# Well Architected Framework: Security

#### **Security Design Principles**

- 1. Apply security at all layers. E.g. Subnet, ACL's Ports that are open on the Load Balancer.
- 2. Enable tractability. E.g. ability to audit changes using load
- 3. Automate responses to security events E.g. if you detect someone trying to brute force port 22 then it triggers an SNS notification for someone to look at.
- 4. Focus on securing your system E.g. you are responsible for securing your data, your application, and your OS.
- 5. Automate security best practices E.g. look into "center for internet security" to understand how to harden images for Bastion jump boxes.

### Security in the cloud consists of 4 areas

- 1. Data Protection
- 2. Privilege Management
- 3. Infrastructure Protection
- 4. Detective Controls

#### Best Practices – Data Protection

- 1. Encrypt data at rest
- 2. Encrypt data in motion
- 3. Regular key rotation
- 4. Detailed logging of changes and access to files
- 5. Versioning to protect against accidental overwrite deletes

## Best Practices - Privilege Management

Ensures that only authorized and authenticated users are able to access the

resources: Privilege Management can be done using:

- 1. Access Control Lists (ACLs)
- 2. Role Based Access Controls
- 3. Password Management (password rotation)

