The OrderRecord Class

Now, we'll examine the class which converts CSV lines to records.

we'll cover the following ^
• The conversion

The main class that is used to compute results is OrderRecord. It's a direct representation of a line from a CSV file.

```
class OrderRecord
{
  public:
    // constructors...

  double CalcRecordPrice() const noexcept;
  bool CheckDate(const Date& start, const Date& end) const noexcept;

  private:
    Date mDate;
    std::string mCouponCode;
    double mUnitPrice{ 0.0 };
    double mDiscount{ 0.0 }; // 0... 1.0
    unsigned int mQuantity{ 0 };
};
```

The conversion

Once we have lines we can convert them one by one into objects:

The code above is just a transformation it uses LingToPosond to do the hard

work:

```
[[nodiscard]] OrderRecord LineToRecord(std::string_view sv)
                                                                                        G
 const auto cols = SplitString(sv, CSV_DELIM);
 if (cols.size() == static_cast<size_t>(OrderRecord::ENUM_LENGTH))
   const auto unitPrice = TryConvert<double>(cols[OrderRecord::UNIT_PRICE]);
   const auto discount = TryConvert<double>(cols[OrderRecord::DISCOUNT]);
   const auto quantity = TryConvert<unsigned int>(cols[OrderRecord::QUANTITY]);
   if (unitPrice && discount && quantity)
     return { Date(cols[OrderRecord::DATE]),
              std::string(cols[OrderRecord::COUPON]),
              *unitPrice,
              *discount,
              *quantity };
   }
 }
 throw std::runtime_error("Cannot convert Record from " + std::string(sv));
}
```

Firstly, the line is split into columns, and then we can process each column.

If all elements are converted, then we can build a record.

For conversions of the elements we're using a small utility based on std::from_chars:

```
template<typename T>
[[nodiscard]] std::optional<T> TryConvert(std::string_view sv) noexcept
{
    T value{ };
    const auto last = sv.data() + sv.size();
    const auto res = std::from_chars(sv.data(), last, value);
    if (res.ec == std::errc{} && res.ptr == last)
        return value;
    return std::nullopt;
}
```

TryConvert uses std::from_chars and returns a converted value if there are no errors. As you remember, to guarantee that all characters were parsed, we also have to check res.ptr == last. Otherwise, the conversion might return success for input like "123xxx".

All that's left is to compute the actual sum.