

# GASOLINES: CASINGHEAD

GCS

CAUTIONARY RESPONSE INFORMATION				4. FIRE HAZARDS	7. SHIPPING INFORMATION								
Common Synonyms Natural gasoline	Watery liquid Colorless Gasoline odor  Floats on water. Flammable, irritating vapor is produced.			<p>4.1 Flash Point: &lt;0°F O.C.</p> <p>4.2 Flammable Limits in Air: 1.3%-7.1%</p> <p>4.3 Fire Extinguishing Agents: Dry chemical, foam, or carbon dioxide</p> <p>4.4 Fire Extinguishing Agents Not to Be Used: Water may be ineffective</p> <p>4.5 Special Hazards of Combustion Products: None</p> <p>4.6 Behavior in Fire: Vapor is heavier than air and may travel a considerable distance to a source of ignition and flash back.</p> <p>4.7 Auto Ignition Temperature: Currently not available</p> <p>4.8 Electrical Hazards: Class I, group D</p> <p>4.9 Burning Rate: 4 mm/min.</p> <p>4.10 Adiabatic Flame Temperature: Currently not available</p> <p>4.11 Stoichiometric Air to Fuel Ratio: Not pertinent</p> <p>4.12 Flame Temperature: Currently not available</p> <p>4.13 Combustion Molar Ratio (Reactant to Product): Not pertinent</p> <p>4.14 Minimum Oxygen Concentration for Combustion (MOCC): Not listed</p>	<p>7.1 Grades of Purity: Composition depends on location of oil well</p> <p>7.2 Storage Temperature: Ambient</p> <p>7.3 Inert Atmosphere: No requirement</p> <p>7.4 Venting: Open (flame arrester) or pressure-vacuum</p> <p>7.5 IMO Pollution Category: Currently not available</p> <p>7.6 Ship Type: Currently not available</p> <p>7.7 Barge Hull Type: Currently not available</p>								
Fire	FLAMMABLE. Flashback along vapor trail may occur. Vapor may explode if ignited in an enclosed area. Extinguish with dry chemical, foam or carbon dioxide. Water may be ineffective on fire. Cool exposed containers with water.				8. HAZARD CLASSIFICATIONS								
Exposure	CALL FOR MEDICAL AID.  VAPOR Irritating to eyes, nose and throat. If inhaled will cause dizziness, headache, difficult breathing or loss of consciousness. Move to fresh air. If breathing has stopped, give artificial respiration. If breathing is difficult, give oxygen.  LIQUID Irritating to skin and eyes. If swallowed, will cause nausea or vomiting. Flush affected areas with plenty of water. IF IN EYES: hold eyelids open and flush with plenty of water. IF SWALLOWED and victim is CONSCIOUS, have victim drink water or milk. DO NOT INDUCE VOMITING.			<p>8.1 49 CFR Category: Flammable liquid</p> <p>8.2 49 CFR Class: 3</p> <p>8.3 49 CFR Package Group: II</p> <p>8.4 Marine Pollutant: No</p> <p>8.5 NFPA Hazard Classification:</p> <table> <thead> <tr> <th>Category</th> <th>Classification</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>Health Hazard (Blue)</td> <td>1</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Flammability (Red)</td> <td>3</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Instability (Yellow)</td> <td>0</td> </tr> </tbody> </table> <p>8.6 EPA Reportable Quantity: Not listed.</p> <p>8.7 EPA Pollution Category: Not listed.</p> <p>8.8 RCRA Waste Number: Not listed</p> <p>8.9 EPA FWP/CA List: Not listed</p>	Category	Classification	Health Hazard (Blue)	1	Flammability (Red)	3	Instability (Yellow)	0	9. PHYSICAL & CHEMICAL PROPERTIES
Category	Classification												
Health Hazard (Blue)	1												
Flammability (Red)	3												
Instability (Yellow)	0												
Water Pollution	HARMFUL TO AQUATIC LIFE IN VERY LOW CONCENTRATIONS. Fouling to shoreline. May be dangerous if it enters water intakes. Notify local health and wildlife officials. Notify operators of nearby water intakes.			<p>5.1 Reactivity with Water: No reaction</p> <p>5.2 Reactivity with Common Materials: No reaction</p> <p>5.3 Stability During Transport: Stable</p> <p>5.4 Neutralizing Agents for Acids and Caustics: Not pertinent</p> <p>5.5 Polymerization: Not pertinent</p> <p>5.6 Inhibitor of Polymerization: Not pertinent</p>	<p>9.1 Physical State at 15°C and 1 atm: Liquid</p> <p>9.2 Molecular Weight: Not pertinent</p> <p>9.3 Boiling Point at 1 atm: 58-275°F = 14-135°C = 287-408°K</p> <p>9.4 Freezing Point: Not pertinent</p> <p>9.5 Critical Temperature: Not pertinent</p> <p>9.6 Critical Pressure: Not pertinent</p> <p>9.7 Specific Gravity: 0.671 at 15°C (liquid)</p> <p>9.8 Liquid Surface Tension: 19-23 dynes/cm = 0.019-0.023 N/m at 20°C</p> <p>9.9 Liquid Water Interfacial Tension: 49-51 dynes/cm = 0.049-0.051 N/m at 20°C</p> <p>9.10 Vapor (Gas) Specific Gravity: 3.4</p> <p>9.11 Ratio of Specific Heats of Vapor (Gas): Not pertinent</p> <p>9.12 Latent Heat of Vaporization: 130-150 BTu/lb = 71-81 cal/g = 3.0-3.4 X 10<sup>5</sup> J/kg</p> <p>9.13 Heat of Combustion: -18,720 BTu/lb = -10,400 cal/g = -435.4 X 10<sup>5</sup> J/kg</p> <p>9.14 Heat of Decomposition: Not pertinent</p> <p>9.15 Heat of Solution: Not pertinent</p> <p>9.16 Heat of Polymerization: Not pertinent</p> <p>9.17 Heat of Fusion: Currently not available</p> <p>9.18 Limiting Value: Currently not available</p> <p>9.19 Reid Vapor Pressure: Currently not available</p>								
1. CORRECTIVE RESPONSE ACTIONS	Stop discharge Contain Collection Systems: Skim Chemical and Physical Treatment: Burn Salvage waterfowl	2. CHEMICAL DESIGNATIONS		6. WATER POLLUTION	NOTES								
3.1 Personal Protective Equipment: Protective goggles, gloves.	2.1 CG Compatibility Group: 33; Miscellaneous Hydrocarbon Mixtures	3. HEALTH HAZARDS		6.1 Aquatic Toxicity: 90 ppm/24 hr/juvenile American shad/T <sub>L</sub> /fresh water 91 ppm/24 hr/juvenile American shad/T <sub>L</sub> /salt water									
3.2 Symptoms Following Exposure: INHALATION causes irritation of upper respiratory tract; central nervous system stimulation followed by depression of varying degrees ranging from dizziness, headache, and incoordination to anesthesia, coma, and respiratory arrest; irregular heartbeat is dangerous complication. ASPIRATION causes severe lung irritation with coughing, gagging, dyspnea, substernal distress, and rapidly developing pulmonary edema; later, signs of bronchopneumonia and pneumonitis; acute onset of central nervous system excitement followed by depression. INGESTION causes irritation of mucous membranes of throat, esophagus, and stomach; stimulation followed by depression of central nervous system; irregular heartbeat.	2.2 Formula: Not pertinent	3.1 Personal Protective Equipment: Protective goggles, gloves.		6.2 Waterfowl Toxicity: Currently not available									
3.3 Treatment of Exposure: Seek medical attention. INHALATION: maintain respiration; give oxygen if needed. ASPIRATION: enforce bed rest; administer oxygen. INGESTION: do NOT induce vomiting; lavage carefully if appreciable quantity was ingested; guard against aspiration into lungs. EYES: wash with copious quantity of water. SKIN: wipe off and wash with soap and water.	2.3 IMO/UN Designation: 3.1/1257	3.2 Symptoms Following Exposure: INHALATION causes irritation of upper respiratory tract; central nervous system stimulation followed by depression of varying degrees ranging from dizziness, headache, and incoordination to anesthesia, coma, and respiratory arrest; irregular heartbeat is dangerous complication. ASPIRATION causes severe lung irritation with coughing, gagging, dyspnea, substernal distress, and rapidly developing pulmonary edema; later, signs of bronchopneumonia and pneumonitis; acute onset of central nervous system excitement followed by depression. INGESTION causes irritation of mucous membranes of throat, esophagus, and stomach; stimulation followed by depression of central nervous system; irregular heartbeat.		6.3 Biological Oxygen Demand (BOD): 8%, 5 days									
3.4 TLV-TWA: 300 ppm	2.4 DOT ID No.: 1257	3.3 Treatment of Exposure: Seek medical attention. INHALATION: maintain respiration; give oxygen if needed. ASPIRATION: enforce bed rest; administer oxygen. INGESTION: do NOT induce vomiting; lavage carefully if appreciable quantity was ingested; guard against aspiration into lungs. EYES: wash with copious quantity of water. SKIN: wipe off and wash with soap and water.		6.4 Food Chain Concentration Potential: None									
3.5 TLV-STEL: Not listed.	2.5 CAS Registry No.: Currently not available	3.4 TLV-TWA: 300 ppm		6.5 GESAMP Hazard Profile: Not listed									
3.6 TLV-Ceiling: 500 ppm	2.6 NAERG Guide No.: 128	3.5 TLV-STEL: Not listed.											
3.7 Toxicity by Ingestion: Grade 2; LD <sub>50</sub> = 0.5 to 5 g/kg	2.7 Standard Industrial Trade Classification: 33411	3.6 TLV-Ceiling: 500 ppm											
3.8 Toxicity by Inhalation: Currently not available.		3.7 Toxicity by Ingestion: Grade 2; LD <sub>50</sub> = 0.5 to 5 g/kg											
3.9 Chronic Toxicity: None		3.8 Toxicity by Inhalation: Currently not available.											
3.10 Vapor (Gas) Irritant Characteristics: Vapors cause a slight smarting of the eyes or respiratory system if present in high concentrations. The effect is temporary.		3.9 Chronic Toxicity: None											
3.11 Liquid or Solid Characteristics: Minimum hazard. If spilled on clothing and allowed to remain, may cause smarting and reddening of the skin.		3.10 Vapor (Gas) Irritant Characteristics: Vapors cause a slight smarting of the eyes or respiratory system if present in high concentrations. The effect is temporary.											
3.12 Odor Threshold: 0.25 ppm		3.11 Liquid or Solid Characteristics: Minimum hazard. If spilled on clothing and allowed to remain, may cause smarting and reddening of the skin.											
3.13IDLH Value: Not listed.		3.12 Odor Threshold: 0.25 ppm											
3.14 OSHA PEL-TWA: Not listed.		3.13IDLH Value: Not listed.											
3.15 OSHA PEL-STEL: Not listed.		3.14 OSHA PEL-TWA: Not listed.											
3.16 OSHA PEL-Ceiling: Not listed.		3.15 OSHA PEL-STEL: Not listed.											
3.17 EPA AEGL: Not listed		3.16 OSHA PEL-Ceiling: Not listed.											

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9.20 SATURATED LIQUID DENSITY		9.21 LIQUID HEAT CAPACITY		9.22 LIQUID THERMAL CONDUCTIVITY		9.23 LIQUID VISCOSITY	
Temperature (degrees F)	Pounds per cubic foot	Temperature (degrees F)	British thermal unit per pound-F	Temperature (degrees F)	British thermal unit inch per hour-square foot-F	Temperature (degrees F)	Centipoise
35	42.790	10	0.478	40	0.909	35	0.519
40	42.630	15	0.481	50	0.900	40	0.501
45	42.480	20	0.484	60	0.891	45	0.485
50	42.320	25	0.487	70	0.883	50	0.469
55	42.170	30	0.489	80	0.874	55	0.454
60	42.010	35	0.492	90	0.865	60	0.440
65	41.850	40	0.495	100	0.856	65	0.426
70	41.700	45	0.498	110	0.847	70	0.414
75	41.540	50	0.500	120	0.838	75	0.401
80	41.390	55	0.503	130	0.829	80	0.390
85	41.230	60	0.506	140	0.821	85	0.379
90	41.070	65	0.509	150	0.812	90	0.368
95	40.920	70	0.511	160	0.803	95	0.358
100	40.760	75	0.514	170	0.794	100	0.348
105	40.610	80	0.517	180	0.785	105	0.339
110	40.450	85	0.520	190	0.776	110	0.330
115	40.290	90	0.523			115	0.322
120	40.140	95	0.525			120	0.314
125	39.980	100	0.528			125	0.306
130	39.830	105	0.531			130	0.299
135	39.670					135	0.291
140	39.510					140	0.285
145	39.360					145	0.278
150	39.200					150	0.272
155	39.050					155	0.266
160	38.890					160	0.260

9.24 SOLUBILITY IN WATER		9.25 SATURATED VAPOR PRESSURE		9.26 SATURATED VAPOR DENSITY		9.27 IDEAL GAS HEAT CAPACITY	
Temperature (degrees F)	Pounds per 100 pounds of water	Temperature (degrees F)	Pounds per square inch	Temperature (degrees F)	Pounds per cubic foot	Temperature (degrees F)	British thermal unit per pound-F
	I N S O L U B L E		C U R R E N T L Y	N O T A V A I L A B L E	N O T P E R T I N E T		C U R R E N T L Y N O T A V A I L A B L E