Exported names

This lesson discusses how to refer to exported names and how to use them after importing their package

we'll cover the following ^

• How to Export

How to Export

After importing a package, you can refer to the names it exports (meaning variables, methods, and functions that are available from outside of the package). In Go, a name is exported if it begins with a capital letter. Foo is an exported name, as is FOO. The name foo is not exported.

See the difference between:



As you can see the code above gave an error as lowercase cannot be exported. On the other hand, the code below will run fine as Pi is begins with a capital letter so can be exported.

letter so can be exported.



Pi is exported and can be accessed from outside the package, while **pi** isn't available.

Use the provided Go documentation or godoc.org to find exported names.

Below is another *exported names* example:



The next lesson will cover *functions* and *return* values. Read on to find out more!