Assignment 1

Submitted assignment

Due on 2015-07-26, 23:55 IST

1) 1 point

Question 1 through 5 pertain to the following description and table:

An organization chooses to analyse the relationship between sales productivity of an employee and various other factors (specific to the employee). The table below describes some variables that are of interest:

Employee	Name	Gender	Prior Work	Salary (in ₹	Highest level	Number of
ID		(Female = 1,	Experience (Yes = Y,	per month)	of Education	Promotions (within
		Male = 2)	No=N)			the organization)
132A	Xxxx	1	N	₹24,000	High school	3
119C	Xxxx	1	Υ	₹33,000	Masters	2
	Xxxx	2	Υ	₹29,500	Bachelors	2
	Xxxxx	2	N	₹37,000	Doctorate	2

¹⁾ What is the variable-type for the variable 'Gender'?

	Numerical, Continuous	
	Quantitative, Discrete	
	Categorical, Nominal	
	Categorical, Ordinal	
2)	What is the variable-type for the variable 'Prior Work Experience'?	1 point
	Numerical, Continuous	
	Quantitative, Discrete	
	Categorical, Nominal	
	Categorical, Ordinal	
3)	What is the variable-type for the variable 'salary'?	1 point
	Quantitative, Continuous	
	Categorical, Nominal	
	Qualitative, Ordinal	
	Numerical, Ordinal	
4)	What is the variable-type for the variable 'Highest level of education'?	1 point
	Categorical, Ordinal	
	Numerical, Discrete	
	Quantitative, Continuous	
	Quantitative, Nominal	
5)	What is the variable-type for the variable 'Number of Promotions'?	1 point
	Categorical, Ordinal	
	Qualitative, Nominal	
	Quantitative, Continuous	
	Numerical, Discrete	

6)	What is the best form of visually representing data when you have two continuous quantitative variables? You are interested in visually	1 point
	seeing the relationship between these variables.	
	Scatterplot/s	

- Box plot
- Multiple box plots placed on the axis of one of the two continuous variables
- Contingency table

We would like to characterize the performance of an College level swimming team (Team A) which has 10 members, for a specific event (the 50 metre Freestyle). We have the timings of these ten members from their practice. They are:

Member	Time (in Seconds)
1	28
2	25
3	27
4	25
5	29
6	26
7	23
8	63
9	24
10	26

An upcoming competition is going to conduct pairwise races between this team and a rival team (Team B). No one knows how the pairing is going to be achieved (a randomly selected swimmer from team A will race against a randomly selected swimmer from team B). You belong to team B, and in your practice you want to aim towards a time where you can defeat at least half the members of team A. Which measure of central tendency best captures the typical performance of the team A that you should use for this purpose.

	Mode	
	Mean Absolute Deviation(MAD)	
8)	We are a customer service call centre. When a caller calls, an agent is assigned to them and a recorded message puts them on hold. We are trying to provide a recorded message feature where as soon as a customer's call is picked up, we would like to mention to him/her the waiting time they should expect before their call will be answered. We would like to do this by looking at the number of callers ahead in the queue and multiply that with the typical time that each caller will take. What measure of central tendency is best suited to measure "the typical time that each caller will take"? We are also aware of the fact that there are some outliers. 90% of the calls get resolved in less than 1 minute, but 10% of the calls wind up taking close to 5 minutes. Assume that there are usually 10-30 callers waiting at each agent.	1 point
	○ Mean	
	Mode	
	Mean Absolute Deviation(MAD)	
9)	Question 9 through 14 pertain to the following description:	1 point
	(If your answer is $rs.10,000$, type 10000 in the text box provided and If your answer is $rs.0$, type 0 in the text box provided)	
	A small accounting firm pays each of their five junior accountants ₹35,000, two senior accountants ₹80,000 and the firms owner ₹3,20,000 (all salaries are per month).	
	9) What is the mean salary paid per month at this firm?	
	81875	
10	What is the median salary paid per month at this firm? 35000	1 point
11) How many employees earn less than the mean salary every month?	1 point
12	How many employees earn less than the median salary every month?	1 point
13	If the owner gets a salary hike and gets paid with the total salary of ₹4,55,000(per month), then what is the new mean? 98750	1 point
14	a) If the owner gets a salary hike and gets paid with the total salary of ₹4,55,000 per month, then what is the new median?	1 point

Mean