Diffractometer in Sardana

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- Current status
- · Details of implementation
- Initialization and use
- Dedicated macros
- Dedicated GUIs
- Next steps





Sardana Workshop ELI beamlines, 05-06-18

Current status

- Complete diffractometer control from Sardana
- Used at three Petra beamlines (DESY)
- Dedicated GUIs developed in PyQt using Taurus
- Dedicated SEP with status description (not documentation).



Details of the implementation

Diffractometer as a controller device of type PseudoMotor

- Use of the hkl library exclusively done in hkl controller code, not in Sardana core
- Base diffractometer class with all calculations
- Derived diffractometer classes:
 - differing in number of motors and pseudomotors
 - not contains explicit use of hkl library
- Dedicated macros



Creating diffractometer controller in Pool:

- Controller type: PseudoMotor
- Controller library: HklPseudoMotorController
- Controller class: depends on number of motors and roles, ex. DiffracE6C
- Motors and Roles: depending on controller class
- Properties:
 - Diffractometer Type, depending on geometry, ex. E60



Current diffractometer controller classes:

- Diffrac6C (types: "PETRA3 P09 EH2")
 - motor roles: mu, omega, chi, phi, delta, gamma
 - pseudomotor roles: h, k, l
- DiffracE6C (types: "E6C", "SOLEIL SIXS MED2+2"
 - motor roles: mu, omega, chi, phi, gamma, delta
 - pseudomotor roles: h, k, l, psi, q, alpha, qper, qpar







Current diffractometer classes (ctd.):

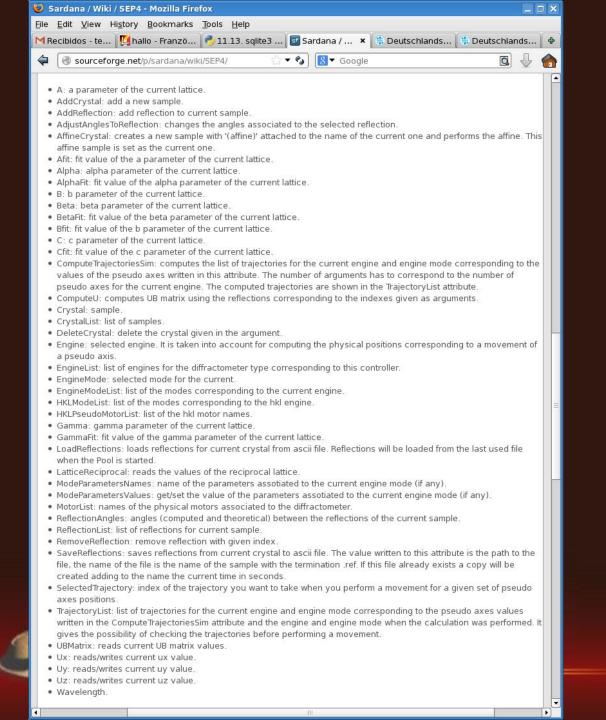
- DiffracE4C (types: "E4CV", "E4CH", "SOLEIL MARS")
 - motor roles: omega, chi, phi, tthh
 - pseudomotor roles: h, k, l, psi, q
- Diffrac4Cp23 (types: "PETRA3 P23 4C")
 - motor roles: omega_t, mu, gamma, delta
 - pseudomotor roles: h, k, l, q, alpha, qper, qpar, tth2
 alpha_tth2, incidence, emergence



Controller device interface:

- Properties:
 - Diffractometer Type
- Attributes:
 - parameters describing current diffractometer status
 - commands performing actions, calculations ... (not extra commands can be defined in controllers)





Initialization and use

- Initialization:
 - sample set to last value or 'default crystal'
 - lattice parameters set to default values
 - geometry created according to DiffractometerType
 - engine set to 'hkl'
- Initial settings can be read from config file:
 - set crystal, ub matrix, reflections, engine and mode
- Movements:
 - using the corresponding motor and role motor devices
- Settings and actions:
 - writing to the controller attributes



File Edit Options Buffers Tools Text Help



















Created at 2018-04-29 00:39

DiffractometerType E6C

Crystal srru2o6 Configuration file

Wavelength 4.36871767044

A 5.20795754769 B 5.2079575476 C 5.23299798961 Alpha 90.0 Beta 90.0 Gamma 120.0

R0 0 0.0 0.0 1.0 0 1 0.0 28.90655 91.934 282.357825 -1.52587888991e-08 49.347775 R1 1 0.33333333333 0.0 1.0 0 1 0.0 12.39615 102.452375 282.357825 -1.52587888991e-08 53.17195

Engine hkl

Mode constant phi vertical

PsiRef not available in current engine mode

AutoEnergyUpdate 0

U00 0.410 U01 -0.946 U02 0.058 U10 0.067 U11 0.112 U12 1.197 U20 -1.330 U21 -1.016 U22 0.078

Ux -86.2748320555 Uy 2.78981647684 Uz 72.8523304456

SaveDirectory /home/p09user/crystals

srru2o6.txt All L1 (Text)

For information about GNU Emacs and the GNU system, type C-h C-a.

Dedicated diffractometer macros

Included in standard sardana macros

- Control diffractometer and display information
- Follow SPEC syntax as close as possible
- Not tested in all diffractometer types
- Examples:
 - br, ubr: move to hkl values
 - hklscan, hscan, kscan, lscan: scans in hkl space
 - setor0, setor1, setorn: set orientation reflections
 - ca, caa, ci: motor positions from hkl values or v/v
 - computeub, setlat, loadcrystal, ...





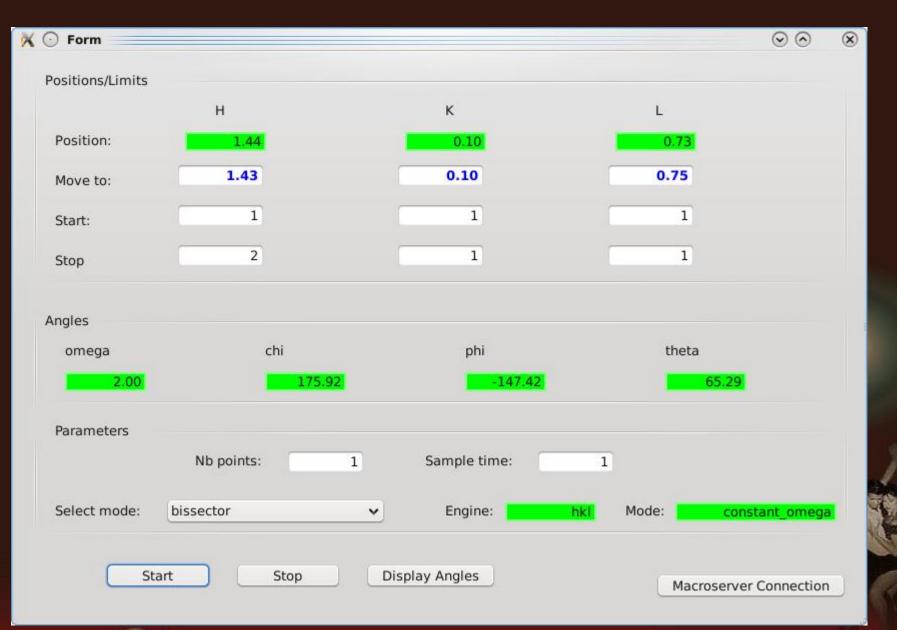
Dedicated diffractometer GUIs

Implemented using PyQt and Taurus

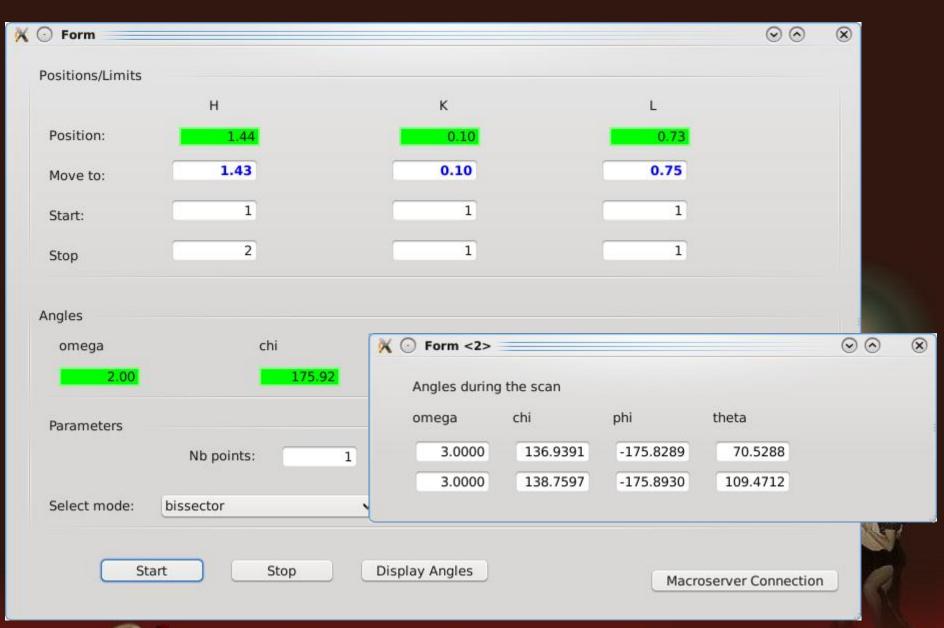
- Three main GUIs:
 - hkl scans
 - diffractometer alignment
 - UB matrix/lattice parameters
- GUIs connects to:
 - diffractometer controller device
 - MacroServer via Door device





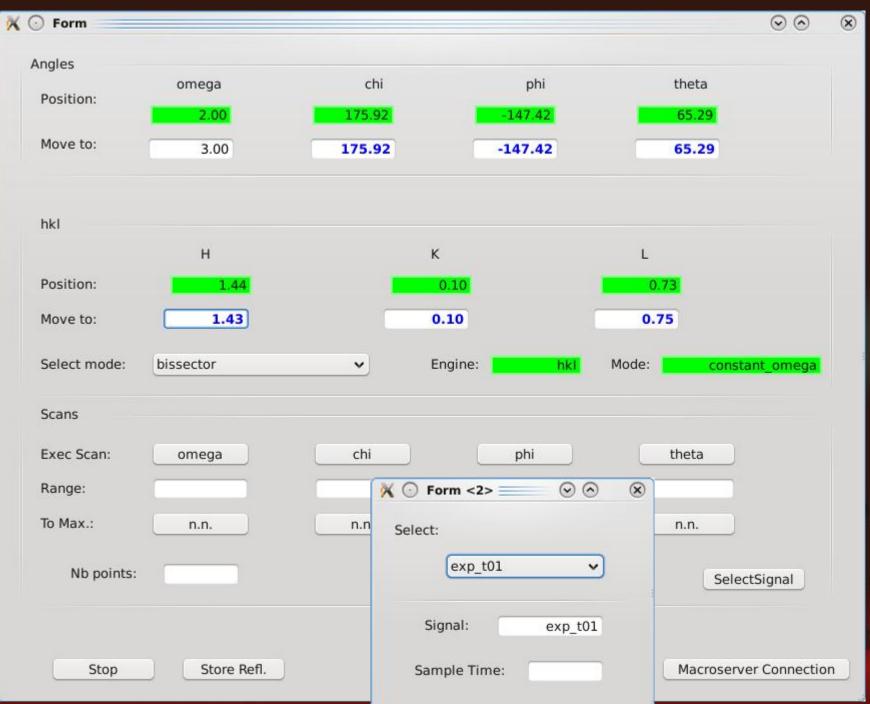


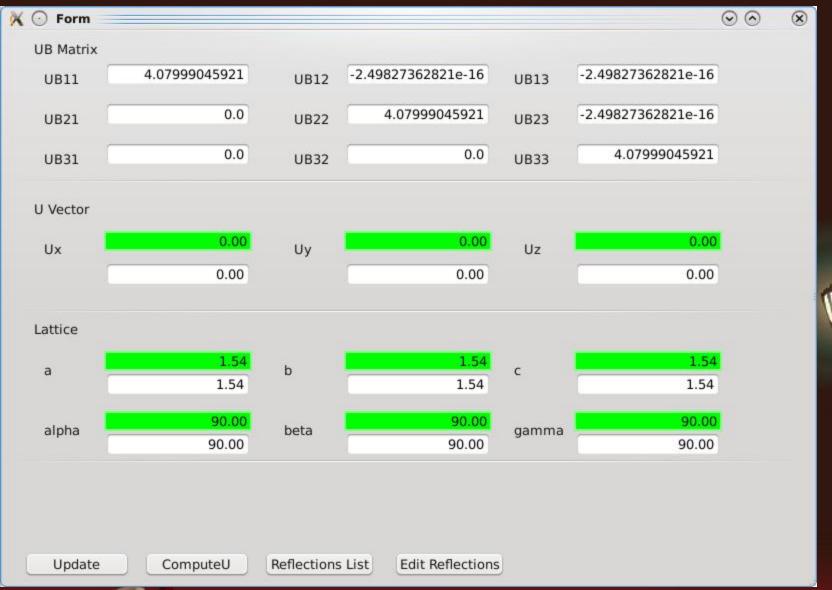




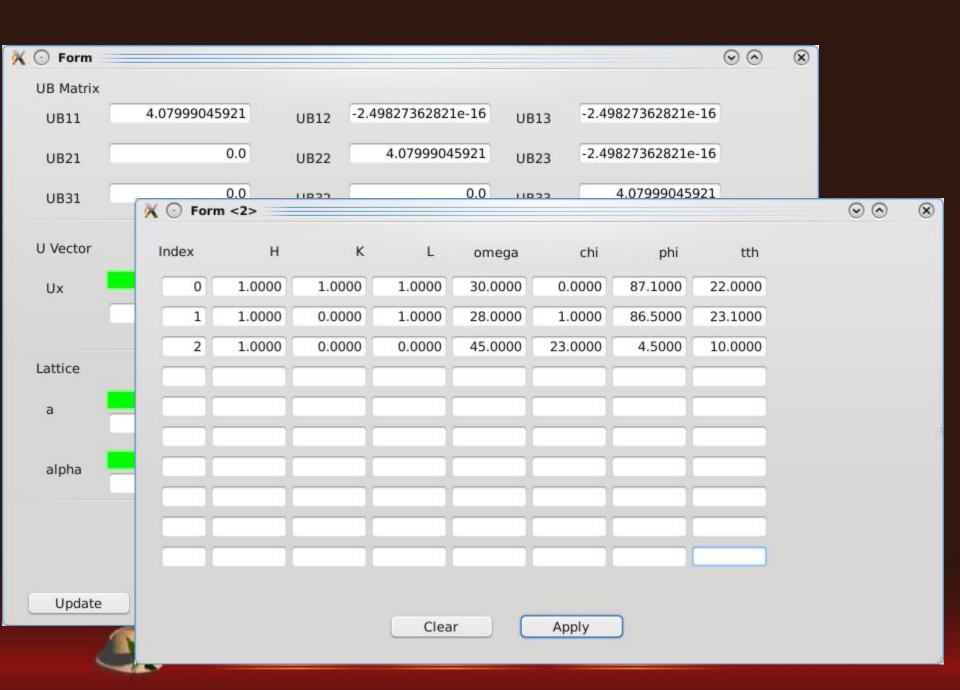












Next steps

- Test of current implementation:
 - performance
 - completeness
- Discuss about other possible implementations



