server.py

```
# COSC264 Sockets Assignment 2018 - server.py
# Author: Ambrose Ledbrook
# ID: 79172462
#####################################
# Usage:
# python3 server.py English port Maori port German port
# Importing used modules
import datetime
import socket as soc
import sys
from select import select
# Defining constants
MAGIC NUMBER = 0 \times 497E
REQUEST PACKET = 0 \times 0001
RESPONSE PACKET = 0 \times 0002
DATE_REQUEST = 0x0001
TIME_REQUEST = 0x0002
ENGL\overline{I}SH\ CODE = 0 \times 0001
MAORI\_C\overline{O}DE = 0x0002
GERMAN\_CODE = 0 \times 0003
def get_time():
   Getting the current date and time through a system call
   :return: A list holding the current date and time
   time = datetime.datetime.now()
   year = time.year
   month = time.month
   day = time.day
   hour = time.hour
   minute = time.minute
   return [year, month, day, hour, minute]
def textual_date(year, month, day, lang_code):
   Creating a textual representation of the date in the desired language
   :param year: The current year
   :param month: The current month
   :param day: The current day
   :param lang_code: The code fo the language that the text needs to be in
   :return: The textual representation of the date
   if lang code == ENGLISH CODE:
       date_text = "Today's date is {0} {1}, {2}".format(english_months[month-1], day, year)
   elif lang_code == MAORI_CODE:
       date_text = "Ko te ra o tenei ra ko {0} {1}, {2}".format(maori_months[month-1], day, year)
       date\_text = "Heute ist der \{0\}. \{1\} \{2\}".format(day, german\_months[month-1], year)
   return date_text
def textual time(hour, minute, lang code):
   Creating a textual representation of the time in the desired language
   :param hour: The current hour
   :param minute: The current minute
```

```
:param lang code: The code fo the language that the text needs to be in
    :return: The textual representation of the time
   # If-Else structure is used below for when the minute is between 0 and 9,
   # When this is true a leading zero is added to the minute field
   if lang code == ENGLISH CODE:
        if minute < 10:</pre>
            time_text = "The current time is {0}:0{1}".format(hour, minute)
        else:
            time text = "The current time is {0}:{1}".format(hour, minute)
   elif lang code == MAORI CODE:
        if minute < 10:</pre>
            time_text = "Ko te wa o tenei wa {0}:0{1}".format(hour, minute)
        else:
            time_text = "Ko te wa o tenei wa {0}:{1}".format(hour, minute)
   else:
        if minute < 10:</pre>
            time text = "Die Uhrzeit ist {0}:0{1}".format(hour, minute)
            time text = "Die Uhrzeit ist {0}:{1}".format(hour, minute)
    return time_text
def process_ports(args):
   Processes the command line arguments to get the three port numbers to
   be used with the three UDP sockets
    :param args: The command line arguments
    return: A list of the tree port numbers
   text = None
   # Checking the correct number of arguments was passed
    if len(args) != 3:
       text = "Invalid number of ports entered"
   else:
       # Checking that the ports passed are all ints
            a, b, c = int(args[0]), int(args[1]), int(args[2])
        except ValueError:
            text = "Invalid port type"
        # Checking that the ports are in the correct range
        for port in [a, b, c]:
            if port < 1024 or port > 64000:
                text = "Invalid ports, ports must range from 1024 to 64000"
        # Checking that the ports are all unique
        if a == b or a == c or b == c:
            text = "Invalid ports, ports must be unique"
    if not text:
       # Ports entered are valid server will now wait for requests
        print("-----")
        print("-----")
        print("Port number {0} for text in English".format(a))
        print("Port number {0} for text in Maori".format(b))
        print("Port number {0} for text in German".format(c))
        print("-----")
        return [a, b, c]
   else:
        # Ports entered are invalid, an error message is output
        # along with instructions on how to use the server
        print("**************************")
        print(text)
        print("**********************************
        print("Usage: python3 server.py English_port Maori_port German_port")
        print("Program will now exit")
        sys.exit()
def decode_packet(pkt):
   Checking that the received request packet is valid
    :param pkt: The received packet
    :return: 0 if the packet is valid, 1 if the packet is invalid
   text = None
   # Checking if any of the packet fields are invalid
   if len(pkt) != 6: text = "Packet is of invalid length"
   elif ((pkt[0] << 8) + pkt[1]) != MAGIC_NUMBER: text = "Magic number is invalid,"</pre>
   elif ((pkt[2] << 8) + pkt[3]) != REQUEST_PACKET: text = "Packet type invalid"</pre>
   elif ((pkt[4] << 8) + pkt[5]) not in [TIME_REQUEST, DATE_REQUEST]: text = "Request type invalid"</pre>
    if text:
       # Outputting error message as the packet is invalid print("**************************")
```

```
print("{0}, packet will be discarded".format(text))
        print("
        return 1
    else:
        # Returning 0 as the packet is valid and processing can continue
def get_lang(sock, sockets):
    Finds out which language the client wants the textual field in
    :param sock: The socket that the request was received on
    :param sockets: A list of all the sockets opened by the server
    :return: The language code corresponding to the language that the client wants
    if sock == sockets[0]:
        return ENGLISH_CODE
    elif sock == sockets[1]:
       return MAORI_CODE
    else:
        return GERMAN CODE
def handle_packet(pkt, lang_code):
    Finds out the request type of the received packet
    :param pkt: The received packet
    :param lang code: The language that the client wants the textual
    field in
    :return: The response packet ready to be sent made by using makeResponse()
    # Getting the request type of the packet
    request = (pkt[4] \ll 8) + pkt[5]
    if request == 0 \times 0001:
        return make_response(True, lang_code)
    elif request == 0 \times 0002:
        return make_response(False, lang_code)
    else:
        # Output error message as request type is invalid
        print("Invalid request type, packet will be discarded")
        print("*****************************
        return None
def make_response(request_flag, lang_code):
    Makes a response packet using the passed parameters
    :param request_flag: Flag holding if the client wants the date or time
    :param lang_code: Holds the language that the client wants to receive the
    textual field in
    :return: The response packet ready to be sent
    # Getting the textual component of the response
    time = get_time()
    if request_flag:
        text = textual_date(time[0], time[1], time[2], lang_code)
        text = textual_time(time[3], time[4], lang_code)
    # Encoding the text to be sent to the client
    encoded_text = text.encode('utf-8')
    text_length = len(encoded_text)
    # Checking encoded text is of an allowed length
    if text_length > 255:
        print("Textual field to long, packet will be discarded")
        return None
    # Outputting data of the request packet
    request = "time"
    if request_flag: request = "date"
    lang = "English"
    if lang_code == MAORI_CODE: lang = "Maori"
    elif lang_code == GERMAN_CODE: lang = "German"
    print("----\nClient requested the {0} in {1}".format(request, lang))
    print("----")
    # Creating and filling the response packet
    response = bytearray(13 + len(encoded_text))
    response[0:2] = MAGIC_NUMBER.to_bytes(2, "big", signed=False)
    response[2:4] = RESPONSE_PACKET.to_bytes(2, "big", signed=False)
response[4:6] = lang_code.to_bytes(2, "big", signed=False)
response[6:8] = time[0].to_bytes(2, "big", signed=False)
    response[8] = time[1]
    response[9] = time[2]
```

```
response[10] = time[3]
    response[11] = time[4]
    response[12] = text length
    # Adding the text to the end of the packet
    index = 13
    for i in encoded text:
        response[index] = i
        index += 1
    # Returning the packet to be sent
    return response
def create_sockets(english_port, maori_port, german_port):
    Opens three UDP sockets and binds them tto the three ports passed
    :param english port: Port number to be bound to the socket used to get
    a textual representation in English
    :param maori port: Port number to be bound to the socket used to get
    a textual representation in Maori
    :param german_port: Port number to be bound to the socket used to get
    a textual representation in German
    :return: A list of the three UDP sockets use by the server
    # Opening three UDP sockets
    english_socket = soc.socket(soc.AF_INET, soc.SOCK_DGRAM)
    maori_socket = soc.socket(soc.AF_INET, soc.SOCK_DGRAM)
    german_socket = soc.socket(soc.AF_INET, soc.SOCK_DGRAM)
    try:
        # Binding the three sockets to their ports
       english_socket.bind(('', english_port))
maori_socket.bind(('', maori_port))
german_socket.bind(('', german_port))
    except soc.error:
        # Outputting error message as socket binding failed
        print("*******************
        print("Binding sockets to ports failed, program will terminate")
        print("***************************
        sys.exit()
    return[english_socket, maori_socket, german_socket]
def wait(sockets):
    Server loops endlessly waiting for requests from the client
    :param sockets: List holding the three UDP sockets used by the server
    while True:
        reads, writes, exceps = select(sockets, [], [], 15.0) if len(reads) != 0:
            # A request has been received
            for sock in reads:
                data, address = sock.recvfrom(1024)
                print("-----
                \label{eq:print("Request packet received from {0}: ".format(address))}
                print(data)
                if decode_packet(data) == 0:
                    # The received packet was valid
                    # A response packet is now sent to the client
                    lang_code = get_lang(sock, sockets)
                    response = handle packet(data, lang code)
                    if response:
                        sock.sendto(response, address)
                        print("Response packet sent to {0}: ".format(address))
                        print(response)
print("-----")
                        print("-----")
def main():
    Runs the server
    args = sys.argv[1:]
    # Getting the three port numbers from the user
    english port, maori port, german port = process ports(args)
    # Opening sockets
    sockets = create_sockets(english_port, maori_port, german_port)
    # Entering a loop to wait for requests from the client
    wait(sockets)
    # Closing all sockets
    for sock in sockets:
        sock.close()
```

```
if __name__ == "__main__":
```