

# STM32 Package Manager for VS Code

## Technical Report and Implementation Details

Project Documentation

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## Contents

<b>1 Overview</b>	<b>1</b>
<b>2 Key Features</b>	<b>2</b>
<b>3 Technology Stack</b>	<b>2</b>
<b>4 Repository Structure (Core Files)</b>	<b>2</b>
<b>5 Contributions and Commands</b>	<b>2</b>
<b>6 Runtime Architecture</b>	<b>3</b>
6.1 High-Level Flow . . . . .	3
6.2 Message Protocol (Webview ↔ Extension) . . . . .	3
<b>7 Backend: PackageManager</b>	<b>3</b>
7.1 Package Analysis . . . . .	3
7.2 Board Discovery (Projects Root) . . . . .	3
7.3 Category Detection . . . . .	4
7.4 Project Discovery . . . . .	4
7.5 Toolchain Detection . . . . .	4
7.6 Import Pipeline . . . . .	5
<b>8 Frontend: Webview UI</b>	<b>5</b>
8.1 Template Selection and Name Suggestion . . . . .	5
8.2 Location Picker (Native Folder Dialog) . . . . .	6
8.3 Import Invocation . . . . .	6
<b>9 Important Implementation Notes (“Astuce”)</b>	<b>6</b>
<b>10 Build &amp; Run</b>	<b>7</b>
<b>11 Testing &amp; Debugging Tips</b>	<b>7</b>
<b>12 Possible Enhancements</b>	<b>7</b>

## 1 Overview

This VS Code extension provides a lightweight workflow to browse STM32Cube firmware packages, select a board, view templates/projects, and import a selected project into a user-chosen

location. On import, the extension automatically bundles the package's **Drivers** folder into the imported project to ensure build readiness.

## 2 Key Features

- Automatic discovery of boards under **Projects/** in STM32Cube packages.
- Template/project enumeration across categories (e.g., **Examples**, **Examples\_LL**, **Templates**, **Applications**, **Demonstrations**).
- Webview UI to pick package, board, template, target location, and project name.
- Import pipeline that copies the selected template and always includes **Drivers/**.
- Robust detection of toolchains (GCC/Keil/IAR/STM32CubeIDE) and typical project roots.

## 3 Technology Stack

- **VS Code API**: commands, webview, tree provider, dialogs.
- **TypeScript**: extension logic and type safety.
- **Node.js fs-extra**: filesystem traversal and copying.
- **xml2js**: optional parsing of `package.xml/.pdsc`.
- **HTML/CSS/JS**: webview UI (front-end) with message passing to the extension host.

## 4 Repository Structure (Core Files)

- `package.json`: metadata, commands, views, activation config, deps.
- `src/extension.ts`: activation; registers commands and tree view.
- `src/packageImportPanel.ts`: webview lifecycle and message routing.
- `src/packageManager.ts`: backend logic for discovery and import.
- `media/main.js`, `media/main.css`: webview UI scripts and styles.

## 5 Contributions and Commands

### Commands

- `stm32PackageManager.importPackage`
- `stm32PackageManager.openPackageManager`

### Views

- Activity bar container: `stm32-package-manager`
- Tree view: `stm32PackageExplorer`

## 6 Runtime Architecture

### 6.1 High-Level Flow

1. User opens the Import UI (webview).
2. Selects STM32Cube package root; backend analyzes package and loads boards.
3. Selects board; backend enumerates templates/projects.
4. Selects template; UI suggests project name.
5. Clicks “Browse” to pick target directory; extension opens native folder dialog.
6. Clicks “Import”; backend copies project and `Drivers` to target.

### 6.2 Message Protocol (Webview ↔ Extension)

- Webview → Extension:
  - `selectPackage`, `selectBoard`, `selectProject`
  - `browseLocation`
  - `importProject` (with `packagePath`, `boardId`, `projectName`, `projectPath`, `location`, `targetName`)
- Extension → Webview:
  - `packageSelected`, `boardsLoaded`, `projectsLoaded`
  - `locationSelected`
  - `importComplete`

## 7 Backend: PackageManager

### 7.1 Package Analysis

If `package.xml/.pdsc` exists, it’s parsed for basic info. Otherwise, metadata falls back to directory naming.

### 7.2 Board Discovery (Projects Root)

Boards are recognized as first-level directories under `Projects/`. Each directory is analyzed and accepted as a board if it contains at least one valid project category with projects.

Listing 1: Scanning boards under `Projects/`

```
1 const projectsPath = path.join(packagePath, 'Projects');
2 const entries = await fs.readdir(projectsPath, { withFileTypes: true });
3 console.log('Entries in boards path (${projectsPath}):',
4     entries.map(e => e.name));
5 for (const entry of entries) {
6     if (!entry.isDirectory()) continue;
7     const boardDir = path.join(projectsPath, entry.name);
8     const board = await this.analyzeBoardDirectory(boardDir, entry.name);
9     if (board) boards.push(board);
10 }
```

## 7.3 Category Detection

We support canonical and variant names using a regex:

Listing 2: Accepted project categories

```
1 /^(Examples(?:\w)|Examples_[A-Za-z0-9_]+|
2   Templates(?:\w)|Templates_[A-Za-z0-9_]+|
3   Applications|Demonstrations)$/i
```

## 7.4 Project Discovery

Projects are discovered recursively via  $\leq 2-3$  directory levels using structural and file heuristics:

- Toolchain directories: stm32cubeide, mdk-arm, ewarm, sw4stm32
- File indicators: .ioc, Makefile, .uvprojx, .eww, .ewp, .cproject
- Source layout: Core/, or Inc/+Src/

Listing 3: Project root heuristics

```
1 private async looksLikeProjectRoot(dir: string): Promise<boolean> {
2   const entries = await fs.readdir(dir, { withFileTypes: true });
3   const names = entries.map(e => e.name.toLowerCase());
4
5   const toolchainDirs = ['stm32cubeide', 'mdk-arm', 'ewarm', 'sw4stm32', 'iar'];
6   if (entries.some(e => e.isDirectory() && toolchainDirs.includes(e.name.toLowerCase())
7     ))) return true;
8
9   const fileIndicators = ['.uvprojx', '.eww', '.ewp', '.cproject', '.project', '.ioc', 'makefile'];
10
11   if (entries.some(e => !e.isDirectory() && fileIndicators.some(ext => e.name.
12     toLowerCase().endsWith(ext)))) return true;
13
14   const hasCore = names.includes('core');
15   const hasInc = names.includes('inc');
16   const hasSrc = names.includes('src');
17   return hasCore || (hasInc && hasSrc);
18 }
```

## 7.5 Toolchain Detection

Listing 4: Toolchain detection

```
1 private async detectToolchains(projectDir: string): Promise<string[]> {
2   const entries = await fs.readdir(projectDir, { withFileTypes: true });
3   const names = entries.map(e => e.name.toLowerCase());
4   const t: string[] = [];
5   const addIf = (c: boolean, n: string) => { if (c) t.push(n); };
6
7   addIf(names.includes('stm32cubeide') || await this.hasMatchingFile(projectDir, '*.cproject'), 'STM32CubeIDE');
8   addIf(names.includes('mdk-arm') || await this.hasMatchingFile(projectDir, '*.uvprojx'), 'Keil');
9   addIf(names.includes('ewarm') || await this.hasMatchingFile(projectDir, '*.eww') ||
10     await this.hasMatchingFile(projectDir, '*.ewp'), 'IAR');
11   addIf(await this.hasMatchingFile(projectDir, 'Makefile'), 'GCC');
```

```

11   return Array.from(new Set(t));
12 }

```

## 7.6 Import Pipeline

The import method supports both legacy and extended signatures. It uses the user-chosen location, derives a filesystem-safe target name, copies the project, and then always copies **Drivers/** from the package root into the target.

Listing 5: Import with Drivers inclusion

```

1  async importProject(pkg: string, boardId: string, projName: string,
2      location?: string, targetName?: string, projectPath?: string):
3      Promise<string> {
4      const targetBase = await this.resolveTargetBase(location);
5      const finalName = this.deriveSafeName(projName, targetName);
6      const target = path.join(targetBase, finalName);
7
8      // Ensure only parent exists; avoid double nesting.
9      await fs.ensureDir(targetBase);
10
11     const src = projectPath ?? await this.findProjectSource(pkg, boardId, projName);
12     if (!src) throw new Error('Project source not found for "${projName}"');
13
14     await fs.copy(src, target, { overwrite: true, errorOnExist: false });
15
16     // Always copy Drivers
17     const driversSrc = path.join(pkg, 'Drivers');
18     const driversDst = path.join(target, 'Drivers');
19     if (await fs.pathExists(driversSrc)) {
20         await fs.copy(driversSrc, driversDst, { overwrite: true, errorOnExist: false });
21     }
22
23     await this.updateProjectConfiguration(target, finalName);
24     return target;
25 }

```

## 8 Frontend: Webview UI

### 8.1 Template Selection and Name Suggestion

When a template is selected, the UI proposes a default project name based on the last segment of the template's filesystem path.

Listing 6: Name auto-suggestion

```

1  templateSelect.addEventListener('change', (e) => {
2      const chosen = currentProjects.find(p => p.name === e.target.value);
3      if (!chosen) return;
4      const suggested =
5          (chosen.path ? chosen.path.split(/[\\\/]/).pop() : (chosen.name || '').split('/').pop())
6          ();
7      if (!projectName.value || projectName.value === chosen.name) {
8          projectName.value = suggested || projectName.value;
9      }
10     updateImportButton();
11 });

```

## 8.2 Location Picker (Native Folder Dialog)

The webview asks the extension host to open a native folder picker; the chosen path is returned and used to enable the Import action.

Listing 7: Webview message + folder selection

```
1 browseLocationBtn.addEventListener('click', () => {
2   vscode.postMessage({ command: 'browseLocation' });
3 });
4
5 // In panel (extension host)
6 private async _browseLocation() {
7   const folderUri = await vscode.window.showOpenDialog({
8     canSelectMany: false, canSelectFiles: false, canSelectFolders: true,
9     openLabel: 'Select Import Location'
10  });
11  const p = folderUri && folderUri[0] ? folderUri[0].fsPath : '';
12  this._panel.webview.postMessage({ command: 'locationSelected', path: p });
13 }
```

## 8.3 Import Invocation

The webview sends `projectPath`, `location`, and `targetName` so the backend performs a deterministic copy.

Listing 8: Import message payload

```
1 vscode.postMessage({
2   command: 'importProject',
3   packagePath: currentPackageInfo.path,
4   boardId: selectedBoard.id,
5   projectName: selectedProject.name,
6   projectPath: selectedProject.path,
7   targetName: projectNameInput.value.trim(),
8   location: locationInput.value,
9   openReadme: openReadmeCheckbox.checked
10 });
```

## 9 Important Implementation Notes (“Astuce”)

- **Projects root** is `Projects/` (not `Applications/`) for STM32Cube U5 packages.
- **Category regex** supports `Examples_LL`, `Templates_LL`, etc., not just canonical names.
- **Recursive discovery** avoids hardcoding depth assumptions; instead uses robust project-root heuristics.
- **Drivers inclusion**: always copied into the imported project to ensure headers/sources are available.
- **Avoid double nesting**: ensure only the parent directory is created; copy the project directly into `<Location>/<Name>`.
- **Type safety fixes**: installed `@types/fs-extra`, `@types/xml2js`; added explicit typings to callbacks.
- **Logging**: extensive `console.log` in discovery/import paths to aid troubleshooting.

## 10 Build & Run

1. `npm install`
2. `npm run compile`
3. Press F5 in VS Code to launch the Extension Development Host.
4. Open Command Palette and run “STM32: Import STM32 Package”.

## 11 Testing & Debugging Tips

- Use **Help** → **Toggle Developer Tools** for webview console logs.
- Use **Output** → **Log (Extension Host)** for backend logs.
- Confirm logs for:
  - “Checking Projects directory” and directory entries
  - Category detection per board
  - “Discovered X projects in <Category>”
  - Import: source path, target path, Drivers copy confirmation

## 12 Possible Enhancements

- Optional inclusion of `Middlewares/`.
- Board image rendering via local file URIs.
- CMake or VS Code tasks generation per toolchain.
- Persist recently-used packages and locations.