

FERRIC AMMONIUM OXALATE

FAO

CAUTIONARY RESPONSE INFORMATION				4. FIRE HAZARDS	7. SHIPPING INFORMATION
Common Synonyms Ammonium ferric oxalate trihydrate Ammonium trioxalatoferrate(III) trihydrate	Solid powder Sinks and mixes with water.	Yellowish-green Light burnt-sugar odor	Keep people away. Avoid contact with solid and dust. Avoid inhalation. Notify local health and pollution control agencies. Protect water intakes.	4.1 Flash Point: Not flammable 4.2 Flammability Limits in Air: Not flammable 4.3 Fire Extinguishing Agents: Not pertinent 4.4 Fire Extinguishing Agents Not to Be Used: Not pertinent 4.5 Special Hazards of Combustion Products: Toxic oxides of nitrogen, ammonia, and carbon monoxide may form in fires. 4.6 Behavior in Fire: Currently not available 4.7 Auto Ignition Temperature: Not pertinent 4.8 Electrical Hazards: Not pertinent 4.9 Burning Rate: Not pertinent 4.10 Adiabatic Flame Temperature: Currently not available 4.11 Stoichiometric Air to Fuel Ratio: Not pertinent 4.12 Flame Temperature: Currently not available 4.13 Combustion Molar Ratio (Reactant to Product): Not pertinent 4.14 Minimum Oxygen Concentration for Combustion (MOCC): Not listed	7.1 Grades of Purity: Commercial 7.2 Storage Temperature: Ambient 7.3 Inert Atmosphere: No requirement 7.4 Venting: Open 7.5 IMO Pollution Category: Currently not available 7.6 Ship Type: Currently not available 7.7 Barge Hull Type: Currently not available
Fire	Not flammable. POISONOUS GASES MAY BE PRODUCED WHEN HEATED.			8. HAZARD CLASSIFICATIONS	
Exposure	CALL FOR MEDICAL AID. DUST Irritating to eyes, nose and throat. If inhaled will cause coughing or difficult breathing. If in eyes, hold eyelids open and flush with plenty of water. If breathing has stopped, give artificial respiration. If breathing is difficult, give oxygen. SOLID Will burn skin and eyes. If swallowed will cause nausea and vomiting. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Flush affected areas with plenty of water. IF IN EYES, hold eyelids open and flush with plenty of water. IF SWALLOWED and victim is CONSCIOUS, have victim drink water or milk and have victim induce vomiting. IF SWALLOWED and victim is UNCONSCIOUS OR HAVING CONVULSIONS, do nothing except keep victim warm.		8.1 49 CFR Category: Not listed. 8.2 49 CFR Class: Not pertinent 8.3 49 CFR Package Group: Not listed. 8.4 Marine Pollutant: No 8.5 NFPA Hazard Classification: Not listed 8.6 EPA Reportable Quantity: 1000 pounds 8.7 EPA Pollution Category: C 8.8 RCRA Waste Number: Not listed 8.9 EPA FWPCA List: Yes	8. HAZARD CLASSIFICATIONS	
Water Pollution	Effect of low concentrations on aquatic life is unknown. May be dangerous if it enters water intakes. Notify local health and wildlife officials. Notify operators of nearby water intakes.			9. PHYSICAL & CHEMICAL PROPERTIES	
1. CORRECTIVE RESPONSE ACTIONS Dilute and disperse Stop discharge Do not burn	2. CHEMICAL DESIGNATIONS 2.1 CG Compatibility Group: Not listed. 2.2 Formula: $\text{Fe}(\text{NH}_4)_2(\text{C}_2\text{O}_4)_3 \cdot 3\text{H}_2\text{O}$ 2.3 IMO/UN Designation: Not listed 2.4 DOT ID No.: 9119 2.5 CAS Registry No.: 2944-67-4 2.6 NAERG Guide No.: 171 2.7 Standard Industrial Trade Classification: 51550	3. HEALTH HAZARDS 3.1 Personal Protective Equipment: Approved dust respirator; rubber or plastic-coated gloves; chemical goggles or face shield 3.2 Symptoms Following Exposure: Inhalation of dust may cause irritation of nose and throat. Ingestion causes burning pain in throat and stomach; mucous membranes become white; may also cause vomiting, weak pulse, cardiovascular collapse, and death. Contact with dust irritates eyes and skin; may cause severe skin burns. 3.3 Treatment of Exposure: (treat victim promptly) INHALATION: move to fresh air; get medical attention if any symptoms persist. INGESTION: give immediately a dilute solution of any soluble calcium salt such as calcium lactate, limewater, chalk, or milk; induce vomiting; get medical attention. (Watch for edema of the glottis and delayed constriction of esophagus.) EYES: flush with water and get medical attention. SKIN: flush with water. 3.4 TLV-TWA: 1 mg/m³ (as iron) 3.5 TLV-STEL: Not listed. 3.6 TLV-Ceiling: Not listed. 3.7 Toxicity by Ingestion: Currently not available 3.8 Toxicity by Inhalation: Currently not available. 3.9 Chronic Toxicity: Currently not available 3.10 Vapor (Gas) Irritancy Characteristics: Currently not available 3.11 Liquid or Solid Characteristics: Currently not available 3.12 Odor Threshold: Currently not available 3.13IDLH Value: Not listed. 3.14 OSHA PEL-TWA: Not listed. 3.15 OSHA PEL-STEL: Not listed. 3.16 OSHA PEL-Ceiling: Not listed. 3.17 EPA AEGL: Not listed	5. CHEMICAL REACTIVITY 5.1 Reactivity with Water: No reaction 5.2 Reactivity with Common Materials: Currently not available 5.3 Stability During Transport: Stable 5.4 Neutralizing Agents for Acids and Caustics: Not pertinent 5.5 Polymerization: Not pertinent 5.6 Inhibitor of Polymerization: Not pertinent	9.1 Physical State at 15°C and 1 atm: Solid 9.2 Molecular Weight: 428 9.3 Boiling Point at 1 atm: Not pertinent (decomposes) 9.4 Freezing Point: Not pertinent 9.5 Critical Temperature: Not pertinent 9.6 Critical Pressure: Not pertinent 9.7 Specific Gravity: 1.78 at 20°C (solid) 9.8 Liquid Surface Tension: Not pertinent 9.9 Liquid Water Interfacial Tension: Not pertinent 9.10 Vapor (Gas) Specific Gravity: Not pertinent 9.11 Ratio of Specific Heats of Vapor (Gas): Not pertinent 9.12 Latent Heat of Vaporization: Not pertinent 9.13 Heat of Combustion: Not pertinent 9.14 Heat of Decomposition: Not pertinent 9.15 Heat of Solution: Not pertinent 9.16 Heat of Polymerization: Not pertinent 9.17 Heat of Fusion: Currently not available 9.18 Limiting Value: Currently not available 9.19 Reid Vapor Pressure: Currently not available	9. PHYSICAL & CHEMICAL PROPERTIES
		3. HEALTH HAZARDS 3.1 Personal Protective Equipment: Approved dust respirator; rubber or plastic-coated gloves; chemical goggles or face shield 3.2 Symptoms Following Exposure: Inhalation of dust may cause irritation of nose and throat. Ingestion causes burning pain in throat and stomach; mucous membranes become white; may also cause vomiting, weak pulse, cardiovascular collapse, and death. Contact with dust irritates eyes and skin; may cause severe skin burns. 3.3 Treatment of Exposure: (treat victim promptly) INHALATION: move to fresh air; get medical attention if any symptoms persist. INGESTION: give immediately a dilute solution of any soluble calcium salt such as calcium lactate, limewater, chalk, or milk; induce vomiting; get medical attention. (Watch for edema of the glottis and delayed constriction of esophagus.) EYES: flush with water and get medical attention. SKIN: flush with water. 3.4 TLV-TWA: 1 mg/m³ (as iron) 3.5 TLV-STEL: Not listed. 3.6 TLV-Ceiling: Not listed. 3.7 Toxicity by Ingestion: Currently not available 3.8 Toxicity by Inhalation: Currently not available. 3.9 Chronic Toxicity: Currently not available 3.10 Vapor (Gas) Irritancy Characteristics: Currently not available 3.11 Liquid or Solid Characteristics: Currently not available 3.12 Odor Threshold: Currently not available 3.13IDLH Value: Not listed. 3.14 OSHA PEL-TWA: Not listed. 3.15 OSHA PEL-STEL: Not listed. 3.16 OSHA PEL-Ceiling: Not listed. 3.17 EPA AEGL: Not listed	6. WATER POLLUTION 6.1 Aquatic Toxicity: Currently not available 6.2 Waterfowl Toxicity: Currently not available 6.3 Biological Oxygen Demand (BOD): Currently not available 6.4 Food Chain Concentration Potential: None 6.5 GESAMP Hazard Profile: Not listed	NOTES	6. WATER POLLUTION

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9.20 SATURATED LIQUID DENSITY		9.21 LIQUID HEAT CAPACITY		9.22 LIQUID THERMAL CONDUCTIVITY		9.23 LIQUID VISCOSITY	
Temperature (degrees F)	Pounds per cubic foot	Temperature (degrees F)	British thermal unit per pound-F	Temperature (degrees F)	British thermal unit inch per hour-square foot-F	Temperature (degrees F)	Centipoise
NOT PERTINENT			NOT PERTINENT		NOT PERTINENT		NOT PERTINENT

9.24 SOLUBILITY IN WATER		9.25 SATURATED VAPOR PRESSURE		9.26 SATURATED VAPOR DENSITY		9.27 IDEAL GAS HEAT CAPACITY	
Temperature (degrees F)	Pounds per 100 pounds of water	Temperature (degrees F)	Pounds per square inch	Temperature (degrees F)	Pounds per cubic foot	Temperature (degrees F)	British thermal unit per pound-F
77	100.000		NOT PERTINENT		NOT PERTINENT		NOT PERTINENT