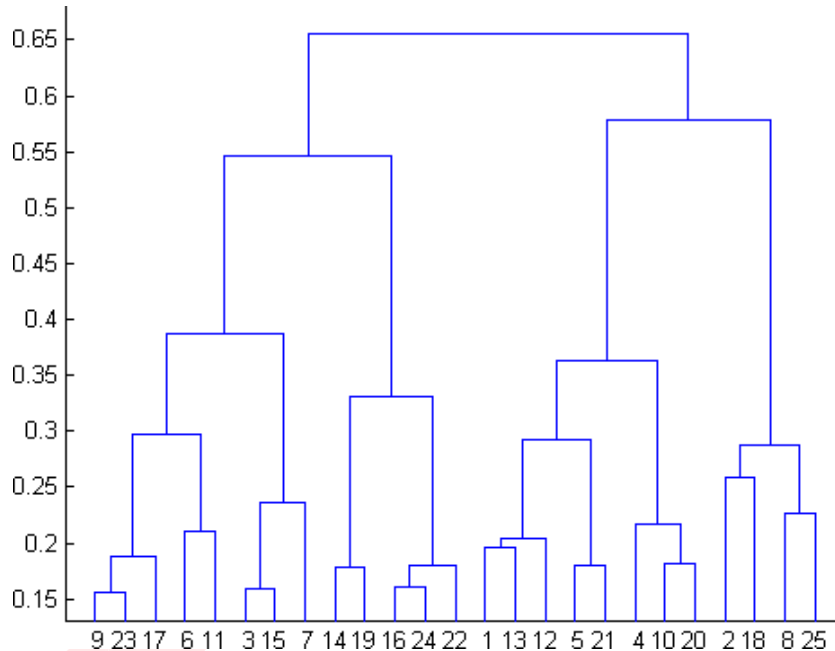


## MACHINE LEARNING

**Q1 to Q12 have only one correct answer. Choose the correct option to answer your question.**

1. What is the most appropriate no. of clusters for the data points represented by the following dendrogram:



- a) 2  
b) 4  
c) 6  
d) 8

FLIP ROBO

2. In which of the following cases will K-Means clustering fail to give good results?

1. Data points with outliers
2. Data points with different densities
3. Data points with round shapes
4. Data points with non-convex shapes

Options:

- a) 1 and 2  
b) 2 and 3  
c) 2 and 4  
d) 1, 2 and 4

3. The most important part of \_\_\_\_ is selecting the variables on which clustering is based.

- a) interpreting and profiling clusters  
b) selecting a clustering procedure  
c) assessing the validity of clustering  
d) formulating the clustering problem

4. The most commonly used measure of similarity is the \_\_\_\_ or its square.

- a) Euclidean distance  
b) city-block distance  
c) Chebyshev's distance  
d) Manhattan distance

## MACHINE LEARNING

5. \_\_\_\_ is a clustering procedure where all objects start out in one giant cluster. Clusters are formed by dividing this cluster into smaller and smaller clusters.
- Non-hierarchical clustering
  - Divisive clustering**
  - Agglomerative clustering
  - K-means clustering
6. Which of the following is required by K-means clustering?
- Defined distance metric
  - Number of clusters
  - Initial guess as to cluster centroids
  - All answers are correct**
7. The goal of clustering is to-
- Divide the data points into groups**
  - Classify the data point into different classes
  - Predict the output values of input data points
  - All of the above
8. Clustering is a-
- Supervised learning
  - Unsupervised learning**
  - Reinforcement learning
  - None
9. Which of the following clustering algorithms suffers from the problem of convergence at local optima?
- K- Means clustering
  - Hierarchical clustering
  - Diverse clustering
  - All of the above**
10. Which version of the clustering algorithm is most sensitive to outliers?
- K-means clustering algorithm**
  - K-modes clustering algorithm
  - K-medians clustering algorithm
  - None
11. Which of the following is a bad characteristic of a dataset for clustering analysis-
- Data points with outliers
  - Data points with different densities
  - Data points with non-convex shapes
  - All of the above**
12. For clustering, we do not require-
- Labeled data**
  - Unlabeled data
  - Numerical data
  - Categorical data

**Q13 to Q15 are subjective answers type questions, Answers them in their own words briefly.**

13. How is cluster analysis calculated?
14. How is cluster quality measured?
15. What is cluster analysis and its types?
-