_resized srcImageCommand destX destY srcX srcY destWidth destHeight srcWidth
srcHeight
objName copy_resampled srcImageCommand destX destY srcX srcY destWidth destHeight srcWidth
srcHeight
objName copy_rotated srcImageCommand destX destY srcX srcY destWidth destHeight srcWidth
srcHeight angle
objName copy merge srcImageCommand destX destY srcX srcY width height percent
objName copy_merge_grey srcImageCommand destX destY srcX srcY width height percent
objName copy_palette srcImageCommand
objName sharpen percent
objName compare something
objName square_to_circle name radius
objName write_jpeg channel quality
objName jpeg_data quality
objName write_gif channel
objName gif_data
objName gif_anim_begin channel global_color_map loops
objName gif anim add channel local color map left offset top offset delay disposal?previous image?
objName gif_anim_end channel
objName write_png channel compressionLevel
objName png_data compressionLevel
objName write_wbmp channel fgcolor
objName wbmp_data fgcolor
objName write_gd fileHandle
objName gd data
objName write_gd2 channel chunkSize format
objName gd2_data chunkSize format
```

DESCRIPTION

tclgd gives Tcl programs the ability to read, manipulate, and generate graphic images in a number of popular formats.

The **GD** command creates a new Tcl command, either prepping it with an empty graphic for the case of **create** and **create_truecolor**, or by reading file data either from a Tcl *channel*, from in-memory data, or from a Tcl file handle (in a couple of cases where a channel interface can't be provided due to limitations of the underlying gd library routines).

IMPORTANT: The channel being read should be configured for binary translation using something like set fp [open parrots.png]

fconfigure \$fp -translation binary

GD create_from_png parrots \$fp

If you get corrupt image errors on images that you feel pretty sure are OK,

like you can load them into Photoshop, you probably are not setting translation to binary.

For formats where channels are support (the majority), any type of channel can be used, including files, sockets, and, if so equipped, alternate channel interfaces such as reading the data directly from zip files.

Tweezer gives Tcl programs the ability to examine and manipulate the state of Tcl objects, the core building blocks of Tcl in versions 8 and above.

Once an image has been created or loaded, it can be manipulated via the named object, or if the object name is **#auto**, a unique command name is returned and should be grabbed into a variable and executed using a reference to that variable, in the same manner as Incr Tcl.

GD create img 100 100 img pixel 5 5

DRAWING FUNCTIONS

objName pixel x y returns the color index of the pixel located at coordinates x and y, while **objName pixel** x y color sets that pixel location to the specified color index.

objName line x1 y1 x2 y2 color draws a line from the coordinates x1, y1 to x2, y2 using color color. If thickness is set to 1 and antialiasing is enabled, the line will be drawn antialiased.

objName polygon ?filledlopen? pointList color draws a polygon of color color using points from the point list pointList which must contain an even number of xy pairs.

objName rectangle x1 y1 x2 y2 color draws a rectangle of the given color from the corner at x1, y2 to the corner at x2, y2.

objName filled_rectangle x1 y1 x2 y2 color same as rectangle except the rectangle is filled.

objName arc cx cy width height startDegrees endDegrees color draws an arc centered on cx, cy, of the specified width and height, starting and ending at the specified degrees, and using the specified color.

objName filled_arc cx cy width height startDegrees endDegrees color ?arc? ?chord? ?pie? ?nofill? ?edged? draws an arc centered on cx, cy, of the specified width and height, starting and ending at the specified degrees, and using the specified color. Additional options can be specified and are logically or'ed together, **chord**, **pie**, **nofill** and/or **edged**.

objName filled_ellipse cx cy width height color draws a filled ellipse centered at cx, cy, of the given width, height and color.

objName fill_to_border *x y borderColor color* fills to the border matching the specified borderColor, starting at x, y, using the specified color.

objName fill x y color does a flood fill starting at x, y using the specified color.

objName text color font pointSize angle x y text renders text using the specified font and point size, at the specified angle, starting at x, y. **Font** is the full or relative pathname to a TrueType font file (.ttf or .ttc file). (**Tclgd** does not support GD's optionally built-in, non-antialiased, non-TrueType fonts.)

objName text_bounds color font pointSize angle x y textdetermines the bounds of text given the specified font and point size, at the specified angle, starting at x, y. The bounds are returned as an 8-element list giving the x and y coordinates of the four corners of a box the text will be within.

objName allocate_color *r g b ?alpha?* allocates a color given the specified red, green and blue values, and optional alpha value, and returns the color index. For truecolor images it returns a value that can be used to draw the specified color, but it's not really an index per se.

objName closest_color *r g b* ?*alpha*? returns the closest color index that can be found among the currently allocated colors.

objName closest_color_hwb r g b

objName exact_color r g b ?alpha?

objName resolve_color *r g b ?alpha?*

objName total_colors

objName deallocate_color color

objName true_color *r g b ?alpha?*

objName interlace *?boolean?* if set to 1, t, etc, causes the image to be saved interlaced if the output format supports it, if 0, f, etc, causes the image to be saved noninterlaced. If boolean isn't specified, returns the current interlace setting for the image.

objName transparent *color* says what color index will be generated as transparent when the image is saved, assuming the outputted image format supports it. If *color* is not specified, the current color is returned. **-1** means transparency is disabled.

objName set anti aliased color

objName set_anti_aliased_dont_blend color

objName set_brush BROKE

objName set_tile BROKE

objName set_style BROKE

objName set_thickness thickness

objName alpha_blending blending

objName save_alpha boolean

objName get_alpha

objName bounds_safe x y

objName bounds_safe x y

objName green_component *color* - returns the green component of the color.

objName red_component *color* - returns the red component of the color.

objName blue_component *color* - returns the blue component of the color.

objName width return the width of the image, while **objName height** returns the height.

objName copy srcImageCommand destX destY srcX srcY width height

objName copy_resized srcImageCommand destX destY srcX srcY destWidth destHeight srcWidth srcHeight

objName copy_resampled srcImageCommand destX destY srcX srcY destWidth destHeight srcWidth srcHeight

objName copy_rotated srcImageCommand destX destY srcX srcY destWidth destHeight srcWidth srcHeight angle

objName copy_merge srcImageCommand destX destY srcX srcY width height percent

objName copy merge grey srcImageCommand destX destY srcX srcY width height percent

objName copy_palette srcImageCommand

objName sharpen percent

objName square_to_circle name radius

IMAGE OUTPUT ROUTINES

objName write_jpeg *channel quality* writes the image in JPEG format, with the specified quality level, to the specified Tcl channel, while **objName jpeg_data** *quality* will return it as binary data. Quality can range from **0** to **100**, where higher numbers give higher quality.

objName write_gif *channel* writes the image to the specified channel in GIF format, while **objName gif_data** returns it as binary data.

objName write_png channel compressionLevel write the image to the specified channel, with the compression level of **-1** for the default set when gd was built, **0** to indicate no compression, **1** to compress quickly,

all the way to **9** to select the best possible compression. Likewise **objName png_data** compressionLevel returns the image as binary data, with the specified compression.

objName write_wbmp channel fgcolor write the image to the specified channel in Windows bitmap format, selecting only pixels matching the specified foreground color. **objName wbmp_data** fgcolor returns the image in wbmp format as binary data.

objName write_gd *fileHandle* writes the image out in the high-performance but non-portable *gd* format, while **objName gd_data** returns the image as binary data.

objName write_gd2 channel chunkSize format

objName gd2_data *chunkSize format* writes the image out in the high-performance but non-portable *gd2* format, with *chunkSize* determining the size of each chunk, and format being either **compressed** or **raw**.

ANIMATED GIFS

objName gif_anim_begin channel global_color_map loops begins an animated GIF by specifying the file channel to be written to, a **1** if the global color map is to be used, and the number of times to play the animation. If *loops* is zero, the animation will repeat indefinitely.

objName gif_anim_add channel local_color_map left_offset top_offset delay disposal ?previous_image? adds a GIF image to an animated GIF that is under construction. Set local_color_map to 1 to add a local palette for this image to the animation, else the global palette is used.

If you use local palettes, you must make sure they match the global palette; use the *copy_palette* method to copy palettes between images.

left_offset and *top_offset* let you place the frame with an offset into the parent frame, where (0,0) puts it in the corner.

Delay specifies the delay between the previous frame and this frame in hundredths of a second. Disposal can be 0 for unknown, 1 for none, 2 for restore background, or 3 for restore previous. Unknown is not recommended. Restore background restores the first allocated color of the global palette. Restore previous restores the appearance of the affected area before teh frame was rendered. Only /fBnone is a sensible choice for the first frame.

If the previous image is passed, the built-in GIF optimizer is automatically engaged and the disposal method specified is ignored. The optimizer comapres the images and only writes the changed pixels to the new frame of the animation. To achieve good optimization, it is usually best to use a single global color map. To allow *gif_animladd* to compress unchanged pixels via the use of a transparent color, the image must include a transparent color. See **gd** documentation for details.

objName gif_anim_end channel is self-explanatory.