Data Visualization Project

Three alternative visualizations of the same artificial data shall be re-created. All three visualizations show the same fictitious genomic annotations together with fictitious RNA binding protein data. The visualizations are an example for RNA binding protein signals as well as the genomic annotations. Recreate each of the shown figures. Two different datasets are provided for this task:

10_project_data_annotations.csv

10_project_data_signals.csv

The 10_project_data_annotations.csv file contains fictitious genomic information as visualized in all bottom panels of the example plots. Each horizontal line represents a transcript. A transcript can contain multiple exons (grey rectangles). Transcripts can be located on the '+' or on the '-' strand of the DNA.

10_project_data_signals.csv contains fictitious signals of four RNA binding proteins (P1, P2, P3, P4).

NOTE - The data is not important, it's just a dummy data. The main thing was the representation.

Type-1

```
In [22]:
         #IMPORTING ALL NECESSARY LIBRARIRES
         import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
         import matplotlib.cm as cm
         from matplotlib.patches import Rectangle
         import matplotlib.gridspec as gridspec
         import pandas as pd
         import numpy as np
         #to download in pdf format
         !pip install Pyppeteer
         !pyppeteer-install
        Requirement already satisfied: Pyppeteer in c:\users\ameyb\anaconda3\lib\site-packages
         (1.0.2)
        Requirement already satisfied: appdirs<2.0.0,>=1.4.3 in c:\users\ameyb\anaconda3\lib\sit
        e-packages (from Pyppeteer) (1.4.4)
        Requirement already satisfied: certifi>=2021 in c:\users\ameyb\anaconda3\lib\site-packag
        es (from Pyppeteer) (2023.5.7)
        Requirement already satisfied: importlib-metadata>=1.4 in c:\users\ameyb\anaconda3\lib\s
        ite-packages (from Pyppeteer) (6.0.0)
        Requirement already satisfied: pyee<9.0.0,>=8.1.0 in c:\users\ameyb\anaconda3\lib\site-p
        ackages (from Pyppeteer) (8.2.2)
        Requirement already satisfied: tqdm<5.0.0,>=4.42.1 in c:\users\ameyb\anaconda3\lib\site-
        packages (from Pyppeteer) (4.65.0)
        Requirement already satisfied: urllib3<2.0.0,>=1.25.8 in c:\users\ameyb\anaconda3\lib\si
        te-packages (from Pyppeteer) (1.26.16)
        Requirement already satisfied: websockets<11.0,>=10.0 in c:\users\ameyb\anaconda3\lib\si
        te-packages (from Pyppeteer) (10.4)
        Requirement already satisfied: zipp>=0.5 in c:\users\ameyb\anaconda3\lib\site-packages
        (from importlib-metadata>=1.4->Pyppeteer) (3.11.0)
        Requirement already satisfied: colorama in c:\users\ameyb\anaconda3\lib\site-packages (f
        rom tqdm<5.0.0,>=4.42.1->Pyppeteer) (0.4.6)
        chromium is already installed.
```

```
In [23]: #READING DATA
    df = pd.read_csv("D:/LSI Proj/datavis_final_project_23/10_project_data_annotation.csv")
    df

Out[23]: name type start stop strand
```

```
stop strand
   name
              type
                     start
0 geneA transcript
                     2000
                            7764
                     2700
                            5100
1 geneA
              exon
  geneA
              exon
                     6000
                            6800
                          12720
  geneB transcript
                     9000
                     9900
                           10100
  geneB
              exon
                   11000
                          11500
  geneB
              exon
  geneB
                   11900
                          12450
              exon
7 geneC transcript
                  14850
                          18000
 geneC
              exon 15700 17090
```

```
In [24]: #READING DATA
rbp = pd.read_csv("D:/LSI Proj/datavis_final_project_23/10_project_data_signals.csv")
rbp
```

```
P1
                       P2
                            P3
Out[24]:
                                  P4
              0 0.28
                     0.14 0.19 0.19
              1 0.30 0.16 0.17 0.20
              2 0.26 0.13 0.20 0.12
              3 0.21 0.13 0.25 0.15
              4 0.31 0.03 0.24 0.20
                      ...
          19995 0.27 0.13 0.27 0.13
          19996 0.24 0.16 0.20 0.09
          19997 0.23 0.19 0.18 0.14
          19998
                0.25 0.10 0.17 0.09
          19999 0.21 0.16 0.29 0.09
```

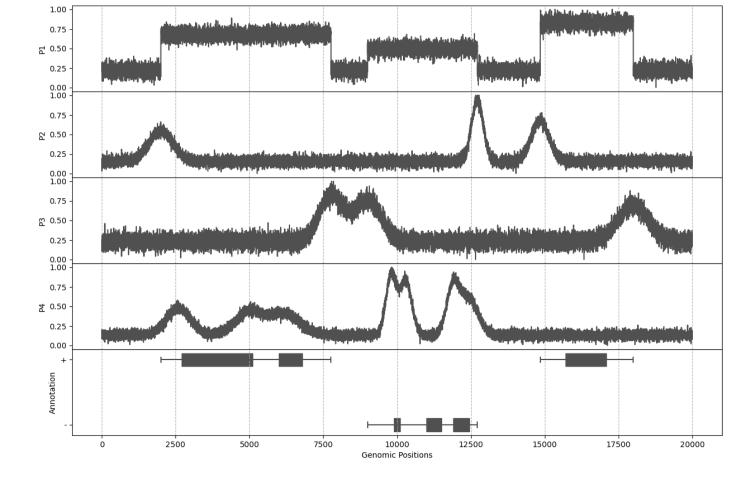
20000 rows × 4 columns

```
In [25]: pd.options.mode.chained_assignment = None

#Plotting for RNA binding proteins from P1 to P4
fig, axs = plt.subplots(5, 1, figsize=(15, 10), sharex=True)
fig.subplots_adjust(hspace=0)
axs[0].plot(rbp.P1, c= "#505050")
axs[0].set_yticks(np.arange(0,1.25,0.25))
axs[0].set_ylabel("P1")
axs[0].grid(True, which ='major', axis='x', linestyle='--')
axs[1].plot(rbp.P2, c= "#505050")
axs[1].set_yticks(np.arange(0,1.25,0.25))
axs[1].set_ylabel("P2")
axs[1].grid(True, which ='major', axis='x', linestyle='--')
axs[2].plot(rbp.P3, c= "#505050")
```

```
axs[2].set yticks(np.arange(0,1.25,0.25))
axs[2].set ylabel("P3")
axs[2].grid(True, which ='major', axis='x', linestyle='--')
axs[3].plot(rbp.P4, c= "#505050")
axs[3].set yticks(np.arange(0,1.25,0.25))
axs[3].set ylabel("P4")
axs[3].grid(True, which ='major', axis='x', linestyle='--')
exon df = df[df['type'] == 'exon']
exon df["y"] = np.where(exon <math>df['strand'] == '+', 1, 0)
exon df['width'] = exon df['stop'] - exon df['start']
#choosing the rows with transcript type and creating different column y to store strand
trans df = df[df['type'] == 'transcript']
trans df["y"] = np.where(trans <math>df['strand'] == '+', 1, 0)
#plotting the horizontal lines for the transcript
axs[4].hlines(trans df["y"].iloc[0], trans df["start"].iloc[0], trans df["stop"].iloc[0]
axs[4].hlines(trans df["y"].iloc[1], trans df["start"].iloc[1], trans df["stop"].iloc[1]
axs[4].hlines(trans df["y"].iloc[2], trans df["start"].iloc[2], trans df["stop"].iloc[2]
#plotting the vertical lines for ends of the transcript
axs[4].vlines(trans df["start"].iloc[0], trans df["y"].iloc[0]-0.05, trans df["y"].iloc[
axs[4].vlines(trans df["stop"].iloc[0], trans df["y"].iloc[0]-0.05, trans df["y"].iloc[0]
axs[4].vlines(trans df["start"].iloc[1], trans df["y"].iloc[1]-0.05, trans df["y"].iloc[
axs[4].vlines(trans df["stop"].iloc[1], trans df["y"].iloc[1]-0.05, trans df["y"].iloc[1
axs[4].vlines(trans df["start"].iloc[2], trans df["y"].iloc[2]-0.05, trans df["y"].iloc[
axs[4].vlines(trans df["stop"].iloc[2], trans df["y"].iloc[2]-0.05, trans df["y"].iloc[2]
#using Rectangle patch for the denotion of exon
for i in range(len(exon df)):
    rectangle= Rectangle((exon df["start"].iloc[i],exon df['y'].iloc[i]-0.2/2),width=exo
   axs[4].add patch(rectangle)
axs[4].grid(True, which ='major', axis='x', linestyle='--')
axs[4].set yticks([0,1])
axs[4].set yticklabels(["-", "+"])
axs[4].set ylabel("Annotation")
axs[4].set xlabel("Genomic Positions")
```

Out[25]: Text(0.5, 0, 'Genomic Positions')

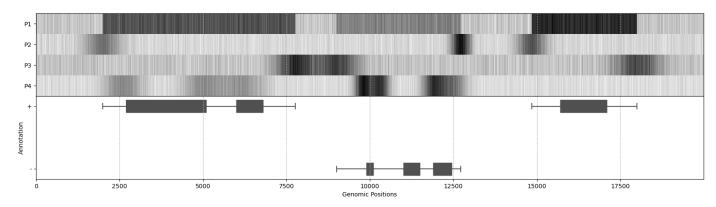


Type-2

```
#creating 2 rows and 1 column for plotting
In [26]:
         fig, axs = plt.subplots(2,1, sharex=True)
         fig.set size inches(20,5)
         #merging the two plots
         fig.subplots adjust(hspace=0)
         #creating variables for the pcolormesh function
        x = np.arange(0, len(rbp["P1"]))
         y = np.arange(0, len(rbp.columns))
         c = [rbp.P4, rbp.P3, rbp.P2, rbp.P1]
         #plotting the 1st map with pcolormesh
         axs[0].pcolormesh(x, y, c, shading = "nearest", cmap = "gray r")
         axs[0].set yticks([0,1,2,3])
         axs[0].set_yticklabels(["P4", "P3", "P2", "P1"])
         axs[0].grid(True, which='major', axis='x', linestyle='--')
        axs[1].hlines(trans df["y"].iloc[0], trans df["start"].iloc[0], trans df["stop"].iloc[0]
        axs[1].hlines(trans df["y"].iloc[1], trans df["start"].iloc[1], trans df["stop"].iloc[1]
         axs[1].hlines(trans df["y"].iloc[2], trans df["start"].iloc[2], trans df["stop"].iloc[2]
        axs[1].vlines(trans df["start"].iloc[0], trans df["y"].iloc[0]-0.05, trans df["y"].iloc[
         axs[1].vlines(trans df["stop"].iloc[0], trans df["y"].iloc[0]-0.05, trans df["y"].iloc[0
         axs[1].vlines(trans df["start"].iloc[1], trans df["y"].iloc[1]-0.05, trans df["y"].iloc[
        axs[1].vlines(trans df["stop"].iloc[1], trans df["y"].iloc[1]-0.05, trans df["y"].iloc[1
        axs[1].vlines(trans df["start"].iloc[2], trans df["y"].iloc[2]-0.05, trans df["y"].iloc[
         axs[1].vlines(trans df["stop"].iloc[2], trans df["y"].iloc[2]-0.05, trans df["y"].iloc[2
         for i in range(len(exon df)):
```

```
rectangle= Rectangle((exon_df["start"].iloc[i],exon_df['y'].iloc[i]-0.2/2),width=exo
    axs[1].add_patch(rectangle)
axs[1].grid(True, which ='major', axis='x', linestyle='--')
axs[1].set_yticks([0,1])
axs[1].set_yticklabels(["-", "+"])
axs[1].set_ylabel("Annotation")
axs[1].set_xlabel("Genomic Positions")
```

Out[26]: Text(0.5, 0, 'Genomic Positions')

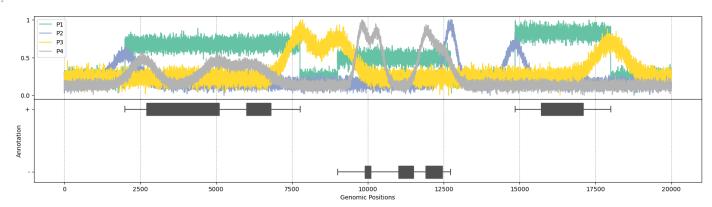


Type-3

```
In [27]: fig, axs = plt.subplots(2,1, sharex=True)
         fig.set size inches (20,5)
         fig.subplots adjust(hspace=0)
         #creating color list for storing colors
         color= ["#66C2A5", "#8DA0CB", "#FFD92F", "#B3B3B3"]
         #plotting all rna binding graphs in a single graph
         axs[0].plot(rbp.P1, color=color[0], label="P1")
         axs[0].plot(rbp.P2, color=color[1], label="P2")
         axs[0].plot(rbp.P3, color=color[2], label="P3")
         axs[0].plot(rbp.P4, color=color[3], label="P4")
         axs[0].grid(True, which ='major', axis='x', linestyle='--')
         axs[0].set yticks(np.arange(0, 1.25, 0.5))
         axs[0].set yticklabels([0.0, 0.5, 1])
         axs[0].legend(loc="upper left")
         axs[1].hlines(trans df["y"].iloc[0], trans df["start"].iloc[0], trans df["stop"].iloc[0]
         axs[1].hlines(trans df["y"].iloc[1], trans df["start"].iloc[1], trans df["stop"].iloc[1]
         axs[1].hlines(trans df["y"].iloc[2], trans df["start"].iloc[2], trans df["stop"].iloc[2]
         axs[1].vlines(trans df["start"].iloc[0], trans df["y"].iloc[0]-0.05, trans df["y"].iloc[
         axs[1].vlines(trans df["stop"].iloc[0], trans df["y"].iloc[0]-0.05, trans df["y"].iloc[0
         axs[1].vlines(trans df["start"].iloc[1], trans df["y"].iloc[1]-0.05, trans df["y"].iloc[
         axs[1].vlines(trans df["stop"].iloc[1], trans df["y"].iloc[1]-0.05, trans df["y"].iloc[1
         axs[1].vlines(trans df["start"].iloc[2], trans df["y"].iloc[2]-0.05, trans df["y"].iloc[
         axs[1].vlines(trans df["stop"].iloc[2], trans df["y"].iloc[2]-0.05, trans df["y"].iloc[2
         for i in range(len(exon df)):
             rectangle= Rectangle((exon df["start"].iloc[i],exon df['y'].iloc[i]-0.2/2),width=exo
             axs[1].add patch(rectangle)
         axs[1].grid(True, which ='major', axis='x', linestyle='--')
         axs[1].set yticks([0,1])
         axs[1].set yticklabels(["-", "+"])
         axs[1].set ylabel("Annotation")
         axs[1].set xlabel("Genomic Positions")
```

Text(0.5, 0, 'Genomic Positions')

Out[27]:



Type 4

In this task, two additional plots shall be added to create a figure with multiple panels. Two additional datasets are provided:

10_project_data_scatter.csv contains the data needed to create the shown scatter plot

10_project_data_barplot.csv contains the data needed to create the shown bar plot

```
In [28]: df2 = pd.read_csv("D:/LSI Proj/datavis_final_project_23/10_project_data_barplot.csv")
    df2
```

Out[28]:		Unnamed: 0	condition_a_sample_1	condition_a_sample_2	control
	0	XY	756	619	689
	1	XZ	2411	2189	782
	2	YX	577	821	689
	3	YZ	743	781	719

```
In [29]: df1 = pd.read_csv("D:/LSI Proj/datavis_final_project_23/10_project_data_scatter.csv")
    df1
```

Out[29]: **x2** х1 8.41 5.43 9.56 3.92 10.83 1.80 11.14 2.32 11.41 1.41 1995 8.76 1.49 1996 9.89 4.09 1997 10.60 4.36 1998 10.83 2.96 1999 11.52 2.29

```
In [30]: fig = plt.figure(constrained layout = True)
         fig.set size inches (15,12)
         #creating the layout for the graphs
        gs = fig.add gridspec(2, 2)
         ax1 = fig.add subplot(gs[0, 0])
        ax2 = fig.add subplot(gs[0, 1])
         #plotting x1 and x2 with scatterplot
         ax1.scatter(df1["x1"], df1["x2"], s= 170, facecolors="none", edgecolors="black", alpha=0
        ax1.set xticks([8,10,12])
        ax1.set xticklabels([8,12,15])
        ax1.set xlabel("X1")
        ax1.set ylabel("X2")
        ax1.grid(True, which ='major', linestyle='dotted', zorder=10)
        x = np.arange(len(df2)) # the label locations
        width = 0.17 # the width of the bars
         #plotting the grouped bar plots
        ax2.bar(x-0.2, df2["condition a sample 1"], width, color='black', zorder=7, label = "Con
        ax2.bar(x, df2["condition a sample 2"], width, color='black', zorder=7)
        ax2.bar(x+0.2, df2["control"], width, color='red', zorder=7, label = "Control")
        ax2.set xticks([0, 1, 2, 3])
        ax2.set_xticklabels(['X ->Y', 'X ->Z', 'Y ->X', 'Y ->Z'])
        ax2.set ylabel("Number of events")
         ax2.grid(True, which ='major', axis='y', linestyle='dotted', zorder=0)
        ax2.legend()
         #creating 2 rows and 1 column for plotting
         fig, axs = plt.subplots(2,1, sharex=True)
         fig.set size inches(20,5)
         #merging the two plots
         fig.subplots adjust(hspace=0)
         #creating variables for the pcolormesh function
        x = np.arange(0, len(rbp["P1"]))
        y = np.arange(0, len(rbp.columns))
         c = [rbp.P4, rbp.P3, rbp.P2, rbp.P1]
         #plotting the 1st map with pcolormesh
         axs[0].pcolormesh(x, y, c, shading = "nearest", cmap = "gray r")
        axs[0].set yticks([0,1,2,3])
        axs[0].set yticklabels(["P4", "P3", "P2", "P1"])
        axs[0].grid(True, which='major', axis='x', linestyle='--')
        axs[1].hlines(trans df["y"].iloc[0], trans df["start"].iloc[0], trans df["stop"].iloc[0]
         axs[1].hlines(trans_df["y"].iloc[1], trans_df["start"].iloc[1], trans_df["stop"].iloc[1]
        axs[1].hlines(trans df["y"].iloc[2], trans df["start"].iloc[2], trans df["stop"].iloc[2]
        axs[1].vlines(trans df["start"].iloc[0], trans df["y"].iloc[0]-0.05, trans df["y"].iloc[
        axs[1].vlines(trans_df["stop"].iloc[0], trans_df["y"].iloc[0]-0.05, trans_df["y"].iloc[0]-0.05]
        axs[1].vlines(trans df["start"].iloc[1], trans df["y"].iloc[1]-0.05, trans df["y"].iloc[
        axs[1].vlines(trans df["stop"].iloc[1], trans df["y"].iloc[1]-0.05, trans df["y"].iloc[1
        axs[1].vlines(trans_df["start"].iloc[2], trans_df["y"].iloc[2]-0.05, trans_df["y"].iloc[
         axs[1].vlines(trans df["stop"].iloc[2], trans df["y"].iloc[2]-0.05, trans df["y"].iloc[2
         for i in range(len(exon df)):
             rectangle= Rectangle((exon df["start"].iloc[i],exon df['y'].iloc[i]-0.2/2),width=exo
```

```
axs[1].add_patch(rectangle)
axs[1].grid(True, which ='major', axis='x', linestyle='--')
axs[1].set_yticks([0,1])
axs[1].set_yticklabels(["-", "+"])
axs[1].set_ylabel("Annotation")
axs[1].set_xlabel("Genomic Positions")
```

Out[30]: Text(0.5, 0, 'Genomic Positions')

