

Ambiorix

Build for the web, the way the web works

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Introduction to Ambiorix

Web Framework for R

Ambiorix lets you build web applications and APIs entirely in your favorite programming language: R, giving you direct access to HTTP mechanisms.

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Inspired by Express JS

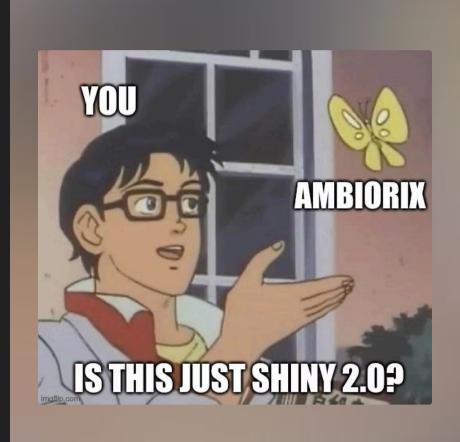
Following the principles of the popular Node.js framework, Ambiorix brings request-response architecture to the R ecosystem.

A web framework for R developers to build multi-page applications and APIs with the full power of HTTP.

Is Ambiorix Shiny 2.0?

NO.

Ambiorix isn't a Shiny replacement or upgrade. It's a fundamentally different approach to web development in R, based on the HTTP request-response cycle rather than reactivity.





My Journey to Ambiorix



The Problem

After building huge Shiny applications, I hit limitations:

- Multi-page navigation Needed proper routing and shareable links
- API endpoints Clients wanted to build their own frontends

0?

The Dilemma

Didn't want to leave the R ecosystem, but needed web functionality beyond Shiny's capabilities



The Solution

Discovered Ambiorix - an R web framework that handles both multi-page apps and APIs!

"And he lived happily ever after"

Why should you care?

True multi-page support

Build applications with multiple pages and proper routing out of the box.

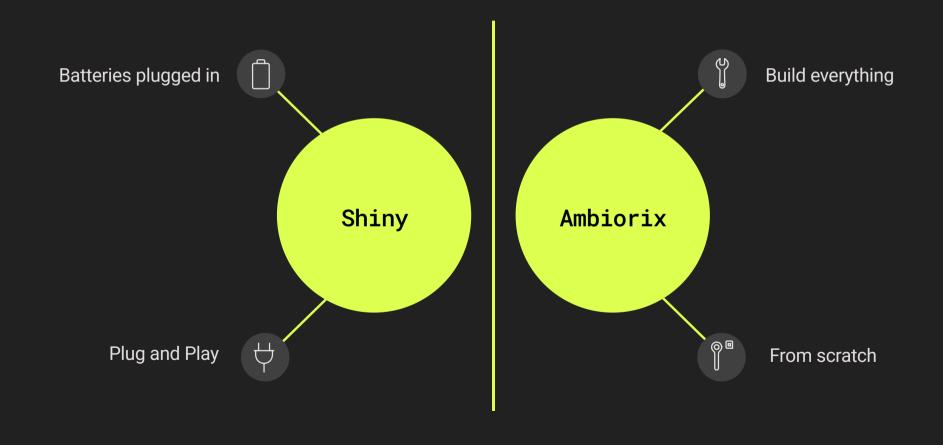
API capabilities

Create JSON endpoints alongside HTML pages using the same syntax.

Fine-grained HTTP control

Direct access to request and response objects gives you complete flexibility.

Shiny vs. Ambiorix: A Comparison



Shiny vs. Ambiorix: A Comparison

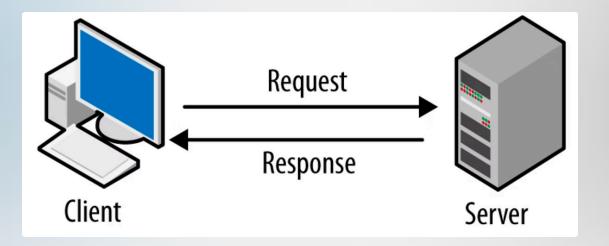
Shiny	
Single Page Applications	
Pre-built UI components	
Bootstrap & jQuery by default	
Reactive framework built-in	
WebSockets by default	

Shiny vs. Ambiorix: A Comparison

Shiny	Ambiorix
Single Page Applications	Multi-Page Applications
Pre-built UI components	No pre-built components (build from scratch)
Bootstrap & jQuery by default	Use whatever frontend libraries you wish
Reactive framework built-in	No reactivity by default
WebSockets by default	HTTP requests by default

Best & Worst Thing



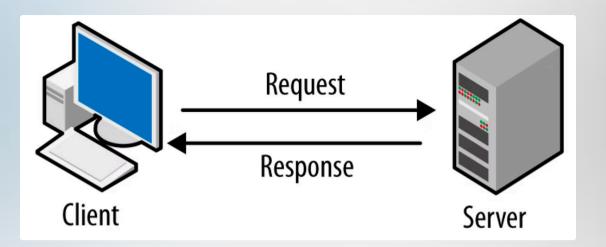


Every interaction on the web, from loading a page to submitting a form, follows this fundamental cycle:



Client Initiates

Your web browser or application sends a request to a server.



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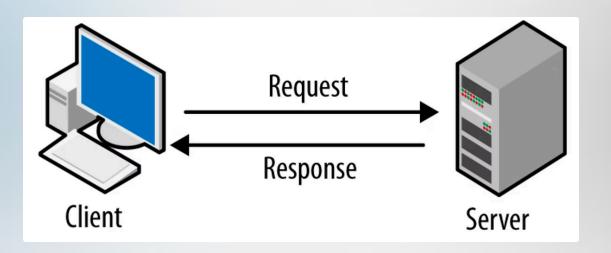
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A message detailing what the client wants (e.g., a specific web page, data) is sent.



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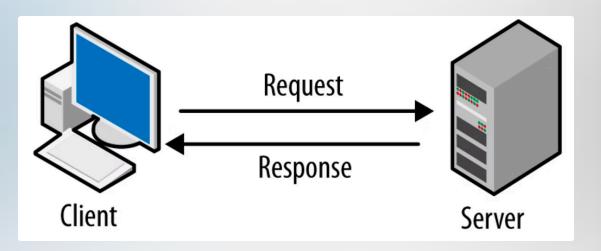
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Server Processes

The server receives the request, processes it, and prepares a response.



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Server Processes

The server receives the request, processes it, and prepares a response.

The Response

The server sends back the requested data, an HTML page, or an action confirmation.

Data Dashboard Demo

Explore R datasets

mtcars, iris, airquality

HTML interface for humans

Beautiful tables and visualizations

JSON API for machines

Programmatic access to the same data

[Live Demo Time!]

Hello World: Request → Response

```
hello-world.R R

library(ambiorix)

app <- Ambiorix$new()

app$get("/", function(req, res) {
   res$send("Hello from Ambiorix!")
})

app$start(port = 3000)
```

The cycle in action:

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Browser requests GET /

02

Handler function receives req, res objects

03

We send response with res\$send()



GET



POST





DELETE

Ambiorix gives you handlers for all standard HTTP methods, making it perfect for RESTful APIs.



GET

Retrieve a resource from the server

app\$get("/data", handler)



POST

Create a new resource on the server

app\$post("/data", handler)



PUT

Update an existing resource

app\$put("/data/:id", handler)



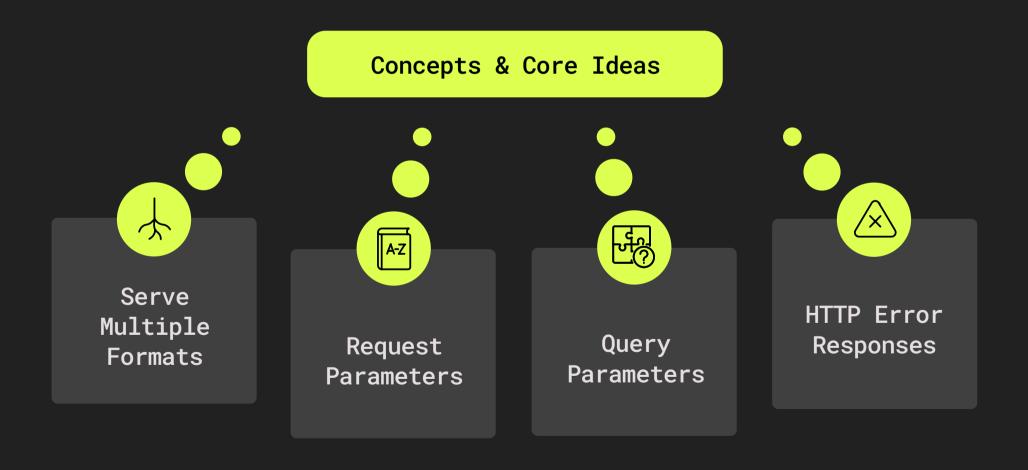
DELETE

Remove a resource from the server

app\$delete("/data/:id", handler)

Let's Now Talk About The Demo App

Time to explore the demo application. We'll break down its core components and the Ambiorix concepts behind them.



Same Data, Different Formats

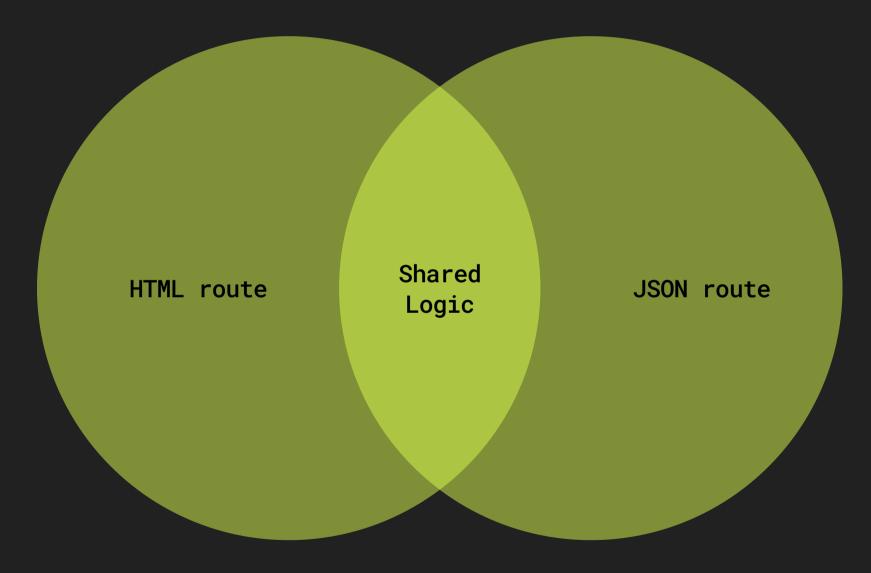
Two Interfaces:

- Browser: Beautiful HTML tables and charts
- **API:** Raw JSON for programmatic access

One Core R Function:

```
get_dataset_summary("mtcars")
# Returns: list with statistics,
# sample data, etc.
```

Same Data, Different Formats



Key insight: Write business logic once, serve it multiple ways!

Same Data, Different Formats

```
app.R
# ----HTML route----
app$get("/datasets/:name", function(req, res) {
  data <- get_dataset_summary(req$params$name)</pre>
  res$send(create_html_page(data)) # Returns HTML
})
# ----JSON route----
app$get("/api/datasets/:name/summary", function(req, res) {
  data <- get_dataset_summary(req$params$name) # Same function!</pre>
  res$json(data) # Returns JSON
})
```

Route Parameters

/datasets/mtcars

Motor Trend Car Road Tests

/datasets/iris

Edgar Anderson's Iris Data

/datasets/airquality

New York Air Quality

3

Route Parameters

```
app.R
                                                      R
app$get("/datasets/:name", function(req, res) {
  dataset_name <- req$params$name</pre>
  summary <- get_dataset_summary(dataset_name)</pre>
  res$send(create_dataset_page(summary))
})
```

Query Parameters

Optional Filters

Enable targeted results

Default Values

Preserve predictable behavior

Query Parameter s Pagination Controls

Manage result sets

Field Selection

Return only needed data

Sort Options

Customize order

Query Parameters

Example API Calls:

- /api/datasets/mtcars/data → All rows
- /api/datasets/mtcars/data?limit=5 → First 5 rows
- /api/datasets/iris/data?limit=10 → First 10 rows

Standard web patterns that developers expect

Query Parameters

```
R
app.R
app$get("/api/datasets/:name/data", function(req, res) {
  dataset_name <- req$params$name</pre>
  limit <- req$query$limit # ?limit=10</pre>
  data <- get_dataset_data(dataset_name, limit)</pre>
  res$json(data)
})
```

Understanding and communicating errors effectively is crucial for building robust web applications. Ambiorix allows precise control over these responses.

Proper HTTP status codes & helpful error messages

Ambiorix enables you to set custom status codes and provide helpful error messages, guiding clients in debugging and ensuring proper web standards are followed.

400 Bad Request

404 Not Found

500 Internal Server Error

400 Bad Request

The server cannot process the request due to client error, such as malformed syntax or invalid request parameters.

404 Not Found

The requested resource could not be found on the server. This indicates a valid request for an unknown URL.

500 Internal Server Error

A generic error message indicating an unexpected condition or server-side issue that prevented the fulfillment of the request.

HTTP Error Responses

```
app.R
                                                                                     R
api_dataset_summary_get <- function(req, res) {</pre>
  dataset_name <- req$params$name</pre>
  if (!is_valid_dataset(dataset_name)) {
    response <- list(</pre>
      error = "Dataset not found",
      message = sprintf(
        "Dataset '%s' not found. Available datasets: mtcars, iris, airquality",
        dataset_name
    res$status <- 404L
    return(res$json(response))
  3
  summary_data <- get_dataset_summary(dataset_name)</pre>
  res$json(summary_data)
}
```

Try Ambiorix Today



Get started:

install.packages("ambiorix")

Run the demo from /demo folder

Thanks!

Questions?



Creator: John Coene (2020)



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