1.	1. The probability of a leap year selected at random contain 53						
Su	nday is:						
	(a) 53/366	(b) 1/7)	(c) 2/7	(d) 53/365			
				A marble is drawn at			
rar	ndom. The pro	bability of dra	wing a black ba	all is :			
			(c) 0/5				
3.	The probabili	ty that it will r	ain tomorrow is	0.85. What is the			
pro	bability that i	t will not rain t	tomorrow				
				(d) none of these			
				cted from the numbers			
(1,	2, 3,,15	5) is a multiple	e of 4?				
	(a) 1/5	(b) 4/5	(c) 2/15	(d) 1/3			
<b>5</b> .			es when we thro				
	(a) 4	(b) 5	(c) 8	(d) 7			
<b>6</b> .	The probabil	ity that a prim	e number selec	ted at random from the			
nu	mbers (1,2,3,	35) is :					
	(a) 12/35	<b>(b)</b> 11/3	5) (c) 13/3	5 (d) none of these			
<b>7</b> .	The sum of the		of an event and				
	(a) 2	(b) 1) (c	c) 0 (d) no	ne of these.			
8.	The following	g probabilities	are given; cho	ose the correct answer			
for	that which is	not possible.					
				(d) none of these.			
9.	If three coins	are tossed sin	multaneously, t	han the probability of			
ge	tting at least t	wo heads, is:					
		(b) 3/8					
				ters of the word			
	ASSASSINATI	ON. The pro	bability that th	e letter chosen has:			
	(a) 6/13	(b) 7/13	(c) 1	(d) none of these.			
11	. A dice is thro			etting an even number.			
(A)	2/3	(B) 1	(C) 5/6	(D) 1/2			
12. Two coins are thrown at the same time. Find the probability of							
_	tting both hea		<b>4</b> - <b>&gt;</b> -				
(A)	3/4 (B) 1/4	4) (C) 1/2	(D) 0				
13	. Two dice are	thrown simul	taneously. The	probability of getting a			

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sum of 9 is:

(A) 1/10	(B) 3/10	(C) 1/9	(D) 4/9			
14. 100 cards are numbered from 1 to 100. Find the probability of getting a prime number.						
(A) 3/4	(B) 27/50	(C) 1/4	(D) 29/100			
15. A bag contains 5 red balls and some blue balls .If the probability of drawing a blue ball is double that of a red ball, then the number of blue balls in a bag is:						
(A) 5	(B) 10 (	C) 15 (	D) 20			
16. A box of 600 bulbs contains 12 defective bulbs. One bulb is taken out at random from this box. Then the probability that it is non-defective bulb is:						
(A) 143/15	0 <b>(B)</b> 147/	150 (C) 1/	′25 (D) 1/5	0		
mixed thore the probab (A) 9/100	oughly. One card ility that the nur (B) 1/10	d is drawn from nber on card is (C) 3/10	are placed in a box this box randomly a perfect square. (D) 19/100	, then		
<b>18. What is</b> (A) 1/7	s the probability (B) 53/366	of getting 53 M (C) 2/7	londays in a leap y (D) 7/366	ear?		
19. A card is drawn from a well shuffled deck of 52 cards. Find the probability of getting a king of red suit.						
	(B) 3/26 (C)	_	/13			
equally like 1,2,312	ly to come to re	st pointing to o	g an arrow which is ne of the number point to an odd nu (D) 5/12			
its outcome result i.e. the probability	e each time. Ary	ran wins if all th ree tails and lo	e coin 3 times and e tosses give the s ses otherwise. The	same		

•	ajal are friends. P is the same birth	•	oth will have the
(A) 364/365			(D) 1/133225
2. Then the pro	x is chosen at ran bability that x² < 2 2/5 C) 3/5	2 is?	ımbers -2, -1, 0 , 1,
a marble is dra red is 2/3, then	ins 24 marbles. S wn at random fro the number of w (C) 8 (D) 7	m the jar, the pro	
Then the proba	s selected at rand Ibility that it is a r 4/25 (C) 1/25	nultiple of 3 and	) natural numbers. 4 is:
	owing up is propo		robability of a face probability of face d) $\frac{4}{21}$
27. Runs score	ed by batsman in e standard deviat b) 25.49	5 one day match	d) 25.69
	n and mode of the ys 15, 11, 9, 5, 18 b) 13, 18	3, 4, 18, 13, 17.	eived on 9 d) 13, 16
3 cases is a) $^1/_2$ 30. X is a varia	$^{\rm L}\cdot$ b) $^{1}\!/_{3}$ to between 0 and	c) $^{1}\!/_{4}$ 3. The value of I	
a) 8 (b) <b>31.The random</b>	variables X and	,	9 <b>6 0.2 and 0.5</b>

31. The random variables X and Y have variances 0.2 and 0.5 respectively. Let Z= 5X-2Y. The variance of Z is?

a) 3	}
, -	

b) 4



d) 7

32.Out of the following values, which one is not possible in probability?

a) 
$$P(x) = 1$$

b) 
$$\sum x P(x) = 3$$

c) 
$$P(x) = 0.5$$

d) 
$$P(x) = -0.5$$

33.If E(x) = 2 and E(z) = 4, then E(z - x) = ?

d) Insufficient data

34. The covariance of two independent random variable is



$$c) - 1$$

d) Undefined

35.If  $\Sigma P(x) = k^2 - 8$  then, the value of k is?

b) 1

d) Insufficient data

36.If P(x) = 0.5 and x = 4, then E(x) = ?

- a) 1
- b) 0.5
- c) 4



37.In a discrete probability distribution, the sum of all probabilities is always?

- a) 0
- b) Infinite
- c) 1

d) Undefined

38.If the probability of hitting the target is 0.4, find mean and variance.

- a) 0.4, 0.24
- b) 0.6, 0.24
- c) 0.4, 0.16
- d) 0.6, 0.16

39. If the probability that a bomb dropped from a place will strike the target is 60% and if 10 bombs are dropped, find mean and variance?

- a) 0.6, 0.24
- (b) 6, 2.4
- c) 0.4, 0.16
- d) 4, 1.6

40. Find the mean of tossing 8 coins.

- a) 2
- b) 4
- c) 8
- d) 1

41. What is the mean and variance for standard normal distribution?

				•		l variance i nd varianc	
<b>42.Var</b> a) E(X)					<b>given by</b> 2) – (E(X)		d) (E(X))2
<b>43.Mea</b> <a>(a) E(X)</a>					en by - (E(X))2		d) (E(X))2
44.Mea a) 0	_	onstant b) a	t 'a' is	c) a/2	- ·	d) 1	
(a) 0		of a constant 'a' is b) a nean and variance		c) a/2		d) 1	
	x 0		1	2	3	4	
f(x	) 1.	/9	2/9	3/9	2/9	1/9	
		,	s, 4/3 c) 2, 2/3 on of a random variable X?		2	d) 3, 2/3	
47.FING	uie exp	Jecialio	лі оі а га 	naom v	ariadie X	:	

48. In a Binomial Distribution, if p, q and n are probability of success, failure and number of trials respectively then variance is given by

c) 2.5

d) 3.5

1/6 | 2/6 | 2/6 | 1/6

b) 1.5

a) 0.5



c) np2q

d) npq2

- 49. If 'X' is a random variable, taking values 'x', probability of success and failure being 'p' and 'q' respectively and 'n' trials being conducted, then what is the probability that 'X' takes values 'x'? Use Binomial Distribution.
- (a) P(X = x) = nCx px qx
- b) P(X = x) = nCx px q(n-x)
- c) P(X = x) = xCn qx p(n-x)
- d) P(x = x) = xCn pn qx
- 50. If 'p', 'q' and 'n' are probability pf success, failure and number of trials respectively in a Binomial Distribution, what is its Standard **Deviation?**
- a)  $\sqrt{np}$
- b) $\sqrt{pq}$  c) (np)2