Compare

All the general comparison operators work on containers.

Containers support the comparison operators ==, !=, <, >, <=, >=. The comparison of two containers happens on the elements of the containers. If you compare associative containers, their key is compared. Unordered associative containers support only the comparison operator == and !=.

```
// containerComparison.cpp
#include <iostream>
#include <array>
#include <set>
#include <unordered map>
#include <vector>
using namespace std;
//output 1 represents true and 0 represents false
int main(){
 vector<int> vec1{1, 2, 3, 4};
  vector<int> vec2{1, 2, 3, 4};
  cout << (vec1 == vec2) << endl;</pre>
                                          // 1
  array<int, 4> arr1{1, 2, 3, 4};
  array<int, 4> arr2{1, 2, 3, 4};
  cout << (arr1 == arr2) << endl;</pre>
                                          // 1
  set<int> set1{1, 2, 3, 4};
  set<int> set2{4, 3, 2, 1};
  cout << (set1 == set2) << endl;</pre>
                                       // 1
  set<int> set3{1, 2, 3, 4, 5};
  cout << (set1 < set3) << endl;</pre>
                                          // 1
  set<int> set4{1, 2, 3, -3};
                                         // 1
  cout << (set1 > set4) << endl;</pre>
  unordered_map<int, string> uSet1{{1, "one"}, {2, "two"}};
  unordered_map<int, string> uSet2{{1, "one"}, {2, "Two"}};
  cout << (uSet1 == uSet2) << endl;</pre>
  return 0;
}
```







Comparison of a container