- Examples

Below, we can find some examples of copy and move semantics in action.

WE'LL COVER THE FOLLOWING Copying and moving strings Explanation Swap Explanation BigArray Explanation

Copying and moving strings

```
#include <iostream>
#include <string>
#include <utility>
int main(){
  std::string str1{"ABCDEF"};
  std::string str2;
  std::cout << "\n";</pre>
  // initial value
  std::cout << "str1 = " << str1 << std::endl;
  std::cout << "str2 = " << str2 << std::endl;
  // copy semantic
  str2= str1;
  std::cout << "str2 = str1;\n";</pre>
  std::cout << "str1 = " << str1 << std::endl;</pre>
  std::cout << "str2 = " << str2 << std::endl;
  std::cout << "\n";</pre>
  std::string str3;
  // initial value
  std::cout << "str1 = " << str1 << std::endl;
```

```
std::cout << "str3 = " << str3 << std::endl;

// move semantic

str3= std::move(str1);
std::cout << "str3 = std::move(str1);\n";
std::cout << "str1 = " << str1 << std::endl;
std::cout << "str3 = " << str3 << std::endl;

std::cout << "\n";
}</pre>
```

Explanation

- In the example above, we are demonstrating how the value of str1 can be transferred to strings using the copy semantic and the move semantic.
- In line 17, we have used the copy semantic and the string "ABCDEF" is present in both str1 and str2. We can say the value has been copied from str1 to str3.
- In line 31, we have used the move semantic and now the string "ABCDEF" is present only in str3 and not in str1. We can say the value has moved from str1 to str3.

Swap

```
#include <algorithm>
#include <iostream>
#include <vector>
template <typename T>
void swap(T& a, T& b){
   T tmp(std::move(a));
    a = std::move(b);
    b = std::move(tmp);
}
struct MyData{
  std::vector<int> myData;
  MyData():myData({1, 2, 3, 4, 5}){}
  // copy semantic
  MyData(const MyData& m):myData(m.myData){
    std::cout << "copy constructor" << std::endl;</pre>
  MyData& operator=(const MyData& m){
    myData = m.myData;
```

```
std::cout << "copy assignment operator" << std::endl;
return *this;
}

};
int main(){

std::cout << std::endl;

MyData a, b;
swap(a, b);
std::cout << std::endl;
};</pre>
```



- The example shows a simple swap function that uses the move semantic internally. MyData doesn't support move semantics.
- Line 7 invokes the copy constructor in line 18.
- Lines 8 and 9 invoke the copy assignment operator defined in line 22.
- When we invoke move on an only copyable type, copy-semantic will kick
 in as fallback to move-semantic. The reason is that an rvalue is first
 bound to an rvalue reference and second to a const lvalue reference. The
 copy constructor and the copy assignment operator take constant lvalue
 references.

BigArray

```
#include <algorithm>
#include <chrono>
#include <iostream>
#include <vector>

using std::cout;
using std::endl;

using std::chrono::system_clock;
using std::chrono::duration;

using std::vector;

class BigArray{
```

```
public:
  BigArray(size_t len): len_(len), data_(new int[len]){}
  BigArray(const BigArray& other): len_(other.len_), data_(new int[other.len_]){
    cout << "Copy construction of " << other.len_ << " elements "<< endl;</pre>
    std::copy(other.data_, other.data_ + len_, data_);
  BigArray& operator = (const BigArray& other){
     cout << "Copy assignment of " << other.len_ << " elements "<< endl;</pre>
     if (this != &other){
        delete[] data_;
        len_ = other.len_;
        data_ = new int[len_];
        std::copy(other.data_, other.data_ + len_, data_);
     return *this;
  ~BigArray(){
     if (data_ != nullptr) delete[] data_;
private:
  size_t len_;
  int* data ;
};
int main(){
  cout << endl;</pre>
  vector<BigArray> myVec;
  auto begin = system_clock::now();
  myVec.push_back(BigArray(100000000));
  auto end = system_clock::now() - begin;
  auto timeInSeconds = duration<double>(end).count();
  cout << endl;</pre>
  cout << "time in seconds: " << timeInSeconds << endl;</pre>
  cout << endl;</pre>
```

Explanation

• BigArray only supports copy semantic. This is a performance issue in line 53. The containers of the standard template library have copy-semantic.

• This means, that they want to copy all elements. If BigArray would have

move-semantic implemented, move-semantic would have been used automatically in line 53, because the constructor call,

BigArray(100000000), creates an rvalue.

Let's test our understanding of this topic with an exercise in the next lesson.