

# Seneca

## Subnetting

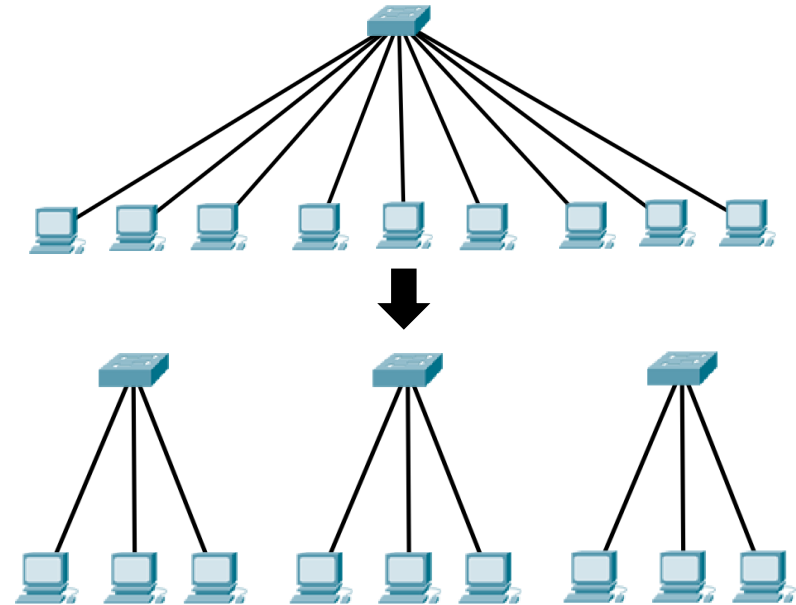
# Agenda

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- What is Subnetting?
- Subnetting: 2 Networks
- Subnetting: Activity

# What is Subnetting?

- Subnetting subdivides a network into more networks
- Benefits include:
  1. Improve network performance and speed
  2. Reduce network congestion
  3. Boost network security
  4. Control network grow
  5. Ease administration



# Recall: IP Address Network and Broadcast Address

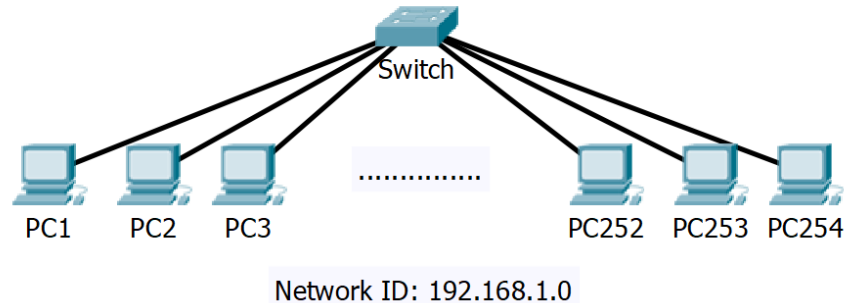
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- Using a “Class C” IP address 192.168.1.0 /24
  - Network Address: 192.168.1.0 /24
  - Broadcast Address: 192.168.1.255 /24
- Network and Broadcast Addresses cannot be assigned to a device
  - 1<sup>st</sup> available (valid) IP Address: 192.168.1.1
  - Last available (valid) IP Address: 192.168.1.254
- The range for Network 192.168.1.0 /24 is 192.168.1.1 – 192.168.1.254 /24

# Recall: IP Address Network and Broadcast Address

- Summary

- # of Networks: 1
- # of Hosts per Network: 254
- Network Range:
  - Network: 192.168.1.0      192.168.1.1 – 192.168.1.254 /24



# Subnetting: 2 Networks

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- Using IP address 192.168.1.0 /24, subnet into 2 networks.
- What are the 2 subnets?
- What are their ranges?

# Subnetting: 2 Networks

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- Using IP address 192.168.1.0 /24, subnet into 2 networks.
- Determine the network portion and host portion of IP address.

# Subnetting: 2 Networks

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- Using IP address 192.168.1.0 /24, subnet into 2 networks.
- Determine the number of host bits to borrow by the network portion to create 2 networks.



# Subnetting: 2 Networks

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- Using IP address 192.168.1.0 /24, subnet into 2 networks.
- Determine the new subnet mask.

# Subnetting: 2 Networks

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- Using IP address 192.168.1.0 /24, subnet into 2 networks.
- Using the new subnet mask, determine the “Increment”.

# Subnetting: 2 Networks

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- Using IP address 192.168.1.0 /24, subnet into 2 networks.
- Using the “Increment”, determine the 2 networks.

# Subnetting: 2 Networks

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- Using IP address 192.168.1.0 /24, subnet into 2 networks.
- Using the “Increment”, determine the 2 networks.

# Subnetting: 2 Networks

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- Using IP address 192.168.1.0 /24, subnet into 2 networks.
- Using the 2 networks, determine the ranges.

# Subnetting: 2 Networks

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- Using IP address 192.168.1.0 /24, subnet into 2 networks.
- Summary:
  - New Subnet Mask: 255.255.255.128 or /25
  - # of Networks: 2
  - # of Hosts per Network: 126
  - Network Range:
    - Subnet 0: 192.168.1.0 192.168.1.1 – 192.168.1.126 /25
    - Subnet 1: 192.168.1.128 192.168.1.129 – 192.168.1.254 /25

# Subnetting: Activity

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- Determine the first 3 subnet ranges for each of the examples:
- Using IP address 192.168.1.0 /24, subnet into 7 networks.
- Using IP address 192.168.1.0 /24, subnet into 16 networks.
- Using IP address 192.168.1.0 /24, subnet into 28 networks.
- Using IP address 192.168.1.0 /24, subnet into 44 networks.
- Using IP address 192.168.1.0 /24, subnet into 60 networks.
- Using IP address 192.168.1.0 /24, subnet into 53 networks.
- Using IP address 192.168.1.0 /24, subnet into 47 networks.

# Questions

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# Additional Resources

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- Video on [Introduction to Subnetting](#)
- Wiki on [Subnetwork](#)