## **Assignment 6 (Week-6)**

Due on 2016-03-06, 19:29 IST

## **Submitted assignment**

- 1) In ANOVA, "factor" refers to-
  - The dependent variable
  - The independent variable
  - Different levels of treatment
  - The critical value of F
- 2) In ANOVA, if there are 3 treatments and 10 observations per treatment, and SSE = 399.6, then the MSE for this situation is 1 point
  - 15.8
  - 14.8
  - 30.0
  - 21.9
- 3) Which of the following is an assumption of one-way ANOVA comparing samples from three or more experimental treatments?
  - 1 point

- All the response variables within the k populations follow a normal distribution.
- The samples associated with each population are randomly selected and are independent from all other samples.
- All of the above.

	None of the above.						
4)	In ANOVA with 4 groups with sample size of 11 per group, the computed F statistic is 2.33 The p-value is:  exactly 0.05					1 point	
	less than 0.05						
	greater than 0.05						
	cannot tell - it depends o	on what the SSE is					
5)	The Q.(5-10) are to be ansu	1 point randomly monitored					
and their safety behavior on a 100-point scale is given below.							
			Safety Perfo	rmance			
	Don't 4	Emp-1	Emp-2	Emp-3	Emp-4	Emp-5	
	Dept. 1 Dept. 2	68 85	73 85	75 78	65 86	78 79	
	Dept. 3	73	77	72	70	76	
	The degree of freedom for the	ne factor department is-					
	<ul><li>2</li></ul>						
	O 3						
	O 4						
	None of these.						
6)	The SSE and MSE values of the factor department are-					2 points	
	(200.3, 14.96)						
	(200.1, 13.56)						
	(201.2, 16.76)						
	(210.2, 19.06)						
7)	The computed F based on the	ne given data is -				2 points	
	9.98						

	19.50			
	15.88			
	20.12			
8)	Do the departments differ in their safety behaviour -  Yes	1 point		
	O No			
9)	What test do you suggest to test the equality of variance of mean safety performance across the three departments?  a) Modified Levene's test	1 point		
	b) Bartlett's test			
	c) Both of (a) and (b)			
	d) None of the above			
10) Is the equality of variances held across the departments?				
	Yes			
	O No			
11) In ANOVA, the SSE statistic measures the variation				
	(a) between groups			
	(b) within group			
	(c) both (a) and (b)			
	(d) None of these			