CS 5331: Special Problems in CS: Cyber-Physical Systems Spring 2023

Assignment 8: Interrupt and Timer

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Objective:

To write an Arduino Sketch code using bitmath, interrupt, and timer to generate a waveform output with a specific frequency and control it with push switches. The code should use the lowest possible power-consuming sleep mode.

Procedure:

- 1. Set up the hardware with a LED connected to Pin 6 and Push Switches connected to Pin 7 and Pin 8.
- 2. Write preliminary code to ensure the hardware setup of the push switches, where the LED blinks on/off when the push switch is pressed. Disable code for timer.
- 3. Use PCINT0 for PortB and PCINT2 for PortD and set the PCINT interrupt triggers on both edges of switch press.
- 4. Use a flag variable to check if the edge is even number or not, then toggle the LED.
- 5. Use Timer1 in OVF mode and set the maximum/minimum limit based on the corresponding count1 values.
- 6. For the timer 1 to be active, clkIO must be kept enabled. Test the functionality of the code without using the sleep mode first, then implement the sleep mode.
- 7. Use the push switches to control the frequency of the output waveform. Push Switch 1 will reduce the frequency of the output waveform by half until it reaches 0.5 Hz (lowest frequency) as soon as the switch is pressed. Push Switch 2 will increase the frequency of the output waveform by twice until it reaches 8 Hz (highest frequency) as soon as the switch is pressed.

Key results:

The final code will generate a waveform output with a specific frequency controlled by push switches. The LED connected to Pin 6 will blink at the rate of the frequency of the waveform generated by the code. Push Switch 1 will reduce the frequency of the output waveform by half, and Push Switch 2 will increase the frequency of the output waveform by twice. The code will use the lowest possible power-consuming sleep mode.

b.

```
#include <avr/interrupt.h>
#include <avr/sleep.h>

#define LED_PIN 6
#define SWITCH1_PIN 7
#define SWITCH2_PIN 8
```

```
volatile uint8_t frequency = 2; // Starting frequency at 2 Hz
// Timer1 ISR to generate waveform output
ISR(TIMER1 COMPA vect) {
  static uint8_t counter = 0;
 if (++counter >= (F_CPU / 2 / frequency / 256)) {
    PORTD ^= (1 << LED PIN);
    counter = 0;
// PCIE0 ISR for switch 1 to reduce frequency by half
ISR(PCINT0_vect) {
 if (bit is clear(PINB, SWITCH1 PIN)) {
    if (frequency > 0.5) frequency /= 2;
// PCIE2 ISR for switch 2 to increase frequency by twice
ISR(PCINT2 vect) {
 if (bit is clear(PIND, SWITCH2 PIN)) {
    if (frequency < 8) frequency *= 2;</pre>
void setup() {
  // Set LED pin as output
  DDRD |= (1 << LED_PIN);
  // Enable PCIE0 and PCIE2 interrupts for switches 1 and 2
  PCICR |= (1 << PCIE0) | (1 << PCIE2);
  // Enable interrupt on switch pins
  PCMSK0 |= (1 << SWITCH1 PIN);</pre>
  PCMSK2 |= (1 << SWITCH2 PIN);</pre>
  // Setup Timer1 for CTC mode with prescaler 256
  TCCR1B |= (1 << WGM12) | (1 << CS12);
  OCR1A = F_CPU / 2 / 256 / frequency - 1; // Set compare match value for desired
frequency
  TIMSK1 |= (1 << OCIE1A); // Enable timer compare match interrupt
  // Enable global interrupts
  sei();
```

```
// Set sleep mode to power-save mode
set_sleep_mode(SLEEP_MODE_PWR_SAVE);
}

void loop() {
    sleep_mode(); // Enter sleep mode to save power
}
```

C.

```
#include (avr/interrupt.h>
#include (avr/sleep.h>
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#include (avr/interrupt.h>

#include (avr/sleep.h)

#incl
```

d.



