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Part I: Semantic Web Languages:

Q.1 Translate HTML information into an XML object.

```
<restaurants>
```

```
<restaurant>
```

```
<number> 1 </number>
```

```
<name> Culinary Dropout </name>
```

```
<telephone> (480) 240-1601 </telephone>
```

```
<rating> 4 </rating>
```

```
<reviews> 1621 </reviews>
```

```
<address> 149 S Farmer road </address>
```

```
<pricerange> $$ </pricerange>
```

```
<cuisine> American (New) </cuisine>
```

```
<note> Most viewed restaurant in Tempe </note>
```

```
<button> Find a table </button>
```

```
<offerings> offer reservations </offerings>
```

```
</restaurant>
```

```
<restaurant>
```

```
<number> 2 </number>
```

```
<name> Ghost Ranch: Modern Southwest Cuisine </name>
```

```
<telephone> (480) 474-4328 </telephone>
```

```
<rating> 4.5 </rating>
```

```
<reviews> 237 </reviews>
```

```
<address> 1006 E Warner Rd </address>
```

```
<pricerange> $$ </pricerange>
```

```
<cuisine> American (New) </cuisine>
```

```
<note> Popular for its Ghost Ranch </note>
```

```
<button> Start Order </button>
```

```
<offerings> offers takeout </offerings>
```

```
</restaurant>
```

Q2: Graph Representation

Restaurants

Name: Amey Sadanand Bhilegaonkar

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Restaurant

restaurant

1

number

Culinary Dropout

name

(480) 241-1601

telephone

4

rating

1621

reviews

149 S Farmer

address

\$\$

pricerange

American (New)

cuisine

Most viewed Restaurant in Tempe

note

Find a table

button

offer Reservation

offerings

2

number

Ghost Ranch: Modern Southwest Cuisine

name

(480) 474-4328

telephone

4.5

rating

237

reviews

1006 E Warner Rd

address

\$\$

pricerange

American (New)

cuisine

Popular for its Ghost Ranch

note

Start order

button

offer takeout

offerings

number

name

telephone

rating

reviews

address

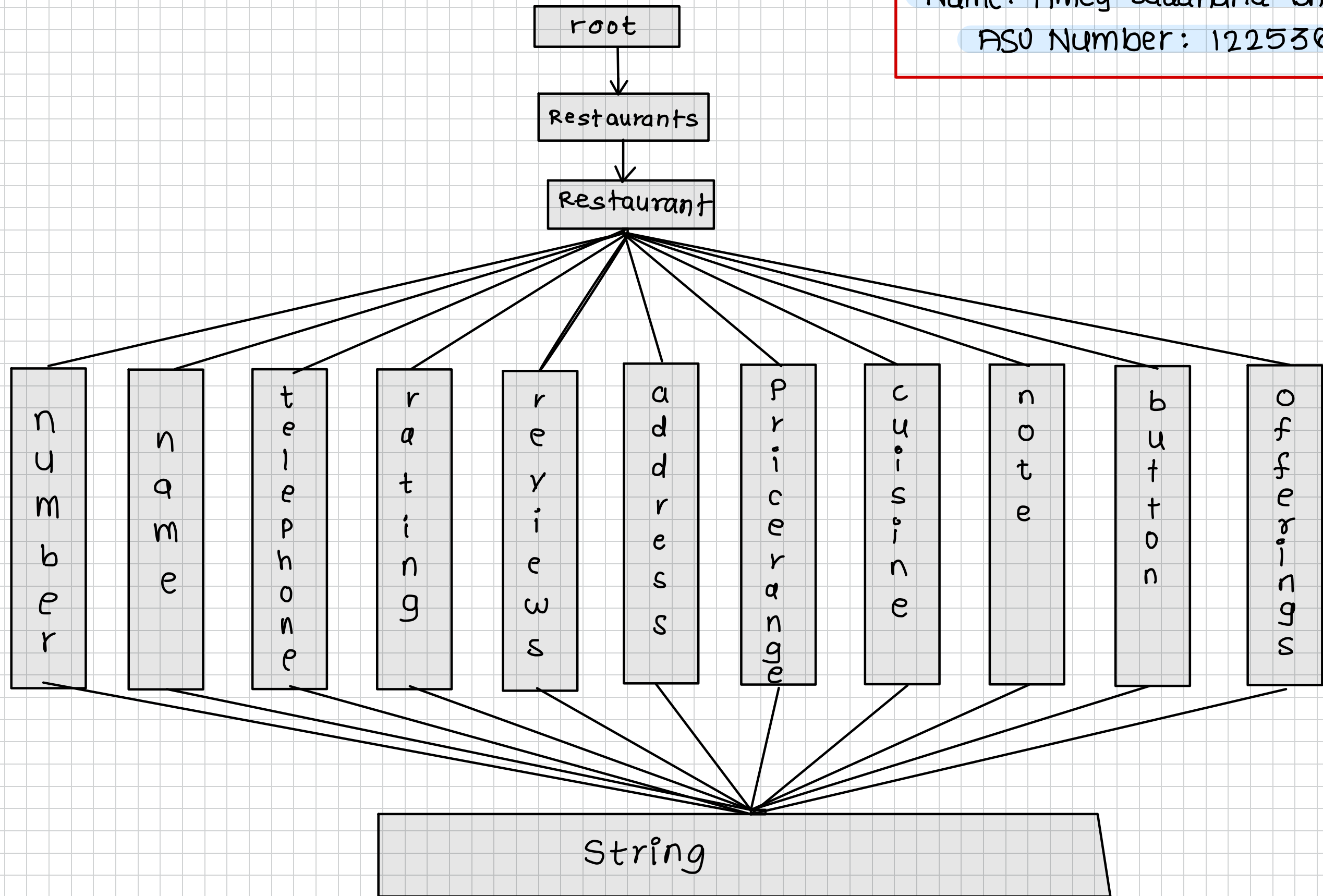
pricerange

cuisine

note

button

offerings



Q.3 Given XML-QL Query, its English translation is:

Select the telephone numbers of all restaurants listed on Yelp who offer takeout.

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## Part 2: Frequent Item-Sets and Association Rules:

### Q.4 APRIORI Algorithm

Given transactions are:

$$T_1 = \{A, B, C\}$$

$$T_6 = \{B, C, D, E\}$$

$$T_2 = \{A, F, G\}$$

$$T_7 = \{E, F\}$$

$$T_3 = \{B, C, G\}$$

$$T_8 = \{B, C, F, G\}$$

$$T_4 = \{A, B, C, F\}$$

$$T_9 = \{B, C, F, G\}$$

$$T_5 = \{B, C\}$$

$$T_{10} = \{B, C, G\}$$

Given minimum support is 40% which is 4/10

For the first pass-

Item	Frequency
A	3
B	8
C	8
D	1
E	2
F	5
G	5

For the second part

Item	Frequency
$\{B, C\}$	8
$\{B, F\}$	3
$\{B, G\}$	4
$\{C, F\}$	3
$\{C, G\}$	4
$\{F, G\}$	3

For the third part

Item	Frequency
$\{B, C, G\}$	4

remove items with frequency < 4

$\therefore \{A\}, \{D\}, \{E\}$  will be removed

$\therefore F_1 : \{B\}, \{C\}, \{F\}, \{G\}$

$\therefore \{B, F\}, \{C, F\}, \{F, G\}$  will be removed

$\therefore F_2 = \{B, C\}, \{B, G\}, \{C, G\}$

$\therefore F_3 = \{B, C, G\}$

Q5. Given support is 40% and confidence is 100%

{B, C, G} is the most frequent dataset

The association Rules:

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Rule	Confidence Calculation	Confidence	Rule	Confidence Calculations	Confidence
1. {B, C} → {G}	$\frac{\text{Support } \{B, C, G\}}{\text{Support } \{B, C\}} = \frac{4/10}{8/10} = 0.5$	50%	8. {G} → {B}	$\frac{\text{Support } \{B, G\}}{\text{Support } \{G\}} = \frac{4/10}{5/10}$	80%
2. {B, G} → {C}	$\frac{\text{Support } \{B, C, G\}}{\text{Support } \{B, G\}} = \frac{4/10}{4/10}$	100%	9. {B} → {C}	$\frac{\text{Support } \{B, C\}}{\text{Support } \{B\}} = \frac{8/10}{8/10}$	100%
3. {C, G} → {B}	$\frac{\text{Support } \{B, C, G\}}{\text{Support } \{C, G\}} = \frac{4/10}{4/10}$	100%	10. {C} → {B}	$\frac{\text{Support } \{B, C\}}{\text{Support } \{C\}} = \frac{8/10}{8/10}$	100%
4. {B} → {C, G}	$\frac{\text{Support } \{B, C, G\}}{\text{Support } \{B\}} = \frac{4/10}{8/10}$	50%	11. {C} → {G}	$\frac{\text{Support } \{C, G\}}{\text{Support } \{G\}} = \frac{4/10}{5/10}$	80%
5. {C} → {B, G}	$\frac{\text{Support } \{B, C, G\}}{\text{Support } \{C\}} = \frac{4/10}{8/10}$	50%	12. {G} → {C}	$\frac{\text{Support } \{C, G\}}{\text{Support } \{G\}} = \frac{4/10}{5/10}$	80%
6. {G} → {B, C}	$\frac{\text{Support } \{B, C, G\}}{\text{Support } \{G\}} = \frac{4/10}{5/10}$	80%			
7. {B} → {G}	$\frac{\text{Support } \{B, G\}}{\text{Support } \{B\}} = \frac{4/10}{8/10}$	50%			

∴ The association rules with Support 40% and Confidence 100% are -

- {B, G} → {C}      • {C} → {B}
- {C, G} → {B}
- {B} → {C}



### Part 3: Clustering

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Q 6: Given  $C_1, C_2, C_3$  after first iteration:

$$C_1 = \{(2,2), (4,4), (6,6)\}$$

$$C_2 = \{(0,4), (4,0)\}$$

$$C_3 = \{(5,5), (9,9)\}$$

For 2<sup>nd</sup> iteration, we need to calculate the centroids

$\therefore$  centroids of  $(x_1, y_1)$  &  $(x_2, y_2)$  is  $\left(\frac{x_1+x_2}{2}, \frac{y_1+y_2}{2}\right)$

$$\text{Centroid of } C_1 = \left(\frac{2+4+6}{3}, \frac{2+4+6}{3}\right) = (4,4)$$

$$\text{centroid of } C_2 = \left(\frac{0+4}{2}, \frac{4+0}{2}\right) = (2,2)$$

$$\text{centroid of } C_3 = \left(\frac{5+9}{2}, \frac{5+9}{2}\right) = (7,7)$$

$\therefore$  Centroid for  $C_1 \rightarrow (4,4)$

Centroid for  $C_2 \rightarrow (2,2)$

Centroid for  $C_3 \rightarrow (7,7)$

Q 7: New Clusters

For second iteration:

using new centroids:

$$C_1 = (4,4)$$

$$C_2 = (2,2)$$

$$C_3 = (7,7)$$

After second iteration

$$C_1 = \{(4,4), (5,5)\}$$

$$C_2 = \{(2,2), (0,4), (4,0)\}$$

$$C_3 = \{(6,6), (9,9)\}$$

Distance d between $(x_1, y_1)$ & $(x_2, y_2) = \sqrt{(x_2-x_1)^2 + (y_2-y_1)^2}$						
$x$	$y$	$C_1 = (4,4)$ distance 1	$C_2 = (2,2)$ distance 2	$C_3 = (7,7)$ distance 3	cluster to which it belongs	
2	2	2.83	0.00	7.07	$C_2$	
4	4	0.00	2.83	4.24	$C_1$	
6	6	2.83	5.66	1.41	$C_3$	
0	4	4.0	2.83	7.62	$C_2$	
4	0	4.0	2.83	7.62	$C_2$	
5	5	1.412	4.24	2.83	$C_1$	
9	9	7.07	9.9	2.83	$C_3$	

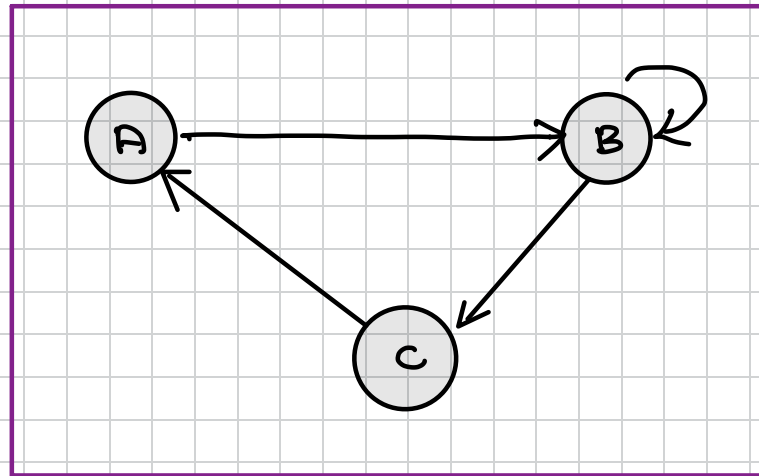
## Part : 4 Web Ranking:

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Q 8 Given edges are:  $(A \rightarrow B)$ ,  $(B \rightarrow B)$ ,  $(B \rightarrow C)$ ,  $(C \rightarrow A)$

The network graph will be as follows:



$$\text{Adj Matrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 1 \\ 1 & 0 & 0 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\text{column Normalized Matrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 0 & 1 \\ 1 & 0.5 & 0 \\ 0 & 0.5 & 0 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\text{Transpose of Adj Matrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 0 & 1 \\ 1 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 \end{bmatrix}$$

Q 9: Irreducible Matrix

The matrix M is Irreducible

Explanation:

- There exists a path between all nodes. i.e. we can reach any other node if we choose to start from any node in the network.

Lets consider:

Start Point	End point	Edge / path
A	B	$A \rightarrow B$
A	C	$A \rightarrow B \rightarrow C$
B	A	$B \rightarrow C \rightarrow A$
B	C	$B \rightarrow C$
C	A	$C \rightarrow A$
C	B	$C \rightarrow A \rightarrow B$

$\therefore$  The matrix is irreducible.



# Q.10 Page Rank

Column Normalized Hyperlink matrix  $M$  is :

$$M = \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 0 & 1 \\ 1 & 1/2 & 0 \\ 0 & 1/2 & 0 \end{bmatrix} \quad X = \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 1 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

Replace  $X$  by product  $MX$  until page rankings converge.

Iteration ①

$$MX = \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 0 & 1 \\ 1 & 1/2 & 0 \\ 0 & 1/2 & 0 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 1 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 0 \times 1 + 0 \times 1 + 1 \times 1 \\ 1 \times 1 + 1 \times 1/2 + 0 \times 1 \\ 0 \times 1 + 1/2 \times 1 + 0 \times 1 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 1.5 \\ 0.5 \end{bmatrix}$$

Iteration ②

$$MX = \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 0 & 1 \\ 1 & 1/2 & 0 \\ 0 & 1/2 & 0 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 1.5 \\ 0.5 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 0 \times 1 + 0 \times 1.5 + 1 \times 0.5 \\ 1 \times 1 + \frac{1}{2} \times 1.5 + 0 \times 0.5 \\ 0 \times 1 + \frac{1}{2} \times 1.5 + 0 \times 0.5 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 0.5 \\ 1.75 \\ 0.75 \end{bmatrix}$$

Iteration 3:

$$MX = \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 0 & 1 \\ 1 & 1/2 & 0 \\ 0 & 1/2 & 0 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} 0.5 \\ 1.75 \\ 0.75 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 0 \times 0.5 + 0 \times 1.75 + 1 \times 0.75 \\ 1 \times 0.5 + \frac{1}{2} \times 1.75 + 0 \times 0.75 \\ 0 \times 0.5 + \frac{1}{2} \times 1.75 + 0 \times 0.75 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 0.75 \\ 1.375 \\ 0.875 \end{bmatrix}$$

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iteration	$X_A$	$X_B$	$X_C$
0	1	1	1
1	1	1.5	0.5
2	0.5	1.75	0.75
3	0.75	1.375	0.875

The page rank algorithm stops when rankings converge.

In iteration ① : rankings are BAC

In iteration ② : rankings are BCA

In iteration ③ : rankings are BCA.

∴ The page rank algorithm stops after iteration ③