Logical relations: safety of system F (Quick Reference)

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Syntax

$$\begin{array}{ll} \textit{variables}(\mathsf{Var}) & x,y,z,\dots \\ \textit{expressions}(\mathsf{E}) & e ::= x \mid tt \mid (e,e) \mid \textit{fst } e \mid \textit{snd } e \mid \lambda x. \ e \mid e \ e \mid \Lambda \ e \mid e \ \\ \textit{values}(\mathsf{Val}) & v ::= tt \mid (v,v) \mid \lambda x. \ e \mid \Lambda \ e \end{array}$$

Types and typing

$$type\ variables(\mathsf{TVar}) \qquad \alpha, \delta, \zeta, \dots$$

$$types(\mathsf{Typ}) \quad \tau ::= \alpha \mid () \mid \tau \times \tau \mid \tau \to \tau \mid \forall \alpha. \ \tau$$

$$typing\ context\ (\mathsf{TCtx}) \quad \Gamma ::= \cdot \mid x : \tau, \Gamma$$

$$context\ of\ typing\ variables\ (\mathsf{TCtx}) \quad \Delta ::= \cdot \mid \alpha, \Delta$$

Operational semantics (CBV)

$$fst (v_1, v_2) \leadsto_h v_1 \qquad snd (v_1, v_2) \leadsto_h v_2 \qquad (\lambda x. \ e) \ v \leadsto_h e[v/x] \qquad (\Lambda \ e) \ _ \leadsto_h e$$

$$\frac{e \leadsto_h e'}{\mathbf{K}[e] \leadsto \mathbf{K}[e']}$$

 $evaluation\ contexts\ (\mathsf{ECtx})\quad \mathbf{K} ::= [] \mid \mathit{fst}\ \mathbf{K} \mid \mathit{snd}\ \mathbf{K} \mid (\mathbf{K},e) \mid (v,\mathbf{K}) \mid \mathbf{K}\ e \mid v\ \mathbf{K} \mid \mathbf{K} \ _$

Type safety

$$\forall e, \tau. \cdot; \cdot \vdash e : \tau \implies \mathbf{Safe}(e)$$

where

$$\mathbf{Safe}(e) \stackrel{\Delta}{=} \forall e'.\ e \leadsto^* e' \implies e' \in \mathsf{Val} \lor \exists e''.\ e \leadsto e''$$

Parameterized Safety

Safe_P
$$(e) \stackrel{\Delta}{=} \forall e'. e \rightsquigarrow^* e' \implies (e' \in \mathsf{Val} \land P(e')) \lor \exists e''. e \rightsquigarrow e''$$

Parameterized safety implies safety: $Safe_P(e) \implies Safe(e)$

Safe-Mono.
$$(\forall v. P(v) \implies Q(v)) \implies \textbf{Safe}_{P}(e) \implies \textbf{Safe}_{O}(e)$$

Safe-Val. $P(v) \implies Safe_{P}(v)$

Safe-Bind. Safe_Q
$$(e) \land (\forall v. Q(v) \implies \textbf{Safe}_{P}(\mathbf{K}[v])) \implies \textbf{Safe}_{P}(\mathbf{K}[e])$$

Safe-Step. $e \rightsquigarrow e' \land \mathbf{Safe}_{P}(e') \implies \mathbf{Safe}_{P}(e)$

Logical Relations

$$\begin{split} & \llbracket \Delta \vdash \alpha \rrbracket_{\xi} \stackrel{\triangle}{=} \xi(\alpha) \\ & \llbracket \Delta \vdash () \rrbracket_{\xi} (v) \stackrel{\triangle}{=} v = tt \\ & \llbracket \Delta \vdash \tau_{1} \times \tau_{2} \rrbracket_{\xi} (v) \stackrel{\triangle}{=} \exists v_{1}, v_{2}. \ v = (v_{1}, v_{2}) \wedge \llbracket \Delta \vdash \tau_{1} \rrbracket_{\xi} (v_{1}) \wedge \llbracket \Delta \vdash \tau_{1} \rrbracket_{\xi} (v_{2}) \\ & \llbracket \Delta \vdash \tau_{1} \to \tau_{2} \rrbracket_{\xi} (v) \stackrel{\triangle}{=} \exists x, e. \ v = \lambda x. \ e \wedge \forall v'. \ \llbracket \Delta \vdash \tau_{1} \rrbracket_{\xi} (v') \implies \llbracket \Delta \vdash \tau_{2} \rrbracket_{\xi}^{\mathbf{E}} (e[v'/x]) \\ & \llbracket \Delta \vdash \forall \alpha. \ \tau \rrbracket_{\xi} (v) \stackrel{\triangle}{=} \exists e. \ v = \Lambda \ e \wedge \forall P \in 2^{\mathsf{Val}}. \ \llbracket \alpha, \Delta \vdash \tau \rrbracket_{[\alpha \mapsto P]\xi}^{\mathbf{E}} (e) \\ & \llbracket \Delta \vdash \cdot \rrbracket_{\xi} (vs) \stackrel{\triangle}{=} |vs| = 0 \\ & \llbracket \Delta \vdash x : \tau, \Gamma \rrbracket_{\xi} (vs) \stackrel{\triangle}{=} \exists v, vs'. \ vs = v, vs' \wedge \llbracket \Delta \vdash \tau \rrbracket_{\xi} (v) \wedge \llbracket \Delta \vdash \Gamma \rrbracket_{\xi} (vs') \end{split}$$

 $\textbf{LogRel-Subst.} \ \ \llbracket \Delta \vdash \tau[\tau'/\alpha] \rrbracket_{\xi}\left(v\right) \iff \ \ \llbracket \alpha, \Delta \vdash \tau \rrbracket_{\lceil \alpha \mapsto \llbracket \Delta \vdash \tau' \rrbracket_{\varepsilon} \rceil \xi}\left(v\right)$

 $\textbf{LogRel-Weaken.} \ \textit{When} \ \alpha \ \textit{the does not} \ \textit{appear freely in} \ \tau \text{, } \ \llbracket \Delta \vdash \tau \rrbracket_{\xi} \left(v \right) \\ \iff \ \llbracket \alpha, \Delta \vdash \tau \rrbracket_{[\alpha \mapsto P]\xi} \left(v \right) \\$

LogRel-Seq-Weaken. When α the **does not** appear freely in Γ ,

$$\llbracket \Delta \vdash \Gamma \rrbracket_{\xi} \left(vs \right) \iff \llbracket \alpha, \Delta \vdash \Gamma \rrbracket_{[\alpha \mapsto P]\xi} \left(vs \right)$$

Fundamental Theorem (of logical relations). *For any* e, Δ , Γ *and* τ *such that* Δ ; $\Gamma \vdash e : \tau$ *we have:*

$$\forall \xi, vs. \ \llbracket \Delta \vdash \Gamma \rrbracket_{\xi} (vs) \implies \llbracket \Delta \vdash \tau \rrbracket_{\xi}^{\mathbf{E}} (e[vs/xs])$$

where xs is the sequence of variables of Γ and e[vs/xs] is a shorthand for $e[v_1, \dots, v_n/x_1, \dots, x_n]$ which is the term e where x_i 's are substituted with v_i 's simultaneously.