

1. Given the table:

- $T(\underline{x}:\text{varchar}(1), y:\text{varchar}(10), z:\text{int})$

Where the domain of y is $\{\text{'item1'}, \text{'item2'}, \text{'item3'}\}$, and the domain of x is $\{\text{'a'}, \text{'b'}, \text{'c'}\}$.

Write a query in SQL that computes the following table:

	item1	item2	item3
a			
b			
c			

where the values in each entry of the table are equal to the sum of z for the corresponding values of x, y given by the row/column respectively.

2. Given the following database:

```
Vehicles(manufacturer,model,color,miles,vin)
Vans(manufacturer,model,passengers,cylinders,ABS,price)
Cars(manufacturer,model,cylinders,ABS,price)
SUVs(manufacturer,model,passengers,cylinders,ABS,price)
```

write the following queries using relational algebra

- (a) Find `vin` and `color` of all vehicles with `price` $\geq 15,000$.

- (b) List `manufacturer`, `model` and `price` of all the blue VANS with price under 12,000.

- (c) Find the model number and price of all vehicles of any type made by "honda".

- (d) Find those manufacturers that make Cars but not Vans.

3. Write the queries from the previous exercise in SQL