

## Brainstorming

### Features:

- users can sign into the app with their email and password
- users can create recipes with ingredients and instructions
- recipes can be marked as public or private
- users can view other people's recipes
- ingredients from recipes can be added to user's grocery lists
- users can create their own occasions and assign recipes to occasions

### Data:

- Username
- Password
- First name
- Last name
- Email
- Ingredients
- Instructions (cook time, prep time, cutting, boiling, measurements, etc)
- Recipe id
- User who created recipe
- Recipe name
- Public or private recipe
- Who viewed your recipe
- Grocery list name
- Occasions

### Data:

- email
- Password
- Users
- Recipes
- Ingredients
- Occasions
- Permissions

### Table Ideas:

1. Users: This table will hold user information for login/verification purposes
  - a. User\_id
  - b. user\_name
  - c. First\_name

- d. Last\_name
- e. Email
- f. Password

2. Recipe: This table will hold Recipe Id's for unique recipes, ingredients, and an individual or multiple authors depending on permissions and visibility.

- a. Recipe\_id
  - i. We need recipe ID in order to have a unique recipe number
  - ii. SERIAL so that it's unique
- b. Instructions
  - i. We need written instructions for the recipe
  - ii. This is was it is a VARCHAR
- c. Ingredients
  - i.
- d. Recipe\_name
- e. occasion\_id
- f. User\_id
- g. Permissions
- h. Visibility (public or private)

3. Occasion: This table will hold occasions that users create and the recipes they assign/attach to the occasion.

- a. occasion\_id
- b. Occasion\_name
- c. User\_id
- d. Recipe\_id
- e. Grocery list

4. Grocery list: This table will name all the ingredients for a recipe and/or occasion

- a. groceryList\_id
- b. groceryList\_name
- c. Occasion\_id
- d. User\_id
- e. Ingredients

5. Ingredient list: This will name all the ingredients with a dedicated id.

- a. Ingredient\_id
- b. ingredient\_name
- c. Recipe\_id
- d.

## Relationships

One-to-one

Users - Recipes (private ones)

One-to-many

Recipe Occasion (occasions not required in recipe)

Many-to-many

Users - Recipes (public/collaborative ones)

Users - Occasions

Recipe - Occasion (several recipes)

## Columns

Users:

- User\_id
  - Gives users ability to have unique Id
  - SERIAL: so that it's unique
- Username
  - Gives users ability to login with username
  - VARCHAR: user can create username
- First\_name
  - Simple info needed for app registration
  - VARCHAR: user can enter first name
- Last\_name
  - Simple info Needed for app registration
  - VARCHAR: user can enter last name
- Email
  - Connecting user for authentication
  - VARCHAR: user can enter email
- Password
  - Allows user to login
  - VARCHAR: user can make strong password

Recipe:

- e. Recipe\_id
  - i. We need recipe ID in order to have a unique recipe number
  - ii. SERIAL so that it's unique
- f. Instructions
  - i. We need written instructions for the recipe
  - ii. This is how it is a VARCHAR
- g. ingredients\_ID
  - i. Need specific ingredients
  - ii. INT because we are referencing a foreign ID

- h. Recipe\_name
  - i. Need a name for the recipe
  - ii. VARCHAR to name it
- i. Occasion\_id
  - i. Need a specific occasion ID.
  - ii. INT because we are referencing a foreign key.
- j. User\_id
  - i. Need to reference a unique user
  - ii. INT because we reference a foreign key
- k. Permissions
  - i. Does the user have permission to edit?
  - ii. Boolean to check if the user does or doesn't
- l. Visibility (public or private)
  - i. Is the Recipe public or private?
  - ii. Boolean to determine if public or private

#### Grocery List:

- Grocerylist\_id
  - To keep each grocery list separate
  - Serial: so it's unique
- Grocerylist\_name
  - Gives user ability to infer what is on the list
  - VARCHAR: to name it
- User\_id
  - Needs to reference a unique user
  - INT: referencing a foreign key
- Occasion\_id
  - List can be associated with ingredients that are for a specific occasion
  - INT: referencing a foreign key
- Ingredient\_name
  - List of names for the ingredients
  - VARCHAR long enough for list

#### Ingredient list:

- m. Ingredient\_id
  - i. The ingredient has to be unique (mozzarella cheese, purple grapes)
  - ii. SERIAL because it is unique
- n. ingredient\_name
  - i. it could just be grapes
  - ii. VARCHAR to write
- o. Recipe\_id

- i. Ingredients could have several recipes
- ii. INT to reference foreign key

Occasion:

- Occasion\_id
  - Needs a unique id for a unique occasion
  - SERIAL to not have a repeated occasion
- Occasion\_name
  - Needs a name for it
  - VARCHAR to write it
- User\_id
  - Needs to be a user who is creating occasion
  - INT: to reference foreign key
- Recipe\_id
  - Recipe can be used for this specific occasion
  - INT: to reference foreign key

```
-- CREATE TABLE users (  
-- user_id SERIAL PRIMARY KEY,  
-- username VARCHAR(128) NOT NULL,  
-- first_name VARCHAR (128) NOT NULL,  
-- last_name VARCHAR (128) NOT NULL,  
-- email VARCHAR (128) NOT NULL,  
-- password VARCHAR(128) NOT NULL  
-- );
```

```
-- CREATE TABLE ingredients(  
-- ingredient_id SERIAL PRIMARY KEY,  
-- ingredient_name VARCHAR (255)  
-- recipe_id INT REFERENCES recipe(recipe_id)  
-- );
```

```
-- ALTER TABLE ingredients  
-- ADD recipe_id INT REFERENCES recipe(recipe_id)
```

```
-- CREATE TABLE recipe (  
-- recipe_id SERIAL PRIMARY KEY,  
-- user_id INT REFERENCES users(user_id),  
-- instructions VARCHAR(10000) NOT NULL,  
-- ingredient_id INT REFERENCES ingredients(ingredient_id),  
-- permissions BOOLEAN NOT NULL,  
-- private BOOLEAN NOT NULL
```

```
-- );

-- CREATE TABLE occasion (
-- occasion_id SERIAL PRIMARY KEY,
-- occasion_name VARCHAR (1082),
-- user_id INT REFERENCES users(user_id),
-- recipe_id INT REFERENCES recipe(recipe_id)
-- );

-- CREATE TABLE grocery_list (
-- grocerylist_id SERIAL PRIMARY KEY,
-- grocerylist_name VARCHAR(255),
-- user_id INT REFERENCES users(user_id),
-- occasion_id INT REFERENCES occasion(occasion_id),
-- ingredient_name VARCHAR(255) NOT NULL
-- );

-- ALTER TABLE grocery_list
-- ADD ingredient_name VARCHAR (255) REFERENCES ingredients(ingredient_name);

-- ALTER TABLE ingredients
-- ALTER COLUMN ingredient_name VARCHAR (255) PRIMARY KEY NOT NULL;
```