

Specification

WIG Browser Request Protocol Specification
Delivery Platform 6

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Contents

1	Introd	luction	3
	1.1	Revision History	3
	1.2		
2	Refer	ences	4
3	Defin	itions and abbreviations	5
4	Proto	col description	6
	4.1	Technical Overview	6
	4.2	HTTP	
5	НТТЕ	P Request	7
	5.1	RequestRequest-Line	
		1.1 Method	
	5.	1.2 HTTP-Version	
	5.2		
		2.1 Accept, Accept-Charset, Accept-Encoding	
	5.	2.2 Connection	
	5.	2.3 Content-Length	
		2.4 Content-Type	
		2.5 Cookie	
	5.	2.6 Host	
	5.	2.7 User-Agent	
	5.	2.8 X-Wig-IccId	
	5.	2.9 X-Wig-Info	
	5.3		
6	НТТЕ	P Response	11
O	6.1	Status-Line	11
		1.1 Status-Code	
	6.2	Headers	
		2.1 Cache-Control and Expires	
		2.2 Connection	
		2.3 Content-Length	
		2.4 Content-Location	
	6.	2.5 Content-Type	13
	6.	2.6 Location	
		2.7 Set-Cookie	
		2.8 X-WAP-Payment-Info	
		2.9 Transfer-Encoding	
	6.3	Examples	
		÷	



1 Introduction

This protocol specification describes the protocol between the Wireless Internet Gateway (WIG) Server and the Content Provider that the WIG Server supports from version 3.3. This corresponds to Delivery Platform version 6.0. The WIG Server acts as a client to the Content Provider.

For backward compatibility, the WIG Server supports earlier versions of this document, but the use of the syntax specified in this document is encouraged.

1.1 Revision History

Rev. Comments

A Created from "WIG Browser Request Protocol Specification, Delivery Platform 5.2", Doc.no. 60077047, Rev. C. Updated for Delivery Platform 6.

B Updated for Delivery Platform 6.1.

1.2 Backward compatibility

Special attention has been paid to ensuring smooth evolution of the specifications. Wherever backward compatibility with DP 5 has not been possible to achieve, it has been clearly stated in the *Guidelines – Development of WIB Services* [4].

The WIG WML used in the examples is supported by Delivery Platform version 6.1.



2 References

- [1] ETSI. GSM 11.14. SIM Application Toolkit (SIM-ME) Interface. Version 8.5.0. Release 1999.
- [2] RFC 2109. HTTP State Management Mechanism. February 1997.
- [3] RFC 2616. Hypertext Transfer Protocol HTTP/1.1. June 1999.
- [4] SmartTrust. Guidelines Development of WIB Services, DP 6. Doc.no. 50316003.
- [5] SmartTrust. WIG WML Specification, Version 4. Doc.no. 50316002.



3 Definitions and abbreviations

Acronym	Definition
WIB	Wireless Internet Browser
WIG	Wireless Internet Gateway
WML	Wireless Markup Language



4 Protocol description

4.1 Technical Overview

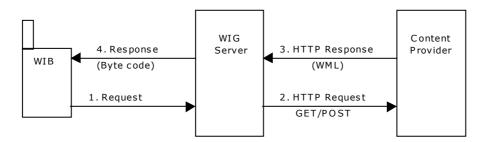


Figure 1. WIG System - Content Provider.

- 1. The Wireless Internet Browser (WIB) makes an URL request.
- 2. The WIG Server receives the request and translates it into an *HTTP GET or POST request*. See Chapter 5.
- 3. The Content Provider sends an *HTTP Response* back to the WIG Server. See Chapter 6.
- 4. The WIG server parses the HTTP response and compresses the WML document into byte code [5]. The WIB receives the sequence of commands in byte code from the WIG server and runs these commands. The WIB will use SIM Application Toolkit [1], for user interactive commands.

To handle secure transactions between the WIG Server and the Content Provider the secure socket layer (SSL) may be used.

4.2 HTTP

The protocols between the WIG Server and the Content Provider are the standard Internet protocols HTTP and TCP/IP. Both the HTTP GET method and the HTTP POST method of the HTTP protocol [3] are supported.



5 HTTP Request

This Chapter describes the HTTP Request from the WIG Server to the Content Provider (Step 2 in Figure 1.).

5.1 Request-Line

The Request has the following structure:

Request-Line = Method SP Request-URI SP HTTP-Version CRLF

Example [1]

GET /page.jsp?NAME=Bill+Jones HTTP/1.1

5.1.1 Method

The WIG Server supports POST and GET.

5.1.2 HTTP-Version

The WIG Server will always send the value HTTP/1.1.

5.2 Headers

The following headers are used by the WIG Server in the HTTP header of the GET and/or POST request.

- Accept
- Accept-Charset
- Accept-Encoding
- Connection
- Content-Length
- Content-Type
- Cookie
- Host
- User Agent
- X-Wig-IccId
- X-Wig-Info

5.2.1 Accept, Accept-Charset, Accept-Encoding

The accept headers are used to specify certain media types that are acceptable for the response.



Example [2]

In the WIG Server the following values are always used:

Accept: text/*

Accept-Charset: iso-8859-1, UTF-8

Accept-Encoding: identity

5.2.2 Connection

The following values are used:

- Keep-Alive
- close

Example [3]

Connection: Keep-Alive

5.2.3 Content-Length

Only used for POST requests. According to HTTP [3].

Example [4]

Content-Length: 39

5.2.4 Content-Type

Only used for POST requests. The following value is used:

application/x-www-form-urlencoded

Example [5]

Content-Type: application/x-www-form-urlencoded

5.2.5 Cookie

The cookie will be added to the request if the following is true.

- The fully qualified domain name of the server matches the domain attribute of the cookie. The domain attribute was set when the cookie was set. For more details about setting cookies see Section 6.2.7.
- The cookie Path attribute matches a prefix of the request-URI.

Only the name-value pair attribute is included in the cookie sent in the request. No other attributes are included at the moment.

Example [6]

Cookie: cookie1=value1;cookie2=value2

5.2.6 Host

The hostname and optionally a port number according to HTTP [3].

Example [7]

Host: www.webserver.com:8080

Document number: 60084049 Revision: B. 2003-11-10



5.2.7 User-Agent

In the WIG Server this header is used to communicate the WIB version and the Delivery Platform version to the Content Provider. If the user MSISDN is stored in the DP database the WIB version is get from there, otherwise the configured default value is used.

Example [8]

User-Agent: WIG Browser/1.2 Gateway/6.1

5.2.8 X-Wig-lccld

Contains the ICCID of the mobile station if the WIG is configured to send it. The name of this header is configurable in the WIG Server, but x-wig-IccId is the default name.

Example [9]

X-Wig-IccId: 01234567890123456789

5.2.9 X-Wig-Info

It is possible to configure the WIG Server to send the MSISDN of the mobile station. The MSISDN can be sent in two ways (configurable):

- Query string: In case of GET method, the MSISDN is placed as a name/value pair in the query string after the GET method. See Example [11]. In case of POST method, the MSISDN is placed as a name/value pair in the body. See Example [12].
- **Header:** After the X-Wig-Info header. See Example [10] and Example [13].

The name of this header is configurable in the WIG Server, but x-wig-Info is the default name.

Example [10]

X-Wig-Info: 0701234567

5.3 Examples

This Section contains some complete HTTP Request examples.

Example [11]

```
GET /t.jsp?first+name=Tom&last+name=Smith&MSISDN=0701234567 HTTP/1.1
Accept: text/*
Accept-Charset: iso-8859-1, UTF-8
Accept-Encoding: identity
User-Agent: WIG Browser/1.2 Gateway/6.1
```

Connection: Keep-Alive Host: www.mywebserver.com



Example [12]

POST /mypage.jsp HTTP/1.1

Accept: text/*

Accept-Charset: iso-8859-1, UTF-8

Accept-Encoding: identity

User-Agent: WIG Browser/1.1 Gateway/6.1

Host: www.webserver.com

Connection: close

Content-Type: application/x-www-form-urlencoded

Content-Length: 46

first+name=Tom&last+name=Smith&MSISDN=0701234567

Example [13]

GET /?VAR1=%03%23%12%EF HTTP/1.1

Accept: text/*

Accept-Charset: iso-8859-1, UTF-8

Accept-Encoding: identity

User-Agent: WIG Browser/1.0 Gateway/6.1

Connection: Keep-Alive Host: www.smarttrust.com X-Wig-Info: 46703213376

Cookie: name=Bob; city=Stockholm



6 HTTP Response

This Chapter describes the HTTP Response from the Content Provider to the WIG Server (Step 3 in Figure 1.).

The Response has the following structure:

```
Response = Status-Line ; Section 6.1
Headers ; Section 6.2
CRLF
[ message-body ]
```

6.1 Status-Line

The Status Line has the following structure:

```
Status-Line = HTTP-Version SP Status-Code SP Reason-Phrase CRLF
```

Example [14]

HTTP/1.1 200 OK

6.1.1 Status-Code

The WIG supports the following values for the Status-Code:

- **200** OK. This response will be accepted. The WIG will look at the headers *Content-length* and/or *Transfer-encoding: chunked* and receive the WML document in an appropriate way.
- **300** Multiple Choices. The most appropriate alternative is chosen and the request is resent. If no "redirection URL" is present, an error message will be sent to the mobile station.
- **301** Moved Permanently. An error will be logged. The request will be redirected to the "redirection URL" given in the response. If no "redirection URL" is present, an error message will be sent to the mobile station.
- **302** Found. The request will be redirected to the "redirection URL" given in the response. If no "redirection URL" is present, an error message will be sent to the mobile station.
- **303** See other. The request will be redirected to the "redirection URL" given in the response. If no "redirection URL" is present, an error message will be sent to the mobile station.
- **307** Moved Temporarily. The request will be redirected to the "redirection URL" given in the response. If no "redirection URL" is present, an error message will be sent to the mobile station.
- All other values of the Status-Code will cause an error message to be sent to the mobile station.



6.2 Headers

This Section describes the headers that the WIG Server uses:

- Cache-Control, Expires
- Connection
- Content-Length
- Content-Location
- Content-Type
- Location
- Set-Cookie
- X-WAP-Payment-Info
- Transfer-Encoding

6.2.1 Cache-Control and Expires

These two headers have to be present to make the WIG Server cache the WML document. The Expires header, specify when the information contained in this response may change or become invalid. After that time, the document may change or be deleted.

Example [15]

```
Cache-control: public Expires: Thu, 04 Oct 2001 05:39:03 GMT
```

6.2.2 Connection

If set to close, the WIG Server will always close the connection when receiving the response. If omitted or set to Keep-Alive, the WIG Server will continue to use Keep Alive if it has been configured for it.

Example [16]

Connection: close

6.2.3 Content-Length

The Content-Length header specifies the length of the data (in bytes) of the transferred message-body. The Content-length has to be specified unless Transfer-Encoding: chunked is used.

6.2.4 Content-Location

The Content-Location header specifies the "redirection URLs" for HTTP 300 (See Section 6.1.1).



6.2.5 Content-Type

The following content-types are allowed by the WIG Server

- text/vnd.wap.wml
- text/wml

Example [17]

Content-Type: text/wml

6.2.6 Location

The Location header specifies the "redirection URL" for HTTP 301-303 and 307 (See Section 6.1.1).

6.2.7 Set-Cookie

The Set-Cookie header allows the WIG Server to store state information concerning a subscriber in the WIG Server.

Cookies are supported by the WIG Server and handled according to RFC 2109, HTTP State Management Mechanism [2]. The WIG Server also supports Netscape HTTP Cookies.

Set-Cookie consists of a couple of attributes described below:

Set-Cookie: name=value [;Options]

Options

Expires=date Specifies that the cookie will be invalid after the specified date. Either expires or the Max-age attribute is used. expires is included to support Netscape HTTP Cookies.

Max-age=delta-seconds Specifies the number of seconds the cookie is valid. Either Max-age or the expires attribute is used.

Path=pathname Specified for which URLs the cookie is valid.
Default is "/".

Domain=domain_name Specifies for which domains the cookie is valid. Default value is the domain name of the Web Server.

If the response contains a cookie the path and domain attributes will be compared with the request-URI to decide if the cookie will be accepted.

The cookie is checked as is and compared with the request:

- The value of the Domain attribute has to contain embedded dots or start with a dot.
- The value of the Path attribute is a prefix of the request-URI.
- The request-host domain-match the Domain attribute.



• The request-host is an FQDN (Fully qualified domain name and not an IP address) and has the form HD, where D is the value of the Domain attribute, and H is a string that contains one or more dots. E.g. the domain attribute "strust.com" will match the request host name "aa.dp.strust.com".

The cookie will be stored in the database and included in subsequent requests. See Section 5.2.5. Expired cookies will be discarded and not forwarded to an origin server.

The cookies are valid as long as either the max-age or the expired attribute specifies. If none is included when the cookie is set the default value of one hour is used.

Example [18]

Set-Cookie: Entrykey=29377; Expires=Mon, 08-Oct-2001 12:52:23 GMT; Path=/

6.2.8 X-WAP-Payment-Info

The X-WAP-Payment-Info is an optional header and indicates the tariff class to be used for billing purposes. The value 0 is not allowed. See also *Guidelines – Development of WIB Services* [4].

This functionality of sending the tariff class can be used together with caching. The value will then be cached according to the same rules that applies to the WML document. See Section 6.2.1.

Example [19]

X-WAP-Payment-Info: content-value-class=42

6.2.9 Transfer-Encoding

The Transfer-Encoding header with the value chunked, specifies that the following message-body is encoded as a series of chunks according to HTTP [3].

Example [20]

Transfer-Encoding: chunked



6.3 Examples

This Section contains some complete HTTP Response examples.

Example [21]

This example shows the use of the X-WAP-Payment-Info that specifies the tariff class.

```
HTTP/1.1 200 OK
Server: Microsoft-IIS/4.0
Date: Thu, 04 Oct 2001 05:39:03 GMT
Connection: close
Content-Type: text/wml; charset=ISO-8859-1
X-WAP-Payment-Info: content-value-class=23
Content-Length: 242
<?xml version="1.0" encoding="ISO-8859-1" ?>
<!DOCTYPE wml PUBLIC "-//SmartTrust//DTD WIG-WML 4.0//EN"</pre>
  "http://www.smarttrust.com/DTD/WIG-WML4.0.dtd">
<wml>
  <card>
      This response uses a tariff class!
    </card>
</wml>
```

Example [22]

This shows how cookie values are set. The cookie name/value pairs of information will be retained in the WIG Server. It also shows how to specify that the connection shall be retained after retrieving the response since Connection: Keep-Alive.

```
HTTP/1.1 200 OK
Server: Microsoft-IIS/4.0
Date: Thu, 04 Oct 2001 15:40:07 GMT
Connection: Keep-Alive
Content-Type: text/wml; charset=ISO-8859-1
Set-Cookie: value=77; expires=Mon, 08-Oct-2001 12:52:23 GMT; path=/
Set-Cookie: name=bob; expires=Mon, 08-Oct-2001 12:52:23 GMT; path=/test
X-WAP-Payment-Info: content-value-class=12
Content-Length: 235
<?xml version="1.0" encoding="ISO-8859-1" ?>
<!DOCTYPE wml PUBLIC "-//SmartTrust//DTD WIG-WML 4.0//EN"</pre>
  "http://www.smarttrust.com/DTD/WIG-WML4.0.dtd">
 <card>
    >
     This response sets a cookie!
    </card>
</wml>
```



Example [23]

This shows the Expires header, used to specify when the information contained in the document may change or become invalid.

```
HTTP/1.1 200 OK
Server: Microsoft-IIS/4.0
Date: Thu, 04 Oct 2001 15:40:07 GMT
Connection: close
Content-Type: text/wml; charset=ISO-8859-1
Cache-control: public
Expires: Thu, 04 Oct 2001 05:39:03 GMT
Content-Length: 237
<?xml version="1.0" encoding="ISO-8859-1" ?>
<!DOCTYPE wml PUBLIC "-//SmartTrust//DTD WIG-WML 4.0//EN"</pre>
  "http://www.smarttrust.com/DTD/WIG-WML4.0.dtd">
<wml>
  <card>
    >
      This response will be cached.
    </card>
</wml>
```