

Sparse Labels

Understand sparse representation of labels.

Chapter Goals:

- Learn how to apply a sparse softmax cross entropy

A. Sparse representation

As mentioned in the Initialization chapter, the CIFAR-10 labels are sparsely represented. This means that, rather than being one-hot vectors, each label is just the index of its corresponding image class. Most datasets will use sparse representation for their labels, since it saves a ton of space compared to one-hot representation (especially if there are many image classes).

For training the model, we use a sparse version of softmax cross entropy. In TensorFlow, this is provided through the

`tf.nn.sparse_softmax_cross_entropy_with_logits` function.

Below we show the full code for setting up and training the model:

```
import tensorflow as tf

class SqueezeNetModel(object):
    # __init__ and other functions omitted

    # Set up and run model training
    def run_model_setup(self, inputs, labels):
        logits = self.model_layers(inputs, is_training)
        self.probs = tf.nn.softmax(logits, name='probs')
        self.predictions = tf.argmax(
            self.probs, axis=-1, name='predictions')
        is_correct = tf.equal(
            tf.cast(self.predictions, tf.int32),
            labels)
        is_correct_float = tf.cast(
            is_correct,
            tf.float32)
        self.accuracy = tf.reduce_mean(
            is_correct_float)
        # calculate cross entropy
        cross_entropy = tf.nn.sparse_softmax_cross_entropy_with_logits(
            labels=labels,
```



```
        logits=logits)
self.loss = tf.reduce_mean(
    cross_entropy)

adam = tf.train.AdamOptimizer()
self.train_op = adam.minimize(
    self.loss, global_step=self.global_step)
```

B. Image classification

The code below runs a squeezenet model that has been implemented in the backend. The model was trained on the CIFAR-10 dataset.

It will prompt you to upload your own image, and then print its guess for which of the CIFAR-10 classes your image depicts.

```
run_squeezenet_model()
```

