```
In [2]: # Credits: https://github.com/keras-team/keras/blob/master/examples/mnist_cnn.py
        from future import print function
        import keras
        from keras.datasets import mnist
        from keras.models import Sequential
        from keras.layers import Dense, Dropout, Flatten
        from keras.layers import Conv2D, MaxPooling2D
        from keras import backend as K
        import warnings
        warnings.filterwarnings("ignore")
In [3]: batch size = 128
        num classes = 10
        epochs = 12
        # input image dimensions
        img rows, img cols = 28, 28
        # the data, split between train and test sets
        (x_train, y_train), (x_test, y_test) = mnist.load_data()
In [4]: if K.image data format() == 'channels first':
            x train = x train.reshape(x train.shape[0], 1, img rows, img cols)
            x_test = x_test.reshape(x_test.shape[0], 1, img_rows, img_cols)
            input_shape = (1, img_rows, img_cols)
        else:
            x train = x train.reshape(x train.shape[0], img rows, img cols, 1)
            x_test = x_test.reshape(x_test.shape[0], img_rows, img_cols, 1)
            input_shape = (img_rows, img_cols, 1)
In [5]: x_train = x_train.astype('float32')
        x_test = x_test.astype('float32')
        x train /= 255
        x test /= 255
        print('x_train shape:', x_train.shape)
        print(x train.shape[0], 'train samples')
        print(x_test.shape[0], 'test samples')
        # convert class vectors to binary class matrices
        y train = keras.utils.to categorical(y train, num classes)
        y_test = keras.utils.to_categorical(y_test, num_classes)
        x train shape: (60000, 28, 28, 1)
```

35.222.87.195:8888/notebooks/velukarameya%40gmail.com_13.ipynb#

60000 train samples 10000 test samples

```
%matplotlib notebook
In [6]:
        import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
        import numpy as np
        import time
        # https://gist.github.com/greydanus/f6eee59eaf1d90fcb3b534a25362cea4
        # https://stackoverflow.com/a/14434334
        # this function is used to update the plots for each epoch and error
        def plt_dynamic(x, vy, ty, ax, colors=['b']):
            ax.plot(x, vy, 'b', label="Validation Loss")
            ax.plot(x, ty, 'r', label="Train Loss")
            plt.legend()
            plt.grid()
            plt.show()
              fig.canvas.draw()
              plt.show()
```

1) ConvNet with 3 x3 kernel

1.1) ConvNet(32-64) | 2 Dropouts | Maxpool | Dense(128-10) | 1 Flatten | ReLU | Adadelta

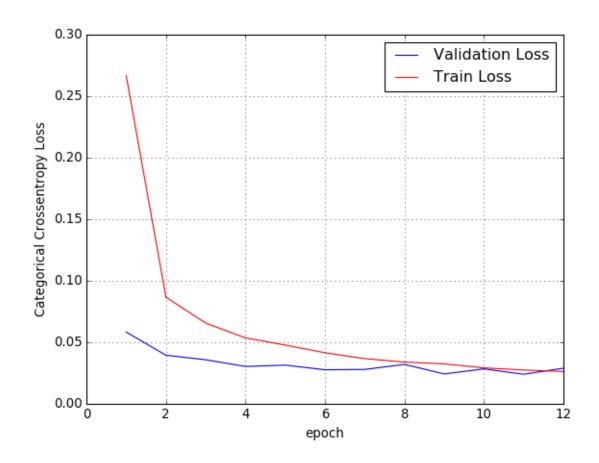
```
In [17]:
         model = Sequential()
         model.add(Conv2D(32, kernel_size=(3, 3),
                           activation='relu',
                           input shape=input shape))
         model.add(Conv2D(64, (3, 3), activation='relu'))
         model.add(MaxPooling2D(pool_size=(2, 2)))
         model.add(Dropout(0.25))
         model.add(Flatten())
         model.add(Dense(128, activation='relu'))
         model.add(Dropout(0.5))
         model.add(Dense(num classes, activation='softmax'))
         model.compile(loss=keras.losses.categorical crossentropy,
                        optimizer=keras.optimizers.Adadelta(),
                       metrics=['accuracy'])
         history = model.fit(x train, y train,
                   batch size=batch size,
                   epochs=epochs,
                   verbose=1,
                    validation data=(x test, y test))
         score = model.evaluate(x_test, y_test, verbose=0)
         print('Test loss:', score[0])
         print('Test accuracy:', score[1])
```

```
Train on 60000 samples, validate on 10000 samples
Epoch 1/12
accuracy: 0.9190 - val loss: 0.0583 - val accuracy: 0.9817
Epoch 2/12
accuracy: 0.9738 - val loss: 0.0395 - val accuracy: 0.9857
Epoch 3/12
accuracy: 0.9804 - val loss: 0.0358 - val accuracy: 0.9878
Epoch 4/12
accuracy: 0.9839 - val loss: 0.0304 - val accuracy: 0.9898
Epoch 5/12
60000/60000 [========================== ] - 49s 815us/step - loss: 0.0478 -
accuracy: 0.9860 - val loss: 0.0315 - val accuracy: 0.9894
Epoch 6/12
60000/60000 [============== ] - 48s 803us/step - loss: 0.0415 -
accuracy: 0.9875 - val loss: 0.0277 - val accuracy: 0.9902
Epoch 7/12
accuracy: 0.9889 - val_loss: 0.0280 - val_accuracy: 0.9904
Epoch 8/12
accuracy: 0.9894 - val loss: 0.0320 - val accuracy: 0.9895
Epoch 9/12
accuracy: 0.9897 - val_loss: 0.0243 - val_accuracy: 0.9916
Epoch 10/12
accuracy: 0.9910 - val_loss: 0.0284 - val_accuracy: 0.9904
Epoch 11/12
```

In [18]: history.history['val_loss']

```
Out[18]: [0.058340036510489884,
0.03950693163461983,
0.035849299174919726,
0.030375180654320866,
0.03146639704736881,
0.02769776120893657,
0.027960741236479954,
0.03204326269463636,
0.024335926883982027,
0.02840736617653456,
0.024061167104181366,
0.028938813609300996]
```

```
In [19]:
         fig,ax = plt.subplots(1,1)
         ax.set_xlabel('epoch'); ax.set_ylabel('Categorical Crossentropy Loss')
         # list of epoch numbers
         x = list(range(1,epochs+1))
         # print(history.history.keys())
         # dict_keys(['val_loss', 'val_acc', 'loss', 'acc'])
         # history = model_drop.fit(X_train, Y_train, batch_size=batch_size, epochs=nb_epo
         # we will get val loss and val acc only when you pass the paramter validation date
         # val_loss : validation loss
         # val_acc : validation accuracy
         # loss : training loss
         # acc : train accuracy
         # for each key in histrory.histrory we will have a list of length equal to number
         vy = history.history['val_loss']
         ty = history.history['loss']
         plt_dynamic(x, vy, ty, ax)
```



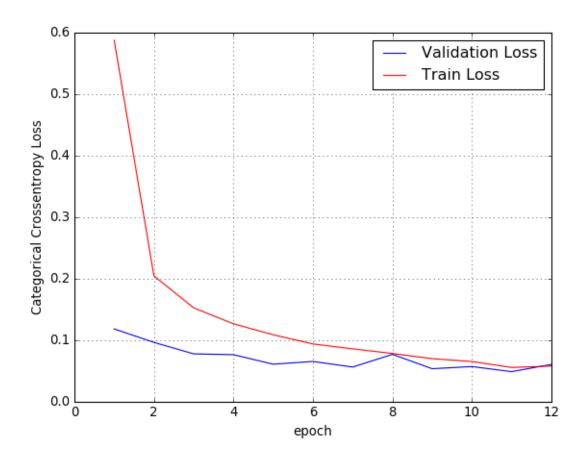
1.2) ConvNet(32-32-64) | 1 Dropouts | 3 MaxPools | Dense(64-10) | 1 Flatten | ReLU | Adam

```
In [20]:
         model = Sequential()
         model.add(Conv2D(32, kernel_size=(3, 3),
                           activation='relu',
                           input shape=input shape))
         model.add(MaxPooling2D(pool size=(2, 2)))
         model.add(Conv2D(32, kernel size=(3, 3),
                           activation='relu'))
         model.add(MaxPooling2D(pool size=(2, 2)))
         model.add(Conv2D(64, kernel size=(3, 3), activation='relu'))
         model.add(MaxPooling2D(pool_size=(2, 2)))
         model.add(Flatten()) # this converts our 3D feature maps to 1D feature vectors
         model.add(Dense(64, activation='relu'))
         model.add(Dropout(0.5))
         model.add(Dense(num classes, activation='softmax'))
         model.compile(loss=keras.losses.categorical crossentropy,
                        optimizer=keras.optimizers.Adam(),
                       metrics=['accuracy'])
         history = model.fit(x train, y train,
                   batch size=batch size,
                   epochs=epochs,
                   verbose=1,
                   validation data=(x test, y test))
```

```
Train on 60000 samples, validate on 10000 samples
Epoch 1/12
accuracy: 0.8144 - val_loss: 0.1185 - val_accuracy: 0.9638
Epoch 2/12
accuracy: 0.9418 - val loss: 0.0966 - val accuracy: 0.9702
Epoch 3/12
accuracy: 0.9571 - val loss: 0.0780 - val accuracy: 0.9764
Epoch 4/12
accuracy: 0.9650 - val loss: 0.0766 - val accuracy: 0.9782
Epoch 5/12
accuracy: 0.9701 - val loss: 0.0612 - val accuracy: 0.9828
Epoch 6/12
accuracy: 0.9734 - val loss: 0.0656 - val accuracy: 0.9804
Epoch 7/12
60000/60000 [======================== ] - 13s 217us/step - loss: 0.0861 -
accuracy: 0.9762 - val_loss: 0.0566 - val_accuracy: 0.9841
Epoch 8/12
accuracy: 0.9779 - val loss: 0.0772 - val accuracy: 0.9782
Epoch 9/12
accuracy: 0.9801 - val loss: 0.0538 - val accuracy: 0.9853
Epoch 10/12
```

```
In [21]:
         score = model.evaluate(x test, y test, verbose=0)
         print('Test loss:', score[0])
         print('Test accuracy:', score[1])
         fig,ax = plt.subplots(1,1)
         ax.set_xlabel('epoch'); ax.set_ylabel('Categorical Crossentropy Loss')
         # list of epoch numbers
         x = list(range(1,epochs+1))
         # print(history.history.keys())
         # dict_keys(['val_loss', 'val_acc', 'loss', 'acc'])
         # history = model_drop.fit(X_train, Y_train, batch_size=batch_size, epochs=nb_epo
         # we will get val_loss and val_acc only when you pass the paramter validation_dat
         # val_loss : validation loss
         # val acc : validation accuracy
         # loss : training loss
         # acc : train accuracy
         # for each key in histrory.histrory we will have a list of length equal to number
         vy = history.history['val_loss']
         ty = history.history['loss']
         plt dynamic(x, vy, ty, ax)
```

Test loss: 0.06079796881068669 Test accuracy: 0.9843999743461609



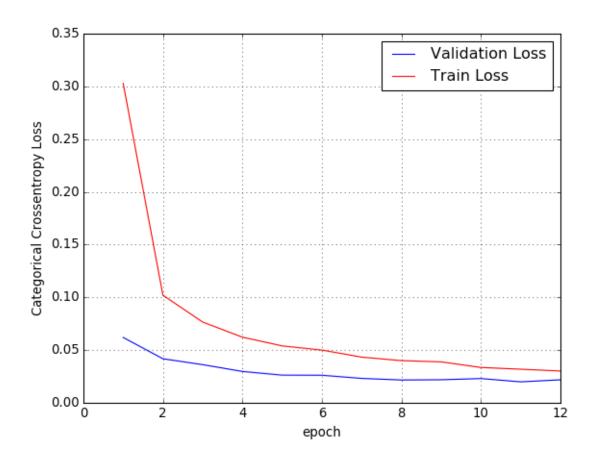
1.3: ConvNet(32-64) | 2 Dropouts | 2 MaxPools | Dense(128-10) | 1 Flatten | ReLU | Adam | Padding: "same"

```
In [22]:
         model = Sequential()
         model.add(Conv2D(32, kernel_size=(3, 3),
                           activation='relu',
                           input shape=input shape,
                          padding = 'same'))
         model.add(MaxPooling2D(pool_size=(2, 2)))
         model.add(Conv2D(64, (3, 3), activation='relu'))
         model.add(MaxPooling2D(pool size=(2, 2)))
         model.add(Dropout(0.25))
         model.add(Flatten())
         model.add(Dense(128, activation='relu'))
         model.add(Dropout(0.5))
         model.add(Dense(num_classes, activation='softmax'))
         model.compile(loss=keras.losses.categorical_crossentropy,
                        optimizer=keras.optimizers.Adam(),
                       metrics=['accuracy'])
         history = model.fit(x_train, y_train,
                   batch size=batch size,
                   epochs=epochs,
                   verbose=1,
                    validation data=(x test, y test))
```

```
Train on 60000 samples, validate on 10000 samples
Epoch 1/12
- accuracy: 0.9059 - val loss: 0.0620 - val accuracy: 0.9798
Epoch 2/12
- accuracy: 0.9698 - val loss: 0.0418 - val accuracy: 0.9856
Epoch 3/12
60000/60000 [========================== ] - 18s                               305us/step - loss: 0.0766
- accuracy: 0.9768 - val loss: 0.0362 - val accuracy: 0.9881
Epoch 4/12
- accuracy: 0.9808 - val loss: 0.0298 - val accuracy: 0.9888
Epoch 5/12
- accuracy: 0.9835 - val loss: 0.0263 - val accuracy: 0.9907
Epoch 6/12
- accuracy: 0.9847 - val loss: 0.0262 - val accuracy: 0.9916
Epoch 7/12
- accuracy: 0.9868 - val loss: 0.0232 - val accuracy: 0.9927
Epoch 8/12
60000/60000 [========================] - 18s 293us/step - loss: 0.0400
- accuracy: 0.9880 - val_loss: 0.0217 - val_accuracy: 0.9931
Epoch 9/12
- accuracy: 0.9882 - val_loss: 0.0219 - val_accuracy: 0.9918
Epoch 10/12
```

```
In [23]:
         score = model.evaluate(x test, y test, verbose=0)
         print('Test loss:', score[0])
         print('Test accuracy:', score[1])
         fig,ax = plt.subplots(1,1)
         ax.set_xlabel('epoch'); ax.set_ylabel('Categorical Crossentropy Loss')
         # list of epoch numbers
         x = list(range(1,epochs+1))
         # print(history.history.keys())
         # dict_keys(['val_loss', 'val_acc', 'loss', 'acc'])
         # history = model_drop.fit(X_train, Y_train, batch_size=batch_size, epochs=nb_epo
         # we will get val_loss and val_acc only when you pass the paramter validation_dat
         # val_loss : validation loss
         # val acc : validation accuracy
         # loss : training loss
         # acc : train accuracy
         # for each key in histrory.histrory we will have a list of length equal to number
         vy = history.history['val_loss']
         ty = history.history['loss']
         plt dynamic(x, vy, ty, ax)
```

Test loss: 0.021854717017415988 Test accuracy: 0.993399977684021



1.4: ConvNet(32-32) | 2 Dropouts | 2 MaxPools | Dense(64-10) | 1 Flatten | ReLU | Adam | Padding: "same" | Batch Normalization

In [8]: from keras.layers import BatchNormalization

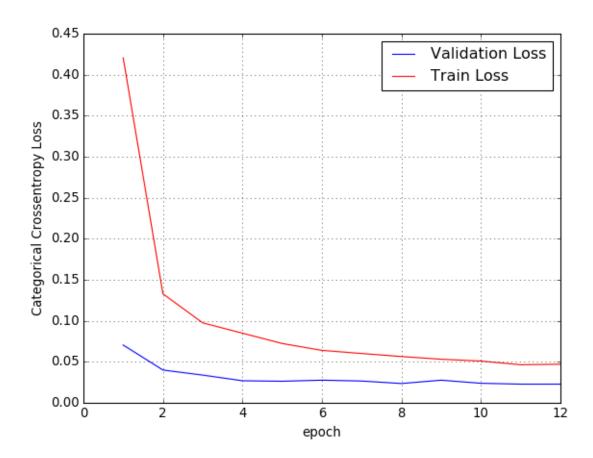
```
In [11]:
         model = Sequential()
         model.add(Conv2D(32, kernel_size=(3, 3),
                           activation='relu',
                           input shape=input shape,
                          padding = 'same'))
         model.add(MaxPooling2D(pool size=(2, 2)))
         model.add(Conv2D(32, (3, 3), activation='relu'))
         model.add(MaxPooling2D(pool size=(2, 2)))
         model.add(Dropout(0.25))
         model.add(Flatten())
         model.add(Dense(64, activation='relu'))
         model.add(Dropout(0.5))
         model.add(BatchNormalization())
         model.add(Dense(num_classes, activation='softmax'))
         model.compile(loss=keras.losses.categorical crossentropy,
                        optimizer=keras.optimizers.Adam(),
                       metrics=['accuracy'])
         history = model.fit(x_train, y_train,
                   batch size=batch size,
                   epochs=epochs,
                   verbose=1,
                   validation data=(x_test, y_test))
```

```
Train on 60000 samples, validate on 10000 samples
Epoch 1/12
- accuracy: 0.8844 - val loss: 0.0705 - val accuracy: 0.9819
Epoch 2/12
- accuracy: 0.9644 - val loss: 0.0400 - val accuracy: 0.9871
Epoch 3/12
60000/60000 [========================= ] - 14s 234us/step - loss: 0.0975
- accuracy: 0.9728 - val loss: 0.0338 - val accuracy: 0.9881
Epoch 4/12
60000/60000 [========================] - 14s 235us/step - loss: 0.0849
- accuracy: 0.9754 - val loss: 0.0269 - val accuracy: 0.9915
Epoch 5/12
60000/60000 [==================== ] - 14s 234us/step - loss: 0.0723
- accuracy: 0.9797 - val loss: 0.0264 - val accuracy: 0.9914
Epoch 6/12
- accuracy: 0.9816 - val loss: 0.0276 - val accuracy: 0.9908
Epoch 7/12
- accuracy: 0.9829 - val loss: 0.0266 - val accuracy: 0.9914
Epoch 8/12
60000/60000 [========================== ] - 15s 242us/step - loss: 0.0565
- accuracy: 0.9828 - val loss: 0.0236 - val accuracy: 0.9920
Epoch 9/12
- accuracy: 0.9842 - val_loss: 0.0276 - val_accuracy: 0.9915
Epoch 10/12
```

```
60000/60000 [==============] - 14s 236us/step - loss: 0.0509 - accuracy: 0.9846 - val_loss: 0.0239 - val_accuracy: 0.9910 Epoch 11/12 60000/60000 [=============] - 15s 243us/step - loss: 0.0464 - accuracy: 0.9858 - val_loss: 0.0228 - val_accuracy: 0.9925 Epoch 12/12 60000/60000 [=================] - 15s 249us/step - loss: 0.0471 - accuracy: 0.9856 - val_loss: 0.0228 - val_accuracy: 0.9934
```

```
In [12]:
         score = model.evaluate(x test, y test, verbose=0)
         print('Test loss:', score[0])
         print('Test accuracy:', score[1])
         fig,ax = plt.subplots(1,1)
         ax.set_xlabel('epoch'); ax.set_ylabel('Categorical Crossentropy Loss')
         # list of epoch numbers
         x = list(range(1,epochs+1))
         # print(history.history.keys())
         # dict_keys(['val_loss', 'val_acc', 'loss', 'acc'])
         # history = model_drop.fit(X_train, Y_train, batch_size=batch_size, epochs=nb_epo
         # we will get val_loss and val_acc only when you pass the paramter validation_dat
         # val_loss : validation loss
         # val acc : validation accuracy
         # loss : training loss
         # acc : train accuracy
         # for each key in histrory.histrory we will have a list of length equal to number
         vy = history.history['val_loss']
         ty = history.history['loss']
         plt dynamic(x, vy, ty, ax)
```

Test loss: 0.02282937448550165 Test accuracy: 0.993399977684021



2) ConvNet with 5 x 5 kernel

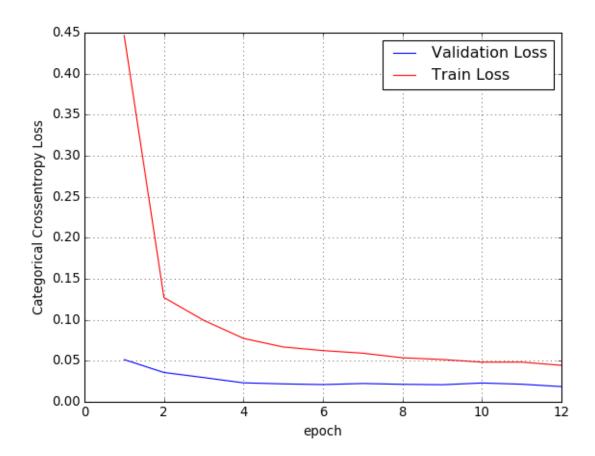
2.1: ConvNet(128-64-32) | 3 Dropouts | 2 Maxpool | Dense(128-10) | 1 Flatten | ReLU | Adam

```
In [10]:
         model = Sequential()
         model.add(Conv2D(128, kernel_size=(5, 5),
                           activation='relu',
                           input shape=input shape))
         model.add(Conv2D(64, (5, 5), activation='relu'))
         model.add(MaxPooling2D(pool size=(2, 2)))
         model.add(Dropout(0.25))
         model.add(Conv2D(32, (5, 5), activation='relu'))
         model.add(MaxPooling2D(pool size=(2, 2)))
         model.add(Dropout(0.55))
         model.add(Flatten())
         model.add(Dense(128, activation='relu'))
         model.add(Dropout(0.5))
         model.add(Dense(num classes, activation='softmax'))
         model.compile(loss=keras.losses.categorical crossentropy,
                        optimizer=keras.optimizers.Adam(),
                       metrics=['accuracy'])
         history = model.fit(x train, y train,
                   batch size=batch size,
                   epochs=epochs,
                    verbose=1,
                   validation data=(x test, y test))
```

```
WARNING:tensorflow:Large dropout rate: 0.55 (>0.5). In TensorFlow 2.x, dropou
t() uses dropout rate instead of keep prob. Please ensure that this is intend
ed.
Train on 60000 samples, validate on 10000 samples
Epoch 1/12
60000/60000 [=============== ] - 257s 4ms/step - loss: 0.4465 -
accuracy: 0.8522 - val loss: 0.0515 - val accuracy: 0.9845
Epoch 2/12
60000/60000 [=============== ] - 265s 4ms/step - loss: 0.1272 -
accuracy: 0.9619 - val loss: 0.0358 - val accuracy: 0.9893
Epoch 3/12
60000/60000 [========================] - 262s 4ms/step - loss: 0.0994 -
accuracy: 0.9710 - val loss: 0.0296 - val accuracy: 0.9912
Epoch 4/12
60000/60000 [============= ] - 266s 4ms/step - loss: 0.0774 -
accuracy: 0.9771 - val loss: 0.0232 - val accuracy: 0.9931
Epoch 5/12
accuracy: 0.9806 - val loss: 0.0219 - val accuracy: 0.9934
Epoch 6/12
60000/60000 [=============== ] - 263s 4ms/step - loss: 0.0625 -
accuracy: 0.9823 - val loss: 0.0210 - val accuracy: 0.9929
Epoch 7/12
60000/60000 [=============== ] - 264s 4ms/step - loss: 0.0593 -
accuracy: 0.9829 - val_loss: 0.0224 - val_accuracy: 0.9934
Epoch 8/12
60000/60000 [=============== ] - 260s 4ms/step - loss: 0.0537 -
accuracy: 0.9842 - val_loss: 0.0214 - val_accuracy: 0.9942
Epoch 9/12
```

```
In [11]:
         score = model.evaluate(x test, y test, verbose=0)
         print('Test loss:', score[0])
         print('Test accuracy:', score[1])
         fig,ax = plt.subplots(1,1)
         ax.set_xlabel('epoch'); ax.set_ylabel('Categorical Crossentropy Loss')
         # list of epoch numbers
         x = list(range(1,epochs+1))
         # print(history.history.keys())
         # dict_keys(['val_loss', 'val_acc', 'loss', 'acc'])
         # history = model_drop.fit(X_train, Y_train, batch_size=batch_size, epochs=nb_epo
         # we will get val_loss and val_acc only when you pass the paramter validation_dat
         # val_loss : validation loss
         # val acc : validation accuracy
         # loss : training loss
         # acc : train accuracy
         # for each key in histrory.histrory we will have a list of length equal to number
         vy = history.history['val_loss']
         ty = history.history['loss']
         plt dynamic(x, vy, ty, ax)
```

Test loss: 0.018588077808042364 Test accuracy: 0.9944000244140625



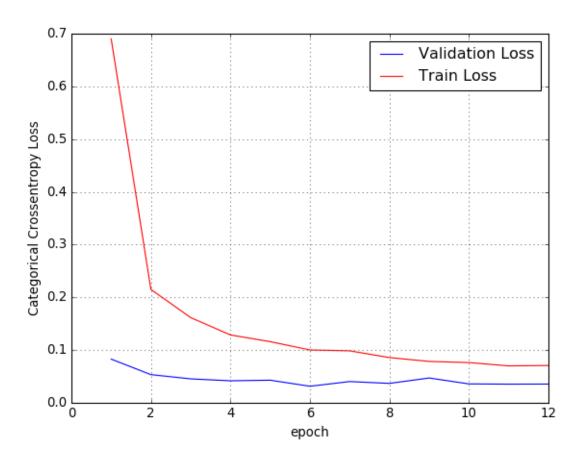
2.2: ConvNet(64-32) | 3 Dropouts | 3 MaxPools | Dense(128-32) | 1 Flatten | ReLU | Adam

```
In [12]:
         model = Sequential()
         model.add(Conv2D(64, kernel_size=(5, 5),
                           activation='relu',
                           input shape=input shape))
         model.add(MaxPooling2D(pool size=(2, 2)))
         model.add(Dropout(0.25))
         model.add(Conv2D(32, kernel size=(5, 5),
                           activation='relu'))
         model.add(MaxPooling2D(pool_size=(2, 2)))
         model.add(Flatten()) # this converts our 3D feature maps to 1D feature vectors
         model.add(Dense(128, activation='relu'))
         model.add(Dropout(0.5))
         model.add(Dense(32, activation='relu'))
         model.add(Dropout(0.5))
         model.add(Dense(num_classes, activation='softmax'))
         model.compile(loss=keras.losses.categorical crossentropy,
                        optimizer=keras.optimizers.Adam(),
                       metrics=['accuracy'])
         history = model.fit(x_train, y_train,
                   batch size=batch size,
                   epochs=epochs,
                   verbose=1,
                   validation data=(x test, y test))
```

```
Train on 60000 samples, validate on 10000 samples
Epoch 1/12
60000/60000 [========================] - 25s 412us/step - loss: 0.6901
- accuracy: 0.7758 - val_loss: 0.0829 - val_accuracy: 0.9776
Epoch 2/12
- accuracy: 0.9410 - val_loss: 0.0535 - val_accuracy: 0.9848
Epoch 3/12
- accuracy: 0.9573 - val_loss: 0.0455 - val_accuracy: 0.9887
Epoch 4/12
60000/60000 [================] - 24s 403us/step - loss: 0.1287
- accuracy: 0.9653 - val_loss: 0.0418 - val_accuracy: 0.9901
Epoch 5/12
- accuracy: 0.9690 - val loss: 0.0430 - val accuracy: 0.9890
Epoch 6/12
- accuracy: 0.9725 - val_loss: 0.0315 - val_accuracy: 0.9920
Epoch 7/12
- accuracy: 0.9749 - val_loss: 0.0404 - val_accuracy: 0.9905
Epoch 8/12
- accuracy: 0.9762 - val_loss: 0.0369 - val_accuracy: 0.9902
Epoch 9/12
```

```
In [13]:
         score = model.evaluate(x test, y test, verbose=0)
         print('Test loss:', score[0])
         print('Test accuracy:', score[1])
         fig,ax = plt.subplots(1,1)
         ax.set_xlabel('epoch'); ax.set_ylabel('Categorical Crossentropy Loss')
         # list of epoch numbers
         x = list(range(1,epochs+1))
         # print(history.history.keys())
         # dict_keys(['val_loss', 'val_acc', 'loss', 'acc'])
         # history = model_drop.fit(X_train, Y_train, batch_size=batch_size, epochs=nb_epo
         # we will get val_loss and val_acc only when you pass the paramter validation_dat
         # val_loss : validation loss
         # val acc : validation accuracy
         # loss : training loss
         # acc : train accuracy
         # for each key in histrory.histrory we will have a list of length equal to number
         vy = history.history['val_loss']
         ty = history.history['loss']
         plt dynamic(x, vy, ty, ax)
```

Test loss: 0.03562645074729423 Test accuracy: 0.9918000102043152



2.3: ConvNet(128-64-32) | 3 Dropouts | 3 MaxPools | Dense(64-32) | 1 Flatten | ReLU | Adam | Padding: "same"

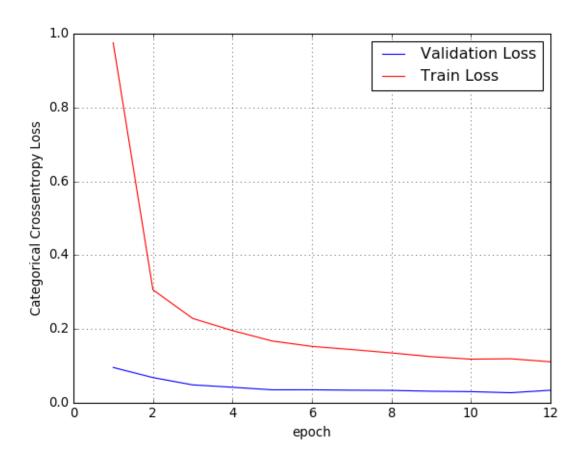
```
In [18]:
         model = Sequential()
         model.add(Conv2D(128, kernel_size=(5, 5),
                           activation='relu',
                           input shape=input shape,
                          padding = 'same'))
         model.add(MaxPooling2D(pool_size=(2, 2)))
         model.add(Conv2D(64, (5, 5), activation='relu', padding = 'same'))
         model.add(MaxPooling2D(pool size=(2, 2)))
         model.add(Dropout(0.5))
         model.add(Conv2D(32, (5, 5), activation='relu', padding = 'same'))
         model.add(MaxPooling2D(pool_size=(2, 2)))
         model.add(Dropout(0.25))
         model.add(Flatten())
         model.add(Dense(64, activation='relu'))
         model.add(Dropout(0.5))
         model.add(Dense(32, activation='relu'))
         model.add(Dropout(0.5))
         model.add(Dense(num classes, activation='softmax'))
         model.compile(loss=keras.losses.categorical crossentropy,
                        optimizer=keras.optimizers.Adam(),
                       metrics=['accuracy'])
         history = model.fit(x train, y train,
                   batch size=batch size,
                   epochs=epochs,
                   verbose=1,
                    validation data=(x test, y test))
```

```
Train on 60000 samples, validate on 10000 samples
Epoch 1/12
60000/60000 [============== ] - 153s 3ms/step - loss: 0.9753 -
accuracy: 0.6654 - val loss: 0.0959 - val accuracy: 0.9736
Epoch 2/12
60000/60000 [============== ] - 152s 3ms/step - loss: 0.3063 -
accuracy: 0.9153 - val loss: 0.0684 - val accuracy: 0.9830
Epoch 3/12
60000/60000 [=============== ] - 152s 3ms/step - loss: 0.2286 -
accuracy: 0.9386 - val loss: 0.0487 - val accuracy: 0.9873
Epoch 4/12
60000/60000 [=============== ] - 153s 3ms/step - loss: 0.1958 -
accuracy: 0.9506 - val loss: 0.0422 - val accuracy: 0.9896
Epoch 5/12
60000/60000 [=============== ] - 152s 3ms/step - loss: 0.1675 -
accuracy: 0.9560 - val loss: 0.0353 - val accuracy: 0.9917
Epoch 6/12
60000/60000 [=============== ] - 151s 3ms/step - loss: 0.1529 -
accuracy: 0.9603 - val loss: 0.0353 - val accuracy: 0.9920
Epoch 7/12
60000/60000 [============== ] - 152s 3ms/step - loss: 0.1444 -
accuracy: 0.9622 - val loss: 0.0343 - val accuracy: 0.9917
```

```
Epoch 8/12
60000/60000 [============] - 151s 3ms/step - loss: 0.1352 - accuracy: 0.9661 - val_loss: 0.0337 - val_accuracy: 0.9928
Epoch 9/12
60000/60000 [=============] - 151s 3ms/step - loss: 0.1250 - accuracy: 0.9681 - val_loss: 0.0314 - val_accuracy: 0.9926
Epoch 10/12
60000/60000 [==============] - 151s 3ms/step - loss: 0.1184 - accuracy: 0.9688 - val_loss: 0.0303 - val_accuracy: 0.9927
Epoch 11/12
60000/60000 [============] - 151s 3ms/step - loss: 0.1194 - accuracy: 0.9695 - val_loss: 0.0274 - val_accuracy: 0.9929
Epoch 12/12
60000/60000 [===============] - 151s 3ms/step - loss: 0.1112 - accuracy: 0.9708 - val_loss: 0.0341 - val_accuracy: 0.9917
```

```
In [19]:
         score = model.evaluate(x test, y test, verbose=0)
         print('Test loss:', score[0])
         print('Test accuracy:', score[1])
         fig,ax = plt.subplots(1,1)
         ax.set_xlabel('epoch'); ax.set_ylabel('Categorical Crossentropy Loss')
         # list of epoch numbers
         x = list(range(1,epochs+1))
         # print(history.history.keys())
         # dict_keys(['val_loss', 'val_acc', 'loss', 'acc'])
         # history = model_drop.fit(X_train, Y_train, batch_size=batch_size, epochs=nb_epo
         # we will get val_loss and val_acc only when you pass the paramter validation_dat
         # val_loss : validation loss
         # val acc : validation accuracy
         # loss : training loss
         # acc : train accuracy
         # for each key in histrory.histrory we will have a list of length equal to number
         vy = history.history['val_loss']
         ty = history.history['loss']
         plt dynamic(x, vy, ty, ax)
```

Test loss: 0.03410061263831351 Test accuracy: 0.9916999936103821



2.4: ConvNet(64-32) | 3 Dropouts | 2 MaxPools | Dense(64-32) | 1 Flatten | ReLU | Adam | Padding: "same" | Batch Normalization

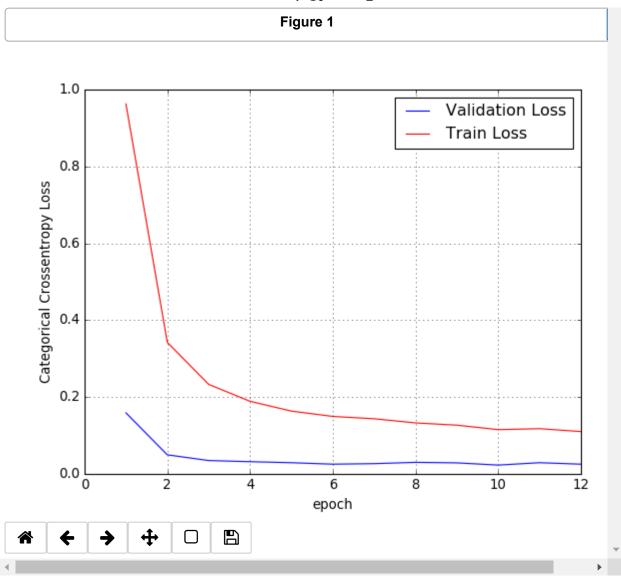
```
In [9]:
        model = Sequential()
        model.add(Conv2D(64, kernel_size=(5, 5),
                          activation='relu',
                          input shape=input shape,
                         padding = 'same'))
        model.add(MaxPooling2D(pool size=(2, 2)))
        model.add(Conv2D(32, (5, 5), activation='relu'))
        model.add(MaxPooling2D(pool size=(2, 2)))
        model.add(Dropout(0.25))
        model.add(Flatten())
        model.add(Dense(64, activation='relu'))
        model.add(Dropout(0.5))
        model.add(BatchNormalization())
        model.add(Dense(32, activation='relu'))
        model.add(Dropout(0.5))
        model.add(BatchNormalization())
        model.add(Dense(num classes, activation='softmax'))
        model.compile(loss=keras.losses.categorical crossentropy,
                       optimizer=keras.optimizers.Adam(),
                       metrics=['accuracy'])
        history = model.fit(x train, y train,
                   batch size=batch size,
                   epochs=epochs,
                   verbose=1,
                   validation_data=(x_test, y_test))
```

WARNING:tensorflow:From /home/komalumrethe/anaconda3/lib/python3.5/site-packa ges/keras/backend/tensorflow backend.py:422: The name tf.global variables is deprecated. Please use tf.compat.v1.global variables instead. Train on 60000 samples, validate on 10000 samples Epoch 1/12 - accuracy: 0.7107 - val loss: 0.1589 - val accuracy: 0.9801 Epoch 2/12 - accuracy: 0.9082 - val loss: 0.0498 - val accuracy: 0.9865 Epoch 3/12 60000/60000 [========================] - 33s 547us/step - loss: 0.2330 - accuracy: 0.9379 - val loss: 0.0349 - val accuracy: 0.9896 Epoch 4/12 - accuracy: 0.9484 - val loss: 0.0319 - val accuracy: 0.9907 Epoch 5/12 60000/60000 [==========================] - 33s 549us/step - loss: 0.1635 - accuracy: 0.9544 - val_loss: 0.0292 - val_accuracy: 0.9915 Epoch 6/12 - accuracy: 0.9583 - val_loss: 0.0254 - val_accuracy: 0.9927 Epoch 7/12

```
60000/60000 [============== ] - 33s 546us/step - loss: 0.1436
- accuracy: 0.9601 - val_loss: 0.0268 - val_accuracy: 0.9915
Epoch 8/12
- accuracy: 0.9632 - val loss: 0.0302 - val accuracy: 0.9917
Epoch 9/12
60000/60000 [============== ] - 33s 546us/step - loss: 0.1270
- accuracy: 0.9641 - val_loss: 0.0288 - val_accuracy: 0.9918
Epoch 10/12
- accuracy: 0.9662 - val loss: 0.0231 - val accuracy: 0.9930
Epoch 11/12
60000/60000 [============== ] - 33s 549us/step - loss: 0.1178
- accuracy: 0.9661 - val_loss: 0.0293 - val_accuracy: 0.9919
Epoch 12/12
- accuracy: 0.9679 - val loss: 0.0254 - val accuracy: 0.9927
```

```
In [10]: score = model.evaluate(x test, y test, verbose=0)
         print('Test loss:', score[0])
         print('Test accuracy:', score[1])
         fig,ax = plt.subplots(1,1)
         ax.set_xlabel('epoch'); ax.set_ylabel('Categorical Crossentropy Loss')
         # list of epoch numbers
         x = list(range(1,epochs+1))
         # print(history.history.keys())
         # dict_keys(['val_loss', 'val_acc', 'loss', 'acc'])
         # history = model_drop.fit(X_train, Y_train, batch_size=batch_size, epochs=nb_epo
         # we will get val loss and val acc only when you pass the paramter validation date
         # val_loss : validation loss
         # val acc : validation accuracy
         # loss : training loss
         # acc : train accuracy
         # for each key in histrory.histrory we will have a list of length equal to number
         vy = history.history['val_loss']
         ty = history.history['loss']
         plt dynamic(x, vy, ty, ax)
```

Test loss: 0.025404230587064557 Test accuracy: 0.9926999807357788



3) ConvNet with 7 x 7 kernel

3.1: ConvNet (128-64-32) | Dense (128) | 3 Dropouts | 2 Maxpool | 1 Flatten | ReLU | Adam

```
In [7]:
        model = Sequential()
        model.add(Conv2D(128, kernel_size=(7, 7),
                          activation='relu',
                          input shape=input shape))
        model.add(Conv2D(64, (7, 7), activation='relu'))
        model.add(MaxPooling2D(pool size=(2, 2)))
        model.add(Dropout(0.5))
        model.add(Conv2D(32, (7, 7), activation='relu'))
        model.add(MaxPooling2D(pool size=(2, 2)))
        model.add(Dropout(0.25))
        model.add(Flatten())
        model.add(Dense(128, activation='relu'))
        model.add(Dropout(0.5))
        model.add(Dense(num classes, activation='softmax'))
        model.compile(loss=keras.losses.categorical crossentropy,
                       optimizer=keras.optimizers.Adam(),
                      metrics=['accuracy'])
        history = model.fit(x train, y train,
                  batch size=batch size,
                  epochs=epochs,
                   verbose=1,
                  validation data=(x test, y test))
```

WARNING:tensorflow:From /home/komalumrethe/anaconda3/lib/python3.5/site-package s/keras/backend/tensorflow_backend.py:4070: The name tf.nn.max_pool is deprecat ed. Please use tf.nn.max_pool2d instead.

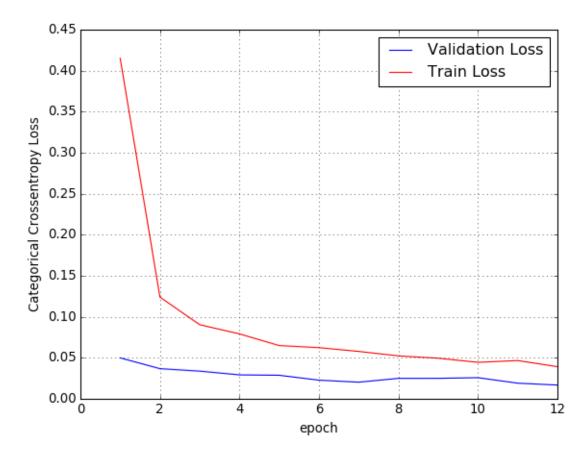
WARNING:tensorflow:From /home/komalumrethe/anaconda3/lib/python3.5/site-package s/keras/backend/tensorflow_backend.py:422: The name tf.global_variables is deprecated. Please use tf.compat.v1.global_variables instead.

```
Train on 60000 samples, validate on 10000 samples
Epoch 1/12
ccuracy: 0.8676 - val loss: 0.0499 - val accuracy: 0.9861
ccuracy: 0.9655 - val_loss: 0.0368 - val_accuracy: 0.9894
Epoch 3/12
ccuracy: 0.9753 - val loss: 0.0338 - val accuracy: 0.9904
Epoch 4/12
ccuracy: 0.9786 - val_loss: 0.0292 - val_accuracy: 0.9917
Epoch 5/12
60000/60000 [=============== ] - 319s 5ms/step - loss: 0.0649 - a
ccuracy: 0.9822 - val_loss: 0.0287 - val_accuracy: 0.9917
Epoch 6/12
60000/60000 [============= ] - 326s 5ms/step - loss: 0.0624 - a
ccuracy: 0.9832 - val loss: 0.0228 - val accuracy: 0.9932
Epoch 7/12
```

```
60000/60000 [============== ] - 324s 5ms/step - loss: 0.0578 - a
ccuracy: 0.9844 - val loss: 0.0203 - val accuracy: 0.9942
Epoch 8/12
60000/60000 [============= ] - 331s 6ms/step - loss: 0.0524 - a
ccuracy: 0.9856 - val loss: 0.0250 - val accuracy: 0.9929
Epoch 9/12
60000/60000 [============= ] - 333s 6ms/step - loss: 0.0495 - a
ccuracy: 0.9866 - val_loss: 0.0250 - val_accuracy: 0.9916
Epoch 10/12
60000/60000 [=============== ] - 331s 6ms/step - loss: 0.0445 - a
ccuracy: 0.9876 - val loss: 0.0258 - val accuracy: 0.9922
Epoch 11/12
60000/60000 [============== ] - 334s 6ms/step - loss: 0.0467 - a
ccuracy: 0.9869 - val_loss: 0.0191 - val_accuracy: 0.9934
Epoch 12/12
60000/60000 [============= ] - 325s 5ms/step - loss: 0.0392 - a
ccuracy: 0.9891 - val loss: 0.0168 - val accuracy: 0.9948
```

```
In [8]:
        score = model.evaluate(x test, y test, verbose=0)
        print('Test loss:', score[0])
        print('Test accuracy:', score[1])
        fig,ax = plt.subplots(1,1)
        ax.set_xlabel('epoch'); ax.set_ylabel('Categorical Crossentropy Loss')
        # list of epoch numbers
        x = list(range(1,epochs+1))
        # print(history.history.keys())
        # dict_keys(['val_loss', 'val_acc', 'loss', 'acc'])
        # history = model_drop.fit(X_train, Y_train, batch_size=batch_size, epochs=nb_epo
        # we will get val_loss and val_acc only when you pass the paramter validation_dat
        # val_loss : validation loss
        # val acc : validation accuracy
        # loss : training loss
        # acc : train accuracy
        # for each key in histrory.histrory we will have a list of length equal to number
        vy = history.history['val_loss']
        ty = history.history['loss']
        plt dynamic(x, vy, ty, ax)
```

Test loss: 0.016798403310499272 Test accuracy: 0.9947999715805054



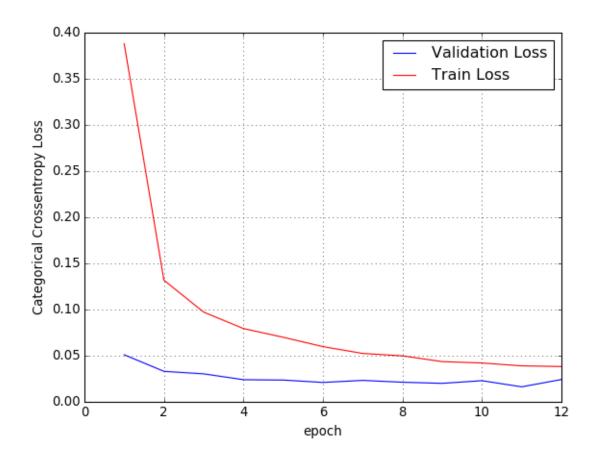
3.2: ConvNet(128-64) | 3 Dropouts | 2 MaxPools | 1 Flatten | ReLU | Dense(64-10) | Adam | padding: "same"

```
In [9]:
        model = Sequential()
        model.add(Conv2D(128, kernel_size=(7, 7),
                          activation='relu',
                          input shape=input shape, padding = 'same'))
        model.add(MaxPooling2D(pool size=(2, 2)))
        model.add(Dropout(0.5))
        model.add(Conv2D(64, kernel size=(7, 7),
                          activation='relu', padding = 'same'))
        model.add(MaxPooling2D(pool_size=(2, 2)))
        model.add(Dropout(0.25))
        model.add(Flatten()) # this converts our 3D feature maps to 1D feature vectors
        model.add(Dense(64, activation='relu'))
        model.add(Dropout(0.5))
        model.add(Dense(num_classes, activation='softmax'))
        model.compile(loss=keras.losses.categorical crossentropy,
                       optimizer=keras.optimizers.Adam(),
                      metrics=['accuracy'])
        history = model.fit(x_train, y_train,
                  batch size=batch size,
                  epochs=epochs,
                  verbose=1,
                   validation data=(x test, y test))
```

```
Train on 60000 samples, validate on 10000 samples
60000/60000 [========================] - 278s 5ms/step - loss: 0.3881 -
accuracy: 0.8764 - val_loss: 0.0510 - val_accuracy: 0.9845
Epoch 2/12
60000/60000 [=============== ] - 279s 5ms/step - loss: 0.1318 -
accuracy: 0.9625 - val_loss: 0.0331 - val_accuracy: 0.9895
Epoch 3/12
accuracy: 0.9720 - val_loss: 0.0303 - val_accuracy: 0.9899
Epoch 4/12
60000/60000 [================ ] - 276s 5ms/step - loss: 0.0794 -
accuracy: 0.9765 - val_loss: 0.0240 - val_accuracy: 0.9918
Epoch 5/12
60000/60000 [================] - 276s 5ms/step - loss: 0.0700 -
accuracy: 0.9791 - val_loss: 0.0236 - val_accuracy: 0.9920
Epoch 6/12
accuracy: 0.9824 - val loss: 0.0210 - val accuracy: 0.9927
60000/60000 [================== ] - 277s 5ms/step - loss: 0.0524 -
accuracy: 0.9844 - val_loss: 0.0233 - val_accuracy: 0.9925
Epoch 8/12
60000/60000 [=============== ] - 277s 5ms/step - loss: 0.0498 -
accuracy: 0.9856 - val_loss: 0.0213 - val_accuracy: 0.9934
Epoch 9/12
60000/60000 [=============== ] - 274s 5ms/step - loss: 0.0436 -
accuracy: 0.9873 - val loss: 0.0201 - val accuracy: 0.9935
Epoch 10/12
60000/60000 [================ ] - 275s 5ms/step - loss: 0.0421 -
```

```
In [10]:
         score = model.evaluate(x test, y test, verbose=0)
         print('Test loss:', score[0])
         print('Test accuracy:', score[1])
         fig,ax = plt.subplots(1,1)
         ax.set_xlabel('epoch'); ax.set_ylabel('Categorical Crossentropy Loss')
         # list of epoch numbers
         x = list(range(1,epochs+1))
         # print(history.history.keys())
         # dict_keys(['val_loss', 'val_acc', 'loss', 'acc'])
         # history = model_drop.fit(X_train, Y_train, batch_size=batch_size, epochs=nb_epo
         # we will get val_loss and val_acc only when you pass the paramter validation_dat
         # val_loss : validation loss
         # val acc : validation accuracy
         # loss : training loss
         # acc : train accuracy
         # for each key in histrory.histrory we will have a list of length equal to number
         vy = history.history['val_loss']
         ty = history.history['loss']
         plt dynamic(x, vy, ty, ax)
```

Test loss: 0.024228806743490226 Test accuracy: 0.993399977684021



3.3: ConvNet(256-64-32) | 3 Dropouts | 3 MaxPools | Dense(128-32) | 1 Flatten | ReLU | Adam | Padding: "same"

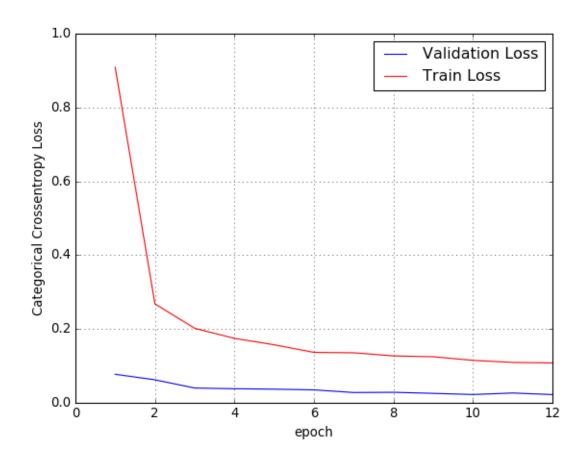
```
In [11]:
         model = Sequential()
         model.add(Conv2D(256, kernel_size=(7, 7),
                           activation='relu',
                           input shape=input shape,
                          padding = 'same'))
         model.add(MaxPooling2D(pool size=(2, 2)))
         model.add(Conv2D(64, (7, 7), activation='relu', padding = 'same'))
         model.add(MaxPooling2D(pool size=(2, 2)))
         model.add(Dropout(0.75))
         model.add(Conv2D(32, (7, 7), activation='relu', padding = 'same'))
         model.add(MaxPooling2D(pool_size=(2, 2)))
         model.add(Dropout(0.25))
         model.add(Flatten())
         model.add(Dense(128, activation='relu'))
         model.add(Dropout(0.5))
         model.add(Dense(32, activation='relu'))
         model.add(Dropout(0.5))
         model.add(Dense(num_classes, activation='softmax'))
         model.compile(loss=keras.losses.categorical crossentropy,
                        optimizer=keras.optimizers.Adam(),
                       metrics=['accuracy'])
         history = model.fit(x_train, y_train,
                   batch size=batch size,
                   epochs=epochs,
                   verbose=1,
                   validation_data=(x_test, y_test))
```

```
WARNING:tensorflow:Large dropout rate: 0.75 (>0.5). In TensorFlow 2.x, dropou
t() uses dropout rate instead of keep_prob. Please ensure that this is intend
Train on 60000 samples, validate on 10000 samples
Epoch 1/12
60000/60000 [============= ] - 561s 9ms/step - loss: 0.9087 -
accuracy: 0.6829 - val loss: 0.0773 - val accuracy: 0.9769
Epoch 2/12
60000/60000 [=============== ] - 558s 9ms/step - loss: 0.2679 -
accuracy: 0.9274 - val loss: 0.0624 - val accuracy: 0.9827
Epoch 3/12
60000/60000 [================ ] - 557s 9ms/step - loss: 0.2020 -
accuracy: 0.9488 - val loss: 0.0402 - val accuracy: 0.9890
Epoch 4/12
60000/60000 [================ ] - 558s 9ms/step - loss: 0.1746 -
accuracy: 0.9567 - val_loss: 0.0382 - val_accuracy: 0.9894
Epoch 5/12
60000/60000 [=============== ] - 562s 9ms/step - loss: 0.1573 -
accuracy: 0.9624 - val_loss: 0.0371 - val_accuracy: 0.9905
Epoch 6/12
```

```
60000/60000 [============= ] - 559s 9ms/step - loss: 0.1367 -
accuracy: 0.9657 - val loss: 0.0351 - val accuracy: 0.9908
Epoch 7/12
60000/60000 [============= ] - 558s 9ms/step - loss: 0.1356 -
accuracy: 0.9660 - val loss: 0.0280 - val accuracy: 0.9919
Epoch 8/12
60000/60000 [============== ] - 560s 9ms/step - loss: 0.1272 -
accuracy: 0.9678 - val loss: 0.0286 - val accuracy: 0.9932
Epoch 9/12
60000/60000 [=============== ] - 559s 9ms/step - loss: 0.1249 -
accuracy: 0.9700 - val loss: 0.0257 - val accuracy: 0.9933
Epoch 10/12
60000/60000 [============= ] - 560s 9ms/step - loss: 0.1151 -
accuracy: 0.9710 - val_loss: 0.0226 - val_accuracy: 0.9932
Epoch 11/12
60000/60000 [=============== ] - 550s 9ms/step - loss: 0.1095 -
accuracy: 0.9727 - val loss: 0.0267 - val accuracy: 0.9933
Epoch 12/12
60000/60000 [============= ] - 549s 9ms/step - loss: 0.1081 -
accuracy: 0.9737 - val loss: 0.0224 - val accuracy: 0.9927
```

```
In [12]:
         score = model.evaluate(x test, y test, verbose=0)
         print('Test loss:', score[0])
         print('Test accuracy:', score[1])
         fig,ax = plt.subplots(1,1)
         ax.set_xlabel('epoch'); ax.set_ylabel('Categorical Crossentropy Loss')
         # list of epoch numbers
         x = list(range(1,epochs+1))
         # print(history.history.keys())
         # dict_keys(['val_loss', 'val_acc', 'loss', 'acc'])
         # history = model_drop.fit(X_train, Y_train, batch_size=batch_size, epochs=nb_epo
         # we will get val_loss and val_acc only when you pass the paramter validation_dat
         # val_loss : validation loss
         # val acc : validation accuracy
         # loss : training loss
         # acc : train accuracy
         # for each key in histrory.histrory we will have a list of length equal to number
         vy = history.history['val_loss']
         ty = history.history['loss']
         plt dynamic(x, vy, ty, ax)
```

Test loss: 0.022369634967670984 Test accuracy: 0.9926999807357788



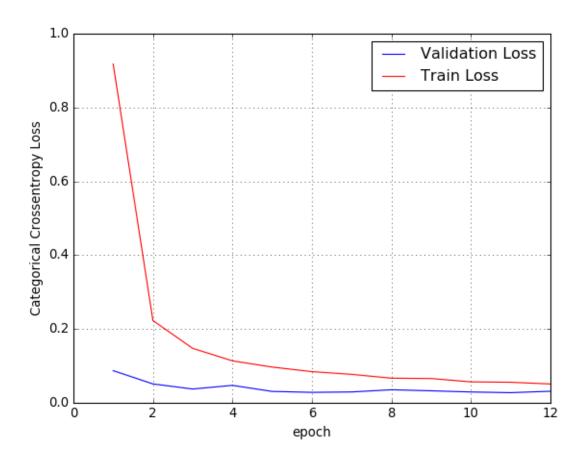
3.4: ConvNet(64-32) | 2 Dropouts | 2 MaxPools | Dense(64-32) 1 Flatten | ReLU | Adam | Padding: "same" | 2 Batch Normalization

```
In [15]:
         model = Sequential()
         model.add(Conv2D(64, kernel_size=(7, 7),
                           activation='relu',
                           input shape=input shape,
                          padding = 'same'))
         model.add(MaxPooling2D(pool_size=(2, 2)))
         model.add(Conv2D(32, (7, 7), activation='relu'))
         model.add(MaxPooling2D(pool size=(2, 2)))
         model.add(Dropout(0.25))
         model.add(Flatten())
         model.add(Dense(64, activation='relu'))
         model.add(Dropout(0.5))
         model.add(BatchNormalization())
         model.add(Dense(32, activation='relu'))
         model.add(BatchNormalization())
         model.add(Dropout(0.5))
         model.add(Dense(num classes, activation='softmax'))
         model.compile(loss=keras.losses.categorical crossentropy,
                       optimizer=keras.optimizers.Adam(),
                       metrics=['accuracy'])
         history = model.fit(x train, y train,
                   batch_size=batch_size,
                   epochs=epochs,
                   verbose=1,
                   validation_data=(x_test, y_test))
```

```
Train on 60000 samples, validate on 10000 samples
Epoch 1/12
- accuracy: 0.7233 - val_loss: 0.0872 - val_accuracy: 0.9808
Epoch 2/12
60000/60000 [================ ] - 41s 676us/step - loss: 0.2229
- accuracy: 0.9441 - val_loss: 0.0513 - val_accuracy: 0.9840
Epoch 3/12
60000/60000 [=====================] - 41s 683us/step - loss: 0.1476
- accuracy: 0.9631 - val_loss: 0.0375 - val_accuracy: 0.9872
Epoch 4/12
60000/60000 [================ ] - 40s 671us/step - loss: 0.1138
- accuracy: 0.9717 - val loss: 0.0474 - val accuracy: 0.9867
Epoch 5/12
- accuracy: 0.9755 - val_loss: 0.0309 - val_accuracy: 0.9903
Epoch 6/12
- accuracy: 0.9786 - val_loss: 0.0284 - val_accuracy: 0.9920
Epoch 7/12
- accuracy: 0.9800 - val_loss: 0.0295 - val_accuracy: 0.9919
Epoch 8/12
```

```
In [16]:
         score = model.evaluate(x test, y test, verbose=0)
         print('Test loss:', score[0])
         print('Test accuracy:', score[1])
         fig,ax = plt.subplots(1,1)
         ax.set_xlabel('epoch'); ax.set_ylabel('Categorical Crossentropy Loss')
         # list of epoch numbers
         x = list(range(1,epochs+1))
         # print(history.history.keys())
         # dict_keys(['val_loss', 'val_acc', 'loss', 'acc'])
         # history = model_drop.fit(X_train, Y_train, batch_size=batch_size, epochs=nb_epo
         # we will get val_loss and val_acc only when you pass the paramter validation_dat
         # val_loss : validation loss
         # val acc : validation accuracy
         # loss : training loss
         # acc : train accuracy
         # for each key in histrory.histrory we will have a list of length equal to number
         vy = history.history['val_loss']
         ty = history.history['loss']
         plt dynamic(x, vy, ty, ax)
```

Test loss: 0.03136349078471503 Test accuracy: 0.9919999837875366



Conclusion:

In [11]: from prettytable import PrettyTable

```
In [12]: x = PrettyTable()
x.field_names = ["convolution kernel", "architecture", "Test Accuracy"]
```

```
In [14]: x.add_row(["3x3", "ConvNet(32-64)|2 Dropouts|Maxpool|Dense(128-10)|1 Flatten|ReLU
          x.add_row(["3x3", "ConvNet(32-32-64)|1 Dropouts|3 MaxPools|Dense(64-10)|1 Flatten
          x.add_row(["3x3", "ConvNet(32-64)|2 Dropouts|2 MaxPools|Dense(128-10)|1 Flatten|Ro
          x.add_row(["3x3", "ConvNet(32-32)|2 Dropouts|2 MaxPools|Dense(64-10)|1 Flatten|Re
          x.add row(["5x5", "ConvNet(128-64-32) | 3 Dropouts | 2 Maxpool | Dense(128-10) |
          x.add_row(["5x5", "ConvNet(64-32) | 3 Dropouts | 3 MaxPools | Dense(128-32) | 1 F
          x.add_row(["5x5", "ConvNet(128-64-32) | 3 Dropouts | 3 MaxPools | Dense(64-32) |
          x.add_row(["5x5", "ConvNet(64-32) | 3 Dropouts | 2 MaxPools | Dense(64-32) | 1 Fl
          x.add row(["7x7", "ConvNet (128-64-32) | Dense (128) | 3 Dropouts | 2 Maxpool | 1
          x.add_row(["7x7", "ConvNet(128-64) | 3 Dropouts | 2 MaxPools | 1 Flatten | ReLU | x.add_row(["7x7", "ConvNet(256-64-32) | 3 Dropouts | 3 MaxPools | Dense(128-32) |
          x.add row(["7x7", "ConvNet(64-32) | 2 Dropouts | 2 MaxPools | Dense(64-32) 1 Flat
          print(x)
          | convolution kernel |
          rchitecture
                                                                               | Test Accura
                   3x3
                                                      ConvNet(32-64) | 2 Dropouts | Maxpool
          Dense(128-10) | 1 Flatten | ReLU | Adadelta
                                                                                    0.9914
                                                     ConvNet(32-32-64) | 1 Dropouts | 3 Ma
                   3x3
          xPools | Dense(64-10) | 1 Flatten | ReLU | Adam
                                                                                     0.9843
                                             ConvNet(32-64) | 2 Dropouts | 2 MaxPools | De
          nse(128-10) | 1 Flatten | ReLU | Adam | Padding: (same)
                                | ConvNet(32-32) | 2 Dropouts | 2 MaxPools | Dense(64-10)
          | 1 Flatten | ReLU | Adam | Padding: (same) | Batch Normalization |
                                                                                     0.9933
                                                     ConvNet(128-64-32) | 3 Dropouts | 2 Ma
                   5x5
          xpool | Dense(128-10) | 1 Flatten | ReLU | Adam
                                                                                     0.9944
                                                       ConvNet(64-32) | 3 Dropouts | 3 MaxP
                   5x5
          ools | Dense(128-32) | 1 Flatten | ReLU | Adam
                                                                                     0.9918
                                           ConvNet(128-64-32) | 3 Dropouts | 3 MaxPools |
          Dense(64-32) | 1 Flatten | ReLU | Adam | Padding: (same)
                                                                                     0.9917
                                | ConvNet(64-32) | 3 Dropouts | 2 MaxPools | Dense(64-32)
          | 1 Flatten | ReLU | Adam | Padding: (same) | Batch Normalization |
                                                      ConvNet (128-64-32) | Dense (128) | 3
          Dropouts | 2 Maxpool | 1 Flatten | ReLU | Adam
                                                                                    0.9947
                                             ConvNet(128-64) | 3 Dropouts | 2 MaxPools | 1
          Flatten | ReLU | Dense(64-10) | Adam | padding: (same)
                                                                                    0.9933
```

```
ConvNet(256-64-32) | 3 Dropouts | 3 MaxPools |
         7x7
Dense(128-32) | 1 Flatten | ReLU | Adam | Padding: (same)
                                                                         0.9926
                     ConvNet(64-32) | 2 Dropouts | 2 MaxPools | Dense(64-32)
1 Flatten | ReLU | Adam | Padding: (same) | 2 Batch Normalization |
                                                                         0.9919
                                                ConvNet(32-64)|2 Dropouts|Maxpo
         3x3
ol|Dense(128-10)|1 Flatten|ReLU|Adadelta
                                                                         0.9914
         3x3
                                                ConvNet(32-32-64) 1 Dropouts 3
MaxPools | Dense(64-10) | 1 Flatten | ReLU | Adam
                                                                         0.9843
                                         ConvNet(32-64)|2 Dropouts|2 MaxPools|D
ense(128-10)|1 Flatten|ReLU|Adam|Padding:(same)
                                        ConvNet(32-32)|2 Dropouts|2 MaxPools|De
nse(64-10)|1 Flatten|ReLU|Adam|Padding: (same)|BN
                                                                         0.9933
         5x5
                                         ConvNet(128-64-32) | 3 Dropouts | 2 Ma
xpool | Dense(128-10) | 1 Flatten | ReLU | Adam
                                                                         0.9944
         5x5
                                           ConvNet(64-32) | 3 Dropouts | 3 MaxP
ools | Dense(128-32) | 1 Flatten | ReLU | Adam
                                                                         0.9918
         5x5
                                ConvNet(128-64-32) | 3 Dropouts | 3 MaxPools |
Dense(64-32) | 1 Flatten | ReLU | Adam | Padding: (same)
                     | ConvNet(64-32) | 3 Dropouts | 2 MaxPools | Dense(64-32)
 1 Flatten | ReLU | Adam | Padding: (same) | Batch Normalization |
                                          ConvNet (128-64-32) | Dense (128) | 3
Dropouts | 2 Maxpool | 1 Flatten | ReLU | Adam
                                  ConvNet(128-64) | 3 Dropouts | 2 MaxPools | 1
Flatten | ReLU | Dense(64-10) | Adam | padding: (same)
                                                                        0.9933
                                ConvNet(256-64-32) | 3 Dropouts | 3 MaxPools |
         7x7
Dense(128-32) | 1 Flatten | ReLU | Adam | Padding: (same)
                                                                         0.9926
                     | ConvNet(64-32) | 2 Dropouts | 2 MaxPools | Dense(64-32)
1 Flatten | ReLU | Adam | Padding: (same) | 2 Batch Normalization |
```

Procedure Followed:

- Splitted the MNIST dataset into train and test
- Tried different architectures of CNN with dataset like with muktiple dropout, diffent kernel size, different convolution layers, etc.
- Plotted the epoch vs Train/Test loss of each model