Challenge 2: Implement and Override a Method

Can you override the CalcArea() method in a derived class? A solution is placed in the solution section to help you, but we suggest you try to solve it on your own first.

WE'LL COVER THE FOLLOWING ^

- Polymorphism in Shapes
- Problem Statement
 - Input
 - Output
 - Sample Input
 - Sample Output
- Coding Exercise

Polymorphism in Shapes

Shapes are a perfect example of polymorphism. There are many types of shapes, e.g., circles, triangles, squares, rectangles, etc. Each of these shapes has an *area* but the way it is calculated is different for each shape. For example, a square's area will be calculated as follows:

$$SquareArea = (side)^2$$

On the other hand, the area of a circle will be calculated as follows:

$$CircleArea = pi * r^2$$

Consider we have a base class, Shape, and a derived class, Circle.

Problem Statement

Write a method in the Circle class which overrides the virtual method CalcArea() and returns double in the Shape class. The overriding method calculates the area of a circle and returns it

arculates the area of a chiefe and retains it.

The value of Pi is 3.14.

You are given a partially completed code in the editor. Modify the code so that the code prints the following:

Input

A radius

Output

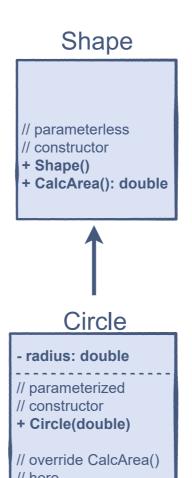
The area of the circle with the given radius

Sample Input

```
Shape circle = new Circle(2);
```

Sample Output

```
circle.CalcArea() = 12.56
```



// Here

Based and Derived Classes Structure

Coding Exercise

First, take a close look and design a step-by-step algorithm before jumping to the implementation. This problem is designed for practice, so try to solve it on your own. If you get stuck, you can always refer to the solution provided in the solution review.

Good luck!

Uncomment lines 4 and 7 before writing your solution.

```
// Derived Class
class Circle : Shape {

//private double _radius; // Uncomment this line

public Circle(double radius) { // Parameterized Constructor
    //this._radius = radius; // Uncomment this line
  }

// Override the Method CalcArea() which returns the area of a Circle
  // Write your code here
}
```

The solution will be explained in the next lesson.