

♠ Practice







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# They all play cards

**⋒** locked



Problem

Submissions

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There are N cards, and on each card, there are numbers from 1 to M. Some on the top, remaining on the bottom. Check if there exists a configuration (after flipping some cards) such that you can see all numbers from 1 to M.

Formally,

Set 
$$S = \{1, 2, 3, \dots, M - 1, M\}$$

You are given N cards.  $C_1, C_2, \ldots C_N$ .

On each card  $C_i$ , there is a subset  $A_i$  of S on top, and subset  $B_i$  of S on the bottom.

 $A_i$  and  $B_i$  are disjoint and also,  $A_i$  is the complement of  $B_i$ .

Numbers in  $A_i$  are on top of  $C_i$ , and  $B_i$  on the bottom.

Initially all cards are faced up, and you can see numbers of  $A_i$ , and not  $B_i$ . If you flip the card, you can see  $B_i$ , but not  $A_i$ .

You need to tell whether, you can flip some of those N cards so that you can see all numbers from 1 to M.

#### Input Format

First line contains 2 spaced separated integers, N and M.

Each of the next  $oldsymbol{N}$  lines describes the cards.

On each line, the first number  $K_i$ , denotes the count of numbers written on the top of the card. Next  $K_i$  space-separated unique integers represent the numbers written on the top of that card, each between 1 and M.

## Constraints

$$1 <= N <= 2000$$

$$1 <= M <= 2000$$

$$1 <= K_i <= M$$

#### **Output Format**

Print "YES" if you can flip some of those N cards to see all numbers from 1 to M, and "NO" otherwise.

### Sample Input 0

1 3

3 1 2 3

## Sample Output 0

YES

Medium Submitted 11 times
Max Score 10