

# Template Parameter: Variadic Templates

In this lesson, we will learn about one of the powerful new tools of C++11: variadic templates.

## WE'LL COVER THE FOLLOWING ^

- Parameter pack

A **variadic template** is a template with an arbitrary number of parameters.

```
template <typename ... Args>
void variadicTemplate(Args ... args){ . . . }
```

## Parameter pack #

- By using the ellipse (...) **Args-** or **args** becomes a parameter pack
- **Args** is a template parameter pack, and **args** is a function parameter pack
- Parameter packs can only be packed or unpacked
- If the ellipse is left from **Args**, the parameter pack will be packed. If the ellipse is right from **Args**, the parameter pack will be unpacked.

The compiler can automatically deduce the template arguments.

Variadic Templates are often used in the Standard Template Library:

- **sizeof-Operator**, **std::tuple**, **std::thread**

The usage of parameter packs obeys a typical pattern.

- Perform an operation on the first element of the parameter pack and recursively invoke the operation on the remaining elements.
- The recursion ends after a finite number of steps.

- The boundary condition is typically a fully specialized template.

```
template<>
struct Mult<>{ ... }
template<int i, int ... tail >
struct Mult<i, tail ...>{ ...
```



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In the next lesson, we will examine examples of variadic templates.