assertNotSame() method

This lesson demonstrates how to use assertNotSame method in JUnit 5 to assert test conditions.

WE'LL COVER THE FOLLOWING ^

- assertNotSame() method
- Demo
- Explanation -

assertNotSame() method

Assertions API provide static assertNotSame() method. This method helps us in validating that expected and actual do not refer to the exact same object. JUnit uses == operator to perform this assert.

- If the actual and expected value refers to the same object then the test case will fail.
- If the actual and expected value does not refer to the same object then the test case will pass.

There are basically three useful overloaded methods for assertNotSame:-

```
public static void assertNotSame(Object actual)
public static void assertNotSame(Object actual, String message)
public static void assertNotSame(Object actual, Supplier<>> messageSupplier)
```

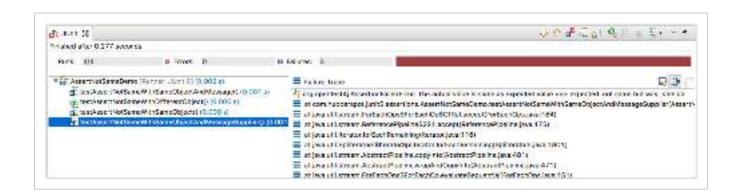
Demo

Let's look into the usage of the above methods:-

```
package io.educative.junit5;
import static org.junit.jupiter.api.Assertions.assertNotSame;
```

```
import org.junit.jupiter.api.Test;
public class AssertNotSameDemo {
        @Test
        public void testAssertNotSameWithDifferentObject() {
                String actual = "hello";
                String expected = "hell";
                assertNotSame(expected, actual);
        }
        @Test
        public void testAssertNotSameWithSameObject() {
                String actual = "hello";
                String expected = "hello";
                assertNotSame(expected, actual);
        }
        @Test
        public void testAssertNotSameWithSameObjectAndMessage() {
                String actual = "hello";
                String expected = "hello";
                assertNotSame(expected, actual, "The actual value is same as expected value")
        }
        @Test
        public void testAssertNotSameWithSameObjectAndMessageSupplier() {
                String actual = "hello";
                String expected = "hello";
                assertNotSame(expected, actual, () -> "The actual value is same as expected \
        }
}
                                                                            A
```

Run AssertNotSameDemo class as JUnit Test.



Explanation -

In the AssertNotSameDemo class, there are 4 @Test methods. These 4 methods demonstrate the working of the above 3 overloaded methods of

assertNotSame:-

- 1. testAssertNotSameWithDifferentObject It asserts that actual value does not refer to same expected object. Here, the expected value and actual value passed to assertNotSame() are hell and hello. Thus, it passes the Junit test case because assertNotSame finds actual and expected objects not same.
- 2. testAssertNotSameWithSameObject It asserts that actual value does not refer to same expected object. Here, the expected value and actual value passed to assertNotSame() is hello. Thus, it fails the Junit test case with AssertionFailedError: expected: not same but was: <hello> because 'hello' and 'hello' are same String objects.
- 3. testAssertNotSameWithSameObjectAndMessage It asserts that actual value does not refer to same expected object. Here, the expected value and actual value passed to assertNotSame() is hello. Thus, it fails the Junit test case with AssertionFailedError: The actual value is same as expected value ==> expected: not same but was: <hello> because 'hello' and 'hello' are same String objects. It gives AssertionFailedError followed by String message we provide to assertNotSame() method.
- 4. testAssertNotSameWithSameObjectAndMessageSupplier It asserts that actual value does not refer to same expected object. Here, the expected value and actual value passed to assertNotSame() is hello. Thus, it fails the Junit test case with AssertionFailedError: The actual value is same as expected value ==> expected: not same but was: <hello> because hello and hello are same String objects. It gives AssertionFailedError followed by lazily evaluated String message we provide to assertNotSame() method, as lambda expression.

In the next lesson, we will look into assertArrayEquals() and assertIterableEquals() assertions.