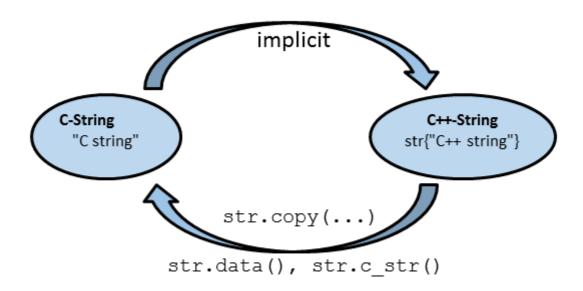
## Conversion Between C++ and C Strings

There are several ways to convert C++ strings to C strings. Let's go through them now.



While the conversion of a C string in a C+±string id done implicitly, you must explicitly request the conversion from a C+±string into a C string. str.copy() copies the content of a C+±string without the terminating \o character. str.data() and str.c\_str() includes the terminating null character.

## ♠ Be careful with str.data() and str.c\_str()

The return value of the two methods str.data() and std.c\_str() is invalid, if you modify the str.

```
#include <iostream>
#include <string>

int main(){

std::cout << std::endl;

std::string str{"C++-String"};
std::cout << str << std::endl;

str += " C-String";
std::cout << str << std::endl;

const char* cString= str.c str();</pre>
```

```
char buffer[10];
str.copy(buffer, 10);

str+= "works";
const char* cString2= cString;

std::string str2(buffer, buffer+10);
std::cout << str2 << std::endl;

std::cout << std::endl;
}</pre>
```







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