

Visitor pattern

- It's a design pattern specifically designed to traverse a tree
- It's an **essential** feature in all compilers in order to traverse AST

How to use

- Create a class that extends `CoolTreeVisitor`
- If we have an object of type `CoolTreeNode` then we can use its ``accept`
- Override any visit method of `CoolTreeVisior` to intercept AST node
type(<CoolTreeVisitor>) `` method`
 - This gives us a way to intercept the node of specific type
 - Do not forget to call `accept(this)` on the argument otherwise traverse will stop for the subsequent nodes

Example AST Visitor

```
class TestTreeVisitor(var program: Program) extends CoolTreeVisitor() {  
  def run() = {  
    program.accept(this)  
    print(sb)  
  }  
  
  override def visit_program(node: Cprogram, classes: Classes) = {  
    classes.accept(this)  
  }  
  
  def visit_formals(formals: Formals) = {  
    val e = formals.elements()  
    if (e.hasNext()) {  
      while (e.hasNext()) {  
        e.next().accept(this)  
      }  
    }  
  }  
  
  override def visit_formal(node: Cformal, name: Symbol, of_type: Symbol) = {  
    // TODO: this is a leaf node, we can not go further down  
  }  
  
  override def visit_string_lit(node: Cstring_lit, token: Symbol) = {  
    // TODO: this is a leaf node, we can not go further down  
  }  
  
  override def visit_nil(node: Cnil) = {  
    // TODO: this is a leaf node, we can not go further down  
  }  
  
  override def visit_unit(node: Cunit) = {  
    // TODO: this is a leaf node, we can not go further down  
  }  
}
```

Use our Visitor

```
object Main {  
  def main(args: Array[String]) = {  
    var parser = new CoolTreeParser();  
    parser.start()  
  
    var program = parser.parse_Program(0);  
    parser.resolve_attributes()  
  
    new TestTreeVisitor(program).run()  
  }  
}
```

Lab assignmnet

In this lab we will write a program to dump a formatted (or pretty printed) a Cool program given it's AST