

# Lindenmayer Systems

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December, 2017

# What is a Lindenmayer system?

- ▶ Designed to explore organic growth
- ▶ Creates complex shapes from simple rules
- ▶ For example, with the rules:

$$0 \rightarrow 1, \quad 1 \rightarrow 01$$

we have this string transformation:

$$011010 \textcolor{blue}{1} \textcolor{red}{1} 0 \textcolor{blue}{1} \longrightarrow \textcolor{blue}{1} \textcolor{red}{01} \textcolor{blue}{01} \textcolor{red}{1} \textcolor{blue}{01} = 10101101$$

- ▶ All operations take place *simultaneously*
- ▶ L-systems are *term-rewriting systems*

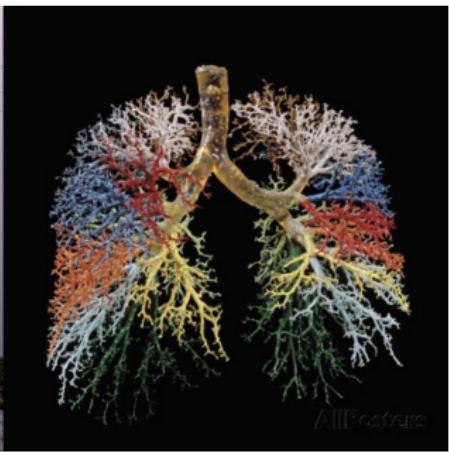
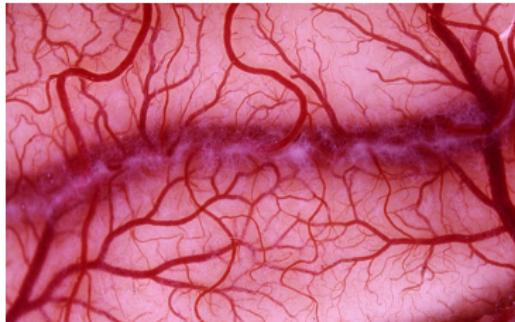
# Fractals: real...



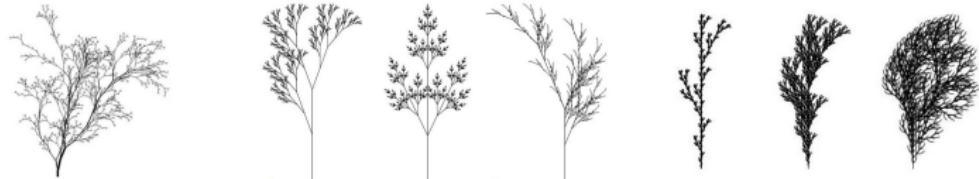
All these lovely fractal trees in the city of Melbourne, Australia, in the winter.

# Fractals are everywhere

Once you start looking, you can't stop seeing them



# Fractals: manufactured...



These are all examples from *The Algorithmic Beauty of Plants* by Aristid Lindenmayer and Przemysław Prusinkiewicz, available at  
<http://algorithmicbotany.org/papers/abop/abop.pdf>

# Turning strings of symbols into pictures

- ▶ Sets of rules describe how one string of symbols will be expanded to a new string
- ▶ Each symbol corresponds to a *turtle graphics* instruction:
  - ▶ F: Move forward
  - ▶ -: Turn left
  - ▶ +: Turn right
  - ▶ [: Memorize current position and heading
  - ▶ ]: Move to most recently memorized position and heading

## An example

For example, this sequence of symbols:

F [+F] F [-F] F

has this output:

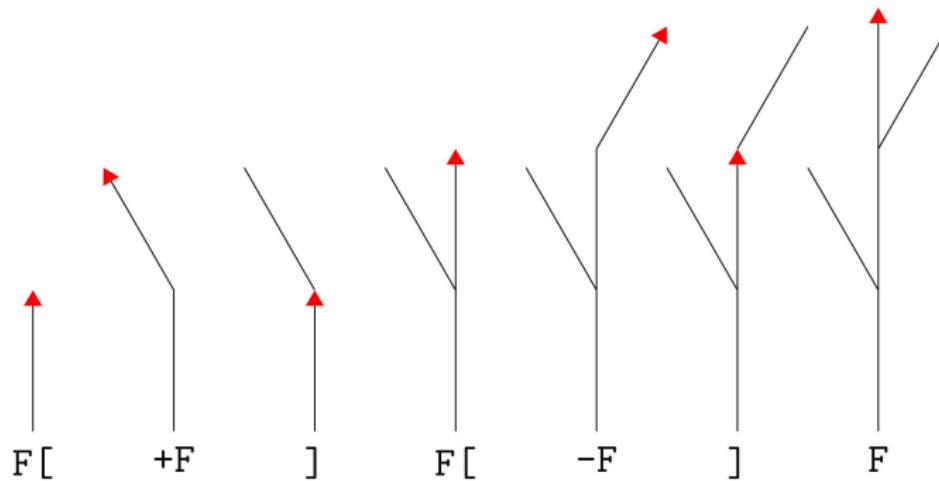
We can clearly alter the output by changing the angle of the turns, and the length of the move forward.

In this example, the angle is 26°



# How turtle graphics works

This shows how the turtle draws a path with branches:



## More on turtle graphics

It's all done from the point of view of the turtle. A side of Koch's snowflake can be computed by the rules:

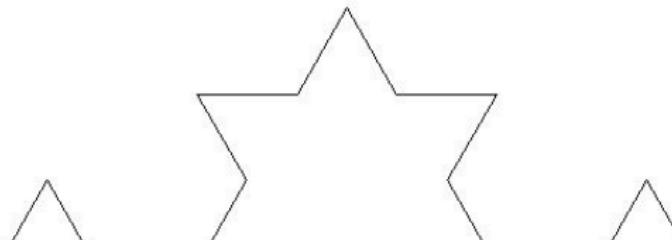
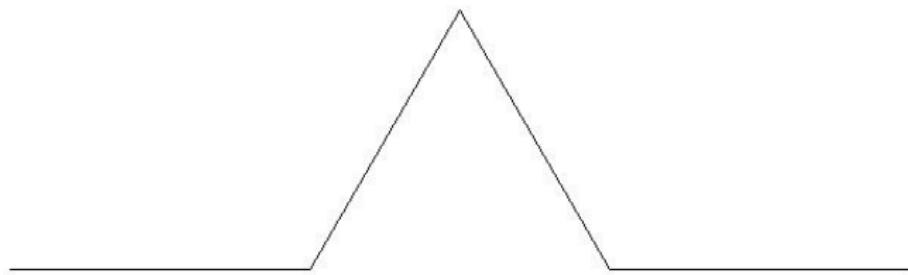
# Turtle graphics *with pictures!*

First iteration:

Second iteration:

Third iteration:

Fourth iteration:



## Some mathematics

Remember the  $F \rightarrow F+F--F+F$  iteration? How many symbols are in the  $n^{\text{th}}$  string?

Let  $f_n$  be the number of  $F$ 's, and  $k_n$  be the number of other symbols in the  $n^{\text{th}}$  string. We have:

$$f_{n+1} = 4f_n, \quad f_1 = 4$$

$$k_{n+1} = 4f_n + k_{n-1}, \quad k_1 = 4$$

It follows immediately that

$$f_n = 4^n \text{ and } k_n = 4 + 4^2 + 4^3 + \cdots + 4^n = \frac{4}{3}(4^n - 1).$$

The total length is thus

$$f_n + k_n = 4^n + \frac{4}{3}(4^n - 1) = \frac{1}{3}(7(4^n) - 4).$$

# The fractal plant in modern languages: Python

```
language=Python,label= ,caption=
,captionpos=b,numbers=none import turtle as t "turtle" is a
turtle graphics module
```

```
Lindenmayer system (a) from ABOP figure 1.24(a), p 25 def
edgetree(level, size, angle): if (level==0): t.fd(size) else:
edgetree(level-1, size/3, angle) t.lt(angle) edgetree(level-1,
size/3, angle) t.bk(size/3) t.rt(angle) edgetree(level-1, size/3,
angle) t.rt(angle) edgetree(level-1, size/3, angle) t.bk(size/3)
t.lt(angle) edgetree(level-1, size/3, angle)
```

# The fractal plant in modern languages: Racket

Racket is a modern lisp; descended from Scheme.

```
language=Scheme,label= ,caption=
,captionpos=b,numbers=none  ;; F -> F[+F]F[-F]F
(require furtle) ;; furtle is a simple but fast turtle graphics
library (: Itreeb(- >
Real/Real/Real/TurtleF)); ; typedRacketsomustdeclaretypes(define(Itree
level0)(turtles(forwardsize))(turtles(Itree(-level1)(/size3)angle); F(
```

## Some more mathematics

*Fractal dimension* can be defined by the "box-counting measure":

Suppose our picture is subdivided into boxes of size  $b$ , and  $N(b)$  boxes are needed to cover the shape. Its dimension can be defined as

$$\lim_{b \rightarrow 0} \frac{\log(N(b))}{\log(1/b)}.$$

For example, take a curve of length  $k$ . As  $b \rightarrow 0$ , we would find that

$$N(b) \rightarrow \frac{k}{b}.$$

Thus

$$\lim_{b \rightarrow 0} \frac{\log(N(b))}{\log(1/b)} = \lim_{b \rightarrow 0} \frac{\log(k/b)}{\log(1/b)} = \lim_{b \rightarrow 0} 1 - \frac{\log(k)}{\log(b)} = 1.$$

In general a fractal will have a non-integer dimension between 1 and 2.

The end

Thanks, folks!