

### Objective: apply RSA encryption and decryption

we will try to encrypt and decrypt a simple message.

#### Public Key Creation:

Let's choose two primes as follows,

$$\begin{aligned}p &= 11, q = 13. \Rightarrow \\N &= p \times q = 11 \times 13 = 143 \\(p-1) &= 10, (q-1) = 12\end{aligned}$$

Now, we need to create the public key,  $e$ . Since  $e$  is relatively prime to  $(p-1)(q-1)$ , we try from 3, 5, ... until we find the first such number. In this case, 7 is relatively prime to 120, so we choose that.

$$e = 7 \quad (1)$$

Based on this, we have the public key as,

$$\text{public key} = (e, N) = (7, 143) \quad (2)$$

#### Private Key:

This is simply the inverse of  $e \bmod (p-1)(q-1)$  and is computed using extended Euclid's algorithm as follows,

$$\begin{aligned}(120, 7) &\Rightarrow \\ \text{We repeatedly take } (x, y) &\rightarrow (y, x \bmod y) \rightarrow \dots \text{ until we reach } y = 0 \\ (120, 7) &= \\ (7, 1) &= \\ (1, 0) &= \\ \text{Now we climb up from the bottom returning appropriate values of } (x, y, d), & \\ \text{where } x \text{ is the coefficient of } a, \text{ first number \& } y \text{ is the co-efficient of } b, \text{ second num} & \\ \text{the values are returned as } (y', x' - \lfloor a/b \rfloor \cdot y', d), \text{ where} & \\ a = \text{first number, } b = \text{second number, } x', y' = \text{previous iteration co-efficients} & \\ \text{on the last step, the values returned are, } (x', y', d) = (1, 0, 1) & \\ (1, 0) &= 1, 0, 1 \\ (7, 1) &= (0, 1, 1) \\ (120, 7) &= (1, -17, 1) \\ \text{Therefore, } d &= ax + by \\ 1 &= 120 \cdot x + 7 \cdot y \\ y \text{ is the inverse of } 7 \bmod (p-1)(q-1) \text{ or } 120 \text{ is ,} & \\ y &= -17 \\ \text{Now, we need to convert this to a non-negative number,} & \\ \text{by adding 120 till we reach non-negative} & \\ y &= 120 - 17 = 103\end{aligned}$$

Hence, the private key is,

$$\text{private key, } d = 103 \quad (3)$$

#### Message:

Let's choose a simple message,

$$m = 41 \quad (4)$$

#### Encryption:

In order to encrypt, we raise the message to the power of  $e$  and take  $\bmod N$  of that.

$$\begin{aligned}
 y &= \text{encrypted message} \\
 &= m^e \bmod N \\
 &= 41^7 \bmod 143
 \end{aligned}$$

This is computed using `fast modular exponentiation`. Writing 7 in binary, we have 111

We can express the power 7 as  $4 + 2 + 1$ .

Therefore, using the modular exponentiation, we compute the powers up to 4, giving us the final answer.

$$\begin{aligned}
 x &= 41 \bmod 143 = 41 \\
 x^2 &= 41 \times 41 \bmod 143 = 108 \\
 x^4 &= x^{2^2} = 108 \times 108 \bmod 143 \\
 &\text{Simplifying,} \\
 &= \underline{54} \times \underline{54} \times \underline{2} \times \underline{2} \bmod 143 \\
 &= 56 \times 4 \bmod 143, \text{'cause } 54 \times 54 \bmod 143 = 56 \bmod 143 \\
 &= 81 \\
 &\text{Therefore, } x^4 = 81, x^2 = 108, x = 41 \\
 x^7 \bmod 143 \\
 &= (81 \times 108 \times 41) \bmod 143 \\
 &= \underline{9} \times \underline{9} \times \underline{54} \times \underline{2} \times 41 \\
 &= \underline{54} \times \underline{9} \times \underline{41} \times \underline{9} \times 2 \\
 &\text{Now taking mod with 143} \\
 &= 57 \times 83 \times 2 \\
 &= 23 \times 57 \\
 &= 24
 \end{aligned}$$

Hence, the encrypted message is,

$$y = e(m) = 24 \quad (5)$$

### Decryption:

To decrypt, we raise the encrypted message to the power of  $d$  and take  $\bmod N$

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\begin{array}{l}
y^d \bmod N \\
= (24)^{103} \bmod 143 \\
\end{array}

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Preview

OK

$$\begin{aligned}
 &y^d \bmod N \\
 &= (24)^{103} \bmod 143
 \end{aligned}$$

Now, we can raise this number to **103** using fast modular exponentiation,

Now, **103** is **1100111** in binary. Therefore, we can express the power of 103 as,

$$x^{103} = x^{64} \cdot x^{32} \cdot x^4 \cdot x^2 \cdot x$$

Therefore, we need to compute up to **64<sup>th</sup>** power.

$$x = 24 \mod 143 = \mathbf{24}$$

$$x^2$$

$$= 24 \times 24 \mod 143$$

$$= 12 \times 2 \times 12 \times 2 \mod 143$$

$$= \underline{12 \times 12} \times 2 \times 2 \mod 143$$

$$= 1 \times 4 \mod 143$$

$$x^2 = \mathbf{4}$$

$$x^4 = x^2 = 4^2 \mod 143 = \mathbf{16}$$

$$x^8 = (x^4)^2 = 16^2 \mod 143 = 113$$

$$x^{16} = 113^2 \mod 143 = 42$$

$$x^{32} = 42 \times 42 \mod 143 = \mathbf{48}$$

$$x^{64} = 48 \times 48 \mod 143 = \mathbf{16}$$

Therefore, **103<sup>rd</sup>** power is as follows,

$$y^{103} \mod N$$

$$= 24^{103} \mod 143$$

$$= (16 \times 48 \times 16 \times 4 \times 24) \mod 143$$

$$= \underline{48 \times 4} \times \underline{16 \times 16} \times 24 \mod 143$$

$$= 192 \times 113 \times 24 \mod 143$$

$$= 49 \times 113 \times 12 \times 2 \mod 143$$

$$= \underline{113 \times 2} \times \underline{49 \times 12} \mod 143$$

$$= 83 \times 16 \mod 143$$

$$= \underline{83 \times 2} \times 8 \mod 143$$

$$= 23 \times 8 \mod 143$$

$$= 184 \mod 143$$

$$= \mathbf{41}$$

Therefore,

decrypted message,  $m = \mathbf{41}$

(6)