## **Strings in Constant Expressions**

Now, we'll learn why string\_view works with constant expressions.

The interesting property of <a href="string\_view">string\_view</a> is that all of the methods are marked as <a href="constexpr">constexpr</a> (except for <a href="copy">copy</a>, <a href="operator">operator</a> <a href="copy">and <a href="std::hash">std::hash</a> functions specialised for string views). With this capability, you can work on strings at compile time.

## For example:

```
#include <iostream>
#include <string_view>
using namespace std;
using namespace std::literals;

int main() {
   constexpr auto strv = "Hello Programming World"sv;
   constexpr auto strvCut = strv.substr("Hello "sv.size());

   static_assert(strvCut == "Programming World"sv);
   cout << strvCut.size();
}</pre>
```

A similar version of such code, but with <a href="std::string">std::string</a> would generate much more code. Since the example uses long strings, then Small String Optimisation is not possible, and then the compiler must generate code for <a href="new/delete">new/delete</a> to manage the memory of the strings.

We're almost at the end of our discussion on <a href="string\_view">string\_view</a>. We will now point out the similarities between this class and the boost library functions.