

HUMAN LANGUAGE TECHNOLOGIES (HLT) WORKSHOP 2006

MACHINE TRANSLATION AND STATISTICAL LANGUAGE LEARNING IN THE KSU LAB FOR KNOWLEDGE DISCOVERY IN DATABASES

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Joint work with: Waleed Al-Jandal, Tejaswi Pydimarri, Chris Meyer Tuesday, 30 May 2006

Laboratory for Knowledge Discovery in Databases
Kansas State University

http://www.kddresearch.org/KSU/CIS/HLT-General-20060530.ppt



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HLT RESEARCH AT KANSAS STATE: SCOPE, GOALS AND TECHNICAL OBJECTIVES



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OUTLINE

- Background, Related Work and Rationale
- Technical Objectives and Significance
- Development Plan
- Preliminary Progress Report
- Future Directions: Opportunities for Collaboration



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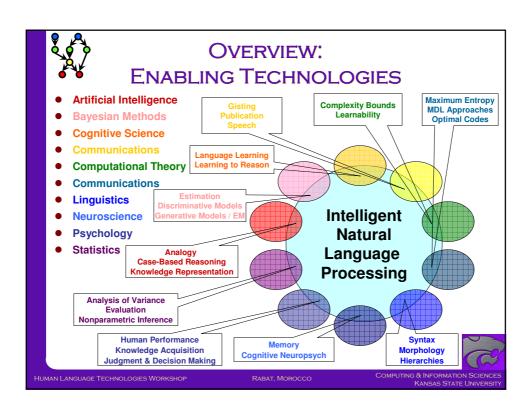
PROBLEM STATEMENT: MACHINE TRANSLATION

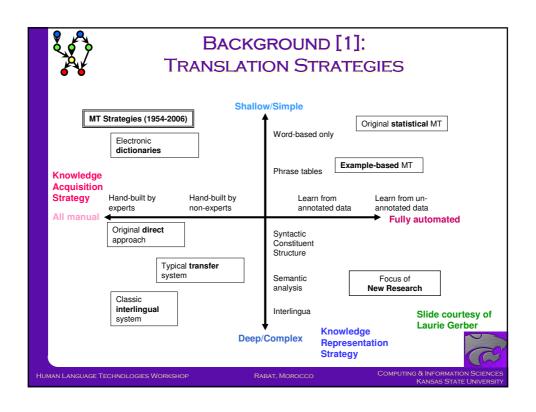
- Basic Task Specification
 - * Source: foreign sentence f
 - * Target: native sentence e (e.g., English)
- Input
 - * Parallel training corpora (documents) or speech: (f, e) pairs
 - * Usually, but not always, produced manually
- Expected Output: translations e for new sentences f
- What Does This Mean?
 - * Alignment, parsing tasks
 - * Interactive, possibly real-time, translation tasks

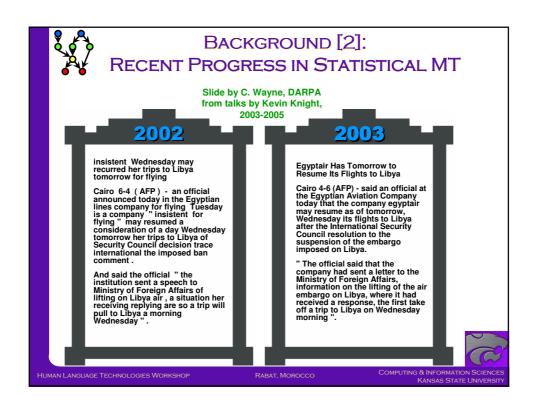


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RELATED WORK: PHRASE-BASED LEARNING FOR SMT

- 1. phrase alignments from word-aligned model
 - * Used in GIZA++ toolkit [Och & Ney, 2000]
 - * See IBM models [Brown, 1993]
- 2. linguistically motivated models
 - * [Yamada & Knight, 2001; Imamura, 2002]
 - * Require subtree matching in syntax tree (parse tree)
- 3. joint phrase model
 - * [Marcu & Wong, 2002]
 - * Directly learns phrase-level alignment of parallel corpus
- 4. generative phrase alignment [Koehn, Och & Marcu, 2003]
- 5. hierarchical models [Chiang, 2005; Taskar, 2005]

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RATIONALE

- What Works: Phrase-Based Translation Methods
- Who it Works for & When & Where it Works
 - * 5S: Streams, Structures, Spaces, Scenarios, Societies
 - * Application context: the "performance element"
- How/Why it Works: Synthesis of Technologies
 - * 1. Moore's Law: Advances in Processing Power
 - * 2. Better Metrics: Bilingual Evaluation Understudy (BLEU)
 - * 3. Bigger Corpora: Arabic, Chinese
 - * 4. New Technical Advances in Computational Linguistics



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LIMITATIONS OF CURRENT STATE OF THE ART

- Applications: How Far Can Current Methods Take Us?
- Role of Knowledge
 - * Correction models
 - * Context-specificity
- "Use What Works": Brute-Force Technology?
 - * Unsatisfying for grammarians, semantics researchers
 - * Some successes with latent semantic analysis in NLP
- Info <u>Retrieval</u> (IR) vs. <u>Extraction</u> (IE), <u>Understanding</u>
- Utility Measures: Are Metrics Meaningful?



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- Using Context
 - * Word-sense disambiguation (Roth, 1998)
 - **⇒** Homonyms
 - ⇒ Part-of-speech tagging
 - * Context-Specific Independence
 - ⇒ Knowledge maps aka probabilistic similarity networks (Heckerman, 1991)
 - ⇒ Graphical models (Boutillier et al., 1996)
 - ⇒ Entity clustering (Barash & Friedman, 2002)
- Detection of Hidden Changes in Context
- Contextual Correction



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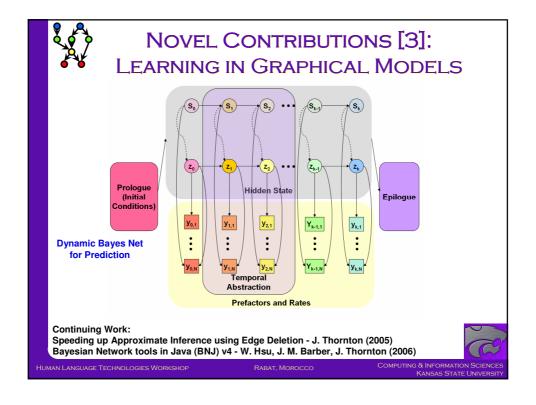
NOVEL CONTRIBUTIONS [2]: RELATIONAL KNOWLEDGE REPRESENTATION

- First-order relational models
 - * Description logics
 - * Graphical models
- Representation: Bridging Learning and Reasoning
- Semantics
 - * Traditional wisdom: tradeoff
 - * New idea (cf. Koller, 2001)
 - ⇒ Greater expressiveness
 - ⇒ Lower complexity



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TECHNICAL PLAN: DEVELOPMENT OBJECTIVES, PROGRESS, AND COLLABORATION OPPORTUNITIES



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DEVELOPMENT PLAN: APPROXIMATE TIMELINE

2005

- * Spring: Statistical Machine Translation (SMT) Group founded
- * Fall: SMT seminar 12 papers on state of the field
- * Resource: SMT bibliography

2006

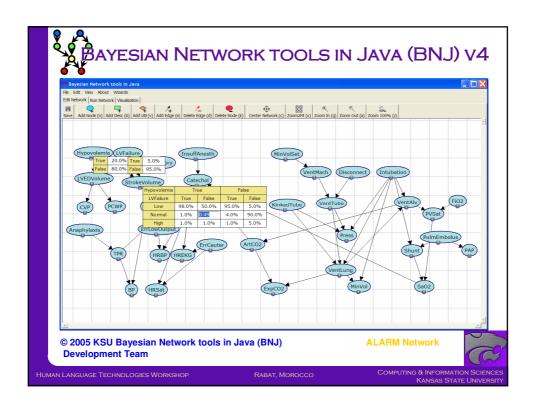
- * Spring: getting set up with corpora, GIZA, BLEU
- * Summer: NIST evaluation; BNJ v4 releae
- * Fall: SMT seminar lessons learned; Targeted Excellence on HLT
- * Winter: how-to workshop on MT techniques; BNJ v5 development

2007 and Beyond

- * Spring: regional workshops on Learning, Memory, Cognition
- * Fall: tools integration

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PRELIMINARY PROGRESS REPORT: 2001-2006

- 2001: Start of KSU Bioinformatics program
- 2002: EPSCoR First Award, bioinformatics, BNJ v2
- 2003: Summer KSU REU in Bioinformatics, BNJ v2, SRL-2003
- 2004: NSF ITR & FIBR; BNJ v3; ICSNW workshop, PODS-2004
- 2005: Start of Statistical Machine Translation (SMT) Group
- 2006: Learning, Memory, and Cognition Working Group
 - * Development of end-to-end SMT system inspired by GIZA
 - * Registration for 2006 NIST Evaluation
 - * BNJ v4 & 5
 - * HLT Targeted Excellence proposal
- 2007 & Beyond: interfaces new BNJ/GEM, WEKA, ECJ



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WORK IN PROGRESS

- End-to-end Statistical Machine Translation System
 - * Flexible, modular tools for
 - **⇒** Alignment
 - ⇒ Parsing
 - ⇒ Phrase-based learning
 - ⇒ Transformation-based learning (cf. Brill)
 - * New modules substituted into infrastructure as completed
- Comparisons with New Corpora
 - * Media studies: political journalism, large-volume data mining
 - * Language studies: historical linguistics, etc.
- New Metric Development



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- Overall Scientific Approach
 - * Using context-specific learning
 - * Classification-based error detection
 - Committee machines: bagging & boosting
 - ⇒ Mixture models: hierarchical mixture of experts (HME), etc.
 - * Integrative semisupervised learning
 - □ Clustering
 - ⇒ Human categorization and ontology development
- Applications-Oriented: Real Translation Tasks
- User-Centric: Real Task-Specific Metrics



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NEXT STEPS

- Establishing an Interdisciplinary Research Initiative
 - * K-State / KU / UNL collaboration
 - * Resources: Linguistic Data Consortium
 - * NIST evaluations
- Involving End Users of Machine Translation
 - * Document users
 - * Machine learning, data mining, info extraction researchers
- Novel Applications
 - * Social networks and collaborative recommendation
 - * Gisting and beyond



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OPPORTUNITIES FOR COLLABORATION [1]: COMPUTATIONAL SCIENCES

- Information Extraction and Intelligent IR
 - * Learning models for IE: ontologies
 - * Latent semantic analysis
- Machine Learning
 - * Natural language learning
 - * Time series learning and understanding
 - * Relational and first-order models
- Automated Reasoning
 - * Probabilistic
 - * Case-based and analogical
- Data Mining and Warehousing
- Grid Computing



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OPPORTUNITIES FOR COLLABORATION [2]: APPLICATION AND USER-CENTRIC DISCIPLINES

- Anthropology
- Human Factors
- International Studies
 - * Policy Studies
 - * Business: Trade, Finance
 - * Cultural Studies
- Journalism
- Library Science
- Modern Languages
- Political Science



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OPPORTUNITIES FOR COLLABORATION [3]: LINGUISTICS AND PSYCHOLOGY

- Cognitive Science
 - * Intelligent systems and cognitive modeling
 - * Cognitive neuropsychology: lesion studies, fMRI, etc.
- Educational Psych: Human Language Acquisition
- Ergonomics and Human Factors
- Linguistics: Computational Models of Language Production
- Judgment and Decision Making
 - * Computational linguistic models of dialogue, negotiation
 - * Utility-theoretic models of translation evaluation
- Psycholinguistics
 - * Computational models
 - * Translation as experimental test bed



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- Desiderata
 - * Usability (Q&A)
 - * Ergonomics
 - * Accessibility
 - * View control
- Elements
 - * Unified data model
 - * Visualization widgets
 - * Figures of merit, evaluation mechanism (cf. BNJ)
- Outreach: HCII Overlap & Tech Transfer



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 - * More collaborations sought in HLT and HCII!



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QUESTIONS AND DISCUSSION



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