


TOPICS


Overview

 (<https://vscode.dev/github/microsoft/vscode-docs/blob/main/docs/sourcecontrol/overview.md>)

Using Git source control in VS Code

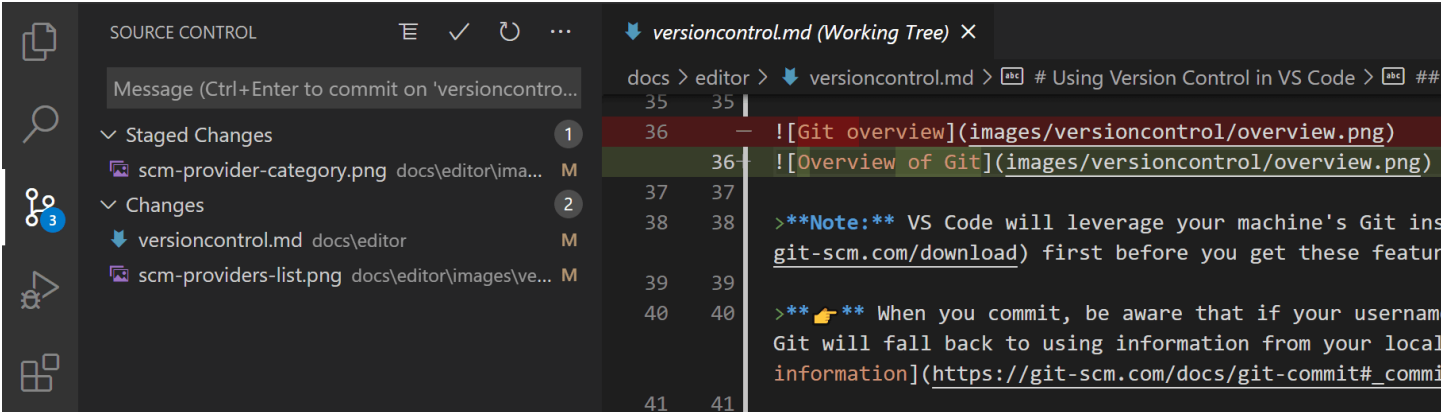
Visual Studio Code has integrated source control management (SCM) and includes Git (<https://git-scm.com/>) support out-of-the-box. Many other source control providers are available through extensions (</docs/editor/extension-marketplace>) on the VS Code Marketplace.

Using Git with Visual Studio Code (Official Beginner ...



Working in a Git repository

Just getting started with Git? The git-scm (<https://git-scm.com/documentation>) website is a good place to start, with a popular online book (<https://git-scm.com/book>), Getting Started videos (<https://git-scm.com/video/what-is-git>) and cheat sheets (<https://github.github.com/training-kit/downloads/github-git-cheat-sheet.pdf>). The VS Code documentation assumes you are already familiar with Git.



Make sure Git is installed. VS Code will use your machine's Git installation (at least version 2.0.0), so you need to install Git (<https://git-scm.com/download>) first before you get these features.

The Source Control icon in the Activity Bar on the left will always indicate an **overview of how many changes** you currently have in your repository. Selecting the icon will show you the details of your current repository changes: **CHANGES**, **STAGED CHANGES** and **MERGE CHANGES**.

Clicking each item will show you in detail **the textual changes within each file**. Note that for unstaged changes, the editor on the right still lets you edit the file: feel free to use it!

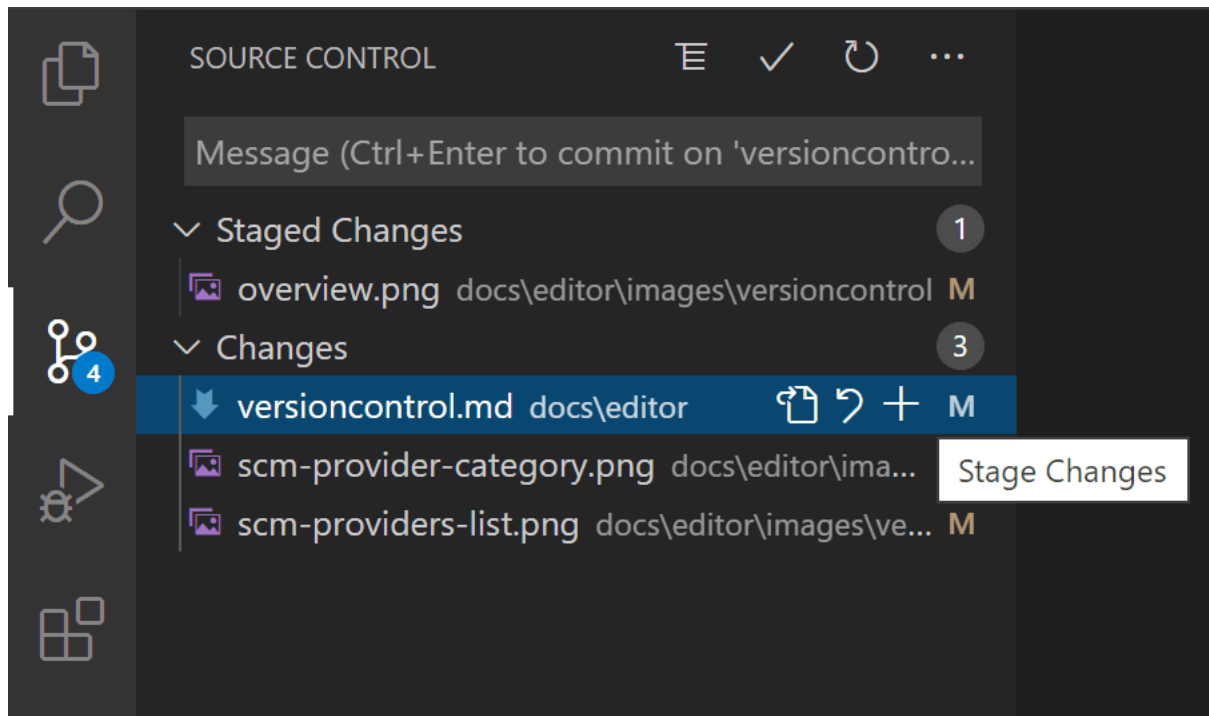
You can also find indicators of the **status of your repository** in the bottom-left corner of VS Code: the **current branch**, **dirty indicators**, and the number of **incoming and outgoing commits** of the current branch. You can **checkout** any branch in your repository by clicking that status indicator and selecting the Git reference from the list.

Tip: You can open VS Code in a sub-directory of a Git repository. VS Code's Git services will still work as usual, showing all changes within the repository, but file changes outside of the scoped directory are shaded with a tool tip indicating they are located outside the current workspace.

Commit

Staging (git add) and **unstaging** (git reset) can be done via contextual actions in the files or by drag-and-drop.

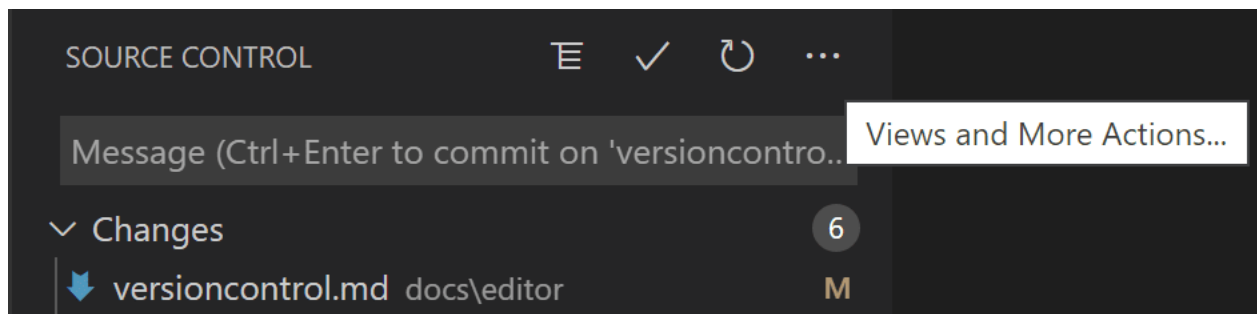
Configure your Git username and email. When you commit, be aware that if your username and/or email is not set in your Git configuration, Git will fall back to using information from your local machine. You can find the details in Git commit information (https://git-scm.com/docs/git-commit#_commit_information).



You can type a commit message above the changes and press `Ctrl+Enter` (macOS: `⌘+Enter`) to commit them. If there are any staged changes, only those changes will be committed. Otherwise, you'll get a prompt asking you to select what changes you'd like to commit and get the option to change your commit settings.

We've found this to be a great workflow. For example, in the earlier screenshot, only the staged changes to `overview.png` will be included in the commit. Later staging and commit actions could include the changes to `versioncontrol.md` and the two other `.png` images as a separate commit.

More specific **Commit** actions can be found in the **Views and More Actions** `...` menu on the top of the Source Control view.



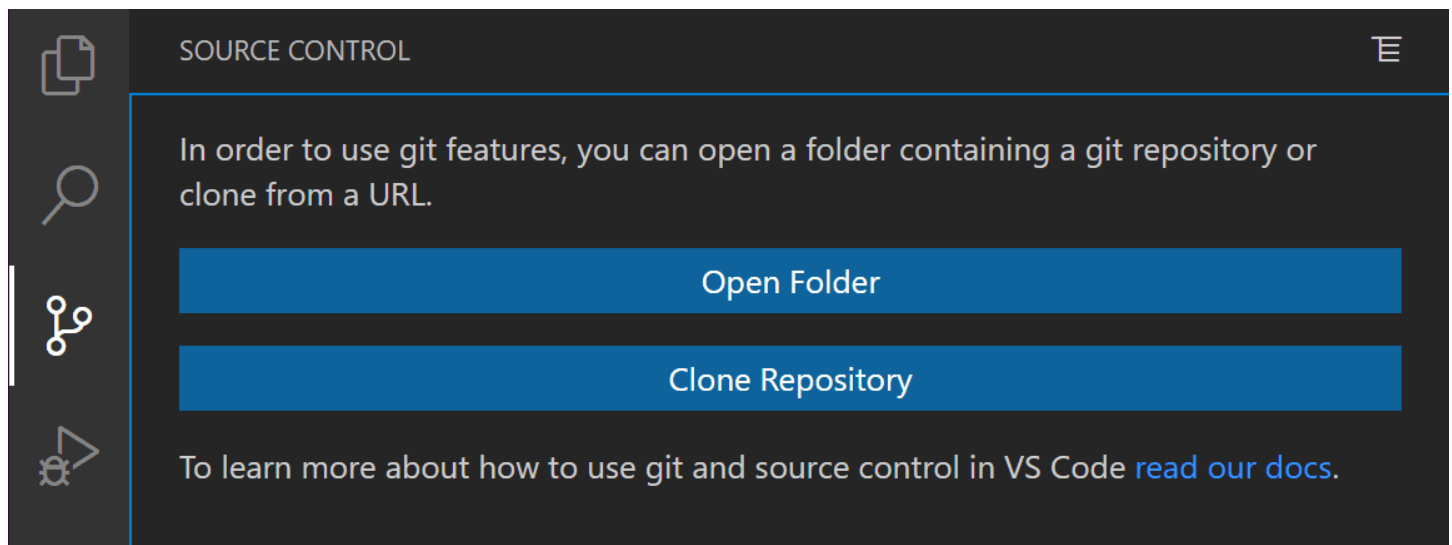
Tip: If you commit your change to the wrong branch, undo your commit using the **Git: Undo Last Commit** command in the **Command Palette** (`Ctrl+Shift+P`).

Git: Commits in Visual Studio Code



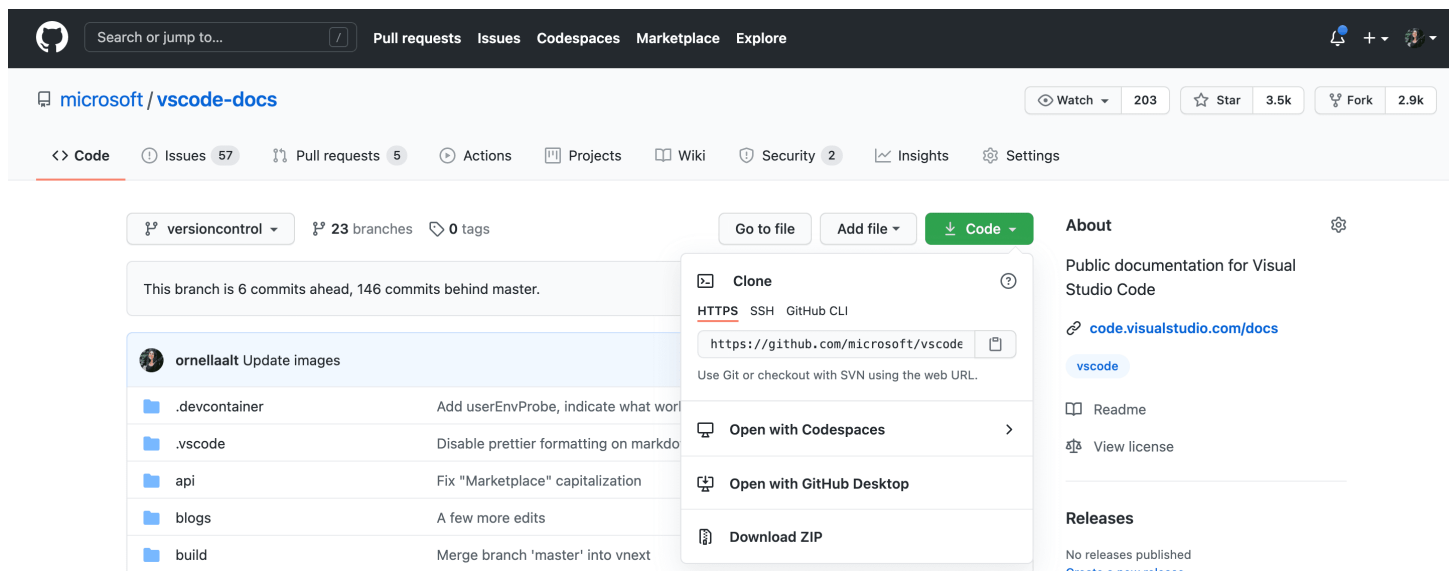
Cloning a repository

If you haven't opened a folder yet, the Source Control view will give you the options to **Open Folder** from your local machine or **Clone Repository**.

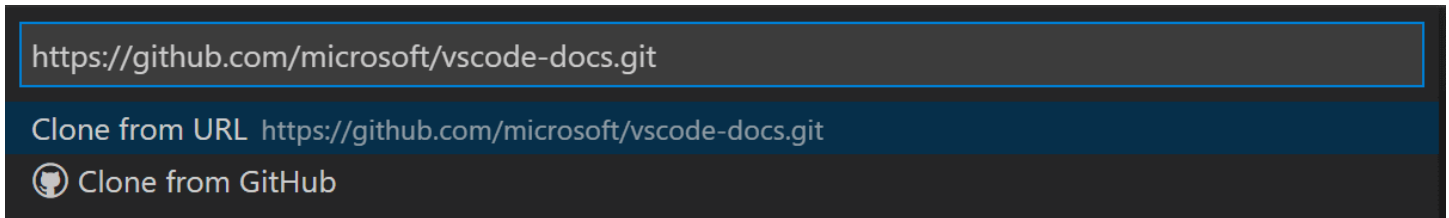


If you select **Clone Repository**, you will be asked for the URL of the remote repository (for example on GitHub (<https://github.com/>)) and the parent directory under which to put the local repository.

For a GitHub repository, you would find the URL from the GitHub **Code** dialog.



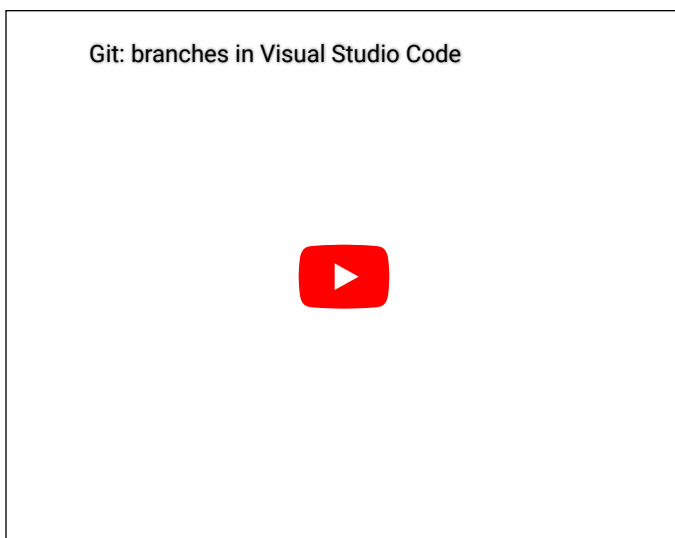
You would then paste that URL into the **Git: Clone** prompt.



You'll also see the option to **Clone from GitHub**. Once you authenticate with your GitHub account in VS Code, you'll be able to search through repositories by name, and select any repo to clone it. You can also start the flow to clone a Git repository with the **Git: Clone** command in the **Command Palette** (`Ctrl+Shift+P`). To see a step-by-step walkthrough, check out our Clone repos from VS Code (<https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=bz1KauFlbQI>) video.

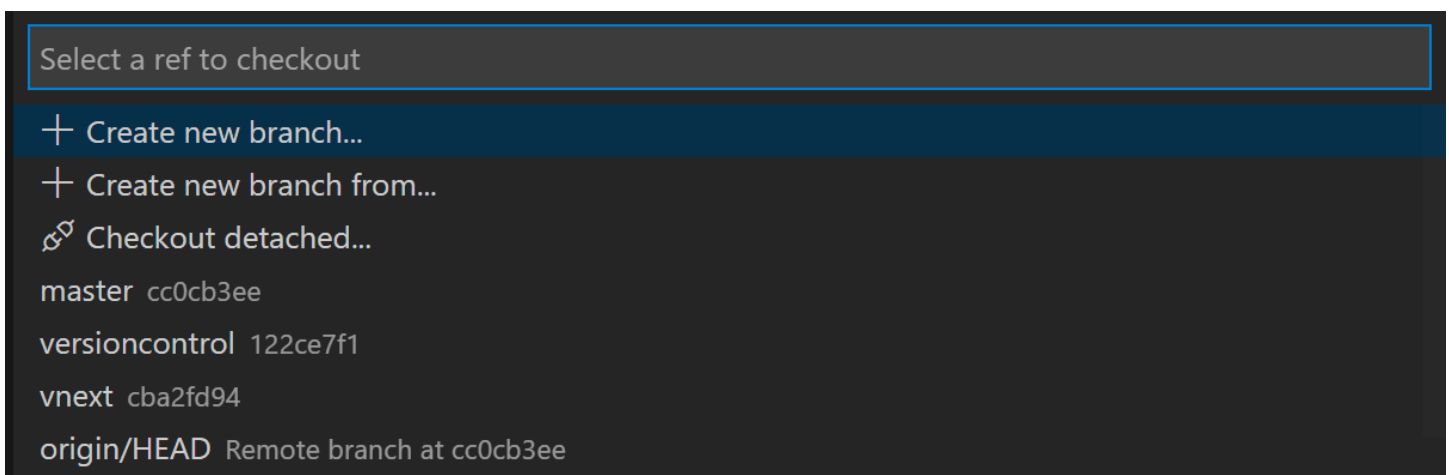
Note: If you'd like to work on a repository without cloning the contents to your local machine, you can install the GitHub Repositories (<https://marketplace.visualstudio.com/items?itemName=github.remotehub>) extension to browse and edit directly on GitHub. You can learn more in the GitHub Repositories extension (/docs/sourcecontrol/github#_github-repositories-extension) section.

Branches and Tags



You can create and checkout branches directly within VS code through the **Git: Create Branch** and **Git: Checkout to** commands in the **Command Palette** (`Ctrl+Shift+P`).

If you run **Git: Checkout to**, you will see a dropdown list containing all of the branches or tags in the current repository. It will also give you the option to create a new branch if you decide that's a better option, or checkout a branch in detached mode.



The **Git: Create Branch** command lets you quickly create a new branch. Just provide the name of your new branch and VS Code will create the branch and switch to it. If you choose to **Create new branch from...**, you'll get an extra prompt that allows you to specify which commit the new branch should be pointing to.

Remotes

Given that your repository is connected to some remote and that your checked out branch has an upstream link (<https://git-scm.com/book/ch3-5.html>) to a branch in that remote, VS Code offers you useful actions to **push**, **pull**, and **sync** that branch (the latter will run a **pull** command followed by a **push** command). You can find these actions in the **Views and More Actions** ... menu, along with the option to **add or remove a remote**.

VS Code is able to periodically fetch changes from your remotes. This enables VS Code to show how many changes your local repository is ahead or behind the remote. This feature is disabled by default and you can use the `git.autofetch` setting (/docs/getstarted/settings) to enable it.

Tip: You should set up a credential helper (<https://help.github.com/articles/caching-your-github-password-in-git/>) to avoid getting asked for credentials every time VS Code talks to your Git remotes. If you don't do this, you may want to consider disabling automatic fetching via the `git.autofetch` setting (/docs/getstarted/settings) to reduce the number of prompts you get.

Git Status Bar actions

There is a **Synchronize Changes** action in the Status Bar, next to the branch indicator, when the current checked out branch has an upstream branch configured. **Synchronize Changes** will pull remote changes down to your local repository and then push local commits to the upstream branch.



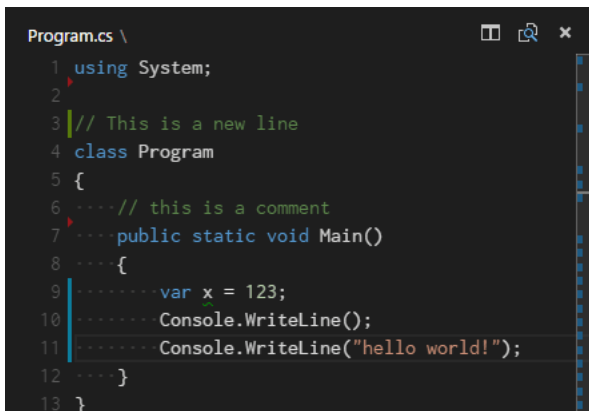
If there is no upstream branch configured and the Git repository has remotes set up, the **Publish** action is enabled. This will let you publish the current branch to a remote.



Gutter indicators

If you open a folder that is a Git repository and begin making changes, VS Code will add useful annotations to the gutter and to the overview ruler.

- A red triangle indicates where lines have been deleted
- A green bar indicates new added lines
- A blue bar indicates modified lines



Merge conflicts

```

TS walkThroughPart.ts src/vs/workbench/parts/welcome/walkThrough/electron-browser
406 > > > > > > snippet: i
407 > > > > > > });
408 > > > > > > });
409 > > > > > > });
Accept Current Change | Accept Incoming Change | Accept Both Changes | Compare Changes
410 <<<<<< HEAD (Current Change)
411 > > > > > > this.updateSizeClasses();
412 > > > > > > this.multiCursorModifier();
413 > > > > > > this.contentDisposables.push(this.configurationService.onDidU
414 =====
415 > > > > > > this.toggleSizeClasses();
416 >>>>>> Test (Incoming Change)
417 > > > > > > if (input.onReady) {
418 > > > > > >     input.onReady(innerContent);
419 > > > > > > }
420 > > > > > > this.scrollbar.scanDomNode();
421 > > > > > > this.loadTextEditorViewState(input.getResource());
422 > > > > > > this.updatedScrollPosition();
423 > > > > > > });
424 > > > > > > }

```

Merge conflicts are recognized by VS Code. Differences are highlighted and there are inline actions to accept either one or both changes. Once the conflicts are resolved, stage the conflicting file so you can commit those changes.

Viewing diffs

Our Git tooling supports viewing of diffs within VS Code.

```

• markdown.md docs\ticino\languages - Changes on working tree
14 # Markdown and VS Code
15
16 ## Markdown Preview
17 Open any Markdown file and press `kb(workbench.action)
18
19 ## Using your own CSS
20 By default, we use a CSS style for the preview that
21
22 # Markdown and Visual Studio Code
23
24 Working with Markdown in Visual Studio Code is prett
25
26 ## Markdown Preview
27 Open any Markdown file and press `kb(workbench.action)
28
29 Here is an example with a very simple file.
30
31 ![Markdown Preview](images/markdown/MDPreview.png)
32
33 > **Tip:** You can also click on the icons on the top
34
35 ## Using your own CSS
36 By default, we use a CSS style for the preview that
37
38 For instance in the screen shoot above we used a cus
39
40

```

Tip: You can diff any two files by first right clicking on a file in the Explorer or **OPEN EDITORS** list and selecting **Select for Compare** and then right-click on the second file to compare with and select **Compare with 'file_name_you_chose'**. Alternatively from the keyboard hit **Ctrl+Shift+P** and select **File: Compare Active File With** and you will be presented with a list of recent files.

Diff editor review pane

There is a review pane in the Diff editor that presents changes in a unified patch format. You can navigate between changes with **Go to Next Difference** (**F7**) and **Go to Previous Difference** (**Shift+F7**). Lines can be navigated with arrow keys and pressing **Enter** will jump back in the Diff editor and the selected line.

JS diff.js (Index) x

1/2: @@ -7,10 +7,13 @@

77

88

99

1010

1111

1212

1313

1414

1515

1616

1717

1818

1919

Version: 0.5

*/

+++ Here are some inserted lines

+++ with some extra comments

+++

(function (global, undefined) {

"use strict";

undefinedVariable = {};

undefinedVariable.prop = 5;

var definedVariable = {};

definedVariable.prop = 5;

function initializeProperties(target, members) {

var keys = Object.keys(members);

Note: This experience is especially helpful for screen reader users.

Timeline view

The Timeline view, accessible at the bottom of the File Explorer by default, is a unified view for visualizing time-series events (for example, Git commits) for a file.

EXPLORER

> OPEN EDITORS

> VSCODE-DOCS

> OUTLINE

2

TIMELINE

versioncontrol.md

Uncommitted Changes

more info Ornella

Merge branch 'versioncontrol' of http...

Update initialize repository section O...

Update to show github code dialog Or...

Update images Ornella

Change GH PRI to link instead of caro...

now

9 mins

16 mins

17 mins


20 hrs

22 hrs

3 days

VS Code's built-in Git support provides the Git commit history of the specified file. Selecting a commit will open a diff view of the changes introduced by that commit. When you right-click on a commit, you'll get options to **Copy Commit ID** and **Copy Commit Message**.


Visual Studio Code supports more Git history workflows through extensions (/docs/editor/extension-marketplace) available on the VS Code Marketplace.



GitLens — Git supercharged

eamodio20.7M


Supercharge Git within VS Code — Visualize code authorship at a glance via Git blame...



Git History

donjayamane7.8M


View git log, file history, compare branches or commits



Git Graph

mhutchie4.3M

View a Git Graph of your repository, and perform Git actions from the graph.



Git History Diff

huizhou492.4K

View git history. View diff of committed files. View git blame info. View stash details.

(<https://marketplace.visualstudio.com/items?itemName=eamodio.gitlens>)

(<https://marketplace.visualstudio.com/items?itemName=donjayamanne.githistory>)

(<https://marketplace.visualstudio.com/items?itemName=mhutchie.git-graph>)

(<https://marketplace.visualstudio.com/items?itemName=huizhou.githd>)

Tip: Click on an extension tile to read the description and reviews in the Marketplace.

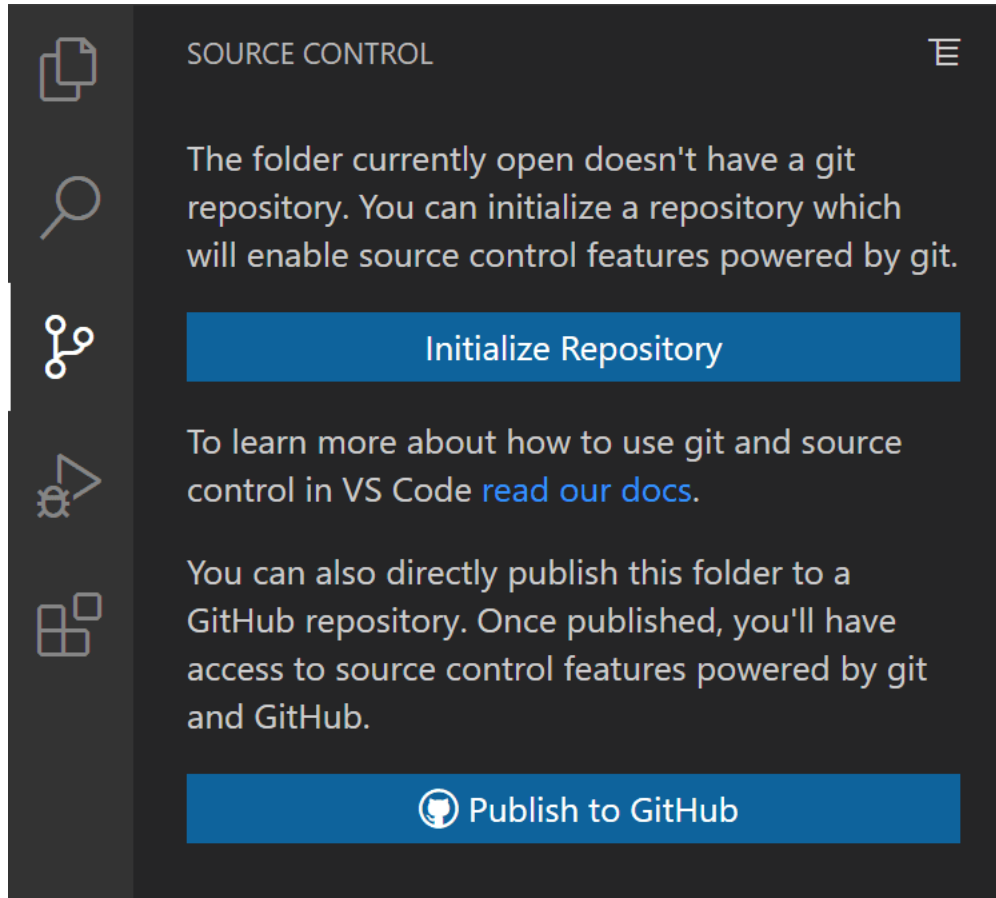
Git output window

You can always peek under the hood to see the Git commands we are using. This is helpful if something strange is happening or if you are just curious. :)

To open the Git output window, run **View > Output** and select **Log (Git)** from the dropdown list.

Initialize a repository

If your workspace is on your local machine, you can enable Git source control by creating a Git repository with the **Initialize Repository** command. When VS Code doesn't detect an existing Git repository, the Source Control view will give you the options to **Initialize Repository** or **Publish to GitHub**.



You can also run the **Git: Initialize Repository** and **Publish to GitHub** commands from the **Command Palette** (**Ctrl+Shift+P**). Running **Initialize Repository** will create the necessary Git repository metadata files and show your workspace files as untracked changes ready to be staged. **Publish to GitHub** will directly publish your workspace folder to a GitHub repository, allowing you to choose between private and public repositories. Check out our publishing repos (<https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=3BBvBwDW4CY>) video for more information about publishing to GitHub.

VS Code as Git editor

When you launch VS Code from the command line, you can pass the `--wait` argument to make the launch command wait until you have closed the new VS Code instance. This can be useful when you configure VS Code as your Git external editor so Git will wait until you close the launched VS Code instance.

Here are the steps to do so:

1. Make sure you can run `code --help` from the command line and you get help.
 - if you do not see help, please follow these steps:
 - macOS: Select **Shell Command: Install 'Code' command in path** from the **Command Palette**.
 - Windows: Make sure you selected **Add to PATH** during the installation.
 - Linux: Make sure you installed Code via our new `.deb` or `.rpm` packages.
2. From the command line, run `git config --global core.editor "code --wait"`

Now you can run `git config --global -e` and use VS Code as editor for configuring Git.

VS Code as Git difftool and mergetool

You can use VS Code's diff and merge capabilities even when using Git from command-line. Add the following to your Git configurations to use VS Code as the diff and merge tool:

```
[diff]
  tool = default-difftool
[difftool "default-difftool"]
  cmd = code --wait --diff $LOCAL $REMOTE
[merge]
  tool = code
[mergetool "code"]
  cmd = code --wait --merge $REMOTE $LOCAL $BASE $MERGED
```

This uses the `--diff` option that can be passed to VS Code to compare two files side by side. The merge tool will be used the next time Git discovers a merge conflict.


To summarize, here are some examples of where you can use VS Code as the editor:

- `git rebase HEAD~3 -i` do interactive rebase using VS Code
- `git commit` use VS Code for the commit message
- `git add -p` followed by `e` for interactive add
- `git difftool <commit>^ <commit>` use VS Code as the diff editor for changes

Working with GitHub Pull Requests and Issues

Visual Studio Code can also bring in GitHub's pull requests and issues. Create your PRs in VS Code, review with comments, and approve them without switching context. Learn more about GitHub PRs and Issues in VS Code (</docs/sourcecontrol/github>).

SCM Providers



Git Extension Pack
donjayamanne 1.1M

Popular Visual Studio Code extensions for Git


(<https://marketplace.visualstudio.com/items?itemName=donjayamanne.git-extension-pack>)



SVN
johnstoncode 816.9K

Integrated Subversion source control


(<https://marketplace.visualstudio.com/items?itemName=johnstoncode.svn-scm>)



Hg
mrcrowl 102.9K

Integrated Mercurial source control

(<https://marketplace.visualstudio.com/items?itemName=mrcrowl.hg>)



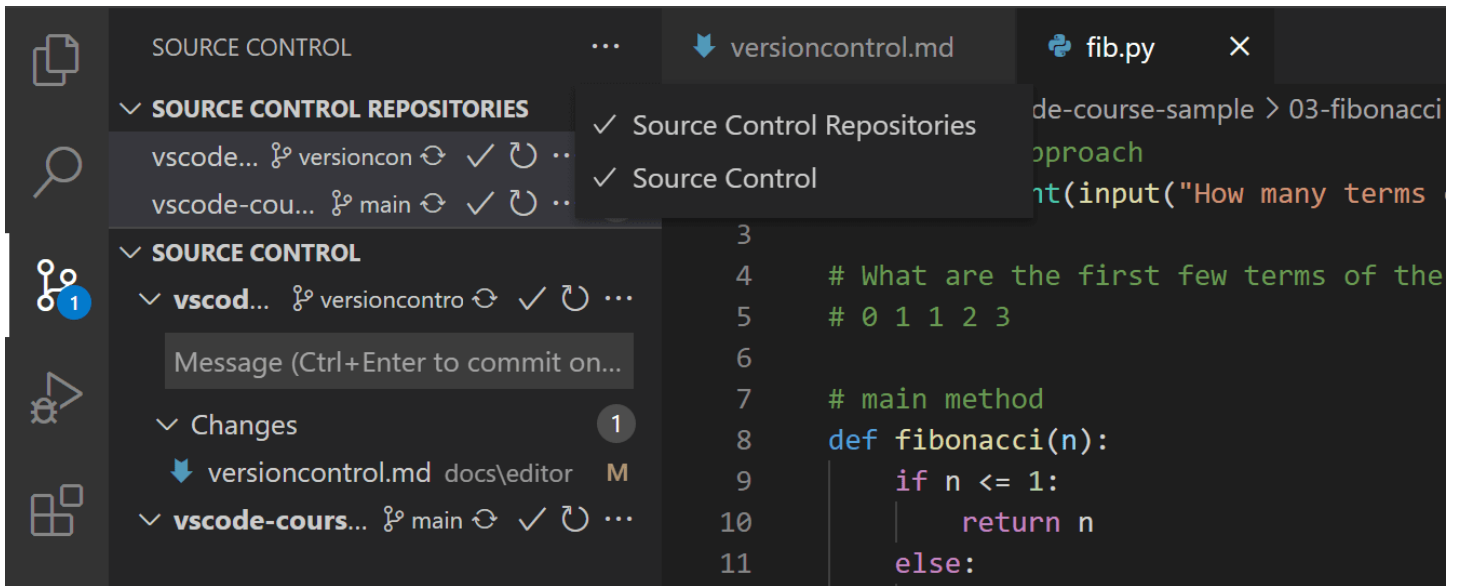
Perforce for VS Code
slevesque 67.6K

Perforce integration with VS Code's SCM features

(<https://marketplace.visualstudio.com/items?itemName=slevesque.perforce>)

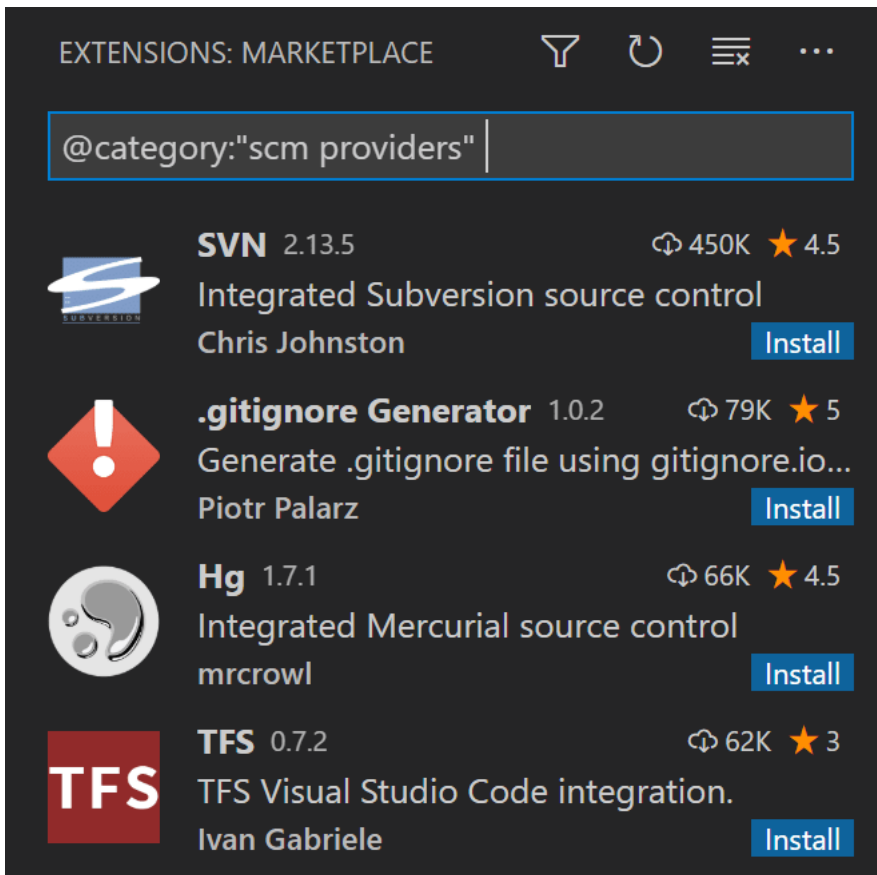
Tip: Click on an extension tile to read the description and reviews in the Marketplace.

VS Code has support for handling multiple Source Control providers simultaneously. For example, you can open multiple Git repositories alongside your Azure DevOps Server local workspace and seamlessly work across your projects. To turn on the **Source Control Providers** view, select the overflow menu in the **Source Control** view (`Ctrl+Shift+G`), hover over **Views**, and make sure that **Source Control Repositories** is marked with a check. The **Source Control Providers** view shows the detected providers and repositories, and you can scope the display of your changes by selecting a specific provider.



SCM Provider extensions

If you would like to install another SCM provider, you can search on the **scm providers** extension category in the **Extensions** view (**Ctrl+Shift+X**). Start typing '@category:"scm providers"' and you will see suggestions for extension categories like debuggers and linters. Select `@category:"scm providers"` to see available SCM providers.



Next steps

- Intro Video - Git Version Control (/docs/introvideos/versioncontrol) - An introductory video providing an overview of VS Code Git support.
- Basic Editing (/docs/editor/codebasics) - Learn about the powerful VS Code editor.
- Code Navigation (/docs/editor/editingevolved) - Move quickly through your source code.
- Debugging (/docs/editor/debugging) - This is where VS Code really shines
- Tasks (/docs/editor/tasks) - Running tasks with Gulp, Grunt, and Jake. Showing Errors and Warnings
- Source Control API (/api/extension-guides/scm-provider) - If you want to integrate another Source Control provider into VS Code, see our Source Control API.

Was this documentation helpful?

Yes No

2/2/2023

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