

Informatics II

Exercise 7

April 5, 2021

Goals:

- Practise operations of stacks and queues
- Implement stacks and queues using arrays
- Implement stacks and queues using linked lists
- Study and practise Deque

Abstract Data Types: Stacks, Queues

Task 1. Abstract structures of stacks and queues

- Illustrate the result of each operation in the sequence PUSH(4), PUSH(1), PUSH(3), POP(), PUSH(8), and POP(S) on an initially empty stack S.
- Illustrate the result of each operation in the sequence ENQUEUE(4), ENQUEUE(1), ENQUEUE(3), DEQUEUE(), ENQUEUE(8), and DEQUEUE() on an initially empty queue Q.
- Explain how to implement two stacks in one array $A[]$ in such a way that neither stack overflows unless the total number of elements in both stacks together is n . The PUSH and POP operations should run in $O(1)$ time.
- Explain how to implement a queue using two stacks. Analyze the running time of the queue operations.
- Explain how to implement a stack using two queues. Analyze the running time of the stack operations.

Task 2. Implementation of stacks and queues in C

- Write a C program that implements a stack using an array. Your C program should contain push and pop functions, and examples to call implemented functions.
- Write a C program that implements a queue using an array. Your C program should contain enqueue and dequeue functions, and examples to call implemented functions.
- Write a C program that implements a stack using a singly linked list. The operations PUSH and POP should still take $O(1)$ time.
- Write a C program that implements a queue using a singly linked list. The operations ENQUEUE and DEQUEUE should still take $O(1)$ time.
- Comparing stacks and queues using linked lists and stacks and queues using arrays.

Task 3. A double-ended queue, abbreviated to deque, allows elements added to the front and removed from the rear. We use an array of integers as the data structure for a deque of integers. Write a C program that contains the following functions:

1. `addFront()`, add an integer to the front
2. `addRear()`, add an integer to the rear
3. `delFront()`, remove an integer from the front
4. `delRear()`, remove an integer from the rear.

All four functions should have time complexity of $O(1)$. Consider how to implement these four functions. Your C program should contain examples to call these four implemented functions.