

Intro Cyber Security/IA

J. Farricker – UW i310, Jan 2016

Cyber Security/IA: Level Setting & Situational Awareness



■ Wiki: Definition of Cybersecurity

Cybersecurity is the body of technologies, processes and practices designed to protect networks, computers, programs and data from attack, damage or unauthorized access. In a computing context, the term *security* implies Cybersecurity

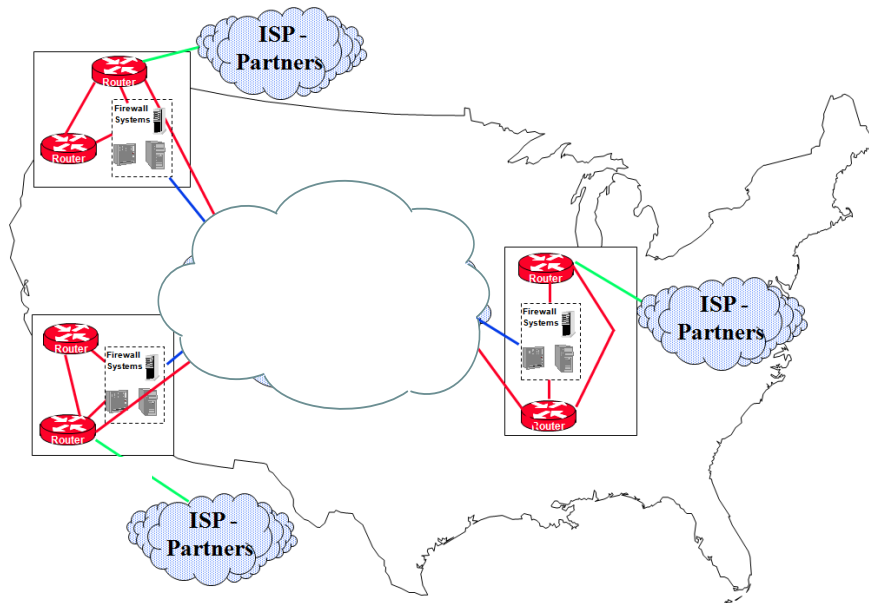
■ Wiki: Definition of Information Assurance

Information assurance (IA) is the practice of assuring information and managing risks related to the use, processing, storage, and transmission of information or data and the systems and processes used for those purposes.

Cyber Security/IA: Level Setting & Situational Awareness

Quick Summary

Enterprise/Infrastructure Protect/Monitor



Cyber Security

Platforms/Products/Services

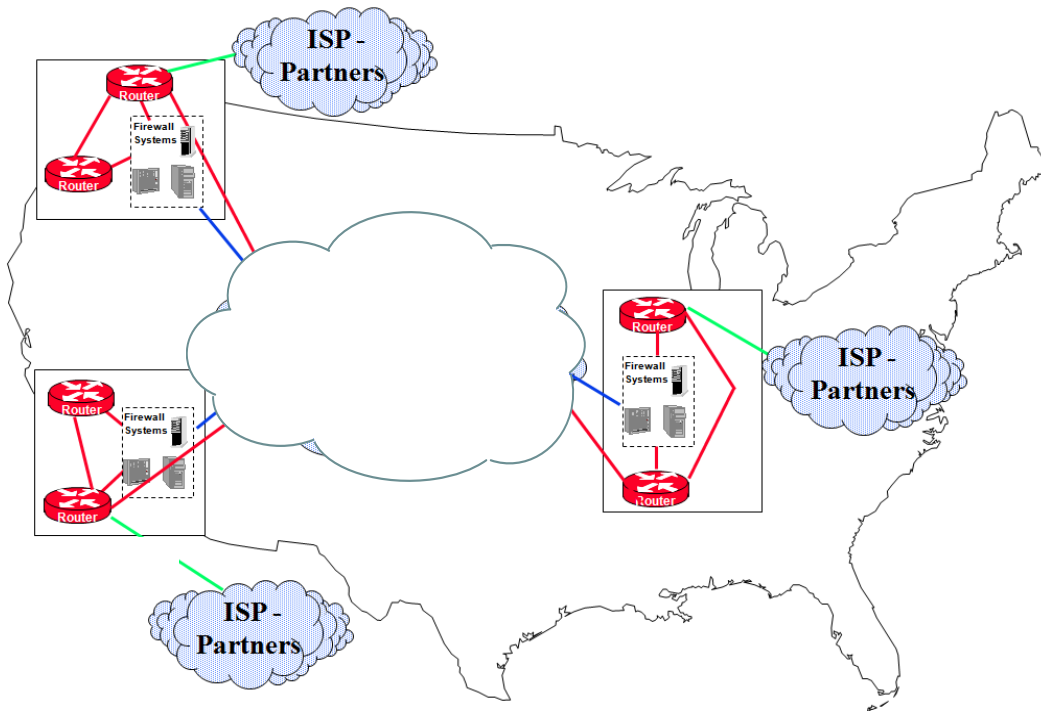


Info Assurance

Cyber Security/IA: Level Setting & Situational Awareness

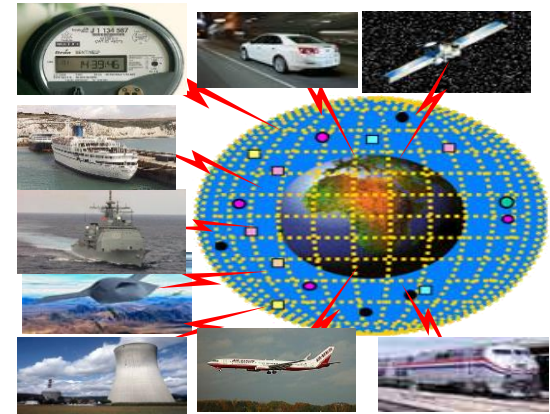
Quick Summary

Enterprise/Infrastructure Protect/Monitor



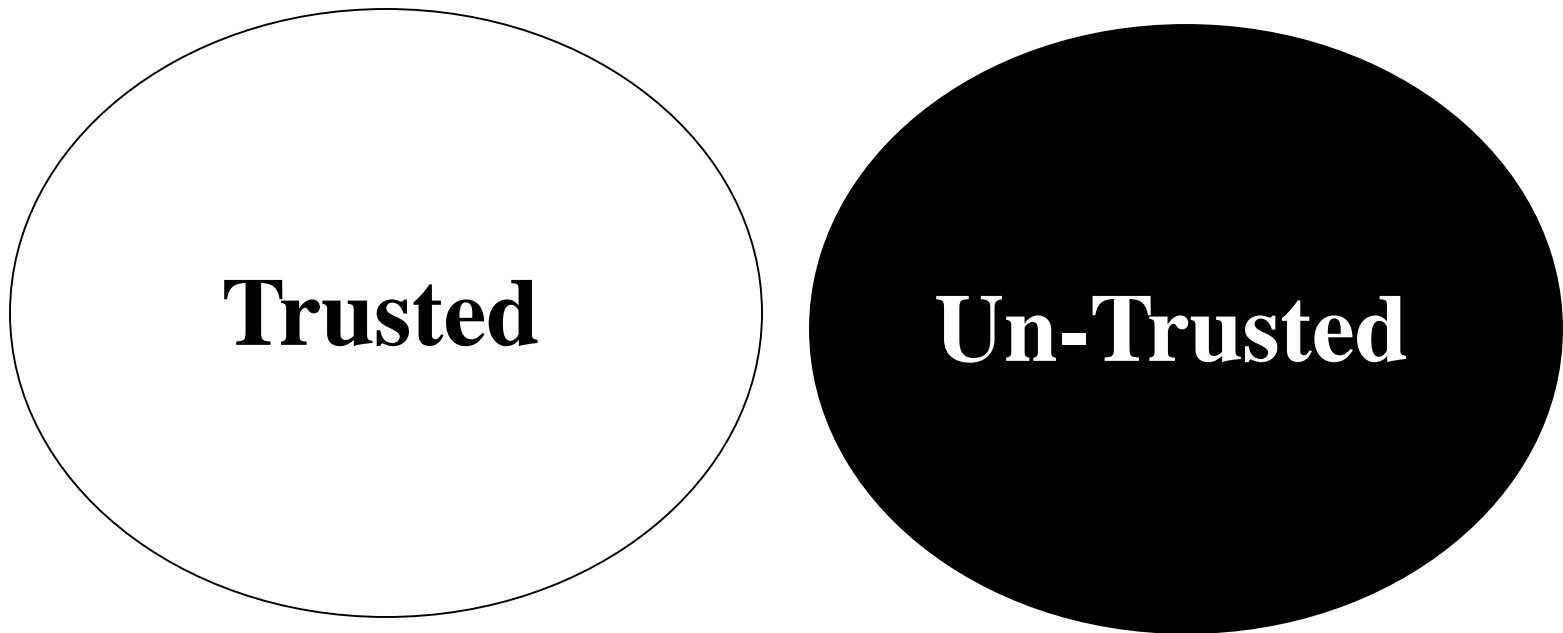
Cyber Security

Platforms/Products/Services



Info Assurance

Network Security (Basically Two Types of Networks)



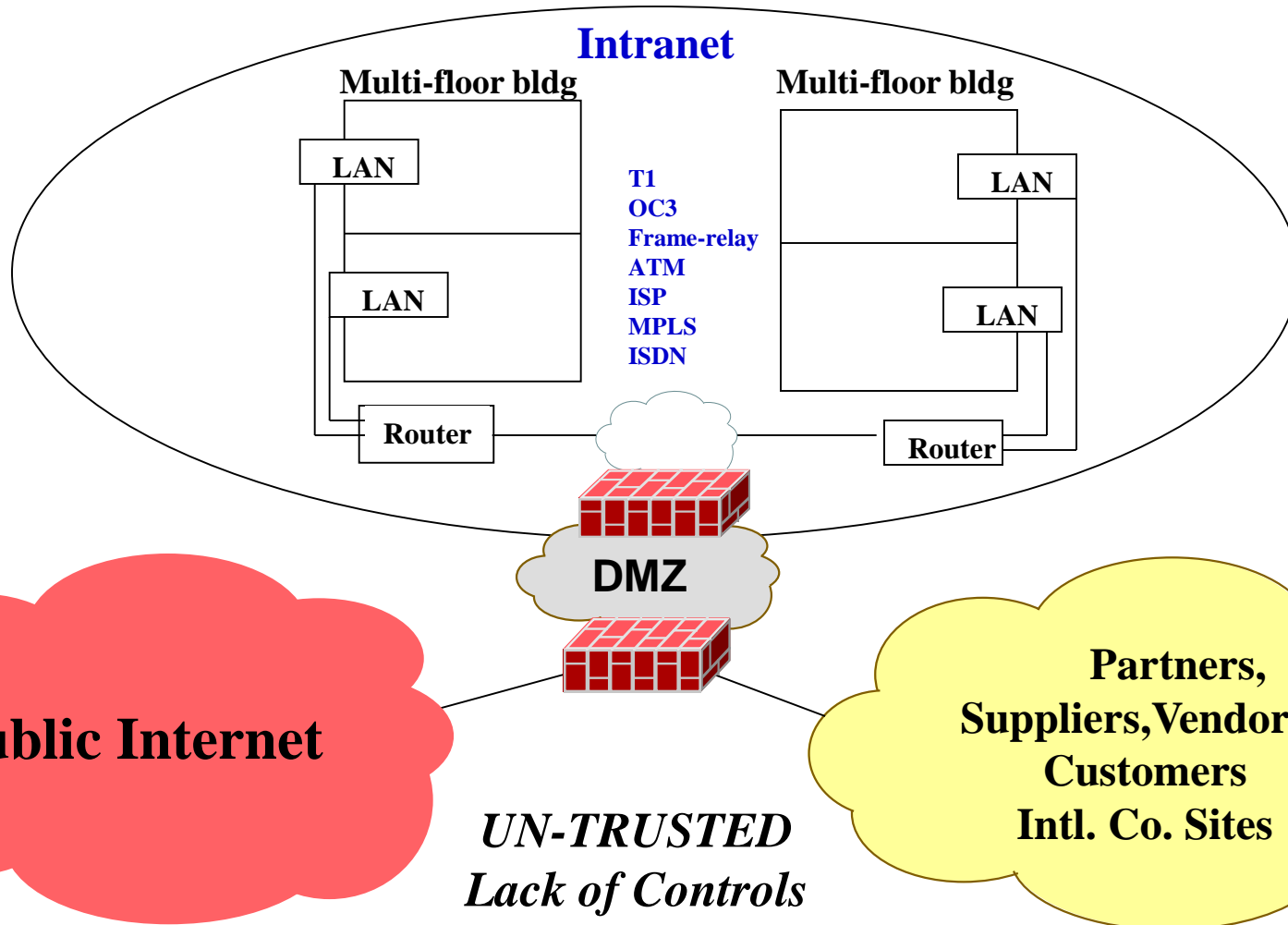
TRUSTED

Co. Owned/Leased Bldg. (Fenced)

Badge/Physical Access Controls

Locked Data Closets

Multi-factor Authentication



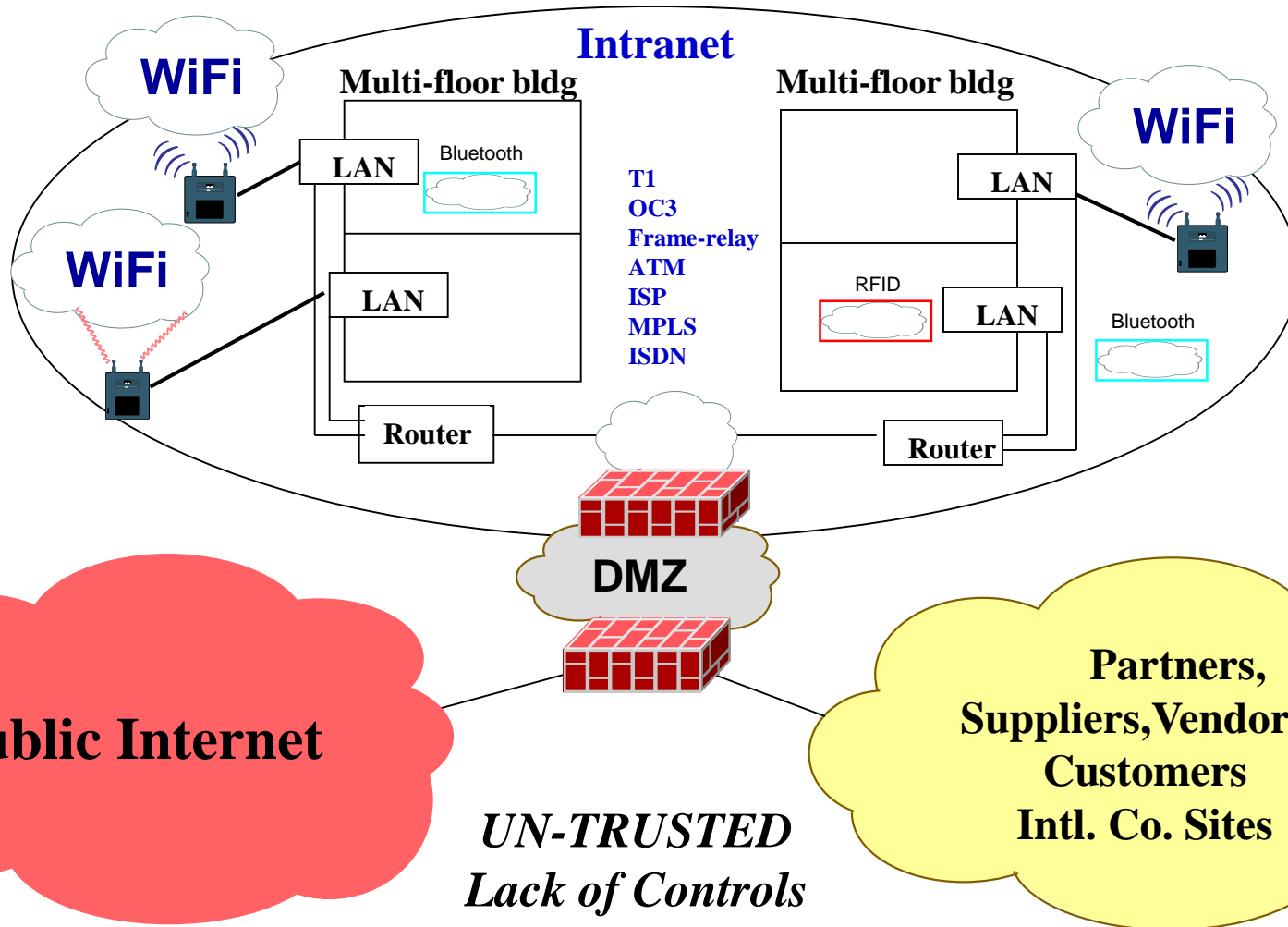
TRUSTED ??

Co. Owned/Leased Bldg. (Fenced)

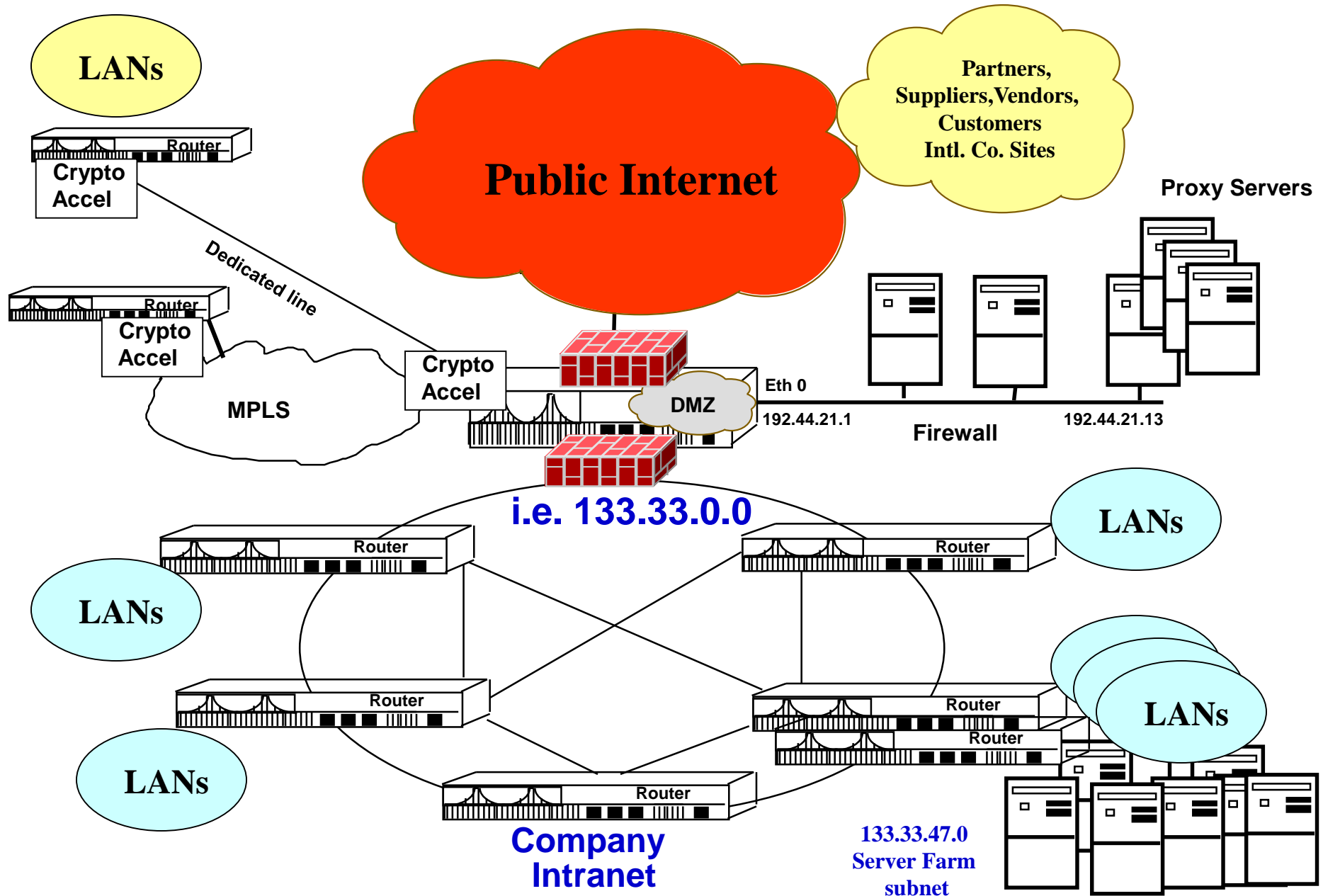
Badge/Physical Access Controls

Locked Data Closets

Multi-factor Authentication



Security Perimeters/DMZ's: 2000s



What changed ??

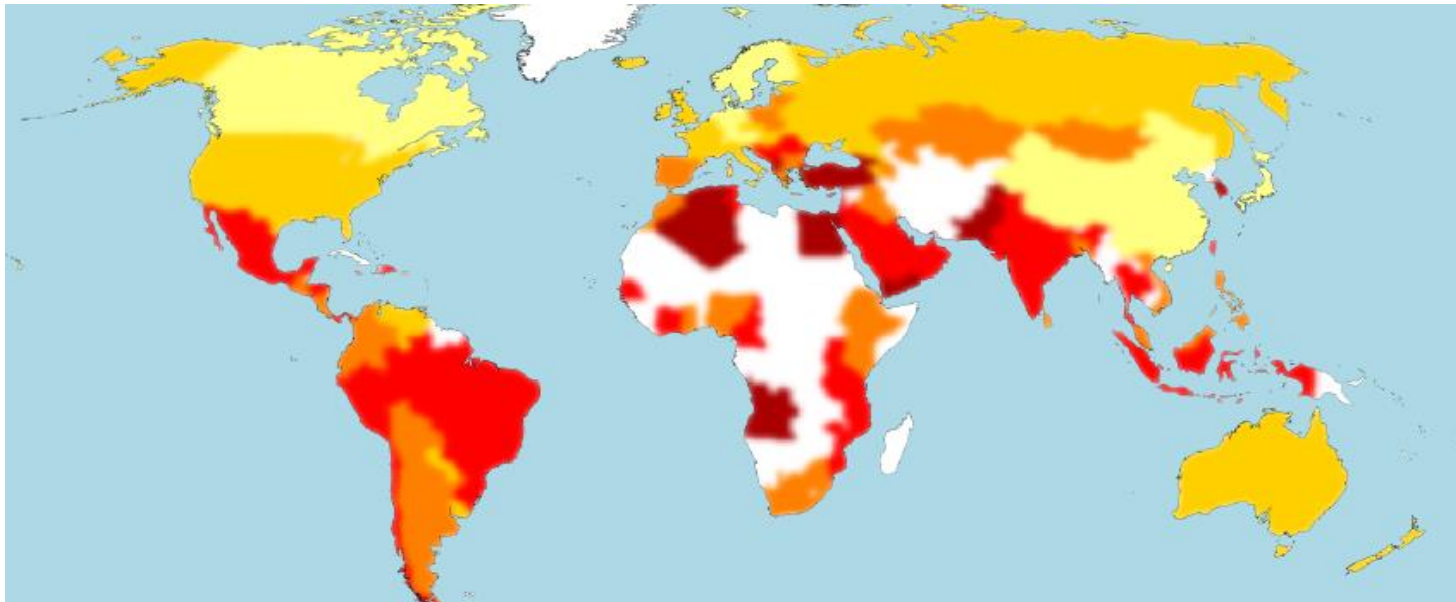
How long has “hacking” been around ??

What doesn't the DMZ on prev page protect against ??

*Relying on Network Centric Protection mechanisms only
- akin to playing “Whack-a-Mole”*

What is APT

- **APT (Advanced Persistent Threat)**
 - Term coined by the Air Force
 - Often over-used and misrepresented by media and vendors
 - These attacks often have political or economic motivation
 - Generally target defense industry technologies



APT Changing Landscape of Business and Defense Industry

It's:
Big News
Big Business
Big Risk!



THE WALL STREET JOURNAL.

“Regarding current state of Advanced Persistent Threat in Corporate America: **There are two types of Fortune 500 Companies, those that have been hacked and those that don't know they've been hacked...**



New Threats are Discovered Every Day

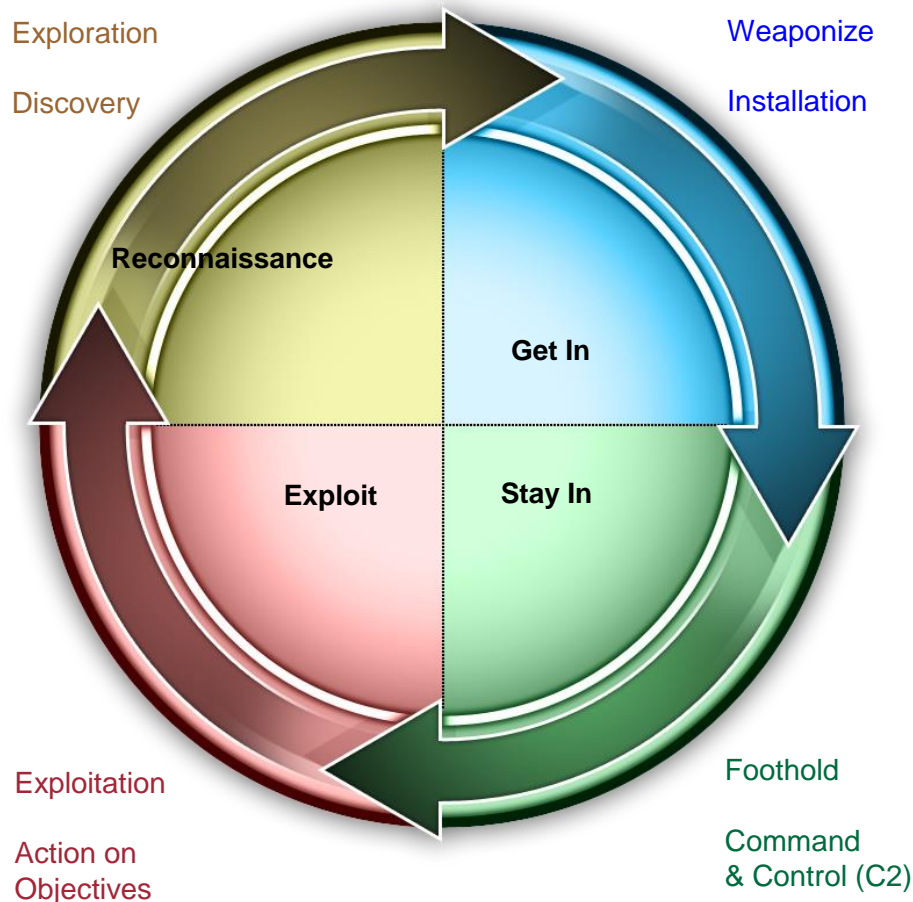
APT Intentions

- Developing nations share technology attained through espionage to advance their industrial base
- How countries benefit from APT
 - *Low entry cost to establish APT program*
 - *Attain industrial competitive advantage*
 - *Identify DoD capability or system vulnerability*
 - *Replicate key DoD capability*
 - *Gain access to new or restricted technology*
 - *Save billions of dollars in research and development*

The US DoD has indicated some governments, in addition to employing thousands of its own hackers, manages massive teams of experts from academia and industry in “cyber militias” that act in national interests with unclear amounts of support and direction.

Cyber Security: Level Setting & Situational Awareness

APT Approach



The Department of Defense calls these attacks Advanced Persistent Threats or APT

Very Sophisticated:

Advanced – Attacks are well-funded and use highly skilled operators

Persistent – Attacks are hard to detect and remove; they keep coming back

Threats – The attackers are exfiltrating – or copying out – large amounts of information

Others call it: Determined Human Adversary

No matter what you call it - it's real !

Cyber Security: Level Setting & Situational Awareness

Reconnaissance

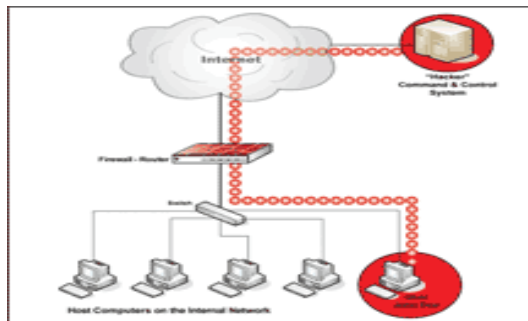
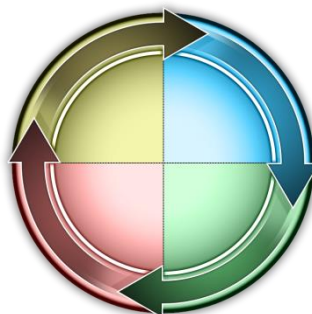
- Social Networking
- Mailing Lists
- Conference Proceedings
- Press Releases
- Web Search

facebook

Google

LinkedIn

APT Approach

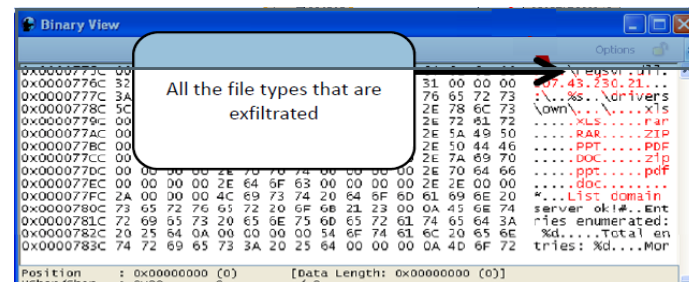


C2 (Command and Control)

- Backdoor “calls home”
- Gives the adversary the ability to execute commands on the infected host
- Will “beacon” on some form of interval
- Could beacon to web pages etc.

Weaponization – “Trojan horse” Malware

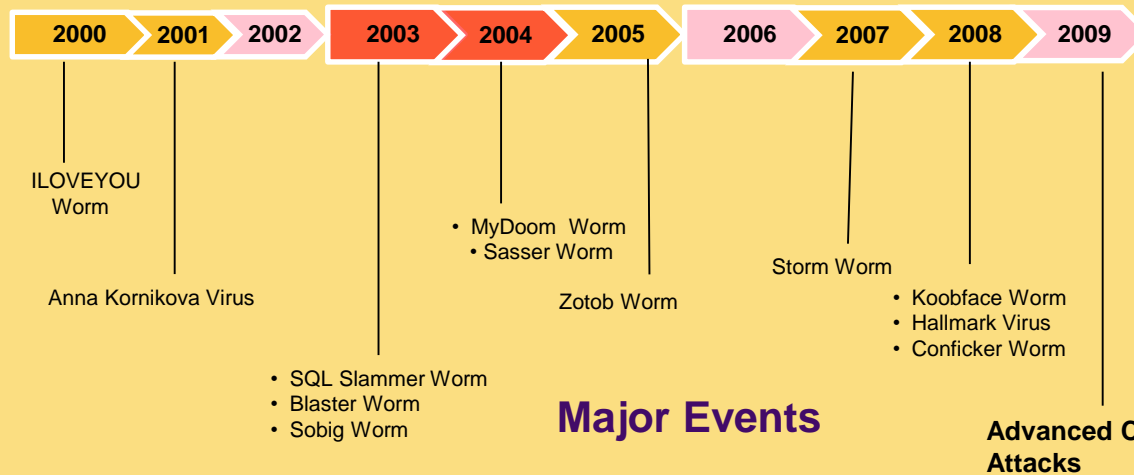
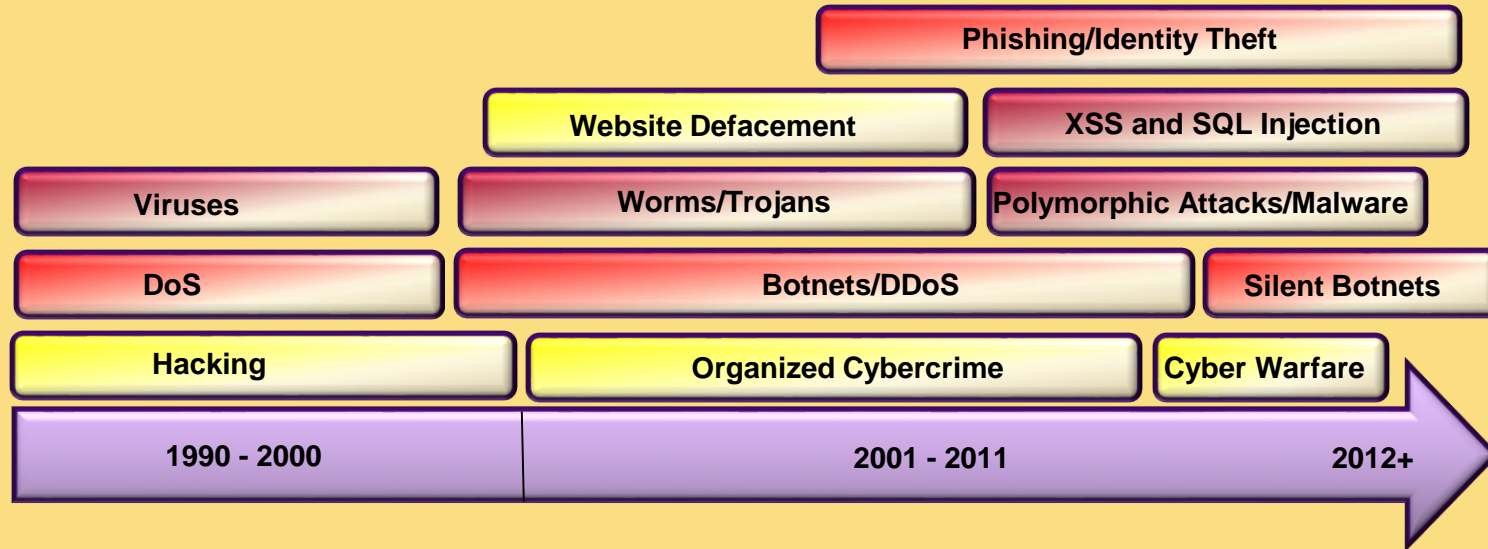
- Coupling an exploit with a backdoor
- Can be hidden inside of a PDF, Excel, Java, DOC, web page, etc.



Exploit/Installation

- Zero-day Vulnerabilities
- Almost always tested against all Anti-Virus technologies before deployment
- Installation is usually disguised as a legitimate process

The Threat



Major Events

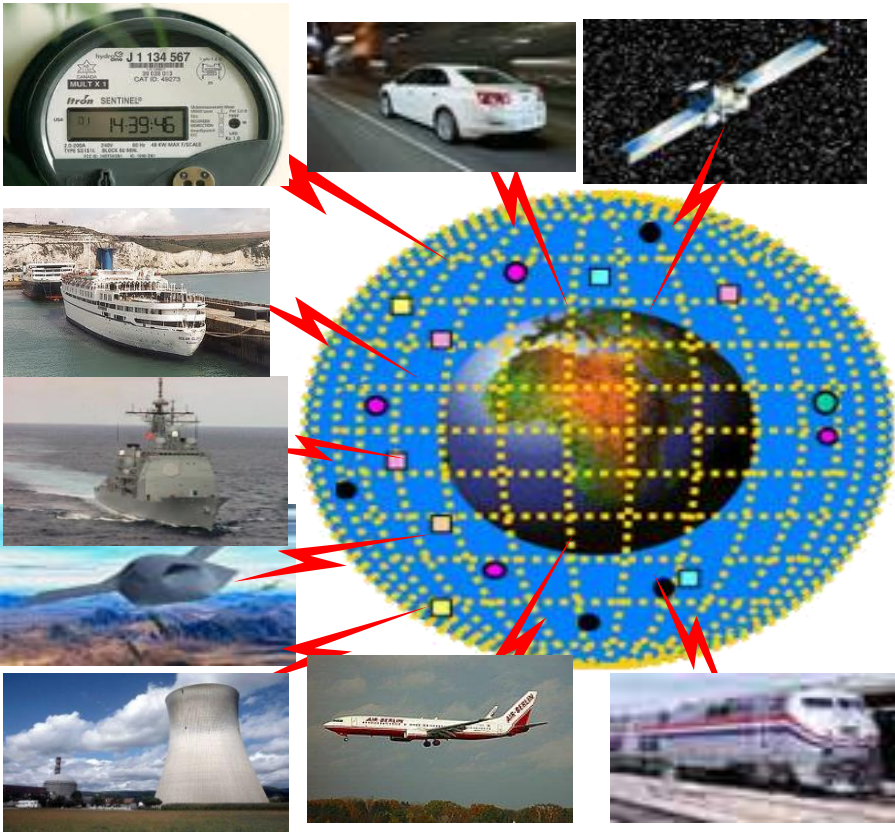
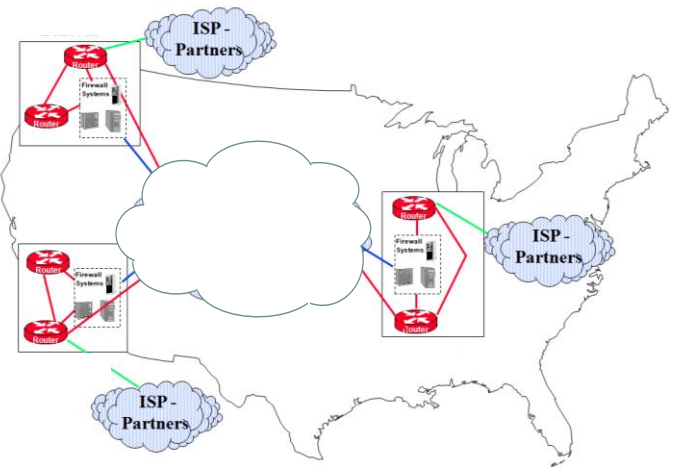
Advanced Cyber Attacks

We've taken an open system based on anonymity and meant for a small, trusted community of government officials and university scientists, and we've turned it into the backbone of our national commerce and much of our national and military communications.

Few people, even among business and government leaders, realize how gravely vulnerable this situation makes us.

Platforms/Products/Services

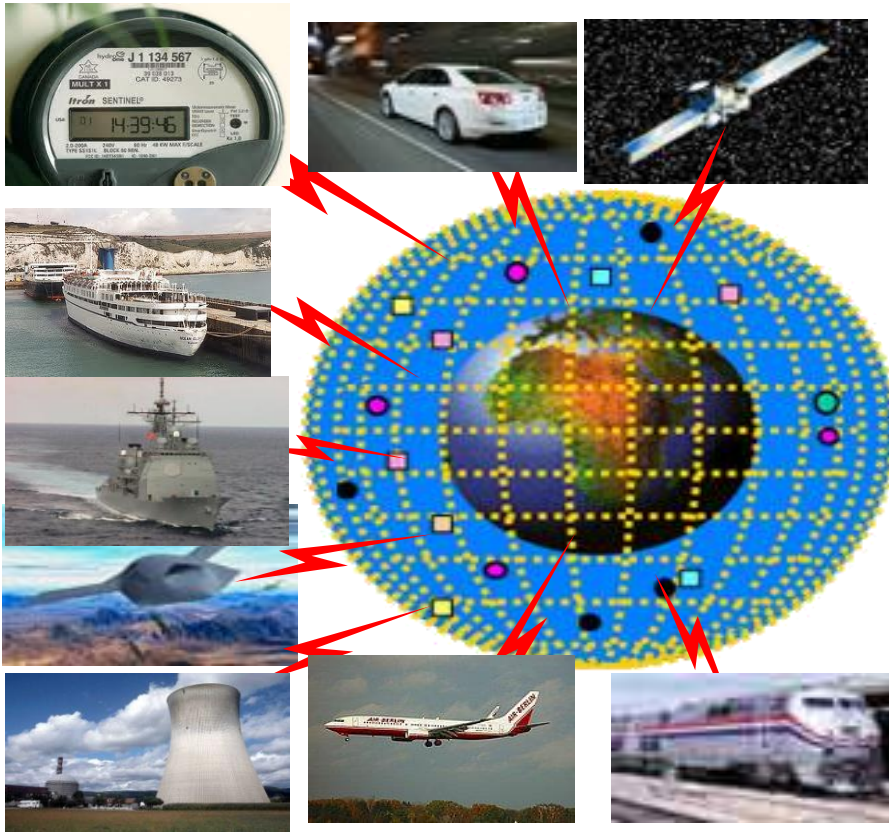
Enterprise/Infrastructure Protect/Monitor



Cyber Security ↔ **Info Assurance**

Platform Cyber Security/IA

Platforms/Products/Services



Why important ?

(Why should you care ???)

Info Assurance

Pillars of Information Assurance

Pillars of IA (Information Assurance) describe the fundamental properties that must be maintained. IA (Information Assurance) is the practice of managing risks while maintaining these properties. Malicious human threats are not the only kind IA considers — a hungry squirrel might gnaw through a cable and bring down a server. Protecting against this is IA, though not really cyber security.

Per the security-related aspects of IA.

Confidentiality: Assurance info not disclosed to unauthorized individuals, processes, or devices.“

Integrity: no unauthorized modification or destruction of information.

Availability: Timely, reliable access to data and information services for authorized users.

Non-repudiation: Assurance sender of data is provided w/proof of delivery & recipient provided w/proof of sender's identity

Authentication: Security measure designed to establish the validity of a transmission, message, or originator, and/or means of verifying individual's authorization to receive specific categories of info.

Platform Cyber Security/IA: Engineering Perspective

Key Considerations

Secure Op System

Secure RF Comm

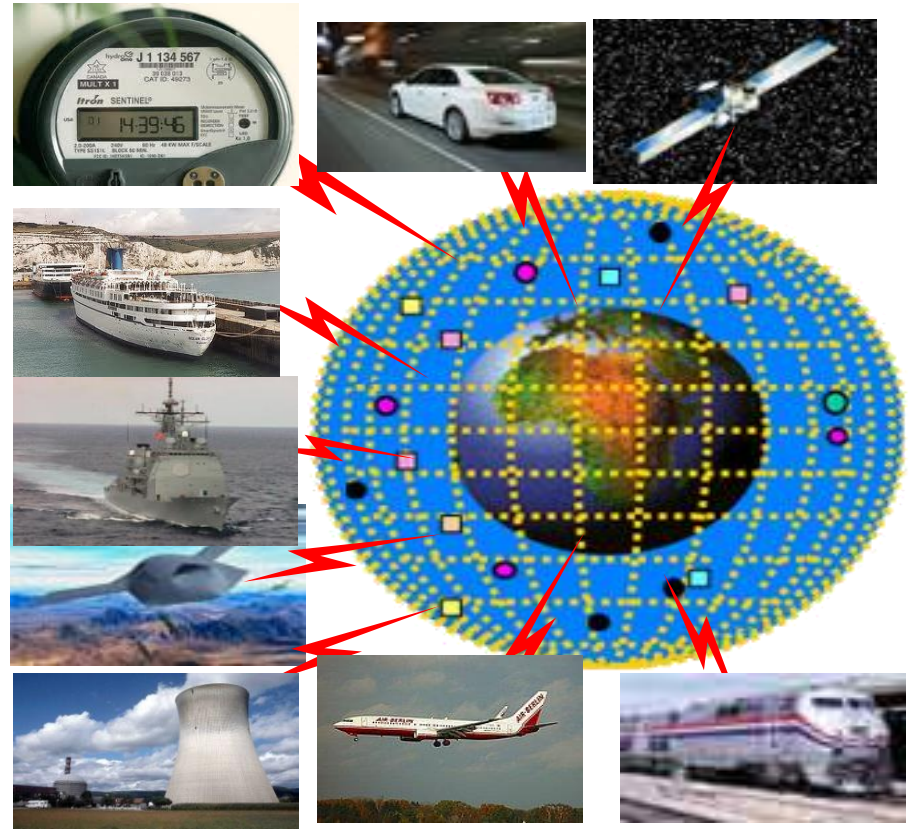
Software (inspect,VA)

Maint Link/Integration

End to End solutions

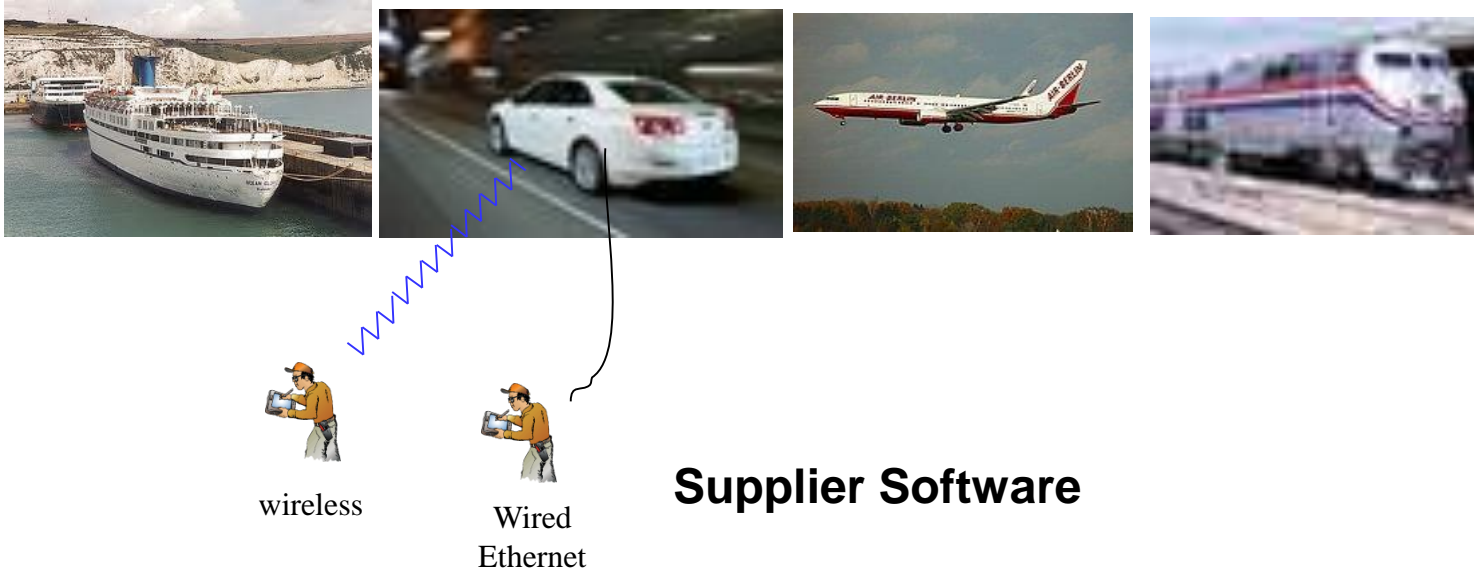
*(SupplyChain,
Maint/Logistics, Net
Mgmt/Admin, Bus Continuity,
VulnAnalysis, Eng/Factory
Integration)*

Platforms/Products/Services



Info Assurance

Platform Cyber Security/IA: Program Observations



Supplier Software

COTS Components (cost driven)

Software Loading/Maintenance laptops/test tools

Earlier engagement w/accreditation TWG/Orgs

Key Take-away

Security designed in, not bolted on !