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from __future__ import annotations

import time
import logging
from typing import TYPE_CHECKING, Dict, Any, Optional

import numpy as np

# Assuming output_writer.py is in atmpy.io (Not directly used here, but by
solver_saver)
# from atmpy.io.output_writers import NetCDFWriter
# from atmpy.infrastructure.enums import ( # Not directly used here, but by
solver_saver
#     VariableIndices as VI,
#     PrimitiveVariableIndices as PVI,
# )
# from atmpy.physics.eos import ExnerBasedEOS # Not directly used here, but by
solver_saver
from atmpy.solver.utility import calculate_dynamic_dt
import atmpy.io.saver as solver_saver

# Basic logging setup
logging.basicConfig(
    level=logging.INFO, format="%(asctime)s - %(levelname)s - %(message)s"
)

if TYPE_CHECKING:
    from atmpy.configuration.simulation_configuration import SimulationConfig
    from atmpy.grid.kgrid import Grid
    from atmpy.variables.variables import Variables
    from atmpy.variables.multiple_pressure_variables import MPV
    from atmpy.time_integrators.abstract_time_integrator import
AbstractTimeIntegrator

MACHINE_EPSILON = np.finfo(float).eps

class Solver:
    """
    Orchestrates the atmospheric simulation loop, including output and
    checkpointing
    by delegating to the solver_saver module.
    """

    def __init__(
        self,
        config: "SimulationConfig",
        grid: "Grid",
        variables: "Variables",
        mpv: "MPV",
        time_integrator: "AbstractTimeIntegrator",
        initial_t: float = 0.0,
        initial_step: int = 0,
    ):
        self.config = config
        self.grid = grid
        self.variables = variables
        self.mpv = mpv
        self.time_integrator = time_integrator

        self.current_t: float = initial_t
        self.current_step: int = initial_step
        self.start_time_wall: float = 0.0

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self.dt: float = config.temporal.dtfixed
if self.dt <= 0:
    raise ValueError("Solver requires positive dt.")
self.tmax: float = config.temporal.tmax
self.stepmax: int = config.temporal.stepmax

# Attributes used by solver_saver
self.tout: np.ndarray = np.array(config.temporal.tout)
self._output_times_saved: np.ndarray = np.zeros_like(self.tout,
dtype=bool)
self._output_time_tolerance: float = (
    self.dt * 0.51
) # Tolerance for hitting output times

self.output_frequency_steps: int = config.outputs.output_frequency_steps
self.output_filename: str = self.config.outputs.output_filename

self.enable_checkpointing: bool = getattr(
    config.outputs, "enable_checkpointing", True
)
self.checkpoint_frequency_steps: int = getattr(
    config.outputs, "checkpoint_frequency_steps", 100
)
self.checkpoint_filename: str = getattr(
    config.outputs, "checkpoint_filename", "checkpoint_base"
) # Default base
self.checkpoint_keep_n: int = getattr(config.outputs,
"checkpoint_keep_n", 2)

logging.info(
    f"Solver initialized. Starting at t={self.current_t:.4f},
step={self.current_step}"
)
logging.info(
    f" Output file: {self.output_filename} (freq:
{self.output_frequency_steps} steps, specific times: {self.tout})"
)

analysis_flag = self.config.diagnostics.analysis

logging.info(f" Analysis output mode: {analysis_flag}")
logging.info(
    f" Checkpointing: {self.enable_checkpointing} (freq:
{self.checkpoint_frequency_steps} steps, base: {self.checkpoint_filename}, keep:
{self.checkpoint_keep_n})"
)

def run(self) -> None:
    """Executes the main simulation loop."""
    logging.info(
        f"--- Starting simulation run from t={self.current_t:.4f},
step={self.current_step} ---"
    )
    self.start_time_wall = time.time()

    # --- Initial Output/Checkpoint (at initial state) ---
    solver_saver.handle_saving(self)

    ##### BEGIN OF THE SOLVER LOOP
    #####
    while True:
        if self.current_step > 0:
            logging.info(
                f" Current time t={self.current_t:.4f},

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step={self.current_step}"
    )

    if (
        self.current_t >= self.tmax - 1e-9
    ): # Using 1e-9 as a small epsilon for float comparison
        logging.info(f"Reached tmax = {self.tmax:.4f}. Stopping.")
        break
    if self.current_step >= self.stepmax:
        logging.info(f"Reached stepmax = {self.stepmax}. Stopping.")
        break

    pending_output_times =
self.tout[np.logical_not(self._output_times_saved)]
    future_output_times = pending_output_times[
        pending_output_times > self.current_t + MACHINE_EPSILON
    ]

    if future_output_times.size > 0:
        next_target_output_t = np.min(future_output_times)
    else:
        next_target_output_t = self.tmax

    ##### COMPUTE TIMESTEP
    #####
    current_dt: float
    if (
        self.config.temporal.dtfixed0 is not None and self.current_step
== 0
    ): # Use dtfixed0 for the very first step if specified
        current_dt = self.config.temporal.dtfixed0
    elif (
        self.config.temporal.dtfixed0 is not None
        and self.config.temporal.dtfixed0 > 0
    ): # Original line was "if self.config.temporal.dtfixed0 is not
None:"
        current_dt = (
            self.config.temporal.dtfixed
        ) # After first step, use dtfixed if dtfixed0 was present
    else: # Dynamic dt calculation
        current_dt = calculate_dynamic_dt(
            self.variables,
            self.grid,
            self.config,
            self.current_t,
            next_target_output_t,
            self.current_step,
        )

    # Ensure dt does not overshoot next_target_output_t if dynamic dt is
very flexible
    # This is a common strategy to hit tout precisely.
    if not (
        self.config.temporal.dtfixed0 is not None
        and self.config.temporal.dtfixed0 > 0
    ): # if not using fixed dt
        if (
            self.current_t + current_dt
            > next_target_output_t + self._output_time_tolerance
        ): # If current_dt overshoots
            # Check if we are very close, then just take the step to
next_target_output_t
            if (
                next_target_output_t - self.current_t > MACHINE_EPSILON

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        ): # Ensure positive step
            current_dt = next_target_output_t - self.current_t
            ##### TIME INTEGRATION STEP
            #####
            self.time_integrator.dt = current_dt # Update dt for the time
integrator

        step_start_time = time.time()
        try:
            self.time_integrator.step(global_step=self.current_step)
        except Exception as e:
            logging.error(
                f"Error during step {self.current_step + 1}
(t={self.current_t + current_dt:.4f}): {e}",
                exc_info=True,
            )
            solver_saver.save_checkpoint(self, force_save=True)
            raise e

        self.current_step += 1
        self.current_t += current_dt

        log_interval_steps = max(1, self.stepmax // 20) if self.stepmax > 0
else 50
        if self.current_step % log_interval_steps == 0:
            logging.info(
                f"Step: {self.current_step}/{self.stepmax}, Time:
{self.current_t:.4f}/{self.tmax:.4f}, dt: {current_dt:.2e}, Step Time:
{time.time() - step_start_time:.4f}s"
            )

            solver_saver.handle_saving(self)

        end_time_wall = time.time()
        total_time = end_time_wall - self.start_time_wall
        logging.info(f"--- Simulation finished ---")
        logging.info(
            f"Final state: Time={self.current_t:.4f}, Step={self.current_step}"
        )
        logging.info(f"Total wall clock time for this run: {total_time:.2f}
seconds")

    @staticmethod
    def load_checkpoint_data(filename: str) -> Dict[str, Any]:
        """
        Loads simulation state data from a checkpoint file using the
solver_saver module.
        """
        return solver_saver.load_checkpoint_data(filename)

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