```
Note: A[1 \rightarrow A.length]

INSERTION-SORT(A)

for (j = 2 to A.length)
    itemToInsert = A[j]
    k = j - 1
    while(k > 0 and A[k] > itemToInsert)
    A[k+1] = A[k]
    k = k - 1
    A[k+1] = itemToInsert
```

Proof of correctness:

Loop invariant: We show that for every j, the subarray A[1, j - 1] is sorted. **Initialization:** If j = 2, the array A[1, 2 - 1] is sorted.

Maintenance: If A[1, j-1] is sorted then k will hold either 0 (meaning A[j] is the smallest value) or the index of the first element of A[1, j-1] which is smaller than A[j], then A[j] gets inserted at either 1 or after the first element that is smaller than it. Thus A[1, j-1] maintains the state of being sorted. **Termination:** j = A.length + 1, A[1, A.length] is therfore sorted. Therfore

the algorithm is correct.