## BINARY-SEARCH(A, e, begin, end)

if begin == end then
if A[begin] != e then
 return False
else return False
middle = (begin + end) / 2
if A[middle] > e then
 return BINARY-SEARCH(A, e, begin, middle)
if A[middle] < e then
 return BINARY-SEARCH(A, e, middle, end)

$$T(n) = \begin{cases} c & \text{if } n = 1\\ T(n/2) + c & \text{if } n > 1 \end{cases}$$
 (1)

By reccurance, if  $n>1, T(n)=\sum_{k=0}^{lg(n)}c$ 

 $\Rightarrow T(n) = clg(n)$ 

 $\Rightarrow The \ algorithm \ is \ \Theta(lgn)$