

TELNET

JP

# TELNET

2

- TELNET is an abbreviation for terminal network.
- It is a standard TCP/IP protocol for virtual terminal service.
- It is a general purpose client/server application program.

- TELNET enables the establishment of a connection to a remote system in such a way that the local terminal appears to be a terminal at the remote system.
- In other words, it allows the user to log on to a remote computer. After logging on, user can use the services available on the remote computer and transfer the results back to the local computer.

# LOGGING

4

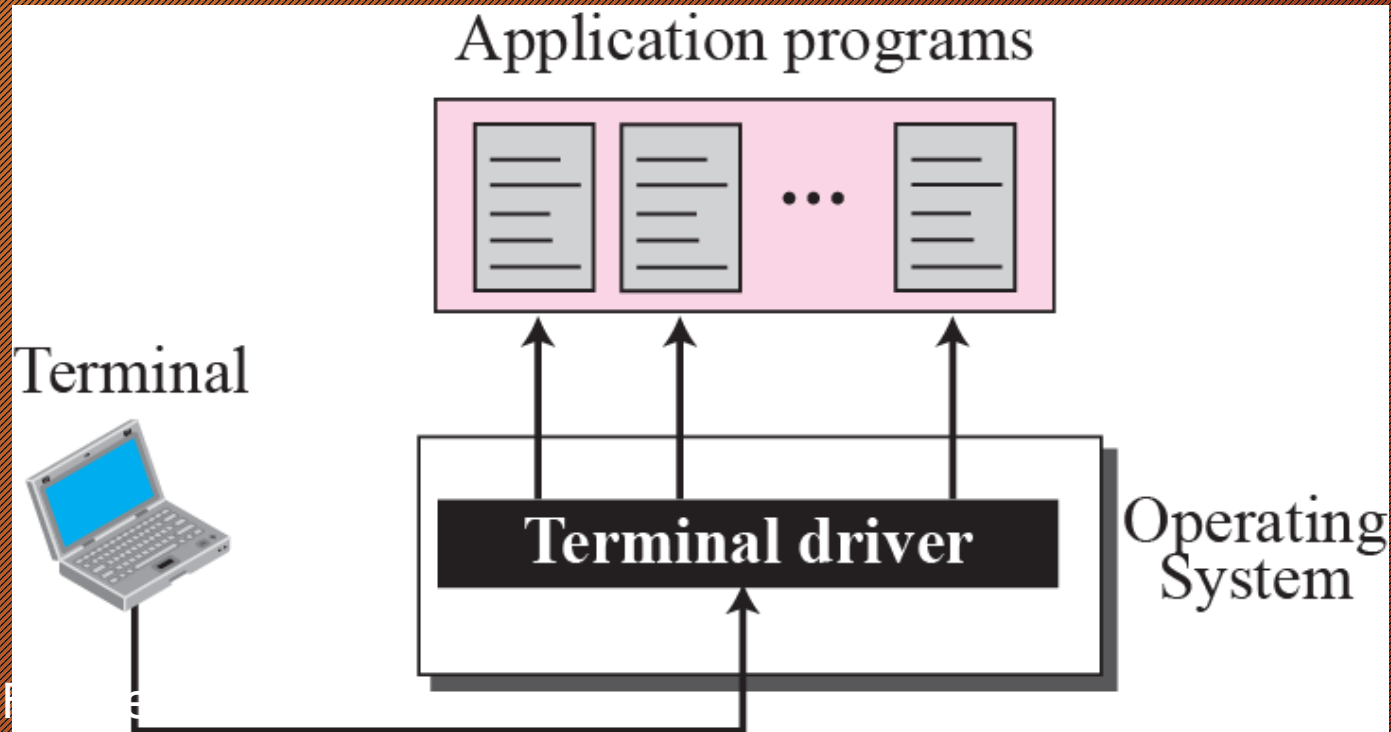
- To access the system, user logs into the system with user-id. The system also includes password checking to prevent an unauthorized user accessing the resources.
- Logging process can be local logging or remote logging.



- When the user logs into a local timesharing system, it is called local log-in.
- When the user wants to access an application program or utility located on a remote machine, it is called remote log-in.

# LOCAL LOG-IN

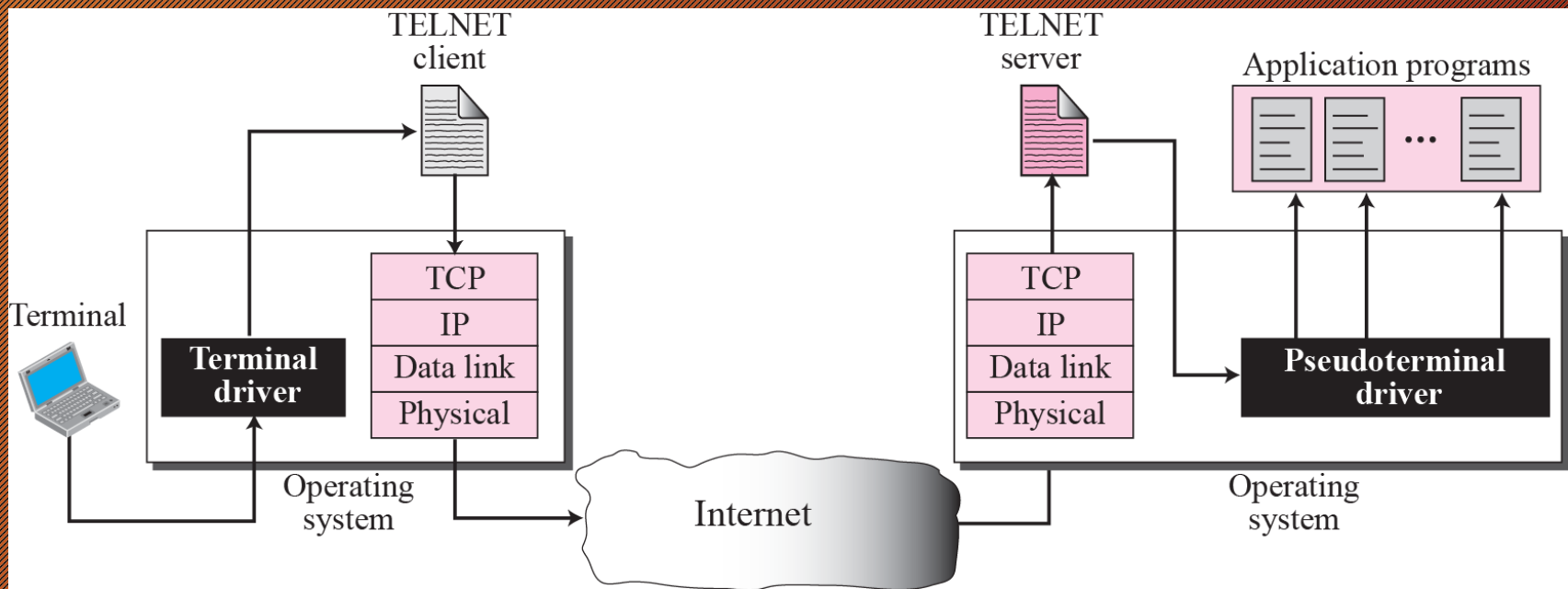
6



- When the user types at the terminal, the keystrokes are accepted by the terminal driver.
- The terminal driver passes the characters to the operating system.
- The operating system interprets the combination of characters and invokes the desired application program.

# REMOTE LOG-IN

8





- The user sends the keystrokes to the terminal driver, where the local operating system accepts the characters but does not interpret them.
- The characters are sent to the TELNET client, which transforms the characters to a universal character set called network virtual terminal(NVT) characters and delivers them to the local TCP/IP protocol stack.

- The text in NVT form travel through the internet and arrive at the TCP/IP stack at the remote machine.
- The characters are delivered to the operating system and passed to the TELNET server which changes the characters to the corresponding characters understandable by the remote computer.

- However, the characters cannot be passed directly to the operating system because the remote operating system is not designed to receive characters from a TELNET server.
- It is designed to receive characters from a terminal driver.
- A software called a pseudo terminal driver is added which pretends that the characters are coming from a terminal.

# CONCEPT OF NVT

## NETWORK VIRTUAL TERMINAL

12

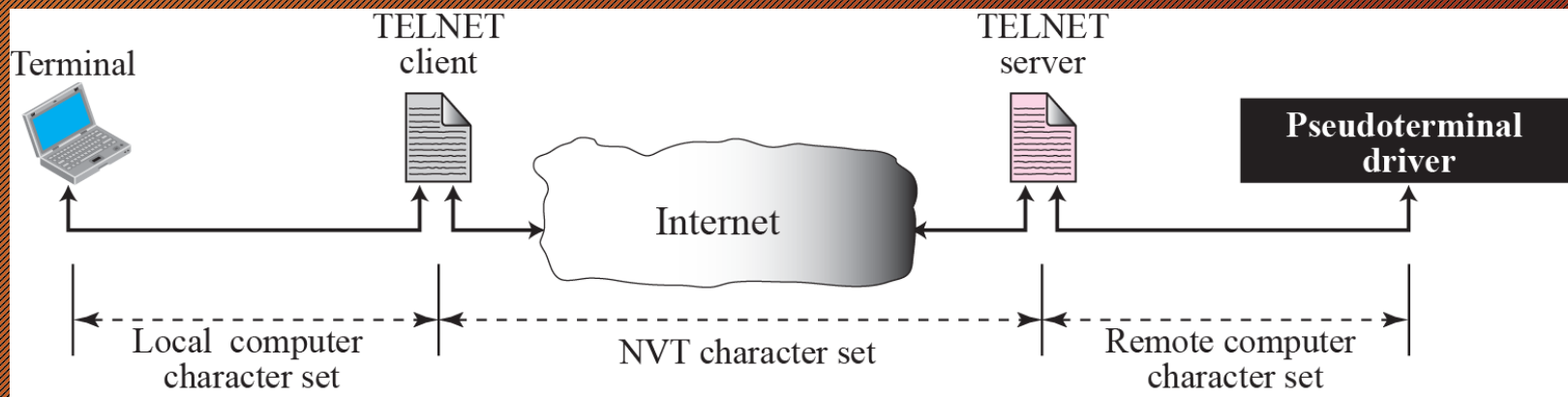


Figure- 3



- The client telnet translates characters that come from local terminal into NVT form and delivers them to the network.
- The server telnet translates data and commands from NVT form into the form acceptable by the remote computer.

# NVT CHARACTER SET

14

It uses two sets of characters one for data and other for control.



Figure- 4

# EMBEDDING

15

- Telnet uses only one TCP connection.
- The same connection is used for sending both data and control characters.
- Telnet accomplishes this by embedding the control characters in the data stream.
- To distinguish data from control characters, each sequence of control characters is preceded by a special control character called interpret as control(IAC).

# OPTIONS

16

- Options are extra features available to a user with a more sophisticated terminal.
- Some common options are as-

Code	Option	Meaning
0	Binary	Interpret as 8-bit binary transmission
1	Echo	Echo the data received on one side to the other
5	Status	Request the status of telnet
24	Terminal type	Set the terminal type
32	Terminal speed	Set the terminal speed
34	Line mode	Change to line mode

Figure- 6



# OPTION NEGOTIATION

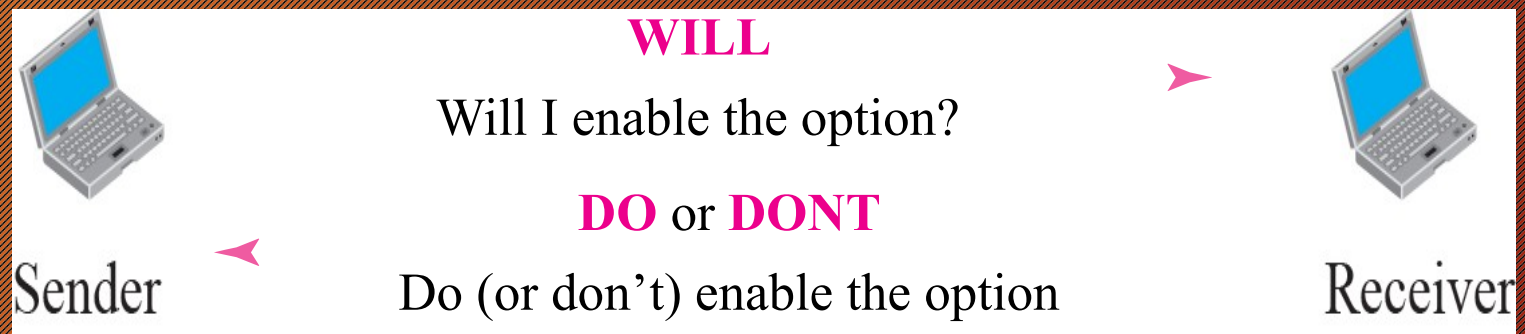
17

- Telnet lets the client and server negotiate options before or during the use of the service.
- Four control characters are used for this purpose-

These control characters are as-

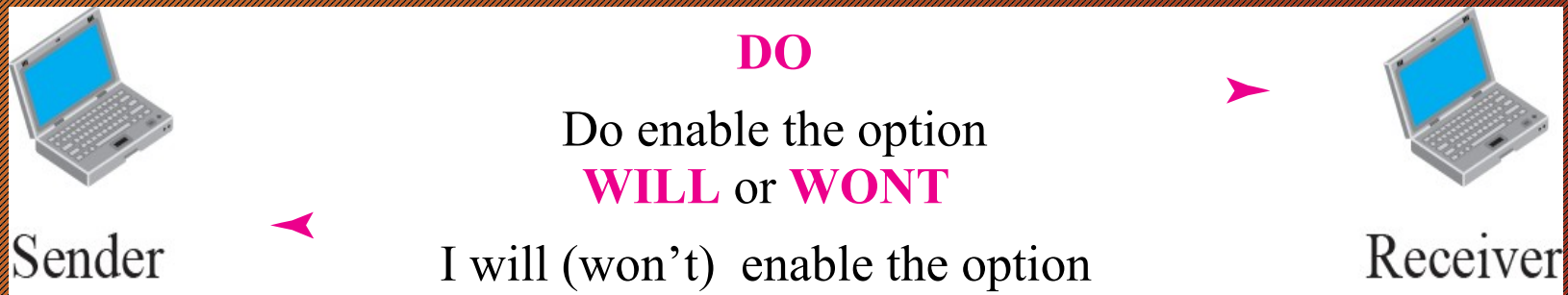
	Meaning
WILL	<ol style="list-style-type: none"><li>1. Offering to enable</li><li>2. Accepting a request to enable</li></ol>
WONT	<ol style="list-style-type: none"><li>1. 1.Rejecting a request to enable</li><li>2. 2.Offering to disable</li><li>3. 3.Accepting a request to disable</li></ol>
DO	<ol style="list-style-type: none"><li>1. 1.Approving an offer to enable</li><li>2. 2.Requesting to enable</li></ol>
DONT	<ol style="list-style-type: none"><li>1. 1.Disproving an offer to enable</li><li>2. 2.Approving an offer to disable</li><li>3. 3.Requesting to disable</li></ol>

Figure- 7



Offer to enable the option

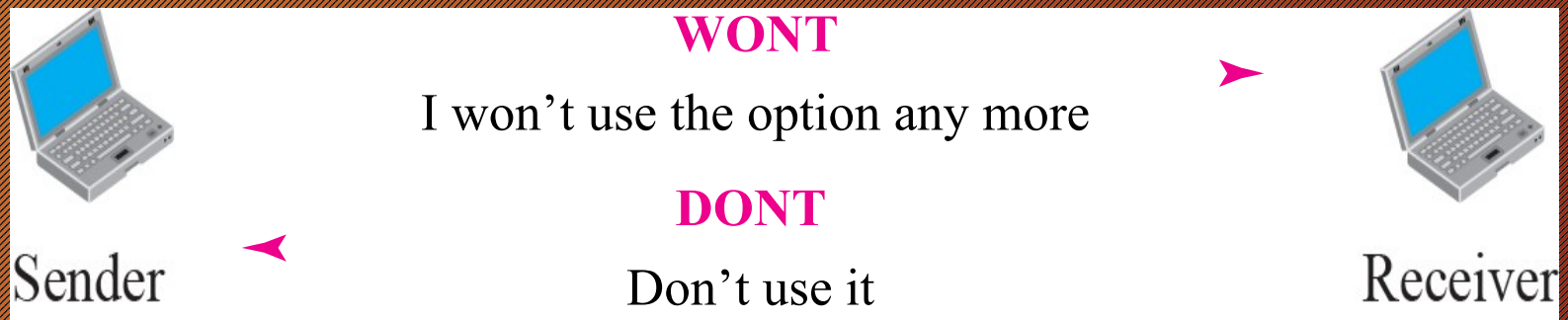
Figure- 8



Request to enable an option

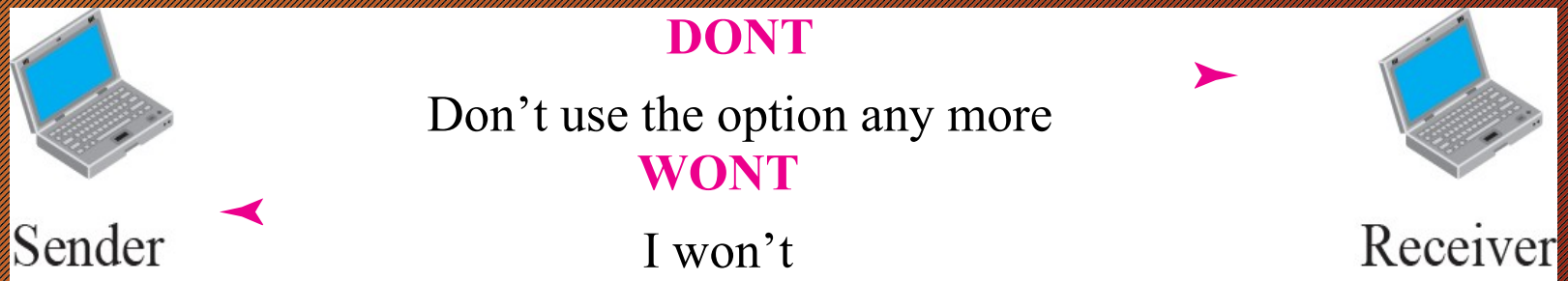
Figure- 9





Offer to disable an option

Figure- 10



Request to disable an option

Figure- 11

# Example of option 'Echo'

23

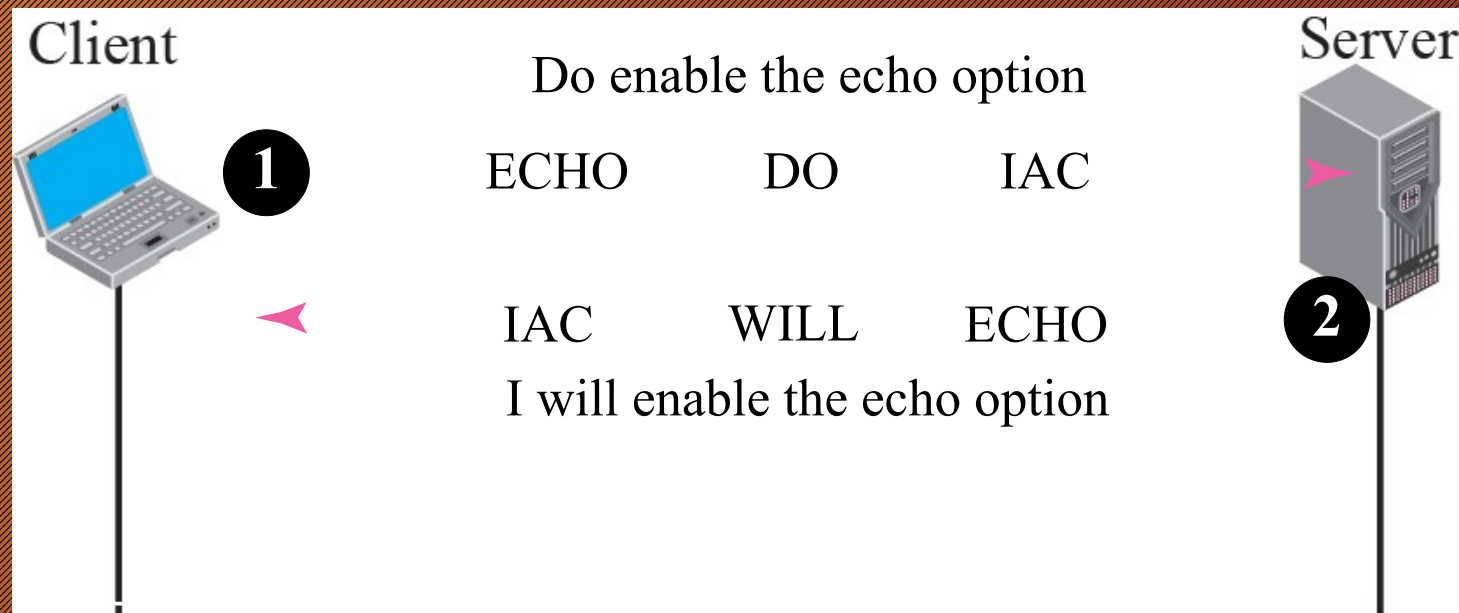


Figure- 12

# MODE OF OPERATION

24

Most Telnet implementation operate in one of three modes-

- Default mode
- Character mode
- Line mode



# DEFAULT MODE

25

- This mode is used if no other modes are invoked through option negotiation
- Echoing is done by the client.
- The user types the character , client echoes the character but does not send it until a whole line is completed.

# CHARACTER MODE

26

- Each character typed is sent by the client to the server.
- The server echoes the character back to be displayed on the client screen.
- Echoing of the character can be displayed if the transmission time is long.

# LINE MODE

27

- It is proposed to compensate for the deficiencies of default mode and character mode.
- In this line echoing is done by the client.
- The client then sends the whole line to the server.



Resolving server address - press [ESC] to abort

```
server thekeep.net:2301
Connecting to port 23...
```

Connected to thekeep.net (24.20.125.215) on port 23

Running WorldGroup Ver 3.2 - Reg number: 25314817

**Featuring:**  
On-line Entertainment and  
friendly fun atmosphere!

```
Internet Telnet
thekeep.net
Internet WWW Address
www.thekeep.net
```

subscription system - Monthly Rates available -

The KEEP has t-shirts, coffee mugs and more! Check out merchants row at <http://www.thekeep.net/merchant>

Recent internet issues RESOLVED. If not please email me at [mcgill@thekeep.net](mailto:mcgill@thekeep.net)

```
If you already have a User-ID on this
system, type it in and press ENTER.
Otherwise type "new":
```



# Places to Telnet

29

The text based internet can be exciting, informative, and fun. Using telnet, you can access a variety of these resources on the internet. Below you'll find lists of a few places to get you started.

## Miscellaneous fun places

- rainmaker.wunderground.com :: weather via telnet!
- india.colorado.edu 13 (Get the time) :: get the time
- telehack.com 23 :: Telehack
- telehack.com :: Telehack - web
- towel.blinkenlights.nl 23 :: Star Wars asciimation
- towel.blinkenlights.nl 666 :: The Bofh Excuse Server