You may use <u>one</u> 8.5"x11" page of <u>handwritten</u> notes (dual-sided ok), but no books, computers, calculators, or cell phones during the exam. Please do your own work.

Practice time-management in completing this exam ... only 50 minutes to complete exam. (Once solutions are developed, notice how little coding is actually required!)

CIS 200 Practice Exam 3

Note: This is NOT a past exam.	This is just a list of	practice problems to	review the topics tha	t will

1) Write the class Account. This class should contain the following:

be on the exam.

- An account number, name, and account balance as an **instance variables**
- A **constructor** that takes values for each instance variable as parameters, and initializes each of the instance variables
- A **deposit method** that takes a double value as a parameter. This method should add the parameter value to the account balance. You should **throw an appropriate exception** if the parameter value is negative.
- A **toString method** that can be used to display the account number, name, and account balance to the screen (contains no print statements)

2)	Create a class called TestAccount that contains a main method. Inside the main method, create an Account object with account number 1234, name "Bob", and balance \$451.12. Ask the user to enter a value and then add that value to the account's balance (by calling the deposit method). Finally, display the account information (by calling the toString method).		

3) Suppose you have the following variable: **ArrayList<String> words**; And further suppose that *words* has been initialized and filled with a bunch of words (Strings).

Write a <u>code fragment</u> that creates a **HashMap** where the *key* is a length of a word in the ArrayList (int / **Integer**) and the *value* is a count of how many words in the **words** list had that length (again int / **Integer**).

After creating the **HashMap**, ask the user to enter a number. Use your **HashMap** to print out how many words in the list have that length (<u>assume value entered by user exist in HashMap</u>).

4) The two classes below are the start for a game where the user guesses a number and the computer prints "high" and "low" until the user is correct. Read the comments for each method to figure out what they do. Assume that each method does what it says it does, even though you can't see the code.

```
public class Guesser {
       //instance variables are hidden
       * Guesser sets up a new high/low guessing game
       * @param correct – the number the user is trying to guess
       public Guesser(int correct) {
             //code is hidden
       * guess lets the user guess a number
       * @param val – the user's guess
       * @return "low" if the guess is too low, "high" if the guess is too big, and
              "equal" 0 if the guess is correct
       */
       public String guess(int val) {
             //code is hidden
       }
public class IO {
       //instance variables are hidden
       * IO sets up a new IO object
       */
       public IO() {
              //code is hidden
       }
       * getNum gets a number as input from the user
       * @return A number from the user
       public int getNum() {
              //code is hidden
       }
       * printResult prints whether guessed number is larger, smaller, or equal to another number
       * @param guess The guess
       * @param goal The correct number
       * @param compare Either "low", "high", or "equal"
       public void printResult(int guess, int goal, String compare) {
              //code is hidden
       }
```

Here, *Guesser* is the *Model* and *IO* is the View. Write the class *GuessingGame*, which contains a main method and is the Controller for the game. Use the *Guesser* and *IO* classes (and obey MVC architecture - NO I/O statements) so that your program will do the following when run:

- Randomly generate a number from 1-100 (this is the "correct" number that the user is guessing)
- Repeat the following UNTIL the user correctly guesses the number:
 - Get a guess from the user
 - Print either "high", "low", or "equal" for how the user's guess compares to correct number

```
5) Consider the following program:
   import java.util.*;
   public class Test {
          public static void main(String[] args) {
                 Scanner s = new Scanner(System.in);
                 int[] nums = new int[10];
                 for (int i = 0; i < 10; i++) {
                         System.out.print("Enter num: ");
                                nums[i] = Integer.parseInt(s.nextLine());
                         }
                         catch (NumberFormatException nfe) {
                                nums[i] = i;
                         }
                 }
                 for (int i = 0; i < nums.length; i++) {
                         System.out.println(nums[i]);
                  }
          }
   Suppose the user enters the following data at the prompts when the program runs:
          3
          4
          5.3
          7
          a
          7.2
          6
          h
          bob
          3
```

What will the program print for its output?