Solution Review: Inheritance

This lesson discusses the solution for the inheritance problem in the previous lesson.

```
we'll cover the following ^
• Solution:
```

Solution:

Notice that in line 18 Square inherits from Rectangle and in line 22, it accesses the constructor of the Rectangle class using super(). If you remove super().__init__(x1, y1, x2, y2) from line 22, then code will give an error.

In the end, we created two instances of the Square class and calculated their area to test if the inheritance code is correct.

```
class Rectangle:
 def __init__(self, x1, y1, x2, y2): # class constructor
   self.x1 = x1 # class variable
    self.y1 = y1 # class variable
    self.x2 = x2 # class variable
   self.y2 = y2 # class variable
 def width(self):
   return self.x2 - self.x1
 def height(self):
   return self.y2 - self.y1
 def area(self):
    return self.width() * self.height()
#write your code here
class Square(Rectangle):
 def __init__(self, x1, y1, length):
   x2 = x1 + length
   y2 = y1 + length
    super().__init__(x1, y1, x2, y2)
# test your code here
square = Square (2, 7, 7)
print("Length: " + str(square.width()) + ", Area: " + str(square.area()))
square 2 - Square (1 3 5)
```

```
print("Length: " + str(square2.width()) + ", Area: " + str(square2.area()))
```

In the next chapter, we will study a new concept - iterators in Python.