

Math 322

Q's / $P_1: S \rightarrow 0S1$
 $P_2: S \rightarrow \lambda$

type 0 not type 1

12.1
#7

$$S \xRightarrow{*} 000111$$

b/c the $S \rightarrow \lambda$
 along with $0S1$
 on a right makes
 a decreasing prodn.

$$S \xRightarrow{P_1} 0S1 \xRightarrow{P_1} 00S11$$

$$\xRightarrow{P_1} 000S111 \xRightarrow{P_2} 000111$$

$S \xRightarrow{*} 000111$ because of these
 $000111 \in L(G)$

Using same productions

$$S \rightarrow 0S1$$

$$S \rightarrow \lambda$$

$$L(G) = \{ \lambda, 01, 0011, 000111, \dots \}$$

$$\int f(x) dx = A_x(f(x)) = f(x) + C$$

$$\int_a^b f(x) dx$$

12.2 Finite - State Machine with output.

$$M = (S, I, O, f, g, s_0)$$

$S \equiv$ Finite set of states

$I \equiv$ Input Alphabet (Finite)

$O \equiv$ Output Alphabet (Finite)

$f \equiv$ transition function (ordered tuple)
 $f: S \times I \rightarrow S$

$g \equiv$ output function (ordered tuple)
 $g: S \times I \rightarrow O$

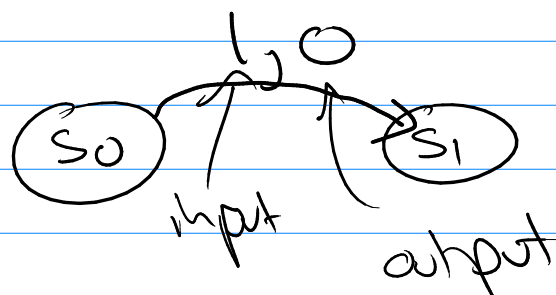
$s_0 \equiv$ start state

Visualize:

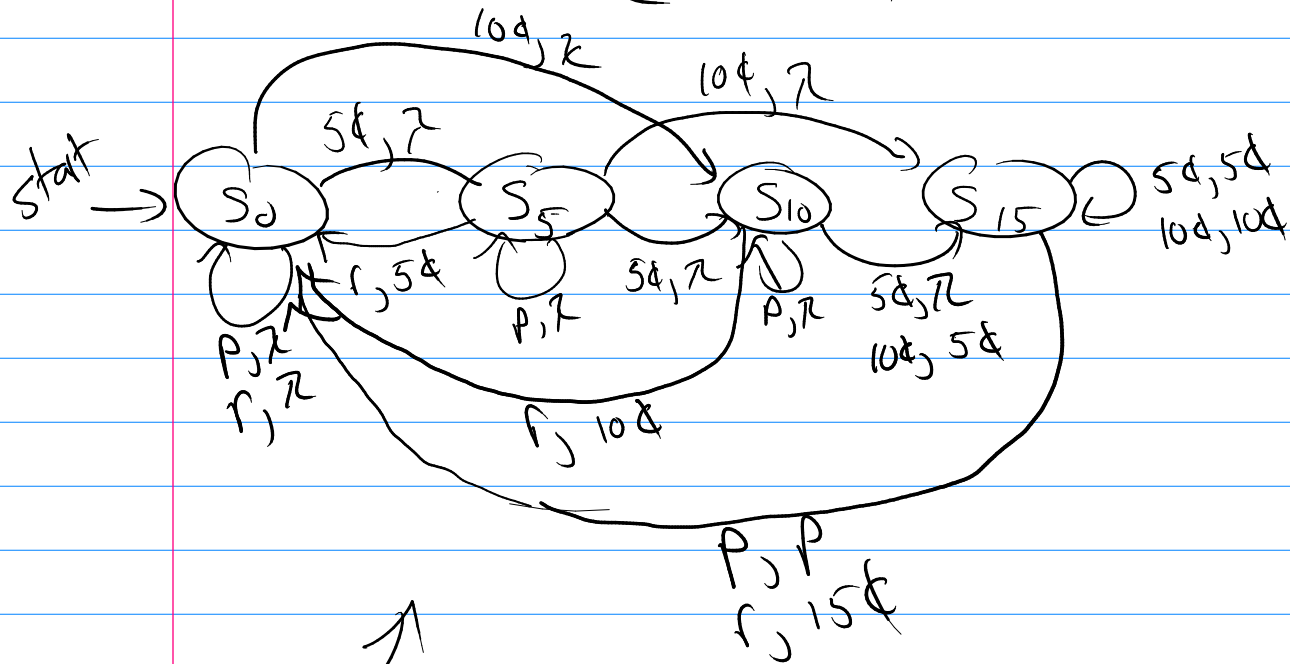
State diagram: ① State \equiv (label)

② $f/g \quad (s_0, i, s_1) \in f$

$(s_0, i, o) \in g$



15¢ Pop Machine $I = \{5¢, 10¢, \text{pop}, \text{return}\}$
 $O = \{\text{pop}, \pi, 5¢, 10¢, 15¢\}$



M feed it 10, 10, 5, 5, π , π , π , π , 10, 5, π

Input
 output: $\pi, 5, 5, 5, \pi, \pi, \pi, \pi, \pi, 15¢$

State Table

State	5, 10, π , π	5, 10, π , π
S_0	S_5, S_{10}, S_0, S_0	π, π, π, π
S_5	S_{10}, S_{15}, S_5, S_0	$\pi, \pi, \pi, 5$
S_{10}	$S_{15}, S_{15}, S_{10}, S_0$	$\pi, 5, \pi, 10$
S_{15}	S_{15}, S_{15}, S_0, S_0	$5, 10, \pi, 15$

$$I = \{0, 1\} \quad O = \{0, 1\}$$

Def: $L \subseteq I^*$

M recognizes a string x of input
iff the last output symbol of M
given x is 1.

$L(M)$ is the set of all such x .

(12.3) Finite-State machine with no output.

$$M = (S, I, f, s_0, F)$$

$S \equiv \text{states}$

$I \equiv \text{input}$

$f: S \times I \rightarrow S$

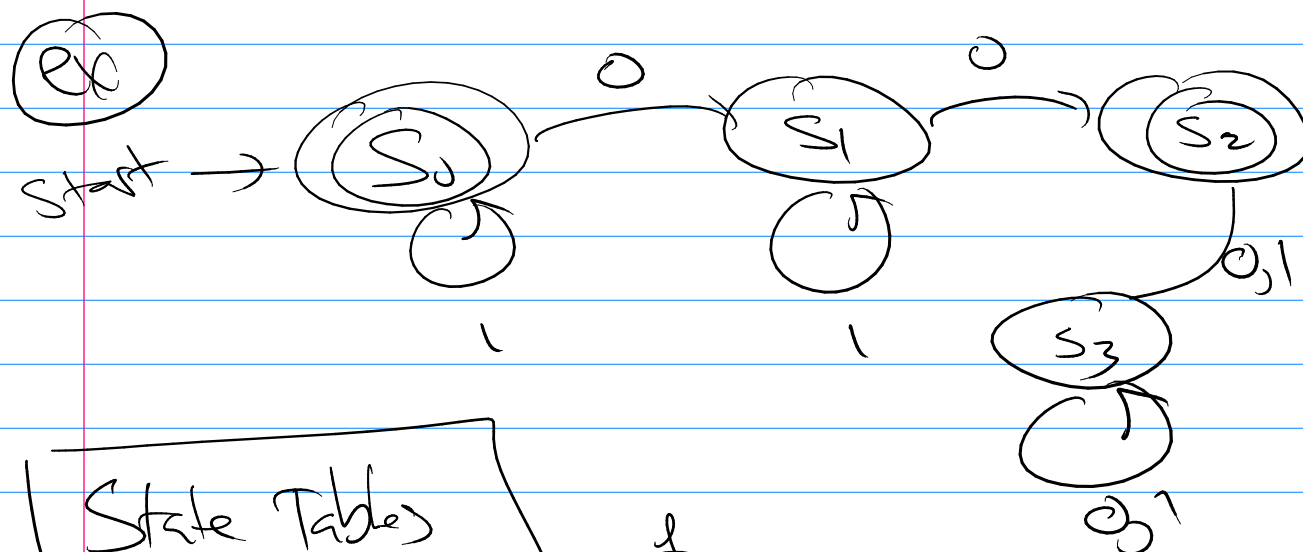
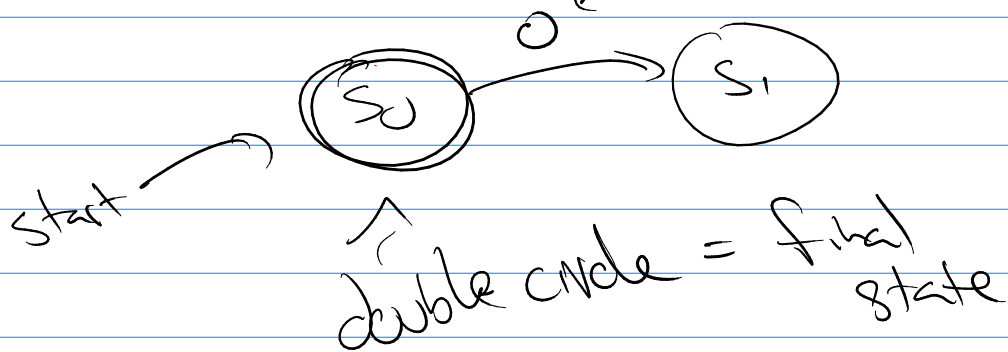
$s_0 = \text{start state}$

$F \subseteq S$ (final states)

States that an input string
should take M to.

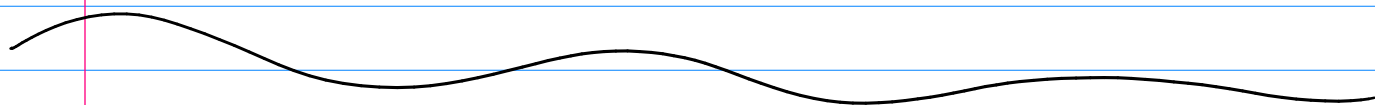
Visualize

① State Diagrams all edge labels are inputs



State Tables

States	Inputs	
	0	1
S ₀	S ₁	S ₀
S ₁	S ₂	S ₁
S ₂	S ₃	S ₃
S ₃	S ₃	S ₃



Input Strings of symbols.

Symbol ops.

① concatenation

$$S_1 = 00 \quad S_2 = 10$$

$$S_1 S_2 = 0010$$

② Union

$$S_1 \cup S_2 = \{00, 10\}$$

Symbol Sets Ops

① Concatenation

$$A = \{0, 01\} \quad B = \{1, 10\}$$

$$AB = \{01, 010, 011, 0110\}$$

$$S_1 S_2 = \{s_1 s_2 \mid s_1 \in S_1 \wedge s_2 \in S_2\}$$

② Union

$$A \cup B = \{0, 01, 1, 10\}$$

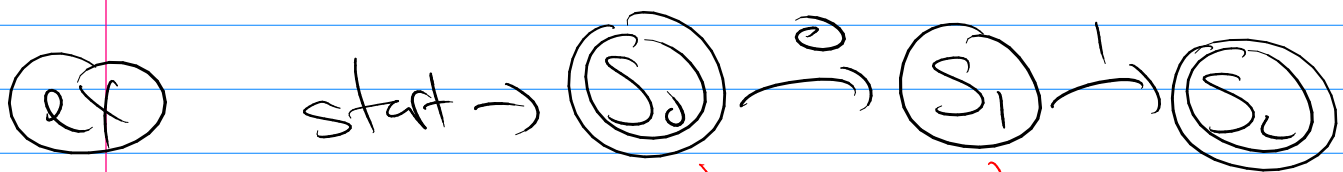
③ Power
 $A^n = \overbrace{A A A \dots A}^{n \text{ concatenations}}$

(1) Kleene Closure

$$A^* = A^0 \cup A^1 \cup A^2 \cup \dots$$

(ex) $\{0,1\}^* = \{\epsilon, 0, 1, 00, 01, 10, 11, \dots\}$
all bit strings

$L(M)$ is set of all $x \in \Sigma^*$ if it takes S_0 to a final state.

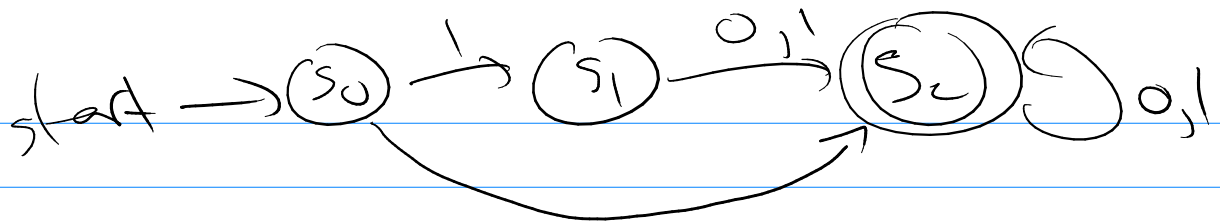


$L(M)$

how to get to S_0^2 ϵ

how to get to S_2^2 01

$$L(M) = \{\epsilon, 01\}$$



$$\begin{aligned}
 L(M) &= \{ 0 \{0,1\}^*, \overbrace{10 \{0,1\}^*, 11 \{0,1\}^*}^0 \} \\
 &= \{ 0, 10, 11 \} \{0,1\}^* \\
 &= \{ 0 \{0,1\}^*, 1 \{0,1\}^n \mid n \geq 1 \}
 \end{aligned}$$

Deterministic vs Non-Deterministic

