

## Milestone #3

Ileah Rios & Amber Morris

## Milestone #1

- 1. Project option selection:** We pick the California Smokers' Cohort data set for this project.
- 2. Create git repository / Share a link to your group's git repository:** [https://github.com/ambernmorris/team\\_project](https://github.com/ambernmorris/team_project)
- 3. What is your team's preferred communication method - email, text, bcourse messaging?**  
Text, email, Zoom calls
- 4. When will your team be holding meetings? How frequently will you meet? Are there times or days that work well for everyone?** Once a week to every other week; we are already in contact frequently because we have other classes together and have worked together before. Our schedules vary, but typically Wednesday mornings work best for us to meet.
- 5. Discuss future non-academic commitments that might affect members' availability:** Work, life events, partners, vacations. We communicate clearly when we have conflicts. Discuss meeting tempo: "checking in" at the beginning of meetings versus "just sticking to business". We like to check-in and then we usually get to work after chatting some.
- 6. How is your team going to keep track of progress? Who will be taking minutes, creating agendas, and contacting the course facilitators with questions?** We both come to our meetings prepared with questions and a general idea of what we will be working on together. Amber will be the one usually to contact course instructors.
- 7. We encourage you to discuss potential dates and times to meet with a course facilitator during Weeks 3-5. Decide on the best date and time for all.** We will meet with Lauren on Mondays via private office hour appointment if needed.
- 8. Determine a point person to submit each assignment for the team.** Ileah
- 9. If a conflict arises, plan to solve the issue as soon as possible. This is best done using synchronous (Zoom, Google Hangouts) communication rather than asynchronous (email). If the group is unable to resolve the conflict, seek advice from the instructional team.** Yes, will do.
- 10. Team's preferred communication method:** Text, email, zoom

**11. Team's preferred meeting times and frequency:** Once a week to every other week; we take other classes together, so we are in contact often and are always willing to meet whenever.

**12. Team's preferred method for tracking progress:** We plan to have each milestone finished a week ahead of the due date, so we can make changes if we need to ahead of time.

**13. Point person for contacting course facilitators with questions:** Amber

# Milestone #2

## 1. Description of dataset

**What is the data source?** (1-2 sentences on where the data is coming from, dates included, etc.)

The data source is from the California Smokers Cohort (CSC) 2011 through UC San Diego. These data are from a survey designed to investigate factors associated with tobacco quitting behaviors, sponsored/funded by CDPH.

**How does the dataset relate to the group problem statement and question?**

Through these data, CDPH will better understand tobacco use and behaviors among smokers in California and be able to design an implementation strategies in high-risk communities to increase quitting behaviors. As we go through the milestones, the elements we use may change, but we foresee combining each data set and exploring how race, income, and cigarette brand affect heart disease outcomes. Specifically, creating a visualization to explore how these variables interact with each other and making recommendations to CDPH based on that.

## 2. Import statement

```
#adding libraries

library(tidyverse)

## Warning in system("timedatectl", intern = TRUE): running command 'timedatectl'
## had status 1

## -- Attaching packages ----- tidyverse 1.3.1 --

## v ggplot2 3.3.5      v purrr   0.3.4
## v tibble  3.1.6      v dplyr  1.0.8
## v tidyr   1.2.0      v stringr 1.4.0
## v readr   2.1.2      v forcats 0.5.1

## -- Conflicts ----- tidyverse_conflicts() --
## x dplyr::filter() masks stats::filter()
## x dplyr::lag()    masks stats::lag()

library(readr)
library(readxl)
library(janitor)

##
## Attaching package: 'janitor'

## The following objects are masked from 'package:stats':
##
##   chisq.test, fisher.test
```

```
library(stringr)

#creating a file path for both data sets
file_path_smoker <- "https://raw.githubusercontent.com/PHW290/phw251_projectdata/main/ca_csc_smoker_data.csv"
file_path_race <- "https://raw.githubusercontent.com/PHW290/phw251_projectdata/main/ca_csc_outcome_race.csv"

#importing full file of both data sets
smoker_data <- read_csv(file_path_smoker)
```

```
## Rows: 1000 Columns: 156
```

```
## -- Column specification -----
## Delimiter: ","
## chr (152): RIGHTSEX, smokstat, ACIG100, DOSMOKE, HOWMANY, SMOK6NUM, SMOK6UNI...
## dbl (3): psraid, nosmknum1, quitoffn
## lgl (1): QUITINTNFORM
##
## i Use 'spec()' to retrieve the full column specification for this data.
## i Specify the column types or set 'show_col_types = FALSE' to quiet this message.
```

```
race_data <- read_csv(file_path_race)
```

```
## Rows: 1000 Columns: 89
## -- Column specification -----
## Delimiter: ","
## chr (81): ID, INCARS, BANAGREE, CASINSMK, CASMOKES, HHSMOKNU, ACQSMOKE, LIVE...
## dbl (6): ACTIVHRS, ACTIVMIN, HTINFEET, HTINCHES, WGTINLBS, AGEUS
## lgl (2): HTCENTIM, WGTINKILOS
##
## i Use 'spec()' to retrieve the full column specification for this data.
## i Specify the column types or set 'show_col_types = FALSE' to quiet this message.
```

Utilize function arguments to control relevant components (i.e. change column types, column names, missing values, etc.)

```
#first data set work below
#change columns to all lowercase
clean_smoker_data <- clean_names(smoker_data)

#change column names (the elements we want to use only)
new_smoker_data <- rename(clean_smoker_data, sex = rightsex,
                          smoking_status = smokstat, cig_brand = smkbrand)

#subset the columns we want (elements we want to use only)
updated_smoker_data <- select(new_smoker_data, c("sex", "smoking_status",
                                                "cig_brand"))

#change the DO NOT READ values to NA
updated_smoker_data[updated_smoker_data == "(DO NOT READ) Refused"] <- NA
updated_smoker_data[updated_smoker_data == "(DO NOT READ) Don't know"] <- NA
```

```

#change columns to all lowercase
clean_race_data <- clean_names(race_data)

#change column names (the elements we want to use only)
new_race_data <- rename(clean_race_data, heart_disease=heartdis,
white=race01, black=race02, japanese=race03, chinese=race04,
filipino=race05, korean=race06, asian_or_pacific_islander=race07,
mexican=race09,
hispanic_latino=race10, other=race11, vietnamese=race12,
asian_indian=race13, refused=race14, dont_know=race15,
americanindian_or_alaskannative=race08)

#subset the columns we want (elements we want to use only)
updated_race_data <- select(new_race_data, c("heart_disease", "income", "white",
"black", "japanese", "chinese", "filipino", "korean",
"asian_or_pacific_islander", "americanindian_or_alaskannative", "mexican",
"hispanic_latino", "other", "vietnamese", "asian_indian", "refused",
"dont_know"))

#change the DO NOT READ values to NA
updated_race_data[updated_race_data == "(DO NOT READ) Refused"] <- NA
updated_race_data[updated_race_data == "(DO NOT READ) Don't know"] <- NA

```

**3. Identify 5+ data elements required for your specified scenario. If <5 elements are required to complete the analysis, please choose additional variables of interest in the data set to explore in this milestone.**

This milestone is focused on: rightsex (sex), smokstat (smoking status), smkbrand (brand of cigarettes), race (race), income (income), and heartdis (heart disease status).

Utilize functions or resources in RStudio to determine the types of each data element (i.e. character, numeric, factor)

```

#smoker data set
str(updated_smoker_data)

```

```

## tibble [1,000 x 3] (S3: tbl_df/tbl/data.frame)
## $ sex : chr [1:1000] "Female" "Female" "Male" "Female" ...
## $ smoking_status: chr [1:1000] "Current daily smoker" "Current daily smoker" "Current nondaily smoker" ...
## $ cig_brand : chr [1:1000] "Virginia Slims" "Marlboro" "Camel" "Marlboro" ...

```

```

#race data set
str(updated_race_data)

```

```

## tibble [1,000 x 17] (S3: tbl_df/tbl/data.frame)
## $ heart_disease : chr [1:1000] "Yes" "No" "No" "No" ...
## $ income : chr [1:1000] "$30,001 to $50,000" "$20,000 or less" "$30,001 to $50,000" ...
## $ white : chr [1:1000] "Yes" "Yes" "Yes" "Yes" ...
## $ black : chr [1:1000] NA NA NA NA ...

```

```
## $ japanese           : chr [1:1000] NA NA NA NA ...
## $ chinese            : chr [1:1000] NA NA NA NA ...
## $ filipino           : chr [1:1000] NA NA NA NA ...
## $ korean             : chr [1:1000] NA NA NA NA ...
## $ asian_or_pacific_islander : chr [1:1000] NA NA NA NA ...
## $ americanindian_or_alaskannative: chr [1:1000] NA NA NA NA ...
## $ mexican           : chr [1:1000] NA NA NA NA ...
## $ hispanic_latino    : chr [1:1000] NA NA NA NA ...
## $ other              : chr [1:1000] NA NA NA NA ...
## $ vietnamese         : chr [1:1000] NA NA NA NA ...
## $ asian_indian       : chr [1:1000] NA NA NA NA ...
## $ refused            : chr [1:1000] NA NA NA NA ...
## $ dont_know          : chr [1:1000] NA NA NA NA ...
```

Identify the desired type/format for each variable—will you need to convert any columns to numeric or another type?

Both data sets were assessed and it was determined there were not any columns that needed to be converted to another data type at this time.

#### 4. Provide a basic description of the 5+ data elements

```
#first data set
summary(updated_smoker_data)
```

```
##      sex      smoking_status      cig_brand
## Length:1000    Length:1000    Length:1000
## Class :character Class :character Class :character
## Mode  :character Mode  :character Mode  :character
```

```
#second data set
summary(updated_race_data)
```

```
## heart_disease      income      white      black
## Length:1000      Length:1000    Length:1000    Length:1000
## Class :character  Class :character Class :character Class :character
## Mode :character   Mode :character Mode :character Mode :character
##  japanese      chinese      filipino      korean
## Length:1000      Length:1000    Length:1000    Length:1000
## Class :character  Class :character Class :character Class :character
## Mode :character   Mode :character Mode :character Mode :character
## asian_or_pacific_islander americanindian_or_alaskannative  mexican
## Length:1000      Length:1000    Length:1000
## Class :character  Class :character Class :character
## Mode :character   Mode :character Mode :character
## hispanic_latino      other      vietnamese      asian_indian
## Length:1000      Length:1000    Length:1000    Length:1000
## Class :character  Class :character Class :character Class :character
## Mode :character   Mode :character Mode :character Mode :character
##  refused      dont_know
```

```
## Length:1000      Length:1000
## Class :character  Class :character
## Mode  :character  Mode  :character
```

## Milestone #3

```
raceclean <- clean_names(race_data)
smokerclean <- clean_names(smoker_data)
```

### 1. Subset row or columns as needed in race data

```
#subset columns from race dataset
race <- raceclean %>% select(id, race01, race02, race03, race04, race05,
race06, race07, race08, race09, race10, race11, race12, race13, race14, race15,
income,vereduc, wgtinlbs, htinfeet, goodhlth, harmhlth, smokalone, acqsmoke,
act10min,drinkfiv, heartdis, diabetes)
```

```
#rename columns
racedata <- race %>% rename(heart_disease=heartdis,
white=race01, black=race02, japanese=race03, chinese=race04,
filipino=race05, korean=race06, asian_or_pacific_islander=race07,
mexican=race09,
hispanic_latino=race10, other=race11, vietnamese=race12,
asian_indian=race13, refused=race14, dont_know=race15,
americanindian_or_alaskannative=race08, school_level = vereduc,
smoking_harms_health = harmhlth, how_many_people_smoke = acqsmoke,
physically_active_for_10min = act10min,
days_had_4ormore_drinks_inrow = drinkfiv)
```

```
#recode race columns into one column
racedata1 <- racedata %>% mutate(race = case_when(white == "Yes" ~ "white",
black == "Yes" ~ "black", japanese == "Yes" ~ "japanese",
chinese == "Yes" ~ "chinese", filipino == "Yes" ~ "filipino",
korean == "Yes" ~ "korean",
asian_or_pacific_islander == "Yes" ~ "asian_or_pacific_islander",
mexican == "Yes" ~ "mexican", hispanic_latino == "Yes" ~ "hispanic_latino",
other == "Yes" ~ "other", vietnamese == "Yes" ~ "vietnamese",
asian_indian == "Yes" ~ "asian_indian", refused == "Yes" ~ "refused",
dont_know == "Yes" ~ "dont know",
americanindian_or_alaskannative == "Yes" ~ "americanindian_or_alaskannative"))
```

```
#subset race data that is ready to combine with smoker data
recodedrace_data <- racedata1 %>% select(id, race, income, school_level, wgtinlbs,
htinfeet, goodhlth, smoking_harms_health, smokalone, how_many_people_smoke,
physically_active_for_10min,
days_had_4ormore_drinks_inrow, heart_disease,
diabetes)
```

### 2. Subset row or columns as needed in smoker data

```
#subset columns from smoker data
smokerdata <- smokerclean %>% select(psraid, rightsex, smokstat, howmany,
smok6num, smok6uni, smkbrand, smklage, smkage)
```



```
#rename columns in smoker data
datasmoker <- smokerdata %>% rename(sex = rightsex, smoking_status = smokstat,
cig_brand = smkbrand, cigs_per_day = howmany,
how_long_smoking_daily = smok6num, unit_of_time_smoking_daily = smok6uni,
age_when_first_smoked = smklage, age_when_daily_smoking_began = smkage,
id = psraid)
```

### 3. Combine both data sets

```
#make id variables the same type in both datasets to combine datasets by id
newracedata <- cbind(recodedrace_data, i_d = datasmoker$id)
newracedata1 <- newracedata %>% select(i_d, race, income, school_level, wgtinlbs,
htinfeet, goodhlth, smoking_harms_health, smokalone, how_many_people_smoke,
physically_active_for_10min,
days_had_4ormore_drinks_inrow, heart_disease,
diabetes) %>% rename(id = i_d)
```

```
#checking column types
typeof(datasmoker$id)
```

```
## [1] "double"
```

```
typeof(newracedata1$id)
```

```
## [1] "double"
```

```
#combine datasets by ID
combineddata <- inner_join(newracedata1, datasmoker, by = c("id"))
```

```
#change DO NOT READ values to NA data values because .....
combineddata[combineddata == "(DO NOT READ) Refused"] <- NA
combineddata[combineddata == "(DO NOT READ) Don't know"] <- NA
```

### 4. Create and clean two new variables needed to analysis

```
#variable 1, bmi
new_variables_data_1 <- combineddata %>%
  mutate(bmi = (wgtinlbs * 0.45359237) / (htinfeet * 0.304)^2)

#first need to make packs per day variable to create packs per year variable
#packs per day is cigs_per_day was divided by 20 because there are 20 cigarettes in 1 pack
#variable 2
new_variables_data_2 <- new_variables_data_1 %>%
  mutate(cigs_per_day = as.numeric(cigs_per_day),
         packs_per_day = (cigs_per_day / 20))
```

```
## Warning in mask$eval_all_mutate(quo): NAs introduced by coercion
```

```
#variable 3, pack years calculation
final_variables_data <- new_variables_data_2 %>%
  mutate(how_long_smoking_daily = as.numeric(how_long_smoking_daily),
         pack_years = (packs_per_day) * (how_long_smoking_daily))
```

## 5. Data dictionary for final dataset

minimum of 4 variables

variable 1 Variable name: cig\_brand Data type: Character Data description: This variable contains the name of the cigarette brand the participant reported smoking.

Variable 2 Variable name: age\_when\_daily\_smoking\_began Data type: Character Data description: This variable contains the age of the participant when they began to smoke cigarettes on a regular basis.

variable 3 Variable name: age\_when\_first\_smoked Data type: Character Data description: This variable contains the age when the participant first smoked their first whole cigarette.

variable 4 Variable name: bmi Data type: Double Data description: This variable contains the participant's BMI, calculated as kg/m<sup>2</sup>.

## 6. Table with descriptive statistics

```
library(kableExtra)
```

```
##
```

```
## Attaching package: 'kableExtra'
```

```
## The following object is masked from 'package:dplyr':
```

```
##
```

```
## group_rows
```

```
#internal note to Ileah: for the table, maybe we can do mean for bmi and pack_years, sd for pack_years,
#i know you said you will do this one, but happy to jump in and finish this if you want/need. just let
#ps, you can delete these comments once you read this.
```