## Homework1 Solution

## 1 Part 1

Given, 
$$\frac{P(y=1 \mid x)}{P(y=0 \mid x)}$$
  $y=1$  if  $> 1$   
So, this infers that there are only two class labels 0 and 1.  
 $\Rightarrow P(y=1 \mid x) + P(y=0 \mid x) = 1$  (1)
Also given,  $\frac{P(y=1 \mid x)}{P(y=0 \mid x)} = e^z$  (from Eq (1))
$$\frac{P(y=1 \mid x)}{1-P(y=1 \mid x)} = e^z$$
 (from Eq (1))
$$P(y=1 \mid x) = e^z \cdot (1-P(y=1 \mid x))$$

$$P(y=1 \mid x) = e^z \cdot e^z P(y=1 \mid x))$$

$$P(y=1 \mid x) + e^z P(y=1 \mid x)) = e^z$$

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$$P(y=1 \mid x) = \frac{e^z}{(1+e^z)}$$
 (multiply with  $e^{-z}$ )
$$P(y=1 \mid x) = \frac{e^z * e^{-z}}{(1+e^z) * e^{-z}}$$
 ( $e^z * e^{-z} = e^0 = 1$ )