Graph isomorphism

Two graphs are isomorphic if they are identical in every way except for vertex labels

Definition: Isomorphic graphs
Let G = (V, E) and G' = (V', E'). G and G' are isomorphic if there is a dijection $f : V \to V'$ such that for every pair of vertices $x,y \in V$, $\{x,y\} \in E'$ is and only if $\{f(x), f(y)\} \in E'$.

The function f is called an isomorphism from G to G'

Graph properties preserved under isomorphism:

- · vertex degree deg(x) in a = deg(f(v)) in a'
- · degree sequence list of all vertex degrees in non-increasing
- · total degree
- · graph order (i.e total # of vertices) | V in G = | V / in C'
- · graph size (i.e total # of edges) | E in G = | E' | in G'
- · connectivity