#### **UBA0672 – DAA [ DAY – 1 ]**

### D.AMEER BASHA 192011069

# 1.Armstrong number

### **Program:**

```
#include<stdio.h>
int main()
{
    int n,n1,sum=0,r;
    printf("Enter number:");
    scanf("%d",&n);
    n1=n;
    while (n1>0)
    {
        r=n1%10;
        sum=sum+(r*r*r);
        n1=n1/10;
    }
    if(sum==n)
    {
        printf("Armstrong Number");
    }
    else
    {
        printf("Not Armstrong Number");
    }
}
```

#### C:\Users\Admin\Documents\daa1.exe

```
Enter number:153
Armstrong Number
Process returned 0 (0x0) execution time : 2.656 s
Press any key to continue.
```

# 2. Time complexity 5 programs

## **Program-1:**

```
Problem Statement 2:
Convert the following algorithm into a program and find its time
complexity using the counter method.
void function (int n)
   int i=1, s=1;
   while
(s <= n)
   {
                      i++;
                       s += i;
     }
Note: No need of counter increment for declarations and scanf() and count variable printf() st
Manually find the complexity using counter method and write the
same in observation
Input:
A positive Integer n
Output:
Print the value of the counter variable
For example:
Input Result
      12
```

```
#include<stdio.h>
int main()
  int n;
  scanf("%d",&n);
  function(n);
  return 0;
}
void function(int n)
  int c=0;
  int i=1,s=1;
  c++;
  c++;
  while(s<=n)
    c++;
    i++;
    c++;
    s+=i;
    c++;
  }
  c++;
  printf("Time Complexity : %d",c);
}
```

```
C:\Users\Admin\Documents\daa2.exe

12

Time Complexity : 15

Process returned 0 (0x0) execution time : 4.510 s

Press any key to continue.
```

#### **Program-2:**

```
Problem
Statement 3:
Convert the following algorithm into a program and find its time
complexity using the counter method.
void func(int n)
1
     if
(n==1)
                        printf("");
   else
                        for
(int i=1; i<=n; i++)
                                    for
(int j=1; j<=n; j++)
                                                printf
("");
                                                printf("");
                                                break;
                                    }
                        }
Note: No need of counter increment for declarations and scanf() and count variable printf() st
Manually find the complexity using counter method and write the
same in observation
Input:
A positive Integer n
Output:
Print the value of the counter variable
```

```
#include<stdio.h>
int main()
{
   int n;
   scanf("%d",&n);
   function(n);
```

```
return 0;
}
void function(int n)
  int c=0;
  c++;
  if(n==1)
  {
    printf("");
    c++;
  }
  else
    for(int i=1;i<=n;i++)
    {
      c++;
      for(int j=1; j<=1; j++)
        c++;
        printf("");c++;
        printf("");c++;
        break;
      c++;
    }
    c++;
  printf("Time Complexity : %d",c);
  C:\Users\Admin\Documents\daa3.exe
 Time Complexity : 72
Process returned 0 (0x0) execution time : 3.578 s
Press any key to continue.
```

### **Program-3:**

```
#include<stdio.h>
int main()
{
   int n;
   scanf("%d",&n);
   Factor(n);
   return 0;
}
int Factor(int n)
```

```
int c=0;
int i=0;
c++;
for(int i=1;i<=n;i++)
{
    c++;
    c++;
    if(n%i==0)
    {
        //printf("%d\n",i);
    }
}
c++;
printf("Time Complexity: %d",c);
return 0;
}</pre>
```

```
C:\Users\Admin\Documents\daa4.exe

10
Time Complexity : 22
Process returned 0 (0x0) execution time : 1.964 s
Press any key to continue.
```

### **Program-4:**

```
Problem Statement 5:
Convert the following algorithm into a program and find its time
complexity using counter method.
void function(int n)
   int c= 0;
   for(int i=n/2; i<n; i++)
       for(int j=1; j<n; j = 2 * j)
           for(int k=1; k<n; k = k * 2)
}
Note: No need of counter increment for declarations and scanf() and count variable printf() st
Manually find the complexity using counter method and write the
same in observation
Input:
A positive Integer n
Output:
Print the value of the counter variable
```

```
#include<stdio.h>
int main()
{
   int n;
   scanf("%d",&n);
   function(n);
   return 0;
}

void function(int n)
{
   int c=0,cn=0;
   cn++;
   for(int i=n/2;i<n;i++)</pre>
```

```
{
    cn++;
    for(int j=1; j< n; j=2*j)
       cn++;
       for(int k=1;k< n;k=k*2)
         cn++;
         c++;
         cn++;
       }
      cn++;
    }
    cn++;
  }
  cn++;
 printf("Time Complexity : %d",cn);
}
```

```
C:\Users\Admin\Documents\daa5.exe

15

Time Complexity : 338

Process returned 0 (0x0) execution time : 2.648 s

Press any key to continue.
```

### **Program-5:**

```
Problem Statement 6:
Convert the following algorithm into a program and find its time
complexity using counter method.
void reverse(int n)
  int rev = 0, remainder;
  while (n = 0)
       remainder = n % 10;
       rev = rev * 10 + remainder;
       n/=10;
print(rev);
Note: No need of counter increment for declarations and scanf() and count variable printf() st
Manually find the complexity using counter method and write the
same in observation
Input:
A positive Integer n
Output:
Print the value of the counter variable
```

```
#include<stdio.h>
int main()
{
   int n;
   scanf("%d",&n);
   reverse(n);
   return 0;
}

void reverse(int n)
{
```

```
int c=0;
  int rev=0,remainder;
  c++;
  while(n!=0)
    c++;
    remainder=n%10;
    c++;
    rev=rev*10+remainder;
    c++;
    n=10;
    c++;
  }
  c++;
 //printf("%d",rev);
  c++;
 printf("Time Complexity : %d",c);
}
```

```
C:\Users\Admin\Documents\daa6.exe

8
Time Complexity : 7
Process returned 0 (0x0) execution time : 1.634 s
Press any key to continue.
```

# 3. Write a program to search a number in a list using binary search and estimate time complexity

```
#include<stdio.h>
int main()
  int c=0;
  int n,k,i,j,f=0,a[50];
  c++;
  printf("Enter number of elements:");
  scanf("%d",&n);
  printf("Enter elements:\n");
  for(i=0;i<n;i++)
  {
     c++;
    scanf("%d",&a[i]);
  }
  c++;
  printf("Enter Element to search:");
  scanf("%d",&k);
  for(i=0;i<n;i++)
     c++;
     c++;
    if(k==a[i])
     {
       printf("Element is found at index %d\n",i);
       f=1;
```

```
c++;
}

c++;
c++;
c++;
if(f==0)
{
    printf("Element is not found");
}
printf("\nTime Complexity : %d",c);
}
```

```
C:\Users\Admin\Documents\daa7-Ls.exe

Enter number of elements:5
Enter elements:
2
7
15
9
8
Enter Element to search:9
Element is found at index 3

Time Complexity: 20
Process returned 0 (0x0) execution time: 15.739 s
Press any key to continue.
```

# 4. Write a program to search a number in a list using linear search and estimate time complexity

```
#include<stdio.h>
int main()
  int c=0;
  int n,k,i,low,high,mid,a[50],temp;
  printf("Enter number of elements:");
  scanf("%d",&n);
  printf("Enter elements:\n");
  for(i=0;i<n;i++)
    c++;
    scanf("%d",&a[i]);
  }
  c++;
  printf("Enter Element to search:");
  scanf("%d",&k);
  low=0; c++;
  high=n-1; c++;
  mid=low+high/2; c++;
  c++;
  while(low<=high)</pre>
    c++;
    c++;
    if(a[mid] < k)
       low=mid+1; c++;
    else if(a[mid]==k)
       printf("\nElement is found at index %d\n",mid);
       break;
```

```
☐ C:\Users\Admin\Documents\daa8-Bs.exe

Enter number of elements:6

Enter elements:
2
3
5
7
8
9
Enter Element to search:7

Element is found at index 3

Time Complexity: 23

Process returned 0 (0x0) execution time: 6.250 s

Press any key to continue.
```

#### 5. Write a program to find the reverse of a given number.

```
#include<stdio.h>
int main()
  int c=0;
  int n,r,rev=0;
  c++;
  printf("Enter number:");
  scanf("%d",&n);
  c++;
  while (n!=0)
  {
    r=n%10; c++;
    rev=(rev*10)+r; c++;
    n=n/10; c++;
  }
  c++;
  printf("Reverse Number : %d",rev);
  printf("\nTime Complexity : %d\n",c);
```

```
C:\Users\Admin\Documents\daa9-reverse.exe

Enter number:12345

Reverse Number : 54321

Time Complexity : 18

Process returned 0 (0x0) execution time : 1.764 s

Press any key to continue.
```

6. Write a C program to perform Strassen's Matrix Multiplication for the 2\*2 matrix elements and Estimate time complexity.

```
#include<stdio.h>
int main()
  int a[2][2],b[2][2],c[2][2],i,j;
  printf("Enter elements of matrix A:\n");
  for(i=0;i<=1;i++)
     for(j=0;j<=1;j++)
       scanf("%d",&a[i][j]);
     }
  printf("Enter elements of matrix B:\n");
  for(i=0;i<=1;i++)
  {
     for(j=0;j<=1;j++)
       scanf("%d",&b[i][j]);
     }
  c[0][0]=(a[0][0]*b[0][0])+(a[0][1]*b[1][0]);
  c[0][1]=(a[0][0]*b[0][1])+(a[0][1]*b[1][1]);
  c[1][0]=(a[1][0]*b[0][0])+(a[1][1]*b[1][0]);
  c[1][1]=(a[1][0]*b[0][1])+(a[1][1]*b[1][1]);
```

```
printf("Matrix C : \n");
for(i=0;i<=1;i++)
{
    for(j=0;j<=1;j++)
    {
       printf("%d\t",c[i][j]);
    }
    printf("\n");
}</pre>
```

```
"C:\Users\Admin\Documents\daa10-Mat Mul.exe"

Enter elements of matrix A:
1     2
3     4
Enter elements of matrix B:
1     2
3     4
Matrix C:
7     10
15     22

Process returned 0 (0x0) execution time: 8.717 s
Press any key to continue.
```