Towers Of Hanci

3 needles: src, aux, dest.

64 disks of electroning sizes. stacked on the G sur needle.

4 variable. (n) 4 variable. (n)

Goal: Move all disks from sec to dost

Rules: O only one disk can be moved ataline.

(1) A larger disk can hot be stacked above a smaller disk.

Case T: n=1

(and 1 : n = 2

con 11 : n = 3

 $f(n) = 3 \qquad (3 sheps)$

f(n) = 7 $f(n) = 2^n - 1$

n=3 stps.

- O More 2 disks from sre to aux.
- 2) Move I disk from see to dust.
- 3 More 2 disks from aux to dost.

General N: 1 Move N-1 disks from see & aux."

Move 1 disk from see h dust

Move 1 disks in aux to dest.

Move N-1 disks in aux to dest.

f(N) = 2 f(N-1) + 1Assume that $f(N-1) = 2^{N-1}$ Then, $f(N) = 2 + 2^{N-1} + 1$ $= 2(2^{N-1}-1) + 1$ $= 2^{N}-2+1 = 2^{N}-1$

Recursive S_{1}^{n} : - easier to code

- also efficient $(0(2^{N}) = \# shps$]

Algo Design

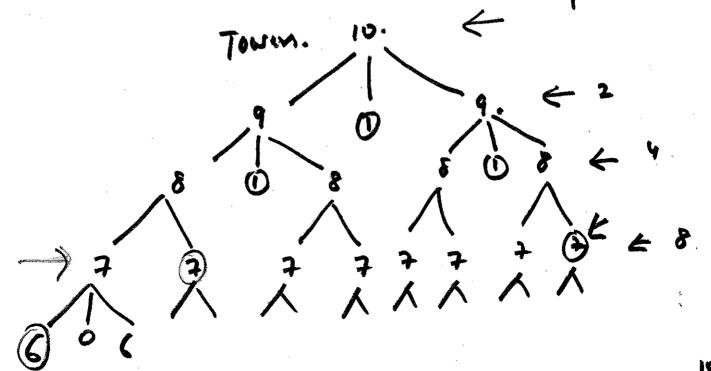
Towers.

argument.

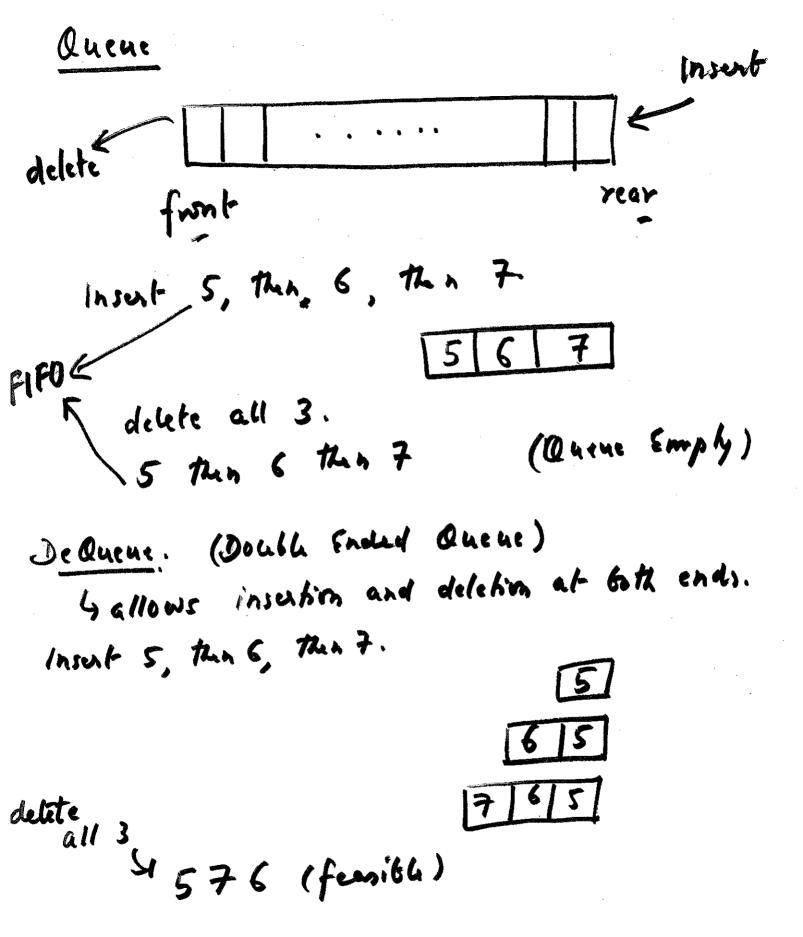
- 9. # disks.
- 2) STE.
- 3) dest
- 4) aux.

Towers (N, sre, dest, aux)

- 1 Towers CN-1, STC, QUX, dut)
- (2) Move I disk from see to dest. [Base Care]
 [Towers (1, see, dut, aux)] L. X.
- 3 Towers (N-1, aux, dest, sx)



Stacks. (Ch. 3)
Linear lists. In a linear list, each element has
a unique successor. General list-data (element) can be inserted or deleted anywhere in the list.
Restricted List - data can only be inserted or deleted at the ends of the list.
(LIFO) (FIFO) Insut to dule te allowed from the TOP only.
BOTTOM. Insent 5, Man 6, Man 7.
Fingly 7 then 6 then 5. (LIFO)



6 + 7 + (frent) Insert 4 delete possible from any where in 8 beth 6 and 7 [Linked list] Stacks. the middle! Remove 3. delete >7 -> tmp. deleti >5 > storye. s insut buk delet -> 3 -> we it Basic Operations. Stack TOP, POP.

General Gist: