```
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
import tensorflow as tf
from tensorflow.keras.preprocessing.image import ImageDataGenerator
from tensorflow.keras.models import Sequential
from tensorflow.keras.layers import Conv2D, MaxPooling2D, Flatten,
Dense, Dropout
# Define directory containing your images
train dir = 'E:/Artificial Intelligence/AI LAB 12/train'
validation dir = 'E:/Artificial Intelligence/AI LAB 12/test'
img width, img height = 224,224
batch size = 32
# Create image data generators for training and validation
train datagen = ImageDataGenerator(rescale=1./255)
test datagen = ImageDataGenerator(rescale=1./255)
train generator = train datagen.flow from directory(train dir,
target size=(img width, img height), batch size=batch size,
class mode='binary')
validation generator =
test datagen.flow from directory(validation dir,
target size=(img width, img height), batch size=batch size,
class mode='binary')
Found 220 images belonging to 2 classes.
Found 80 images belonging to 2 classes.
# Define the CNN model
model = Sequential()
model.add(Conv2D(64, (3, 3), activation='relu',
input shape=(img width, img height, 3)))
model.add(MaxPooling2D((2, 2)))
model.add(Conv2D(128, (3, 3), activation='relu'))
model.add(MaxPooling2D((2, 2)))
model.add(Conv2D(32, (3, 3), activation='relu'))
model.add(MaxPooling2D((2, 2)))
model.add(Flatten())
model.add(Dense(64, activation='relu'))
model.add(Dense(1, activation='sigmoid'))
# Compile the model
model.compile(optimizer='adam', loss='binary crossentropy',
metrics=['accuracy'])
# Train the model
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history = model.fit(train generator,
steps per epoch=train generator.samples // batch size, epochs=10,
validation data=validation generator,
validation steps=validation generator.samples // batch size)
# Calculate accuracy
accuracy = model.evaluate(validation_generator)
print("Accuracy: %.2f%" % (accuracy[1] * 100))
Epoch 1/10
               81s 9s/step - accuracy: 0.4933 - loss: 0.7195
6/6 -
- val accuracy: 0.4688 - val loss: 0.6932
Epoch 2/10
                  ---- 7s 119ms/step - accuracy: 0.4375 - loss:
6/6 -
0.6933 - val accuracy: 0.6250 - val loss: 0.6928
Epoch 3/10
               ------ 63s 7s/step - accuracy: 0.4908 - loss: 0.6931
6/6 -
- val accuracy: 0.5000 - val loss: 0.6933
Epoch 4/10
             ______ 5s 71ms/step - accuracy: 0.5938 - loss:
6/6 ———
0.6930 - val accuracy: 0.4375 - val loss: 0.6932
Epoch 5/10
                66s 9s/step - accuracy: 0.5601 - loss: 0.6925
6/6 ——
- val accuracy: 0.4844 - val loss: 0.7071
Epoch 6/10
                 0.7064 - val accuracy: 0.5625 - val loss: 0.6904
Epoch 7/10
                   —— 59s 7s/step - accuracy: 0.4606 - loss: 0.7127
6/6 -
- val accuracy: 0.5312 - val loss: 0.6931
Epoch 8/10
6/6 -
               0.6912 - val accuracy: 0.5625 - val loss: 0.6923
Epoch 9/10
            6s 6s/step - accuracy: 0.7174 - loss: 0.6879
5/6 —
train accuracy = history.history['accuracy']
val accuracy = history.history['val accuracy']
print(f"Training Accuracy: {train accuracy[-1]*100:.2f}%")
print(f"Validation Accuracy: {val accuracy[-1]*100:.2f}%")
plt.figure(figsize=(12, 4))
plt.subplot(1, 2, 1)
plt.plot(history.history['accuracy'], label='Training Accuracy')
plt.plot(history.history['val accuracy'], label='Validation Accuracy')
plt.title('Training & Validation Accuracy')
plt.xlabel('Epoch')
plt.ylabel('Accuracy')
```

```
plt.legend()
plt.subplot(1, 2, 2)
plt.plot(history.history['loss'], label='Training Loss')
plt.plot(history.history['val loss'], label='Validation Loss')
plt.title('Training & Validation Loss')
plt.xlabel('Epoch')
plt.ylabel('Loss')
plt.legend()
plt.show()
# Calculate accuracy
accuracy = model.evaluate(validation generator)
print("Accuracy: %.2f%" % (accuracy[1] * 100))
3/3 —
                9s 3s/step - accuracy: 0.5312 - loss: 0.6894
Accuracy: 50.00%
# Initialize the CNN model
model = Sequential()
# Add convolutional layers
model.add(Conv2D(32, (3, 3), activation='relu', input shape=(224, 224,
3)))
model.add(MaxPooling2D((2, 2)))
model.add(Conv2D(64, (3, 3), activation='relu'))
model.add(MaxPooling2D((2, 2)))
model.add(Conv2D(128, (3, 3), activation='relu'))
model.add(MaxPooling2D((2, 2)))
# Flatten the output and add dense layers
model.add(Flatten())
model.add(Dense(256, activation='relu'))
model.add(Dropout(0.5))
model.add(Dense(1, activation='sigmoid')) # Output layer for binary
classification
# Compile the model
model.compile(optimizer='adam', loss='binary crossentropy',
metrics=['accuracy'])
model.summary()
Model: "sequential 22"
                                  Output Shape
Layer (type)
```

```
Param #
                                 (None, 222, 222, 32)
conv2d 66 (Conv2D)
896
 max pooling2d 66 (MaxPooling2D) | (None, 111, 111, 32)
conv2d_67 (Conv2D)
                                 | (None, 109, 109, 64) |
18,496
max pooling2d 67 (MaxPooling2D) | (None, 54, 54, 64)
conv2d_68 (Conv2D)
                                 (None, 52, 52, 128)
73,856
max pooling2d 68 (MaxPooling2D) | (None, 26, 26, 128)
                                 (None, 86528)
| flatten 22 (Flatten)
dense 44 (Dense)
                                 (None, 256)
22,151,424
 dropout 10 (Dropout)
                                 (None, 256)
dense 45 (Dense)
                                 (None, 1)
257 |
Total params: 22,244,929 (84.86 MB)
Trainable params: 22,244,929 (84.86 MB)
Non-trainable params: 0 (0.00 B)
```

```
# Summarize results
print("Model training and evaluation completed.")
print("Validation Accuracy:", accuracy)

# Visualize loss and accuracy trends
plt.figure(figsize=(10, 6))
plt.plot(history.history['loss'], label='Training Loss')
plt.plot(history.history['val_loss'], label='Validation Loss')
plt.xlabel('Epoch')
plt.ylabel('Loss')
plt.title('Training and Validation Loss')
plt.legend()
plt.show()

Model training and evaluation completed.
Validation Accuracy: 0.6999999988079071
```

