

Palettes, Swatches, and Color Schemes

This lesson goes into what palettes, swatches, and color schemes mean in our platform and how defining these will make it much easier to customize our apps.

WE'LL COVER THE FOLLOWING ^

- Palettes
- Swatches
- Color schemes

Palettes

A color palette is a collection of colors we might want to use.



It's important to prepare a palette as this makes our usage of colors consistent throughout the app.

Swatches

A swatch is a sample of a color chosen from a range of similar colors. It's very common to use several swatches of a color in different scenarios.



For each swatch, there's a CSS variable. This is how we'll name our swatches:

```
--{color-name}-{swatch}
```

The `{swatch}` is a number, by default **50**, **75**, **100**, **200**, **300**, **400**, or **500**.

This gives us variables for a single color (for example, for the `blue` color):

```
--blue-50: #e3edff;  
--blue-75: #c7dcff;  
--blue-100: #b4d0ff;  
--blue-200: #a2c5ff;  
--blue-300: #8fb9ff;  
--blue-400: #69a1ff;  
--blue-500: #448aff;
```

Note: Sometimes, we might need a blue to use as the text color. Usually, using `--blue-500` won't be good enough, so we'll define an additional `--{color-name}-text` variable for each color to be used exclusively for texts. We'll learn more about this in a later lesson.

These are the default swatches, but in a later section you'll learn how you can customize this in `css-theming`.

Color schemes

Choosing a color scheme involves handpicking certain colors and giving them a **meaning** in our app. An example of this is picking a *blue* and using that as the *primary* color of our app. We call this a **semantic color** when we refer to it, as it visualizes a meaning in the app instead of a raw color.

Here's an example of a color scheme:

primary

Sample



success

Sample



info

Sample



warning

Sample



danger

Sample



In this example, and from what we see in the figure, we have decided that we'll use **purple** as the color for **primary**. Assuming we use **primary** as the accent in our app, this means we'll be seeing **purple** in those places. The same applies to the other semantic colors.

Note: Semantic colors are not set in stone, we should be able to add to these and change them to whatever we think is useful in our app.

Defining a color scheme is liberating when developing components, as we don't have to think about exact colors, we simply choose a semantic color that has the appropriate meaning.

This also makes it easier to create a different theme that updates the whole feel of the app simply by changing a semantic color. Below we're changing the **primary** semantic color to show you the effect:

- Indigo as the **primary** color:



- Green as the **primary** color:



That's how palettes, swatches and color schemes provide us with wide-range flexibility to design a UI. The next lesson explains what theme brightness is.