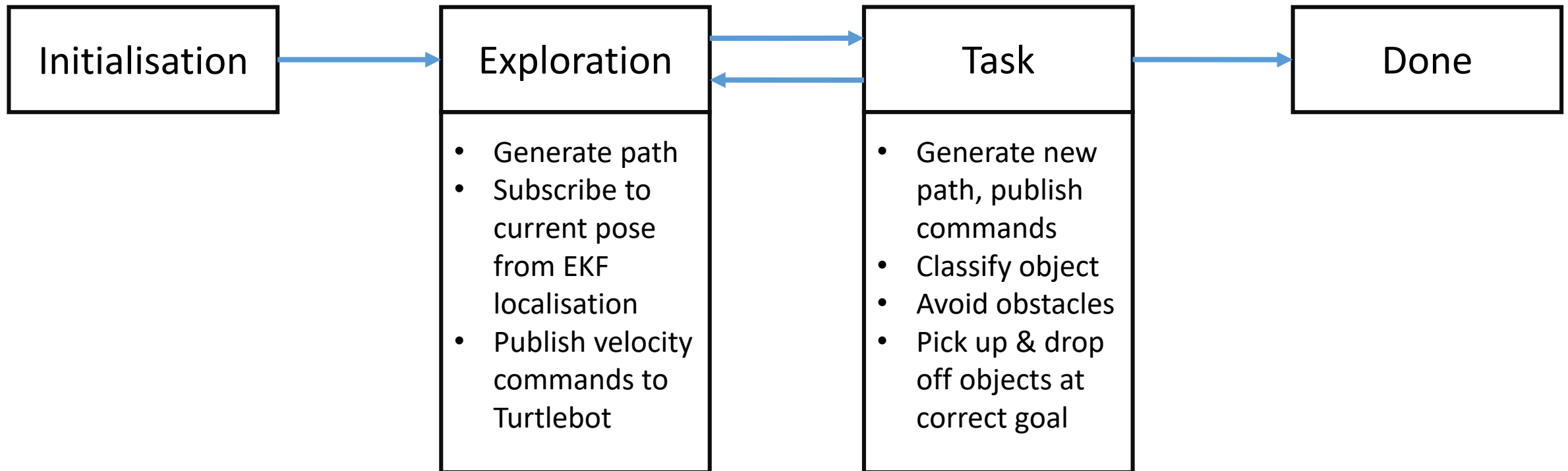


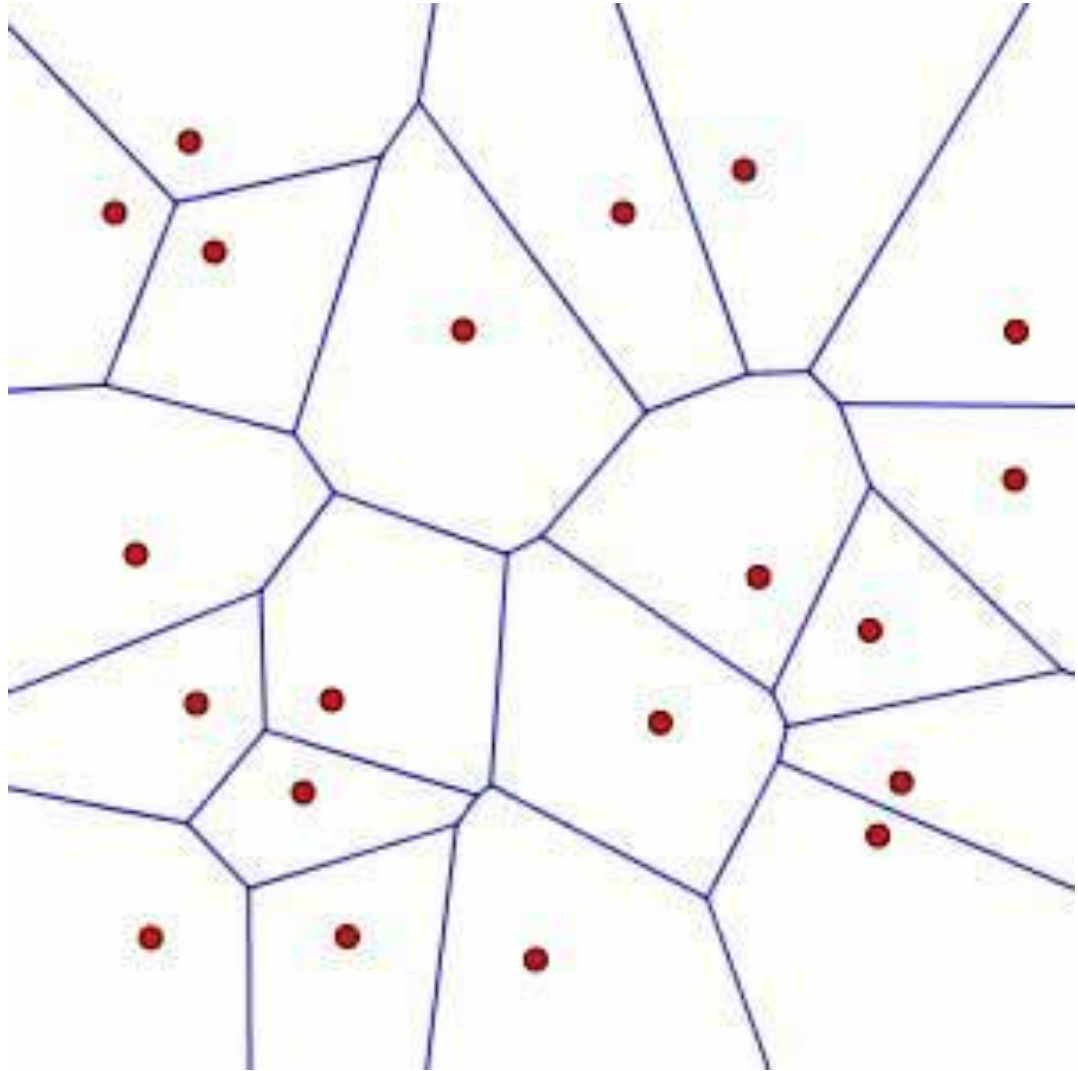
State Machine

RVSS_ws/src/rvss_workshop/scripts/state_machine.py

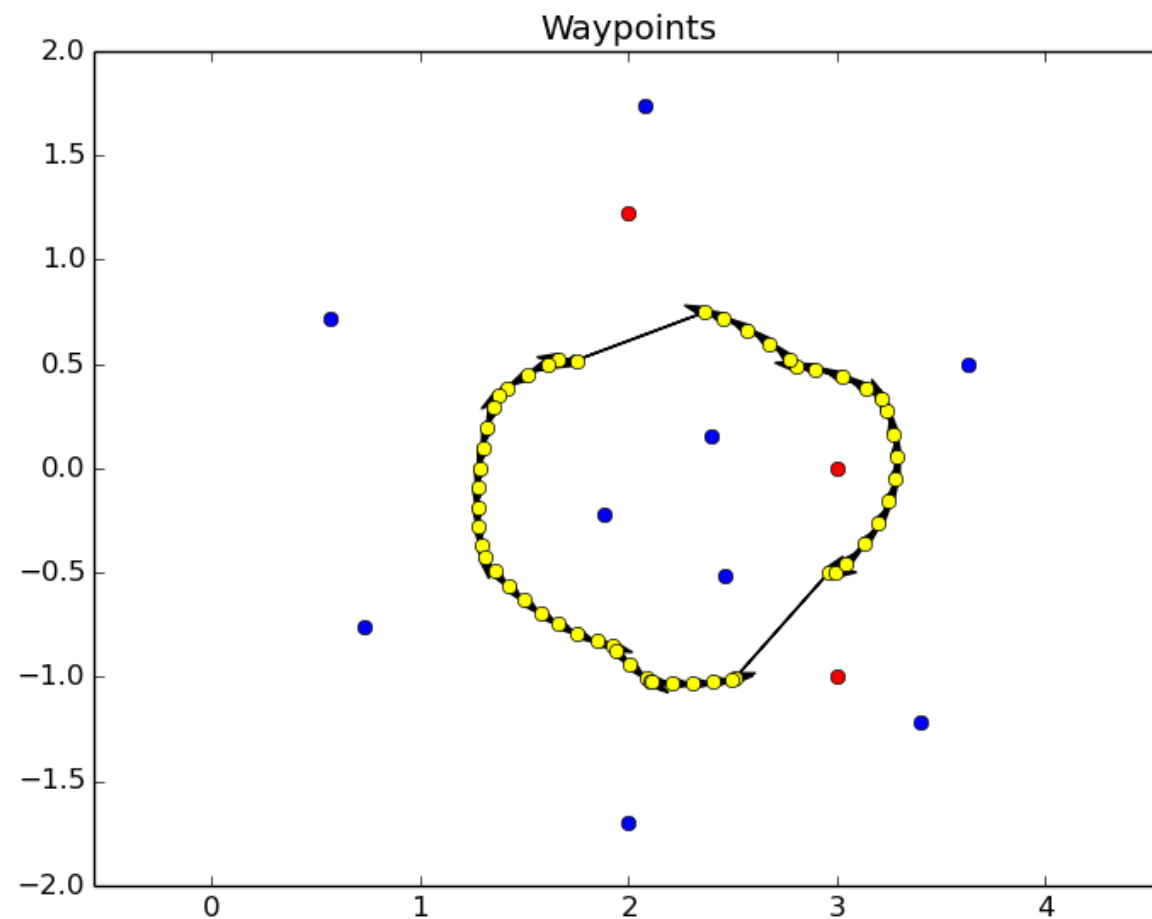
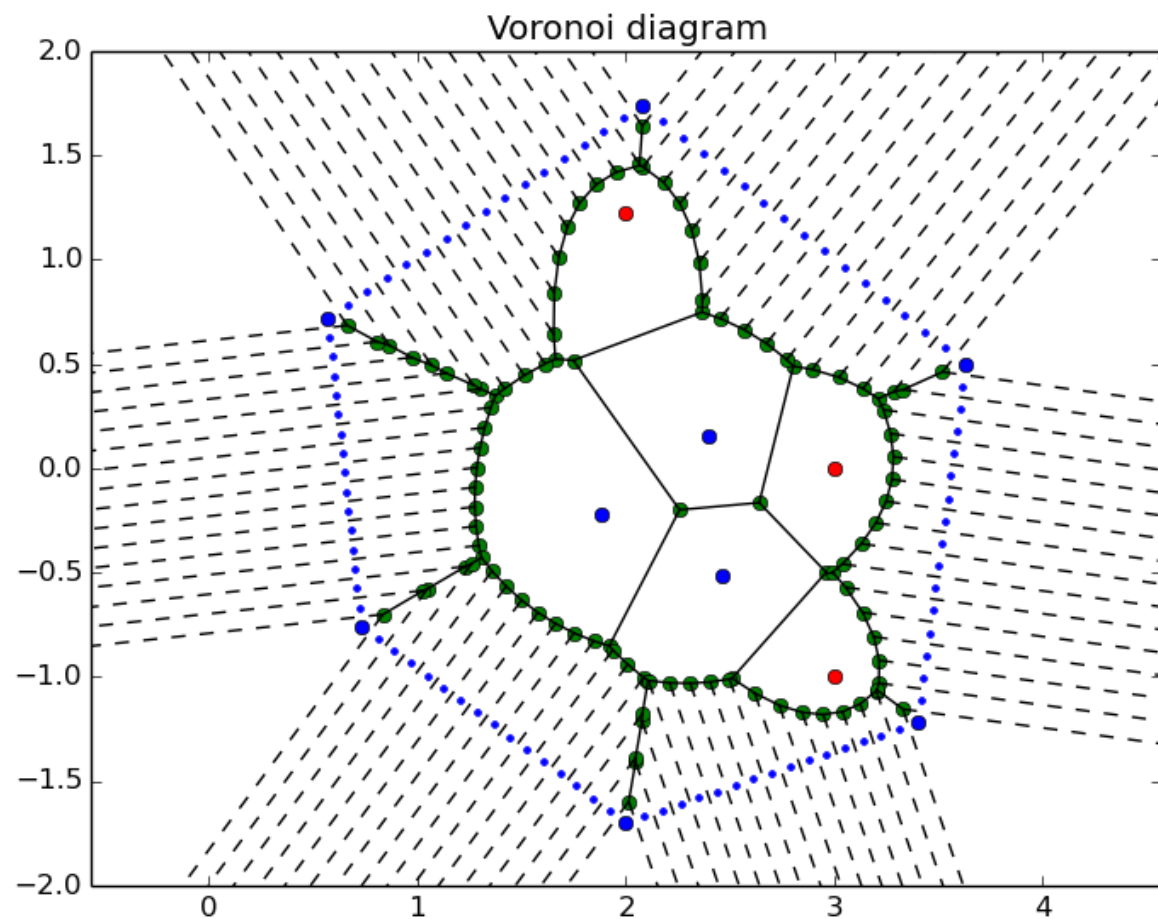


Exploration

- Voronoi diagram – partitioning of plane into regions based on distance to seed
- Each region consists of all points closest to the corresponding seed



Exploration



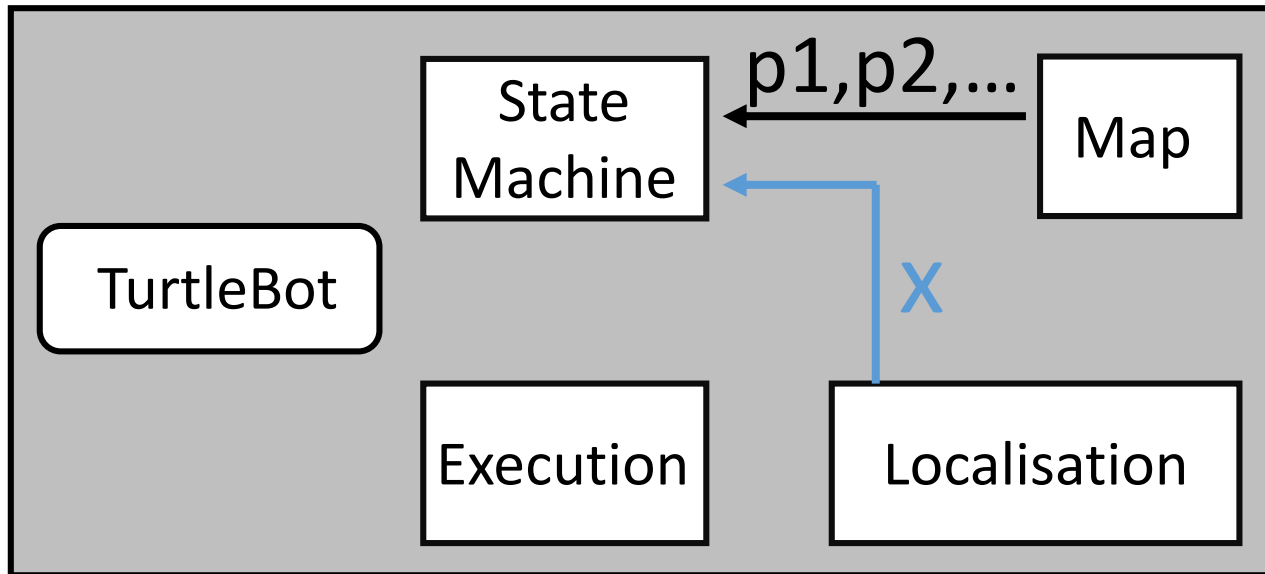
Exploration

RVSS_ws/src/rvss_workshop/scripts/planning.py

```
def generateLoop(nBisections,minDistance,direction,ptsIn,ptsOut,ptsObs):  
    "Generates path from voronoi diagram"  
    #Inputs  
    #    nBisections - (int) no. times to bisect hexagon sides  
    #    minDistance - (float) closest turtlebot centre can be from obstacles  
    #    direction    - (string) 'anticlockwise'/'clockwise': direction to move in  
  
    #Outputs  
    #    orderedPoses    - (array) nPoses x 3, each row = [x,y,theta] in global coords  
    #                    - ordered array of poses forming safest path for robot to move in  
    #    orderedQuivers - (array) nPoses x 4, each row = [x,y,dX,dY] in global coords  
    #                    - [dX dY] is vector to next pose. this variable is best used for  
    #                    - plotting  
  
    return orderedPoses,orderedQuivers
```

Exploration

- Find closest point on path from current pose
- Compute range and bearing to next pose



● p_3

● p_2

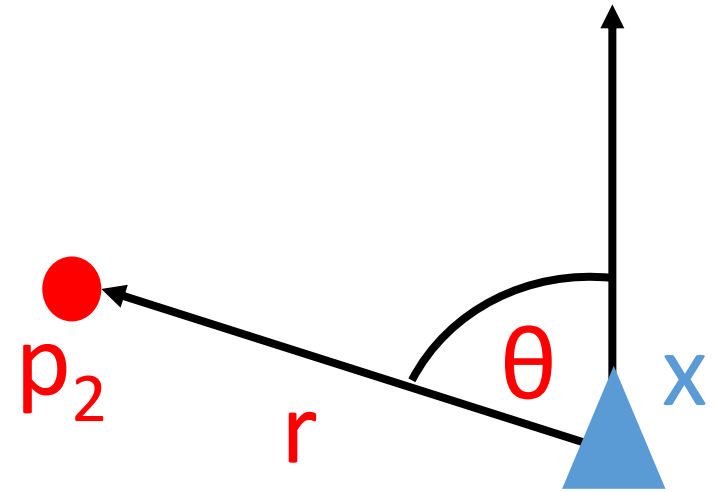
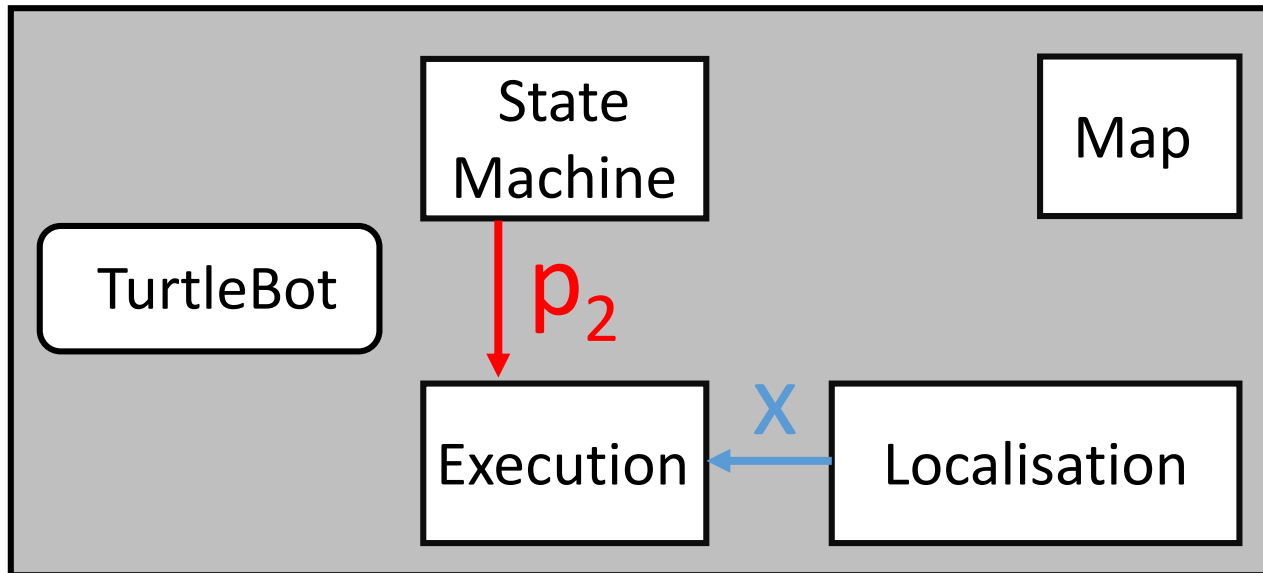
● p_1



Exploration

- Find closest point on path from current pose
- Compute range and bearing to next pose

● p_3

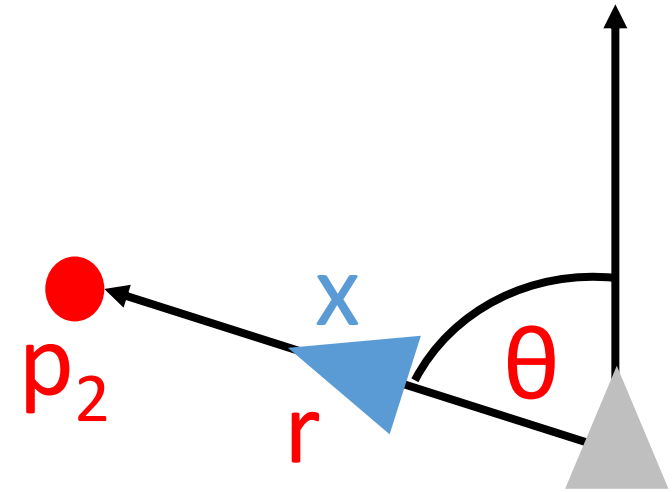
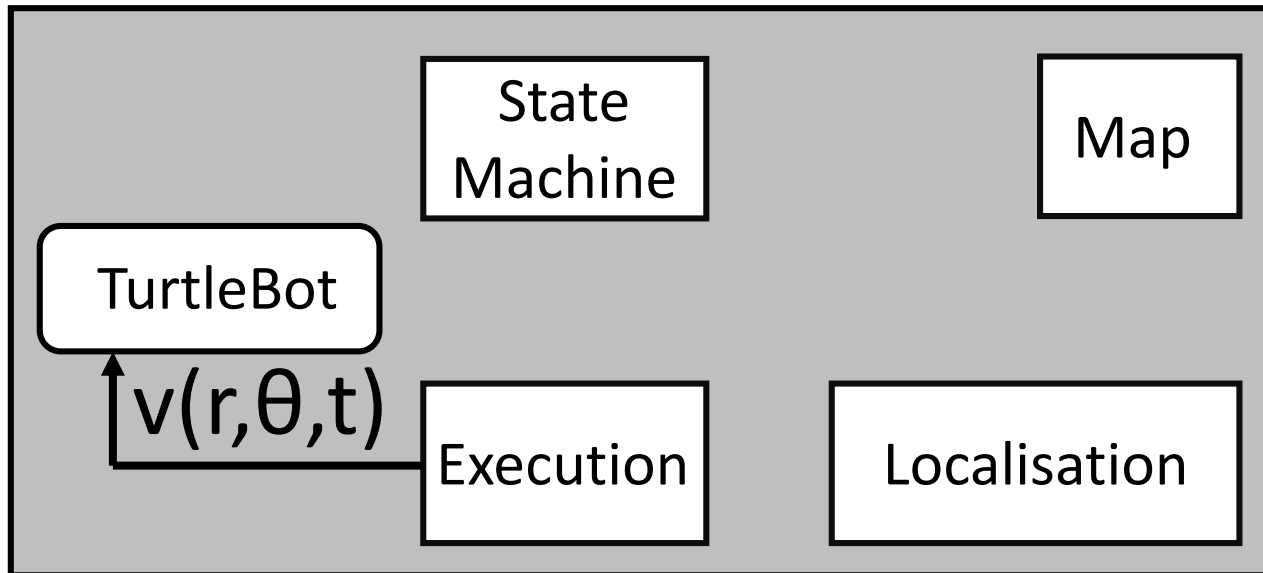


● p_1

Exploration

- Perform 1 rotation, 1 translation to desired pose
- **Open loop!** What are the advantages and disadvantages of this approach?

● p_3

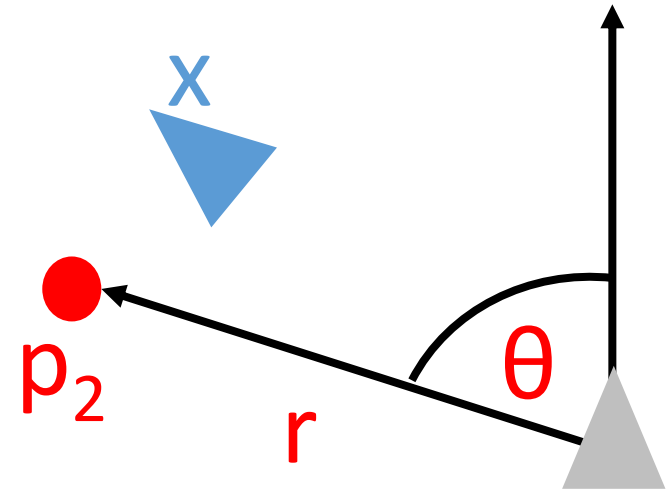
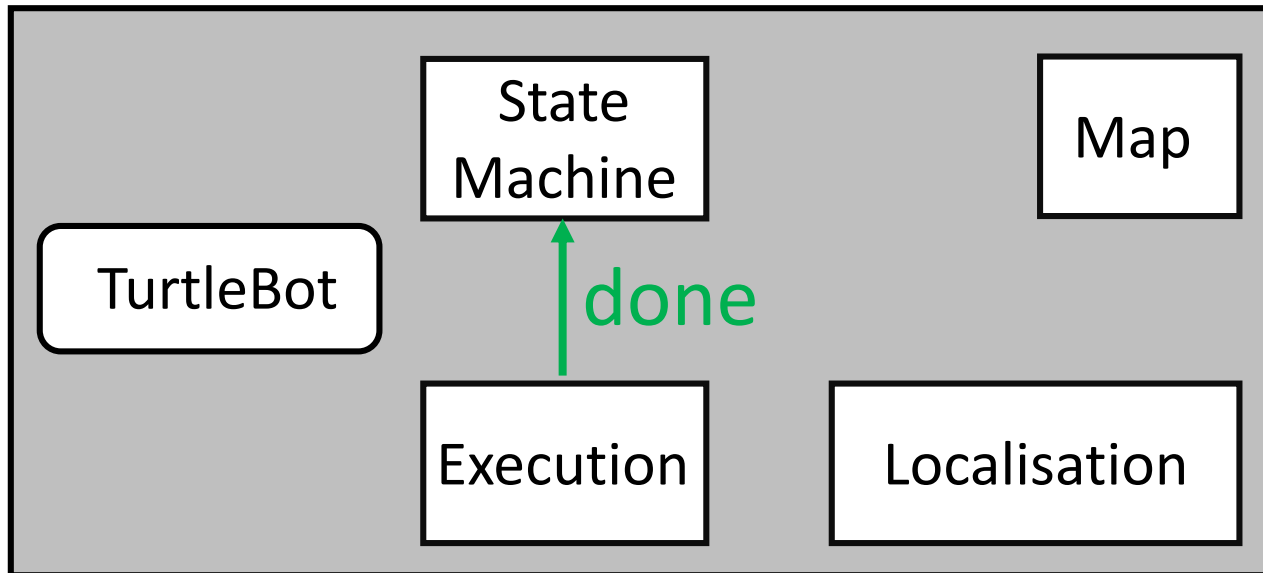


● p_1

Exploration

- Perform 1 rotation, 1 translation to desired pose
- **Open loop!** What are the advantages and disadvantages of this approach?

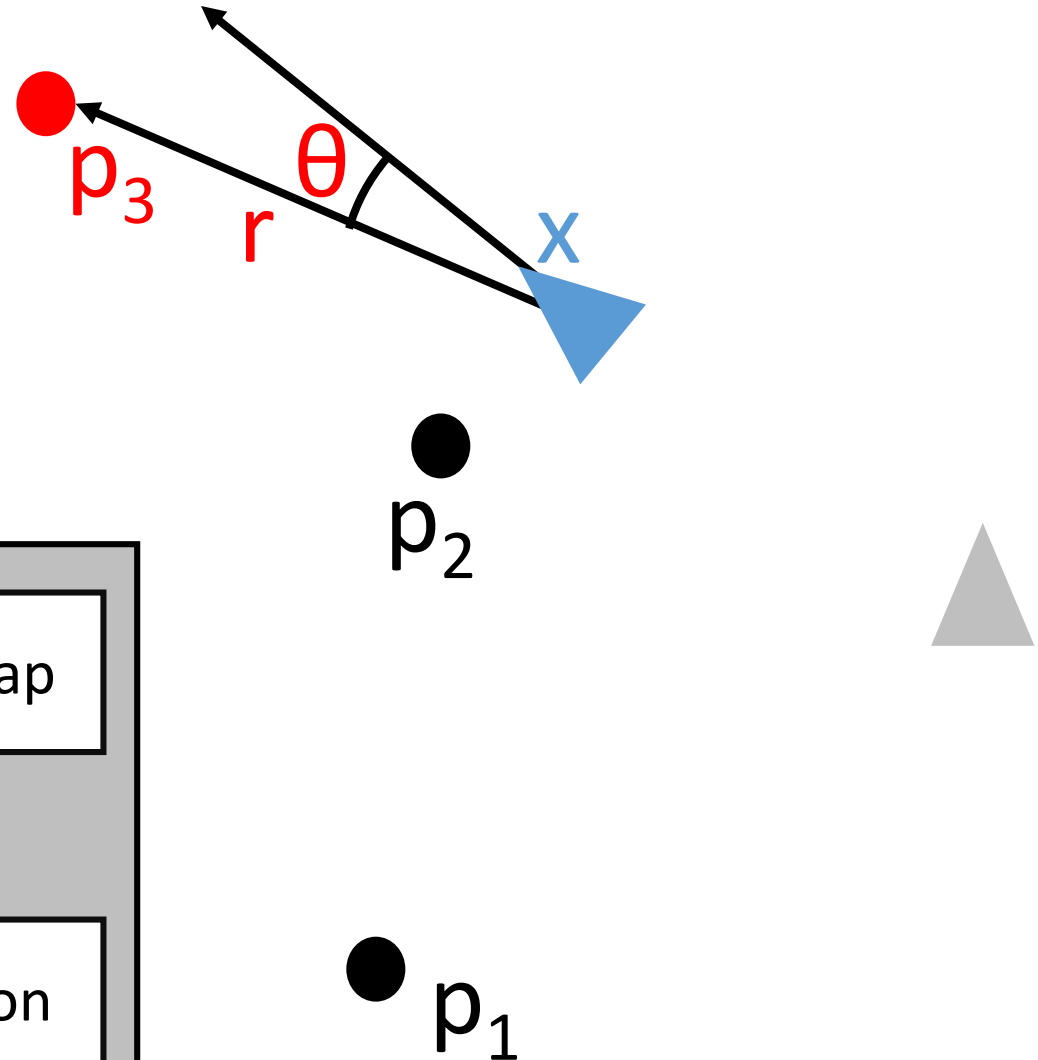
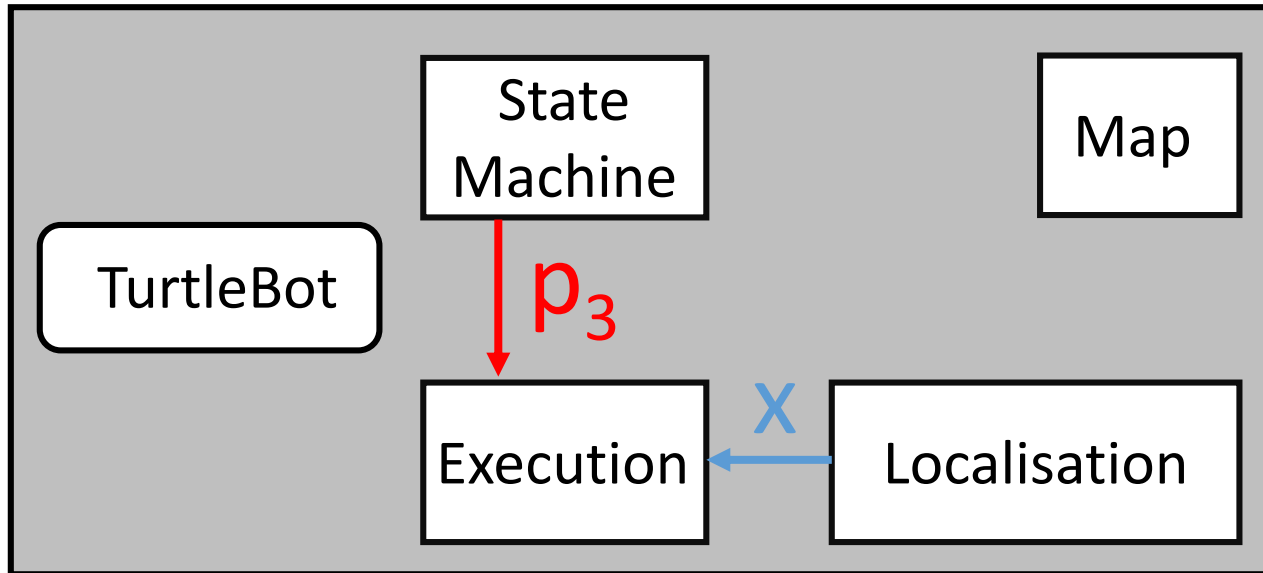
● p_3



● p_1

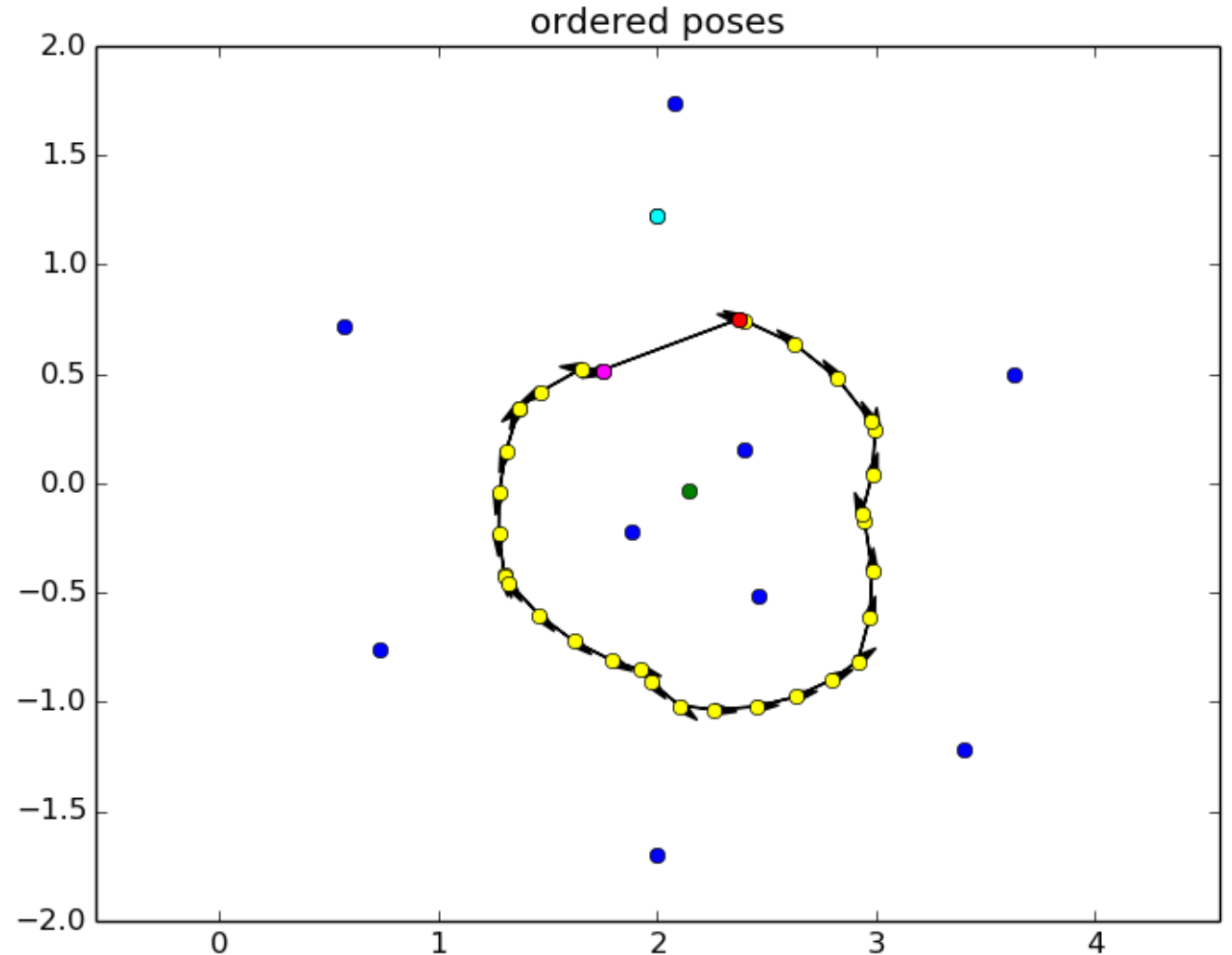
Exploration

- Get new current pose from localisation
- New target is next waypoint on ordered list



Task Planning

- Leave loop at **p1**, pick up object at **p2**
- Return to **p1**
- Continue traversing loop until reach **p3**
- Push object to **p4**
- Return to **p3**, continue to traverse loop



Task Planning

RVSS_ws/src/rvss_workshop/scripts/planning.py

```
def generateTaskPath(ptGoal,ptsIn,ptsOut,ptsObs,orderedPoses,task,safeDistance):  
    "Given a goal point, outputs points necessary to complete pushing task"  
    #Inputs  
    #   ptGoal - (array), position of object to perform task with  
    #   ptsIn   - (array), positions of cylinders forming triangle boundary  
    #   ptsOut  - (array), positions of cylinders forming hexagon boundary  
    #   ptsObs  - (array), positions of obstacles  
    #   orderedPoses - (array), poses forming safe path  
    #   task     - (string), 'inside'/'outside' - where to put object  
    #   safeDistance - (float), min distance turtlebot centre can be from any obstacle  
  
    #Outputs  
    #   iLeavePt1 - (int), index of closest point on safe path to object  
    #   iLeavePt2 - (int), index of point on safe path to leave and drop off object  
    #   dropOffPt - (array), point to leave object at  
  
    return iLeavePt1,iLeavePt2,dropOffPt
```