# FOUNDATIONS IN LINKED DATA FOR SERIALISTS

June 8, 2017
NASIG

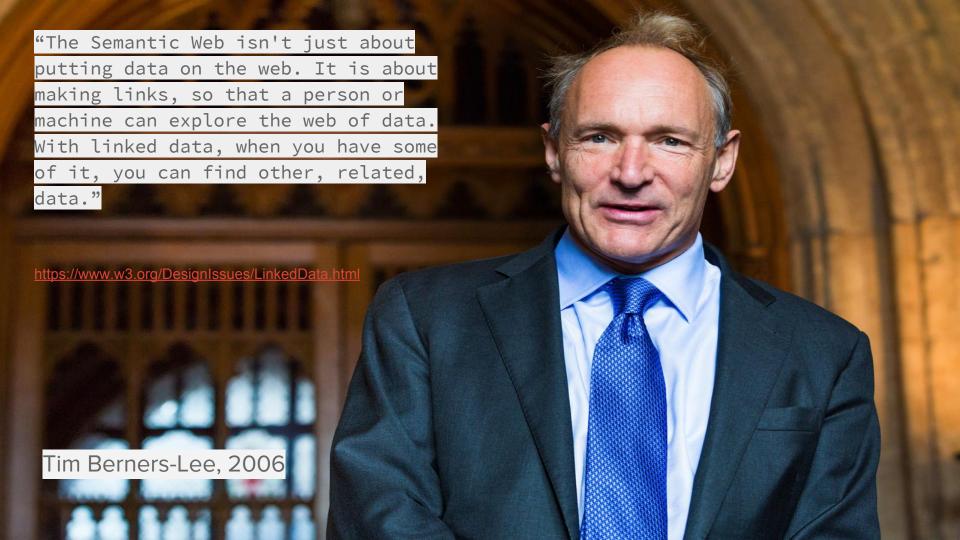
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Columbia University Libraries

# AGENDA AND LEARNING OUTCOMES

- Linked Data 101 (Robert)
- Ontology Basics (Amber)
- Turtle Tutorial (Amber)
- Serials RDA Elements in BIBFRAME (Robert)
- Hands-on lab time!

https://github.com/amberbilley/NASIG17 LDworkshop

# LINKED DATA 101



# RULES OF LINKED DATA

- Use URIs as names for things
- Use HTTP URIs so that people can look up those names.
- When someone looks up a URI, provide useful information.
- Include links to other URIs so that they can discover more things.

https://www.w3.org/DesignIssues/LinkedData.html

# 5-STAR LINKED OPEN DATA

https://www.w3.org/DesignIssues/LinkedData.html

```
Available on the web (whatever format) but with an open licence, to be Open Data

**

Available as machine-readable structured data (e.g. excel instead of image scan of a table)

**

as (2) plus non-proprietary format (e.g. CSV instead of excel)

**

All the above plus, Use open standards from W3C (RDF and SPARQL) to identify things, so that people can point at your stuff

**

All the above, plus: Link your data to other people's data to provide context
```

```
URI (Uniform Resource Identifier)
HTTP (HyperText Transfer Protocol)
```

http://id.loc.gov/vocabulary/issuance/serl

RDF (Resource Description Framework)

```
<http://bibframe.example.org/instance/instanceY>
<http://bibframe.org/vocab/instanceOf>
<http://bibframe.example.org/work/workX> .
```

```
RDFS (RDF Vocabulary Definition Language)
OWL (Web Ontology Language)
<owl:DatatypeProperty rdf:about="http://id.loc.gov/ontologies/bibframe/firstIssue">
 <rdfs:range rdf:resource="http://www.w3.org/2000/01/rdf-schema#Literal"/>
 <skos:definition>
  Beginning date of a resource and/or the sequential designations.
 </skos:definition>
 <rdfs:comment>Used with Work or Instance</rdfs:comment>
 <rdfs:label>Multipart first issue</rdfs:label>
 <dcterms:modified>2016-04-21 (New)
 </dcterms:modified>
</owl:DatatypeProperty>
```

SPARQL (SPARQL Protocol and RDF Query Language)

```
PREFIX bf: <a href="http://bibframe.org/vocab/">http://bibframe.org/vocab/</a>
SELECT ?title
FROM <a href="http://loc.gov/catalog/dataset.rdf">http://loc.gov/catalog/dataset.rdf</a>
WHERE {
    ?x bf:title ?title .
}
ORDER BY ?title
```

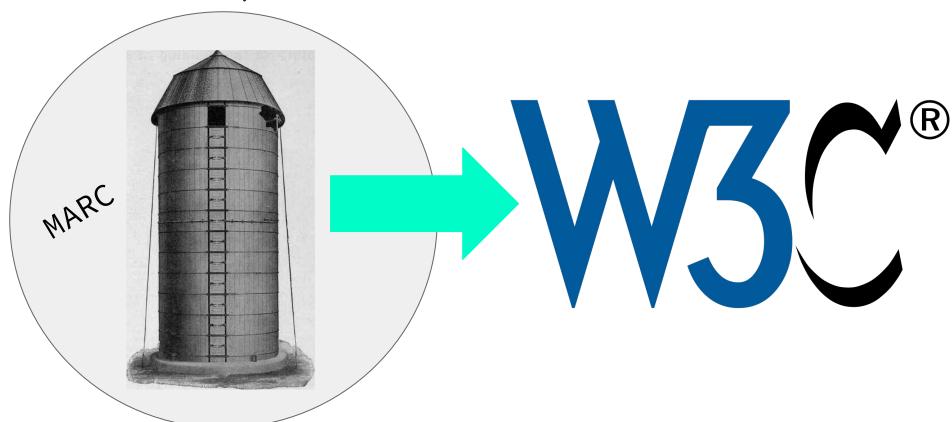
# WHO IS USING LINKED DATA?

- Search engines (schema.org)
- Wikipedia (DBPedia and Wikidata)
- Europe
- GeoNames

http://lod-cloud.net/

# ONTOLOGY BASICS

# MOVING FROM MARC SILOS TO THE WWW



# DIFFERENCES BETWEEN MARC AND LD TECH STACKS

#### MARC

- MARC (syntax)
- ILS (data storage and delivery)SQL Database
- Z39.50 (query and transmission)
- Discovery Layer (data delivery)

#### LINKED DATA

- RDF (data model)
- XML, JSONLD, N3, Turtle, ... (syntax)
- Triplestore (data storage)
- SPARQL (query)
- WWW (data delivery)

# WHAT EXACTLY IS BIBFRAME?

- BIBFRAME is a **LD** vocabulary
- Being formally encoded for machine processing using W3C standards such as OWL or RDFS makes it an ontology
- BIBFRAME is heavily inspired by MARC to prevent loss of legacy data
- BIBFRAME is intended to accommodate FRBR and RDA, but is structure and content standard agnostic for an evolving standards landscape

### PRIMARY DESCRIPTIVE CATALOGING MODEL AND THEIR STANDARDS

#### Structure Standard

• ISBD, MARC, FRBR, Dublin Core, EAD, MODS, VRACore, CIDOC, **BIBFRAME** 

#### **Content Standard**

• AACR2, RDA, CCO, DACS, ...

#### **Value Standard**

• LCSH, NAF, LCGFT, RDA Vocabularies, RBMS Thesauri, AAT, ...

#### **Encoding Standard**

• 3x5 card, MARC (ISO 2709), CVS, XML, RDF-XML, JSON, Turtle ...

CHERRY PICK VOCABULARIES. BUILD CUSTOM ONTOLOGIES.

Build 5-star linked data

Linked data allows for customization

 So BF can be one of several ontologies that we use for bibliographic descriptions

- Be careful!
- https://lov.okfn.org/dataset/lov/



The Structure Standard for Linked Data

# RESOURCE DESCRIPTION FRAMEWORK

- Conceptual model for structuring data and relationships
- It is a W3C Standard framework for data interchange on the Web
- Enables the creation of relationships between things on the Web

# THE RDF TRIPLE



# RDF TRIPLE IN XML

```
<?xml version="1.0"?>
<!DOCTYPE rdf:RDF PUBLIC "-//DUBLIN CORE//DCMES DTD 2002/07/31//EN"</pre>
    "http://dublincore.org/documents/2002/07/31/dcmes-xml/dcmes-xml-dtd.dtd">
<rdf:RDF xmlns:rdf="http://www.w3.org/1999/02/22-rdf-syntax-ns#"
         xmlns:dc="http://purl.org/dc/elements/1.1/">
  <rdf:Description rdf:about="https://ejournals.lib.vt.edu/valib/index">
    <dc:title>Virginia Libraries</dc:title>
    <dc:publisher rdf:resource="http://id.loc.gov/authorities/names/n80023576">Virginia
Library Association</dc:publisher>
    <dc:identifier>ISSN 1086-9751</dc:identifier>
 </rdf:Description>
</rdf:RDF>
```

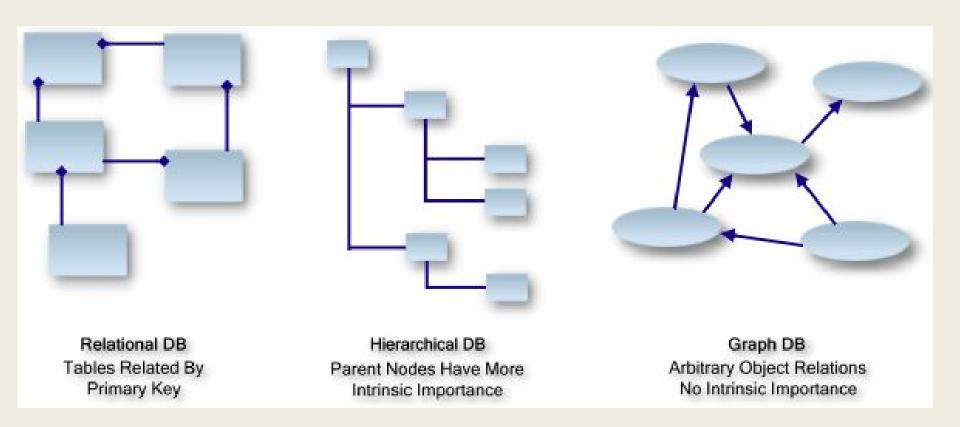
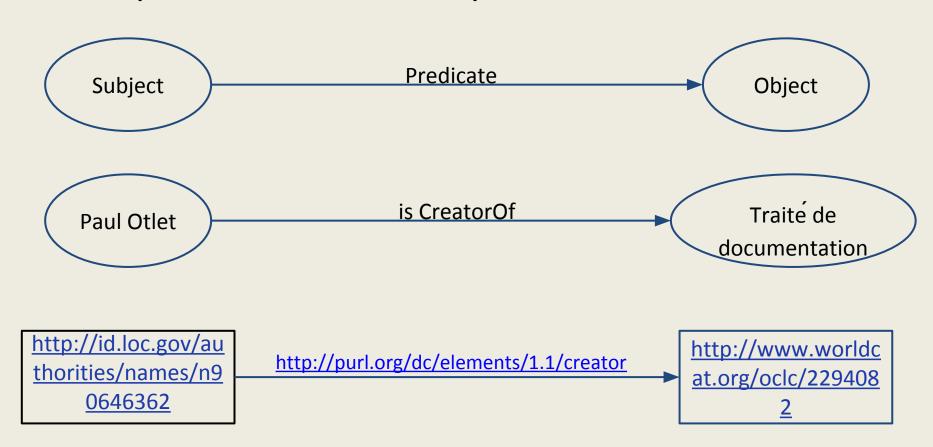
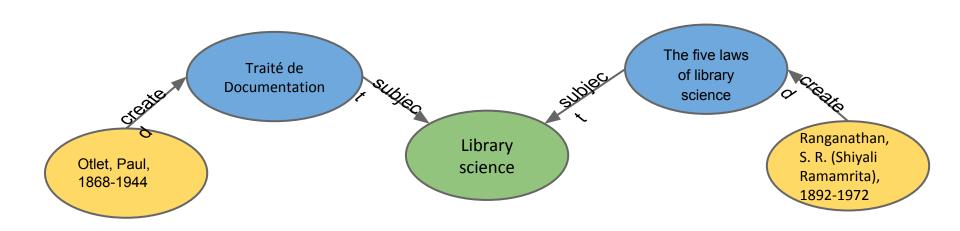


Image source: http://www.linkeddatatools.com/introducing-rdf/

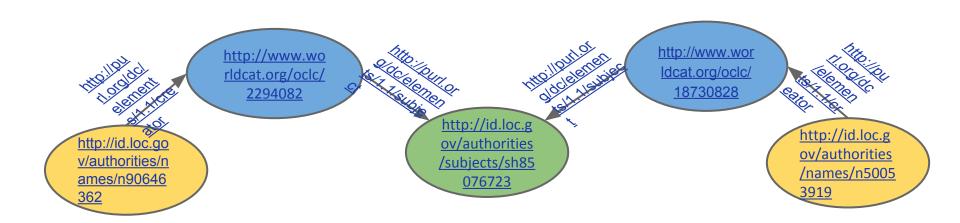
### RDF Triple - another example



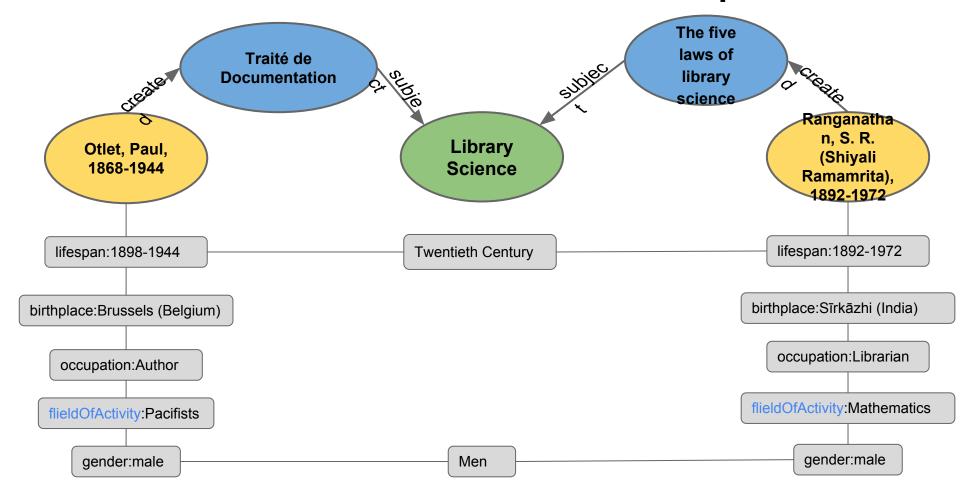
# Linked Data expresses relationships!



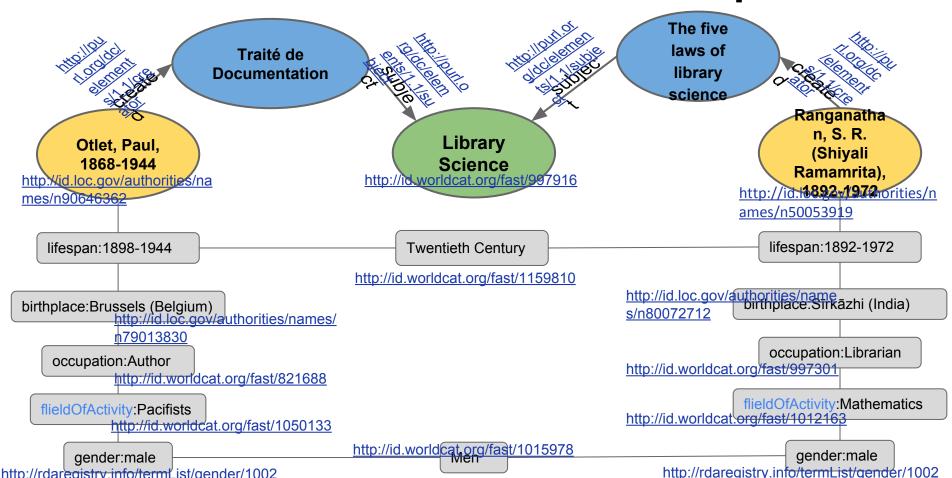
# Linked Data expresses relationships for machine processing.



### Linked Data is all about more relationships!

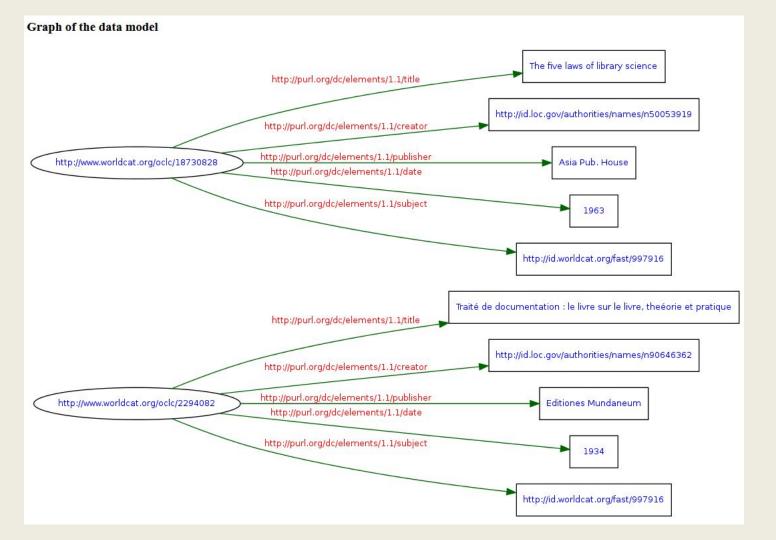


# Linked Data links all the relationships!



# RDF TRIPLE IN XML

```
<?xml version="1.0"?>
<!DOCTYPE rdf:RDF PUBLIC "-//DUBLIN CORE//DCMES DTD 2002/07/31//EN"
    "http://dublincore.org/documents/2002/07/31/dcmes-xml/dcmes-xml-dtd.dtd">
<rdf:RDF xmlns:rdf="http://www.w3.org/1999/02/22-rdf-syntax-ns#"
        xmlns:dc="http://purl.org/dc/elements/1.1/">
 <rdf:Description rdf:about="http://www.worldcat.org/oclc/2294082">
   <dc:title>Traite' de documentation : le livre sur le livre, thee'orie et pratique</dc:title>
    <dc:creator>http://id.loc.gov/authorities/names/n90646362</dc:creator>
    <dc:publisher>Editiones Mundaneum</dc:publisher>
    <dc:date>1934</dc:date>
   <dc:subject>http://id.worldcat.org/fast/997916</dc:subject>
  </rdf:Description>
 <rdf:Description rdf:about="http://www.worldcat.org/oclc/18730828">
   <dc:title>The five laws of library science</dc:title>
   <dc:creator>http://id.loc.gov/authorities/names/n50053919</dc:creator>
    <dc:publisher>Asia Pub. House</dc:publisher>
   <dc:date>1963</dc:date>
    <dc:subject>http://id.worldcat.org/fast/997916</dc:subject>
 </rdf:Description>
</rdf:RDF>
```



# LINKED DATA LEXICON

# DE-REFERENCING URIS

"Dereferencing means you can get a lookup on the Web for the description of the reference concept resource."\*

http://id.loc.gov/ontologies/bibframe/Work.rdf

NOT <a href="http://id.loc.gov/ontologies/bibframe.html#c\_Work">http://id.loc.gov/ontologies/bibframe.html#c\_Work</a>

Utilizes the http protocol and RDF data to provide meaningful information when a URI is looked up by a machine. Puts the link in linked data!

\*<a href="http://umbel.org/web-services/uri-dereferencing/">http://umbel.org/web-services/uri-dereferencing/</a>

# CLASS

A kind of thing.

Subjects and Objects belong to Classes.

You will usually see classes with the first letter in Uppercase.

bf:Work

bf:Instance

bf:Item

bf:Identifier

BIBFRAME CLASSES!

# SUB-CLASS

A kind of thing that is a "sub-type" of a kind of thing.

Chihuahua is a kind of Dog.

ISBN is a kind of Identifier.

#### bf:Isbn

http://id.loc.gov/ontologies/bibframe.html#c\_Identifier

# PROPERTY

The relationships between Classes (or things/objects).

The "predicate."

Usually listed with lower-case.

bf:title

bf:identifiedBy

bf:date

# SUB-PROPERTY

A sub-type of a property.

bf:date

bf:originDate

bf:copyrightDate

bf:creationDate

http://id.loc.gov/ontologies/bibframe.html#p\_date

# DOMAIN

The **domain** tells us what **individuals** (of a given class) this property is allowed to be applied to. AKA "Used with"

Concerns the Subjects of a predicate.

bf:Work

bf:Instance

bf:Item

#### RANGE

Range indicates the range of valid values this property can hold. AKA "Expected value"

Concerns the Objects of a predicate.

Literals

Objects/Individuals/URIs

# DATATYPE PROPERTY

A property that can only relate to data and literals.

```
rdfs:label "The Organization of Information".
rdfs:label "The Joy of Cataloging".
rdf:label "123 pages.".
```

bf:date "2007/2010"^^<http://id.loc.gov/datatypes/edtf> ;

# OBJECT TYPE PROPERTY

A property that can only relate to objects (URI things).

# INDIVIDUAL

Something with a URI or an IRI. A thing. A resource. A subject or an object.

AKA: Named Individual

<<u>http://example.com/Work\_1</u>> bf:contributor

<http://id.loc.gov/authorities/names/n80107118>

### BLANK NODES

Ugh. blank nodes.

"a **blank node** (also called *bnode*) is a node in an RDF graph representing a resource for which a URI or literal is not given. The resource represented by a blank node is also called an **anonymous resource**. According to the RDF standard a blank node can only be used as subject or object of an RDF triple."

Think of it as an alternative to link out to a URI as the object of a property.

# OPEN WORLD ASSUMPTION

"In a formal system of logic used for knowledge representation, the **open-world assumption** is the assumption that the truth value of a statement may be true irrespective of whether or not it is *known* to be true. It is the opposite of the closed-world assumption, which holds that any statement that is true is also known to be true."

(wikipedia)

# ASSERTION

Saying something about a thing and expecting it to be true.

"In computer programming, an **assertion** is a statement that a predicate ... is expected to always be true at that point in the code." (wikipedia)

### INFERENCE

"Inference is the process of deriving logical conclusions from a set of starting assumptions. Using Linked Data, existing relationships are modeled as a set of (named) relationships between resources. Linked Data helps humans and machines to find new relationships through automatic procedures that generate new relationships based on the data and based on some additional information in the form of a vocabulary."

https://www.w3.org/TR/ld-glossary/#inference

# ENTAILMENT

"In pragmatics (linguistics), **entailment** is the relationship between two sentences where the truth of one (A) requires the truth of the other (B)."

(wikipedia)

SKOS:Concept and LCNAF example.

# ARE THERE OTHER TERMS THAT ARE NEW TO YOU?

# PROTEGE DEMO

### PROTEGE

Software for ontology modeling and development.

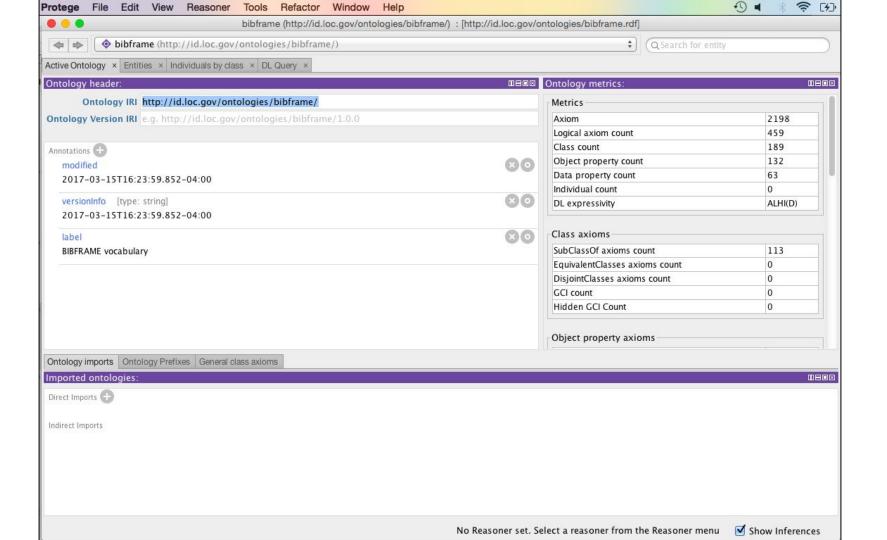
http://protege.stanford.edu/

https://webprotege.stanford.edu/



# EXPLORE BIBFRAME ONTOLOGY

- Open Protege
- Click File > Open from URL
- Enter the BIBFRAME ontology URL
  - o http://id.loc.gov/ontologies/bibframe.rdf



# RDF SYNTAX

#### RDF-XML

</rdf:RDF>

```
<?xml version="1.0"?>
<!DOCTYPE rdf:RDF PUBLIC "-//DUBLIN CORE//DCMES DTD 2002/07/31//EN"</pre>
    "http://dublincore.org/documents/2002/07/31/dcmes-xml/dcmes-xml-dtd.dtd">
<rdf:RDF xmlns:rdf="http://www.w3.org/1999/02/22-rdf-syntax-ns#"</pre>
         xmlns:dc="http://purl.org/dc/elements/1.1/">
  <rdf:Description rdf:about="https://ejournals.lib.vt.edu/valib/index">
    <dc:title>Virginia Libraries</dc:title>
    <dc:publisher rdf:resource="http://id.loc.gov/authorities/names/n80023576">Virginia Library Association</dc:publisher>
    <dc:identifier>ISSN 1086-9751</dc:identifier>
    <dc:subject rdf:resource="http://id.loc.gov/authorities/subjects/sh85076502">Libraries</dc:subject>
    <dc:subject rdf:resource="http://id.loc.gov/authorities/names/n79022909">Virginia</dc:subject>
    <dc:format rdf:resource="http://id.loc.gov/vocabulary/marcqt/per">Periodical</dc:format>
    <dc:type rdf:resource="http://purl.org/dc/dcmitype/Text">Text</dc:type>
  </rdf:Description>
  <rdf:Description rdf:about="http://www.vermontlibraries.org/vlanews/">
    <dc:title>VLA News</dc:title>
    <dc:publisher rdf:resource="http://id.loc.gov/authorities/names/n85375613">Vermont Library Association</dc:publisher>
    <dc:subject rdf:resource="http://id.loc.gov/authorities/subjects/sh85076502">Libraries</dc:subject>
    <dc:subject rdf:resource="http://id.loc.gov/authorities/names/n79007067">Virginia</dc:subject>
    <dc:format rdf:resource="http://id.loc.gov/vocabulary/marcgt/per">Periodical</dc:format>
    <dc:type rdf:resource="http://purl.org/dc/dcmitype/Text">Text</dc:type>
  </rdf:Description>
```

# JSON-LD

```
"http://purl.org/dc/elements/1.1/title": [
   "@value": "VLA News"
"http://purl.org/dc/elements/1.1/publisher": [
   "@id": "http://id.loc.gov/authorities/names/n85375613"
"http://purl.org/dc/elements/1.1/subject": [
   "@id": "http://id.loc.gov/authorities/subjects/sh85076502"
  },
   "@id": "http://id.loc.gov/authorities/names/n79007067"
"http://purl.org/dc/elements/1.1/format": [
   "@id": "http://id.loc.gov/vocabulary/marcgt/per"
"http://purl.org/dc/elements/1.1/type": [
    "@id": "http://purl.org/dc/dcmitype/Text"
```

"@id": "http://www.vermontlibraries.org/vlanews/",

# N-TRIPLES

```
<https://ejournals.lib.vt.edu/valib/index> <http://purl.org/dc/elements/1.1/title> "Virginia Libraries" .
<https://ejournals.lib.vt.edu/valib/index> <http://purl.org/dc/elements/1.1/publisher>
<http://id.loc.gov/authorities/names/n80023576> .
<https://ejournals.lib.vt.edu/valib/index> <http://purl.org/dc/elements/1.1/identifier> "ISSN 1086-9751" .
<https://ejournals.lib.vt.edu/valib/index> <http://purl.org/dc/elements/1.1/subject>
<http://id.loc.gov/authorities/subjects/sh85076502> .
<https://ejournals.lib.vt.edu/valib/index> <http://purl.org/dc/elements/1.1/subject>
<http://id.loc.gov/authorities/names/n79022909> .
<https://ejournals.lib.vt.edu/valib/index> <http://purl.org/dc/elements/1.1/format>
<http://id.loc.gov/vocabulary/marcgt/per> .
<https://ejournals.lib.vt.edu/valib/index> <http://purl.org/dc/elements/1.1/type>
<http://purl.org/dc/dcmitype/Text> .
```

# N3

```
@prefix dc11: <http://purl.org/dc/elements/1.1/> .
<https://ejournals.lib.vt.edu/valib/index>
  dc11:title "Virginia Libraries" ;
  dc11:publisher <http://id.loc.gov/authorities/names/n80023576> ;
  dc11:identifier "ISSN 1086-9751" ;
  dc11:subject <http://id.loc.gov/authorities/subjects/sh85076502>,
<http://id.loc.gov/authorities/names/n79022909> ;
  dc11:format <http://id.loc.gov/vocabulary/marcgt/per> ;
  dc11:type <http://purl.org/dc/dcmitype/Text> .
<http://www.vermontlibraries.org/vlanews/>
  dc11:title "VLA News" ;
  dc11:publisher <http://id.loc.gov/authorities/names/n85375613> ;
  dc11:subject <http://id.loc.gov/authorities/subjects/sh85076502>,
<http://id.loc.gov/authorities/names/n79007067> ;
  dc11:format <http://id.loc.gov/vocabulary/marcgt/per> ;
  dc11:type <http://purl.org/dc/dcmitype/Text> .
```

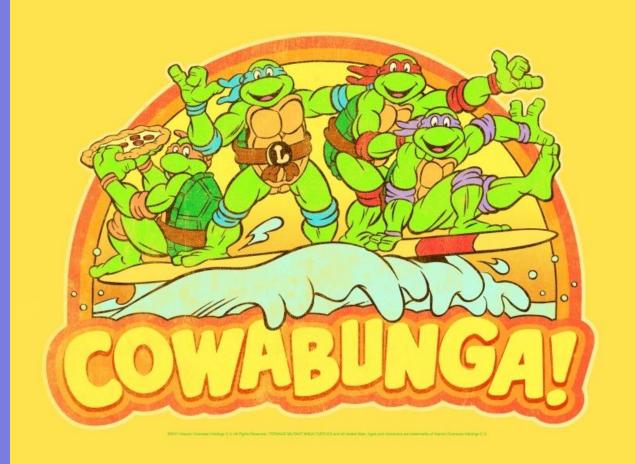
# TURTLE

```
@prefix dc11: <http://purl.org/dc/elements/1.1/> .
<https://ejournals.lib.vt.edu/valib/index>
  dc11:title "Virginia Libraries" ;
  dc11:publisher <http://id.loc.gov/authorities/names/n80023576> ;
  dc11:identifier "ISSN 1086-9751" ;
  dc11:subject <http://id.loc.gov/authorities/subjects/sh85076502>,
<http://id.loc.gov/authorities/names/n79022909> ;
  dc11:format <http://id.loc.gov/vocabulary/marcgt/per> ;
  dc11:type <http://purl.org/dc/dcmitype/Text> .
<http://www.vermontlibraries.org/vlanews/>
  dc11:title "VLA News" ;
  dc11:publisher <http://id.loc.gov/authorities/names/n85375613> ;
  dc11:subject <http://id.loc.gov/authorities/subjects/sh85076502>,
<http://id.loc.gov/authorities/names/n79007067> ;
  dc11:format <http://id.loc.gov/vocabulary/marcgt/per> ;
  dc11:type <http://purl.org/dc/dcmitype/Text> .
```



# TURTLE!!!

# TURTLE LANGUAGE



http://vignette3.wikia.nocookie.net/tmnt/images/3/34/Cowabunga.jpg/revision/latest?cb=20130828015956

# SIMPLE TRIPLES

```
<subject>  <object> .

<Class>  <class> .

<http://www.worldcat.org/oclc/6626957>
<http://id.loc.gov/ontologies/bibframe.html#subject>
<http://id.loc.gov/authorities/subjects/sh85020816> .
```

# PREDICATE LISTS

When you have to say more than one things about a subject.

```
<subject>  cobject> ;
             object> ;
             object> .
<http://www.worldcat.org/oclc/6626957>
    <http://id.loc.gov/ontologies/bibframe.html#subject>
    <http://id.loc.gov/authorities/subjects/sh85020816>;
    <http://id.loc.gov/ontologies/bibframe.html#subject>
    <http://id.loc.gov/authorities/subjects/sh85129425>;
    <a href="http://id.loc.gov/ontologies/bibframe.html#classification">http://id.loc.gov/ontologies/bibframe.html#classification</a>
    <http://id.loc.gov/authorities/classification/Z693.A3-Z693.Z> .
```

# OBJECT LISTS

When you have more than one object for a subject on the same predicate -- separate them with a comma

# URIS (AKA IRIS)

- URIs can be relative or absolute, or prefixed names.
- Relative and absolute URIs are enclosed in angled brackets <URI>
- Relative URIs like <#example> are resolved to the base URI that is declared as the @base or BASE

```
@base <<u>http://library.edu/</u>>
    <#book_0912700513> = http://library.edu/#book_0912700513
```

### PREFIXES

Prefixes allow for shorthand references to ontology domains.

```
@base <http://library.edu/> .
@prefix rdf: <http://www.w3.org/1999/02/22-rdf-syntax-ns#> .
@prefix rdfs: <http://www.w3.org/2000/01/rdf-schema#> .
@prefix bf: <http://id.loc.gov/ontologies/bibframe/> .
```

# PREFIXES CONTINUED

```
<Berman work1>
```

```
@prefix bf: <a href="http://id.loc.gov/ontologies/bibframe/">http://id.loc.gov/ontologies/bibframe/">http://id.loc.gov/ontologies/bibframe/</a>.
a bf:Work;
bf:hasInstance
                               <Berman inst1> ;
bf:adminMetadata <Berman admin1> ;
bf:title [
                               bf:Title, bf:WorkTitle ;
      а
      bf:mainTitle
                               "Joy of cataloging";
      bf:subTitle
                               "essays, letters, and other explosions";
```

@base <a href="http://library.edu/">...

@prefix rdf: <a href="http://www.w3.org/1999/02/22-rdf-syntax-ns#">http://www.w3.org/1999/02/22-rdf-syntax-ns#</a>.

@prefix rdfs: <a href="http://www.w3.org/2000/01/rdf-schema"> ...

### PREFIXES CONTINUED

```
<Berman_work1>
```

```
a bf:Work;
bf:hasInstance
                     <Berman inst1> ;
bf:adminMetadata <Berman admin1> ;
bf:title [
                     bf:Title, bf:WorkTitle ;
    bf:mainTitle
                     "Joy of cataloging";
    bf:subTitle
                     "essays, letters, and other explosions";
```

@base <a href="mailto://library.edu/">...

@prefix rdf: <http://www.w3.org/1999/02/22-rdf-syntax-ns#> .
@prefix rdfs: <http://www.w3.org/2000/01/rdf-schema#> .
@prefix bf: <http://id.loc.gov/ontologies/bibframe.rdf> .

# "A" TYPE OF THING

The token 'a' in the predicate position of a Turtle triple represents the URI <a href="http://www.w3.org/1999/02/22-rdf-syntax-ns#type">http://www.w3.org/1999/02/22-rdf-syntax-ns#type</a>.

```
<Berman_work1>
    a bf:Work ;
    bf:title a [ bf:Title, bf:VariantTitle ] .
```

# LITERALLY LITERALS

Datatype properties require a literal value for their object. Enclose all literals with quotes -- "literal." Literals are used to identify values such as strings, numbers, dates.

```
bf:supplementaryContent "Includes index.";
bf:responsibilityStatement "by Sanford Berman";
bf:shelfmark "Z693 .B47 1981" .
bf:mainTitle "Joie du catalogage"@fr
```

# DATATYPE IRI

You can specify a datatype for a literal using an IRI with a ^^ notation.

```
<http://bibframe.example.org/XXX#Instance</pre>
   bf:provisionActivity
       [ a bf:ProvisionActivity, bf:Publication ;
"2007/2010 http://id.loc.gov/datatypes/edtf>;
          bf:place <http://id.loc.gov/vocabulary/countries/ko> ]
```

# NESTING BLANK NODES

Super common in BIBFRAME when you need to provide legacy literal information.

```
<Berman inst1>
    bf:provisionActivity
          a bf:ProvisionActivity, bf:Publication;
          bf:agent
                    a bf:Agent;
                    rdfs:label "Oryx Press"
          bf:place
               a bf:Place;
               rdfs:label "Phoenix, AZ"
          bf:date "1981"
```

# TURTLE (POWER!) GRAMMAR



http://vignette3.wikia.nocookie.net/fictionalcrossover/images/0/03/TMNT.jpg/revision/latest?cb=20131107221430

# WHITE SPACE

White space is largely ignored in Turtle, except for literals.

```
bf:summary "A collection of essays and letters on cataloging, classification, and indexing.";
```

Use "' to escape quotes within a literal.

```
bf:summary ''''A fantastic read!" says Maurice Freedman.''';
```

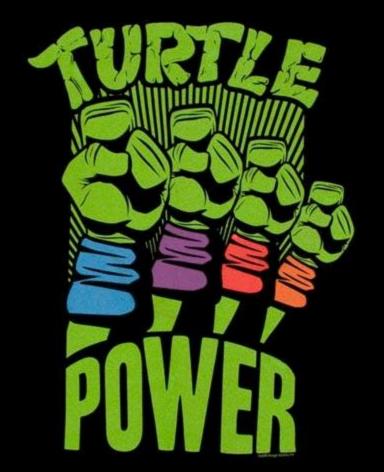
# COMMENTS

Add comments to your code by using the hash # sign.

```
@base <http://library.edu/> .
@prefix rdf: <http://www.w3.org/1999/02/22-rdf-syntax-ns#> .
@prefix rdfs: <http://www.w3.org/2000/01/rdf-schema#> .
@prefix bf: <http://id.loc.gov/ontologies/bibframe.rdf> .
#This is a test record for the PCC BIBFRAME TG
<Berman work1>
```

# PUTTING IT ALL TOGETHER

https://github.com/amberbille
y/PCC\_BIBFRAME/blob/master/BF
\_Berman\_Example.ttl



http://vignette4.wikia.nocookie.net/tmnt/images/3/31/T\_U\_R\_T\_L\_E\_POWER!.jp q/revision/latest?cb=20130825150401

# LINKED DATA TOOLS

# TEXT EDITOR (YOUR BEST FRIEND)

- MACS
  - <u>Text Wrangler</u> (Free and open source)
- PCs
  - Notepad++ (Free and open source)
- Either
  - Sublime Text (Open source, free trial, paid license)
  - Atom (Open source, free)

## DATA VALIDATORS AND CONVERTERS

- W3C RDF Validator (parses and builds graphs)
  - o https://www.w3.org/RDF/Validator/
- EasyRDF Converter
  - o http://www.easyrdf.org/converter
- JSON-LD
  - o http://json-ld.org/playground/
- Turtle
  - o http://ttl.summerofcode.be/

Or seriously...just Google it.

# CUSTOM EDITOR

- BIBFRAME Editor
- VitroLib Editor
- BIBFLOW Editor

• Local development

# PROTEGE

Software for ontology modeling and development.

http://protege.stanford.edu/

We already
talked about this :-)



# KARMA

An ontology modeling and visualization tool.

"A data integration tool."

http://usc-isi-i2.github.io/karma/

# VITROLIB

The linked data editor being developed for the LD4P Project.

http://vitrolib.ld4p.library.cornell.edu/

# OPEN REFINE

A data munging, modeling, reconciling, power tool.

http://openrefine.org/



# TEXT EDITOR DEMO

# SERIALS IN BIBFRAME!

#### Serials RDA Elements in BIBFRAME

#### Mappings:

- LC: MARC 21 to BIBFRAME 2.0 Conversion Specifications <u>https://www.loc.gov/bibframe/mtbf/</u>
- CONSER: BIBFRAME 2.0 CSR Mapping (coming soon; watch this space: <a href="http://www.loc.gov/aba/pcc/conser/index.html">http://www.loc.gov/aba/pcc/conser/index.html</a>)

#### **BIBFRAME 2.0 ontology**

#### http://id.loc.gov/ontologies/bibframe.html

Property: title
Label: Title resource

Definition: Name given to a resource.

Used with: Work, Instance or Item

Expected Value: Title

Change Notes: 2016-04-21 (New)

Class: Title
Label: Title entity

Definition: Title information relating to a resource: work title, preferred title, instance title, transcribed title, translated title, variant form of title,

etc.

Used with: <u>title</u>

SubClassed As: <u>VariantTitle</u>

Change Notes: 2016-04-21 (New)

2017-02-03 (Definition changed)

[back to class list] [back to top]

#### Instances

<a href="http://bibframe.example.org/15297773#Instance">http://bibframe.example.org/15297773#Instance</a>

a bf:Instance

#### Title (for display)

```
<http://bibframe.example.org/15297773#Instance>
bf:title
   [ a bf:Title ;
    rdfs:label "The international journal of Korean art and archaeology." ]
```

## Title (for sorting)

```
<http://bibframe.example.org/15297773#Instance>
    bf:title
    [ a bf:Title ;
        rdfs:label "The international journal of Korean art and archaeology."
;
    bflc:titleSortKey "international journal of Korean art and
archaeology." ]
```

## Title proper

```
<a href="http://bibframe.example.org/15297773#Instance">http://bibframe.example.org/15297773#Instance</a>
   bf:title
      [ a bf:Title ;
          rdfs:label "The international journal of Korean art and archaeology."
          bflc:titleSortKey "international journal of Korean art and
archaeology.";
          bf:mainTitle "The international journal of Korean art and
archaeology" ]
```

## Title proper (part number, name)

```
<a href="http://bibframe.example.org/11315714#Instance">http://bibframe.example.org/11315714#Instance</a>
   bf:title
      [ a bf:Title ;
         rdfs:label "Philosophical transactions of the Royal Society of London.
Series A, Containing papers of a mathematical or physical character.";
         bf:mainTitle "Philosophical transactions of the Royal Society of
London":
         bf:partName "Containing papers of a mathematical or physical
character":
         bf:partNumber "Series A" ]
```

#### Title proper and subtitle

```
<http://bibframe.example.org/12382624#Instance>
bf:title
   [ a bf:Title ;
      rdfs:label "Gastronomica : the journal of food and culture." ;
      bflc:titleSortKey "Gastronomica : the journal of food and culture." ;
      bf:mainTitle "Gastronomica" ;
      bf:subtitle "the journal of food and culture" ]
```

#### Variant title

```
<http://bibframe.example.org/15297773#Instance>
bf:title
   [ a bf:Title, bf:VariantTitle ;
      rdfs:label "Korean art and archaeology" ;
      bflc:titleSortKey "Korean art and archaeology" ;
      bf:mainTitle "Korean art and archaeology" ]
```

#### Parallel title

```
<http://bibframe.example.org/11273268#Instance>
bf:title
    [ a bf:ParallelTitle, bf:Title, bf:VariantTitle ;
    rdfs:label "Korea today" ;
    bflc:titleSortKey "Korea today" ;
    bf:mainTitle "Korea today" ]
```

#### Abbreviated title

```
<http://bibframe.example.org/18270882#Instance>
bf:title
   [ a bf:AbbreviatedTitle, bf:Title, bf:VariantTitle;
      rdfs:label "Physician leadersh. j.";
      bflc:titleSortKey "Physician leadersh. j.";
      bf:mainTitle "Physician leadersh. j.";
      bf:source [ a bf:Source;
      rdf:value "issnkey" ] ]
```

## Key title

```
<http://bibframe.example.org/18270882#Instance>
bf:title
   [ a bf:KeyTitle, bf:Title, bf:VariantTitle ;
      rdfs:label "Physician leadership journal" ;
      bflc:titleSortKey "Physician leadership journal" ;
      bf:mainTitle "Physician leadership journal" ]
```

## Statement of responsibility

<a href="http://bibframe.example.org/17610810#Instance">http://bibframe.example.org/17610810#Instance</a>

bf:responsibilityStatement "edited by Nigel G. Foster, FRSA"

#### **Edition statement**

<a href="http://bibframe.example.org/8330771#Instance">http://bibframe.example.org/8330771#Instance</a>

bf:editionStatement "Indiana ed."

#### Numbering of serials (formatted)

```
<a href="http://bibframe.example.org/11315714#Instance">http://bibframe.example.org/11315714#Instance</a>
<a href="bf:bf:firstIssue">bf:firstIssue</a> "Vol. 187 (1896)";
<a href="bf:bf:lastIssue">bf:lastIssue</a> "v. 233"
```

## Numbering of serials (note)

```
<http://bibframe.example.org/15297773#Instance>
bf:note
[ a bf:Note ;
    rdfs:label "Began with v. 01 (2007); ceased with v. 04 (2010)." ;
    bf:noteType "Numbering" ]
```

#### Publication statement (transcribed)

<a href="http://bibframe.example.org/15297773#Instance">http://bibframe.example.org/15297773#Instance</a>

bf:provisionActivityStatement "Seoul : National Museum of Korea, 2007-©2010."

## Publication statement (segmented)

```
<http://bibframe.example.org/15297773#Instance>
    bf:provisionActivity
    [ a bf:ProvisionActivity, bf:Publication ;
        bf:agent [ a bf:Agent ;
            rdfs:label "National Museum of Korea" ] ;
        bf:date "2007-@2010" ;
        bf:place [ a bf:Place ;
            rdfs:label "Seoul" ] ]
```

#### Publication information (using URIs)

```
<http://bibframe.example.org/15297773#Instance
bf:provisionActivity
  [ a bf:ProvisionActivity, bf:Publication ;
        bf:date "2007/2010"^^<a href="http://id.loc.gov/datatypes/edtf">http://id.loc.gov/datatypes/edtf</a>;
        bf:place <a href="http://id.loc.gov/vocabulary/countries/ko">http://id.loc.gov/vocabulary/countries/ko</a>]
```

# Copyright date

<a href="http://bibframe.example.org/19276940#Instance">http://bibframe.example.org/19276940#Instance</a> bf:copyrightDate "©2015"

#### Series statement

<a href="http://bibframe.example.org/17610810#Instance">http://bibframe.example.org/17610810#Instance</a>

bf:seriesStatement "Blackstone's statutes series"

#### Series statement and enumeration

```
<http://bibframe.example.org/317269#Instance>
   bf:seriesEnumeration "65, v. 5", "v. 5";
   bf:seriesStatement "Archetypal images in Greek religion", "Bollingen series"
```

#### Mode of issuance

<a href="http://bibframe.example.org/15297773#Instance">http://bibframe.example.org/15297773#Instance</a>

bf:issuance < http://id.loc.gov/vocabulary/issuance/serl>

#### Frequency

```
<http://bibframe.example.org/15297773#Instance>
bf:frequency
    [ a bf:Frequency ;
        rdfs:label "Annual" ]
```

#### Frequency

```
<http://bibframe.example.org/15297773#Instance>
bf:frequency
    [ a bf:Frequency ;
        rdfs:label "Annual" ],
    <a href="http://id.loc.gov/vocabulary/frequencies/ann">http://id.loc.gov/vocabulary/frequencies/ann</a>>
```

#### **ISSN**

```
<http://bibframe.example.org/15297773#Instance>
bf:identifiedBy
    [ a bf:Identifier, bf:Issn ;
        rdf:value "2005-1115" ]
```

## **LCCN**

```
<http://bibframe.example.org/15297773#Instance>
bf:identifiedBy
    [ a bf:Identifier, bf:Lccn ;
        rdf:value " 2008200843" ]
```

# DBO/LIC notes

```
<http://bibframe.example.org/15297773#Instance>
bf:note
   [ a bf:Note ;
      rdfs:label "Description based on: Vol. 01 (2007); title from t.p." ;
      bf:noteType "description source" ],
   [ a bf:Note ;
      rdfs:label "Latest issue consulted: Vol. 04 (2010)." ;
      bf:noteType "description source" ]
```

#### More notes

```
<http://bibframe.example.org/11315714#Instance>
    bf:note
    [ a bf:Note ;
        rdfs:label "Vols. for 1901-1930. 1 v.; 1931-1940. 1 v. (includes issues published under later title)." ;
        bf:noteType "index" ]
```

## Media

<a href="http://bibframe.example.org/15297773#Instance">http://bibframe.example.org/15297773#Instance</a>

bf:media < http://id.loc.gov/vocabulary/mediaTypes/n >

### Carrier

<a href="http://bibframe.example.org/15297773#Instance">http://bibframe.example.org/15297773#Instance</a>

bf:carrier < http://id.loc.gov/vocabulary/carriers/nc>

#### Extent

```
<http://bibframe.example.org/15297773#Instance>
bf:extent
  [ a bf:Extent ;
     rdfs:label "4 volumes" ]
```

## Illustrations?

```
<http://bibframe.example.org/15297773#Instance>
bf:note
   [ a bf:Note ;
      rdfs:label "illustrations" ;
      bf:noteType "Physical details" ]
```

[but see <a href="http://id.loc.gov/ontologies/bibframe.html#p\_illustrativeContent">http://id.loc.gov/ontologies/bibframe.html#p\_illustrativeContent</a>]

## **Dimensions**

<a href="http://bibframe.example.org/15297773#Instance">http://bibframe.example.org/15297773#Instance</a>

bf:dimensions "30 cm"

#### **URL**

<a href="http://bibframe.example.org/item/item5">http://bibframe.example.org/item/item5</a>

bf:electronicLocator "http://hdl.loc.gov/loc.pnp/cph.3g11323"

# Relationships (Instances)

```
<a href="http://bibframe.example.org/15297773#Instance">http://bibframe.example.org/15297773#Instance</a>
      bf:otherPhysicalFormat
<a href="http://bibframe.example.org/15297773#Instance776-41">http://bibframe.example.org/15297773#Instance776-41</a>.
<a href="http://bibframe.example.org/15297773#Instance">http://bibframe.example.org/15297773#Instance</a>
      bf:instanceOf <a href="http://bibframe.example.org/15297773#Work">bf:instanceOf <a href="http://bibframe.example.org/15297773#Work">http://bibframe.example.org/15297773#Work</a>.
<a href="http://bibframe.example.org/15297773#Instance">http://bibframe.example.org/15297773#Instance</a>
      bf:hasltem <a href="http://bibframe.example.org/15297773#Item050-13">bf:hasltem <a href="http://bibframe.example.org/15297773#Item050-13">http://bibframe.example.org/15297773#Item050-13</a>
```

## Works

<a href="http://bibframe.example.org/15297773#Work">http://bibframe.example.org/15297773#Work</a>

a bf:Text, bf:Work

## Work title

```
<a href="http://bibframe.example.org/15297773#Work">http://bibframe.example.org/15297773#Work</a>
   bf:title
      [ a bf:Title ;
          rdfs:label "The international journal of Korean art and archaeology.";
          bflc:titleSortKey "international journal of Korean art and
archaeology.";
          bf:mainTitle "The international journal of Korean art and
archaeology"]
```

### ISSN-L

```
<http://bibframe.example.org/11273268#Work>
    bf:identifiedBy
    [ a bf:Identifier, bf:IssnL;
        rdf:value "1227-1632" ]
```

#### Content

<a href="http://bibframe.example.org/15297773#Work">http://bibframe.example.org/15297773#Work</a>

bf:content

<http://id.loc.gov/vocabulary/contentTypes/txt>

# Language of expression

<a href="http://bibframe.example.org/15297773#Work">http://bibframe.example.org/15297773#Work</a>

bf:language

<a href="http://id.loc.gov/vocabulary/languages/eng">http://id.loc.gov/vocabulary/languages/eng</a>

## Contributor

```
<http://bibframe.example.org/15297773#Work>
bf:contribution
[ a bf:Contribution ;
    bf:agent < http://id.loc.gov/authorities/names/n81039362 > ;
    bf:role < http://id.loc.gov/vocabulary/relators/ctb > ]
```

# Subject

## Genre/Form

<a href="http://bibframe.example.org/15297773#Work">http://bibframe.example.org/15297773#Work</a>

bf:genreForm

<a href="http://bibframe.example.org/15297773#GenreForm655-38">http://bibframe.example.org/15297773#GenreForm655-38</a>

# Relationships (Works)

```
<a href="http://bibframe.example.org/15297773#Work">http://bibframe.example.org/15297773#Work</a>
      bf:hasInstance <a href="http://bibframe.example.org/15297773#Instance">bf:hasInstance</a> <a href="http://bibframe.example.org/15297773#Instance">http://bibframe.example.org/15297773#Instance</a>,
          <a href="http://bibframe.example.org/15297773#Instance530-25">http://bibframe.example.org/15297773#Instance530-25</a>.
<a href="http://bibframe.example.org/17610810#Work">http://bibframe.example.org/17610810#Work</a>
      bf:continues <a href="http://bibframe.example.org/17610810#Work780-31">bf:continues <a href="http://bibframe.example.org/17610810#Work780-31">http://bibframe.example.org/17610810#Work780-31</a>.
<a href="http://bibframe.example.org/15297773#Work">http://bibframe.example.org/15297773#Work</a>
      bf:continuedBy <a href="http://bibframe.example.org/15297773#Work785-42">bf:continuedBy <a href="http://bibframe.example.org/15297773#Work785-42">http://bibframe.example.org/15297773#Work785-42</a>.
<a href="http://bibframe.example.org/17610810#Work">http://bibframe.example.org/17610810#Work</a>
      bf:hasSeries <a href="http://bibframe.example.org/17610810#Work830-32">bf:hasSeries <a href="http://bibframe.example.org/17610810#Work830-32">http://bibframe.example.org/17610810#Work830-32</a>
```

# Non-Roman script

```
<a href="http://bibframe.example.org/19583382#Instance">http://bibframe.example.org/19583382#Instance</a>
  bf:provisionActivityStatement
     "Beijing Shi: Jie fang jun wen yi chu ban she",
      "北京市:解放军文艺出版社"@zh-hani;
  bf:title
      [ a bf:Title ;
        rdfs:label "中国军事文学年选."@zh-hani;
        bf:mainTitle "中国军事文学年选"@zh-hani ],
     [ a bf:Title ;
        rdfs:label "Zhongguo jun shi wen xue nian xuan.";
        bf:mainTitle "Zhongguo jun shi wen xue nian xuan" ]
```

# QUESTIONS?

You've got to have some.