Evaluation Mode

Chapter Goals:

• Set up the regression function's evaluation code

A. Evaluating the model

When evaluating the model, we use mean absolute error as the metric. This is because our goal is to get the model's sales predictions as close to the actual labels as possible, which is equivalent to minimizing the mean absolute error between predictions and labels.

Since we use the same evaluation metric as the loss function, this makes the evaluation code extremely easy. We just need to return an EstimatorSpec containing the model's loss on the evaluation set.

```
mode = tf.estimator.ModeKeys.TRAIN
estimator_spec = tf.estimator.EstimatorSpec(
    mode, loss=loss, train_op=train_op)

Creating the EstimatorSpec for training. The train_op variable is used for minimizing the loss
```

Time to Code!

All code for this chapter goes in the regression_fn function.

The code for this chapter focuses on model evaluation. Since we evaluate the model using mean absolute error, which is the same as the loss function, we don't need to do anything other than return the EstimatorSpec.

Outside the if block from the previous chapter, create another if block. This one should check if mode is equal to tf.estimator.ModeKeys.EVAL.

Inside the if block, return tf.estimator.EstimatorSpec initialized with mode as the required argument and loss as the loss keyword argument.

```
class SalesModel(object):
                                                                                        G
 def __init__(self, hidden_layers):
   self.hidden_layers = hidden_layers
 def regression_fn(self, features, labels, mode, params):
   feature_columns = create_feature_columns()
   inputs = tf.feature_column.input_layer(features, feature_columns)
   batch_predictions = self.model_layers(inputs)
   predictions = tf.squeeze(batch_predictions)
   if labels is not None:
     loss = tf.losses.absolute_difference(labels, predictions)
   if mode == tf.estimator.ModeKeys.TRAIN:
     global_step = tf.train.get_or_create_global_step()
     adam = tf.train.AdamOptimizer()
     train op = adam.minimize(
       loss, global_step=global_step)
     return tf.estimator.EstimatorSpec(mode, loss=loss, train_op=train_op)
   # CODE HERE
 def model_layers(self, inputs):
   layer = inputs
   for num nodes in self.hidden layers:
     layer = tf.layers.dense(layer, num_nodes,
       activation=tf.nn.relu)
   batch_predictions = tf.layers.dense(layer, 1)
   return batch_predictions
```









