Icons and Svgs

This lesson discusses how we'll make icons and svgs play nice with our theme.

WE'LL COVER THE FOLLOWING ^

- Font icons
- Svgs

Font icons

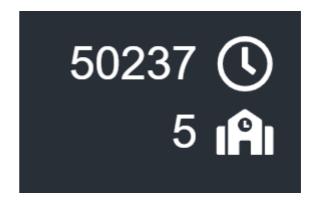
Font icons are the same as any text, so we don't have much to talk about here. Simply changing the color of the text will change the color of the icons:

• Light theme

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Dark



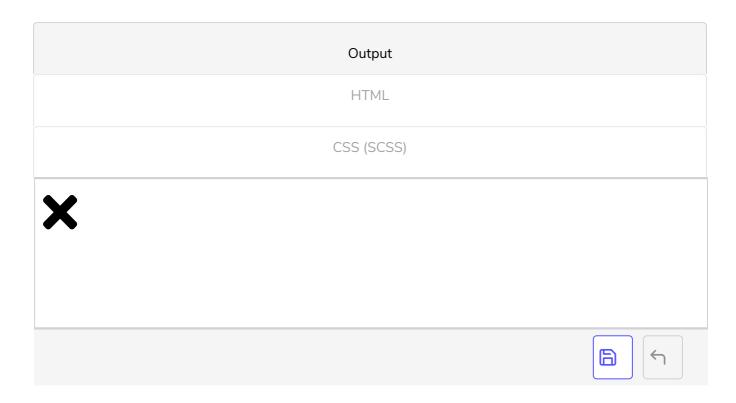
Svgs

An **svg** is another type of HTML element that helps us to manipulate and interact with different animated graphics and shapes.

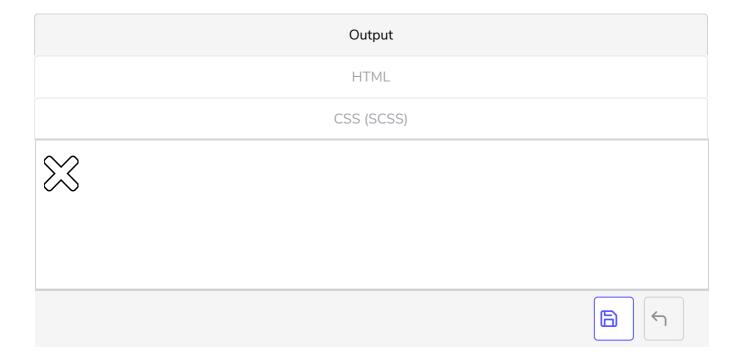
That is why they need some special attention. Unlike normal HTML elements, svgs aren't effected by background and color CSS properties. We use fill, stroke, and stroke-width to control the color. Let's quickly show what those properties control.

Horo's an ever that has a fill.

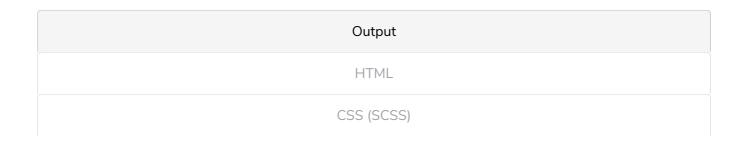
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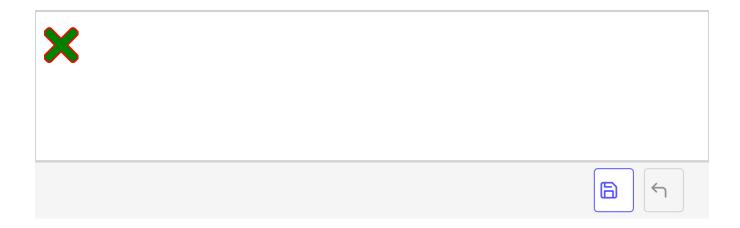


Here's an svg that has a stroke:



Here's an svg that has both a fill and a stroke:





Usually, we'll be using ready-made svgs we find on the web or ones that are given to us by a designer. For most of those svgs they'll only have a fill. We want simple svgs to act the same as text, meaning we want to color them as if they were text. We can do the following:

```
svg {
  fill: currentColor;
}
```

We're setting the fill property to currentColor, instructing the fill color to get its value from the currently inherited color value.

Note: This way of styling the svgs only works with inline svgs.

Since we're styling the svg, we can do whatever we want if it has a stroke too:

```
svg {
   // You could also use currentColor for the stroke and something else fo
r the fill if it has a fill.
   stroke: var(--primary);
}
```

That's it for icons and svgs. In the next lesson, you'll learn how to get programmatic access to design values.