It's time for a refresh! Alan Amesbury¹

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Over time, Firefox can accumulate information contained in user profiles that might make it less stable or slow it down. Firefox's creators provided a *refresh* feature to fix this problem. This article tells you how you can use this feature and includes additional steps you can take to also improve your online experience by making browsing the web safer and faster.

"Refresh" overview

Firefox stores information in a *user profile*. Your user profile includes things like your bookmarks, passwords you've asked Firefox to save, and much more. As Firefox is updated over time, the format in which this data is kept can also change. Firefox's creators try to make updates a painless experience for Firefox users and they hide a lot of the technical details that almost all users would find uninteresting, so many changes (often even major ones) are usually invisible to anyone who isn't deliberately looking for them.

If you're reading this, you likely fall into the category of people who are less interested in those details and more interested in having things just work, and it's for you that Mozilla created the "refresh" option. This feature of Firefox does several things, including:

- Removes permissions for websites to use your camera and microphone
- Resets preference settings, such as your preferred home page or default search engine
- Removes extensions and themes that aren't part of Firefox (including ones that may have been installed without you realizing it)

Some of the things a refresh does not change or reset are:

- Bookmarks
- Passwords stored in the browser
- · Browsing history

Bottom line: Refreshing Firefox takes you as close to "clean slate" as Firefox can get without also erasing important things like your bookmarks. It is also completely safe for all your other data, because Firefox's refresh doesn't change anything else.

¹ Thanks to my parents for inspiring this article. Thanks to Cat for the second set of eyes and the copious amounts of red ink and yellow highlighter she applied to early versions. Tech support remains open.

Just the refresh, please!

If all you want to do is return Firefox to a state as close as it can be to a clean installation without erasing your bookmarks, browsing history, etc., there's very little you need to do. First, find and click the "menu" button. A picture of it is shown in figure 1.

From this menu, open "Help" and select "Troubleshooting Information." (If you prefer to open this page directly, you can reach it directly by typing about: support in the URL bar.) Near the top of the page is a button labeled "Refresh Firefox...." Clicking it causes Firefox to confirm that's what you actually want to do. Once you confirm the action, Firefox restarts.

After restart, Firefox may ask about restoring windows or tabs you might have had open when you did the refresh. Also, Firefox saves your settings from before the refresh in a folder on your desktop. This can be used to restore things to the way they were before the refresh or, if you're happy with the results, discarded. (See "I want to undo the refresh!" for details.)

Just the refresh...but what about extensions I want to keep?

Firefox removes extensions when you do a refresh, which means you'll need to reinstall them if you still want them. To do that, you'll need to know which extensions are installed before you do a refresh. This list is available from the about: support page (described in "Just the refresh, please!"), but you can also view it by clicking the menu button and selecting "Add-ons." You'll need to record these somewhere so you know which ones to install after you refresh Firefox. Keep in mind this is also an excellent time to decide what extensions you really want to keep. See one you don't recognize? You may not actually want it!

After you have the list of extensions you want to continue using after the refresh, it's time to refresh Firefox. (See "Just the refresh, please!" for how to do that.) When the refresh is complete, it's time to install the extensions you want.

(Re)installing extensions

General information

Extensions are add-ons you can install that extend Firefox's basic functionality. To install extensions, go to the about: addons page, or click the menu button and select "Add-ons." Next, select "Extensions" from the list at the left. In the "Find more extensions" box, type the



Figure 1: The menu button (Some software and web developers call this the "hamburger menu."")

² Many Firefox configuration pages can be reached in more than one way. Use whichever is easiest for you.

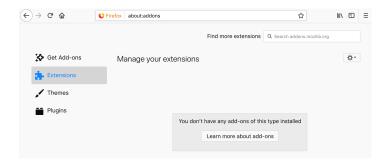


Figure 2: The extensions manager post-refresh

name of an extension you want to install. Note that extensions that are already installed will appear here; the list should be empty³ after refreshing Firefox. See figure 2 for an example of what this screen should4 look like.

Suggested extensions

Firefox has thousands of extensions (at least!), so providing a list of all the useful ones would be an impossible task. However, many people find these few to be particularly useful:

- uBlock Origin
- HTTPS Everywhere
- Privacy Badger

UBLOCK ORIGIN: If you only install one extension, this is the one to install. It provides the ability to block a variety of content many people find annoying or troublesome, including ads and some malicious content. It is highly configurable, but has default settings that most people should find work for them. While it can function like extensions explicitly designed to block ads, this is not its sole purpose. If you are opposed to blocking ads, you may disable this functionality while keeping other features (like the malware protection) active.

THE ELECTRONIC FRONTIER FOUNDATION (EFF) is a nonprofit group known for its interests in digital privacy and free speech. It's helped to develop tools people can use to defend their privacy online, and one of those tools is Privacy Badger. This extension is designed specifically to help prevent websites from surreptitiously tracking your activity. While some of its functionality is duplicated in uBlock Origin, Privacy Badger differs fundamentally in how it works. This means it may still protect you in situations where uBlock Origin

- ³ Since Firefox changes more quickly than this article, it's possible that extensions may someday be included post-refresh. Howver, since the point of a refresh is to clear out old extensions, anything remaining should be examined to ensure that it actually belongs there, e.g., it's something placed there by Firefox's creators.
- ⁴ This is from a Mac. Windows systems may look a bit different.

might not. Read the EFF's excellent FAQ on Privacy Badger at https://www.eff.org/privacybadger.

EFF ALSO CREATED HTTPS Everywhere. It attempts to force your web browser to use HTTPS, the encrypted form of web communication, when it connects to websites. Although many major sites (Google, Youtube, Twitter, etc.) have shifted their default communications to HTTPS by default, this extension still has value because it attempts to use encryption even for websites that haven't yet made that leap.

Other things to consider

There are a couple other things you can do to Firefox following a refresh that may help improve your security with almost no chance of interfering with normal operation. There are actually a lot of things you could change here, but these are the few that are really worth considering whether you should change.

Changes to Firefox's default preferences

Click the menu button, open "Preferences" (if you're using macOS) or "Options" (if you're using Windows).

- Select the "Home" section on the left, then scroll down to the "Firefox Home Content" section. Do you use Pocket? If not, disable it and the "Sponsored Stories" option. Are you interested in seeing news updates⁵ about Mozilla and Firefox? If not, turn off "Snippets."
- Select the "Search" section on the left, then scroll down to the "Default Search Engine" section. Do you want to use the default provided? If not, choose something else. Do you want that search engine to see everything you enter for a search before you send it so it can attempt to guess what you're searching for? If not, turn off "Provide search suggestions."
- Select the "Privacy & Security" section on the left, then scroll down to "Logins & Passwords." Do you want your browser to save usernames and passwords that you enter into it? If not, turn off "Ask to save logins and passwords for websites." If you do want to use this feature and you share your computer with family or friends, consider enabling "Use a master password." This will help prevent someone else from being able to access your saved credentials. Note that losing the master password will likely mean you also lose access to whatever it protects.

⁵ These have nothing to do with keeping Firefox itself up to date.

- Scroll down to "Permissions." By default Firefox lets a couple of websites install extensions with minimal permission from you. Click on the "Exceptions..." button next to "Warn you when websites try to install add-ons," remove all websites shown, and save your changes. Make sure the checkbox next to "Warn you when websites try to install add-ons" remains checked.
- Scroll down to "Firefox Data Collection and Use." Do you want Firefox to send technicaal information and information about your activities to Mozilla so they can analyze it? If not, turn this off.

Other changes to consider (bonus round!)

Firefox includes a large number of other configuration options that aren't available through "Preferences" or "Options" menus. To access these, type about: config in the address bar. This will display a scary warning (an exclamation symbol with "This might void your warranty!") but, in a worst-case scenario, you can just refresh Firefox to recover from a botched attempt to make changes. The warning does not mean data on your computer is at risk when you make configuration changes. Unless you're careless, it's unlikely you'll cause problems from which you can't recover. Click "I accept the risk!" to open the list of configuration options.



By default Firefox attempts to determine where you are so it can send location information to websites on your behalf. (Firefox asks permission for each website that requests this information.) If you do not want Firefox to ever automatically provide your location to a website, you can disable this feature by setting the geo.enabled option to "false." First, find the option by entering "geo.enabled" in the search box on the about: config page. Toggle between "true" (the default setting) and "false" by double clicking the option. Disabling it will not only prevent Firefox from sharing your location, it will stop it from asking for permission every time a website requests it. See figure 3 for an example of what this looks like.

Firefox includes support for older cryptography because a few websites still use it. Most websites, however, have moved on, so most people don't really need support for the older stuff. Disabling

Figure 3: Searching for the geo.enabled option on the about: config page

support for it in Firefox improves security with little risk of breaking things and, if disabling it does cause problems, it's easy to reverse the change.6

Type "security.tls.version.min" in the search box on the about:config page, then double click the "security.tls.version.min" option. This opens a box asking for an "integer value." Enter a "3" to force Firefox to only use newer, secure cryptography and click "OK." If you encounter problems with a website and think changing this setting is the cause, you can change it back to its original value ("1" as of January, 2019).

I want to undo the refresh!

When Firefox does a refresh, it saves all your previous settings in a folder called "Old Firefox Data" on your desktop. Undoing a refresh is not as easy as the refresh, but recovery is still possible. The details of what to do differ somewhat between macOS and Windows, but the idea is to copy the old data over the new user profile Firefox created when you did the refresh.

Here's what you do:

- 1. Find the "Old Firefox Data" folder on your desktop, but don't open it yet.
- 2. Open the about: support page in Firefox. (See "Just the refresh, please!" for instructions on how to do this.)
- 3. In the "Application Basics" section, find the line containing "Profile Folder." Click the button on that line labeled "Show in Finder" (on macOS) or "Open folder" (on Windows) to open the folder containing your current user profile. This is the one you're going to replace.
- 4. Close Firefox completely and make sure it is not running.
 - On macOS, verify this by checking the Dock. If the Firefox icon is not present, Firefox isn't running. If it is present, click and hold on the icon until a menu pops up. If "Quit" is an option in the menu, select it. If "Quit" is not an option, it means Firefox isn't running. You can click anywhere else on the screen to close the pop-up menu.
 - On Windows, verify Firefox is closed by checking the Task Manager. Holding the "Alt" and "Control" keys, press the "Delete" key, then select "Task Manager" from the available options. If Firefox is running, it will appear in the list of running applications. Select it from the list of applications or

⁶ If you're interested in the details, this is about TLS support in Firefox. By default it supports TLSv1, which has known weaknesses. The recommendation here is to disable support for versions older than TLS v1.2.

processes, then click the "End task" button. If it's not shown, then it's not running. Close Task Manager when you're done.

- 5. On Windows, Firefox opens the active profile folder in step 3. On macOS it opens the folder containing profile folders, and there may be more than one. If you're using macOS and see more than one profile folder, open the one that has the word "default" in it. If more than one folder contains "default," open the one that was modified most recently. You may need to view this window as a list (open Finder's "View" menu and select "as List") to see this information.
- 6. You should now be looking at the profile folder, which likely has a strange, mostly unpronouceable name like "knsklwk.default" or "enknakjei.default-1573829300." Select all of the files and folders within the profile folder and drag them to the trash (recycle bin on Windows). This should leave you an empty profile folder.
- 7. Open the "Old Firefox Data" folder you located earlier.
- 8. Select all items in the "Old Firefox Data" folder.
- 9. Copy⁷ them to the profile folder.
- 10. Close both folders.
- 11. Start Firefox.

At this point, Firefox is running using the data you copied from the backup it made of your user profile from before the refresh.

Resources

Hopefully following the instructions above has left you with a better performing and more secure browser, and also fixed any problems you might've been having that led you here in the first place. Additional information and help can be found at these and other locations online.

For Firefox itself:

https://support.mozilla.org/products/firefox

Recovering old Firefox profile data:

https://support.mozilla.org/en-US/kb/recovering-importantdata-from-an-old-profile

• For extensions mentioned here:

⁷ This is *not* the same as simply dragging them from one place to another, as this will usually move them, not copy them. You want to copy them instead of moving them in case something goes wrong and you need to restart this procedure.

- https://addons.mozilla.org/firefox/addon/ublock-origin/ (uBlock Origin)
- https://www.eff.org/privacybadger (Privacy Badger)
- https://www.eff.org/https-everywhere (HTTPS Everywhere)