

TUTORIAL 8

ECE532

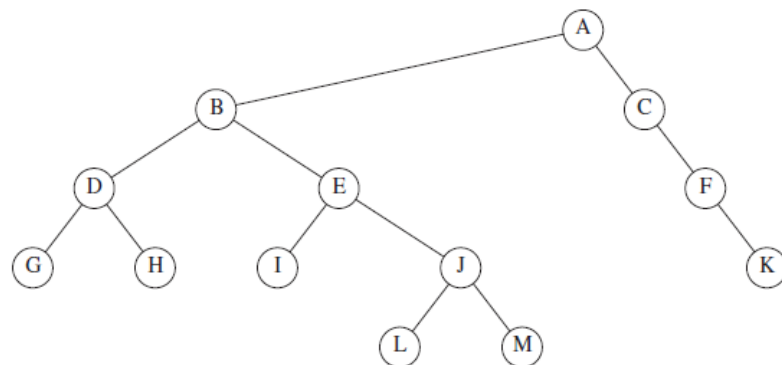


Figure 1 Tree for Exercises 1 to 3

1 For the tree in Figure 1:

- Which node is the root?
- Which nodes are leaves?

2 For each node in the tree of Figure 1:

- Name the parent node.
- List the children.
- List the siblings.
- Compute the depth.
- Compute the height.

3 What is the depth of the tree in Figure 1?

4 Give the prefix, infix, and postfix expressions corresponding to the tree in Figure 2.

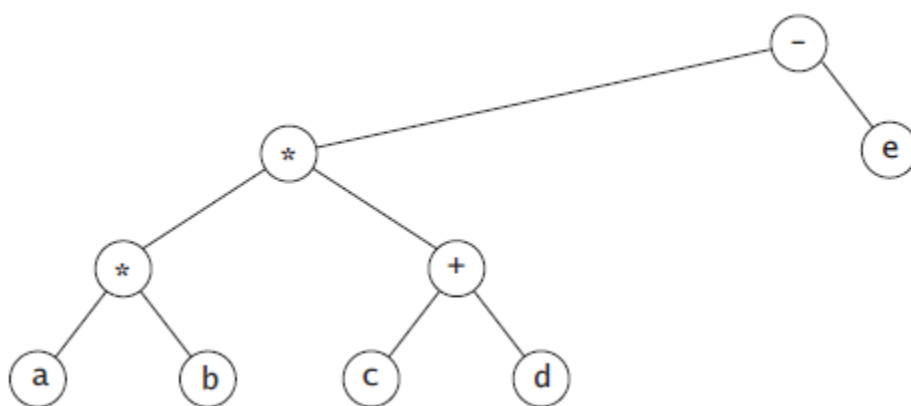


Figure 2 Tree for Exercise 8

- 5** a. Show the result of inserting 3, 1, 4, 6, 9, 2, 5, 7 into an initially empty binary search tree.
- b. Show the result of deleting the root.

6 For the Binary Search Tree shown in the Figure 3, list down the inorder and preorder traversals of the tree.

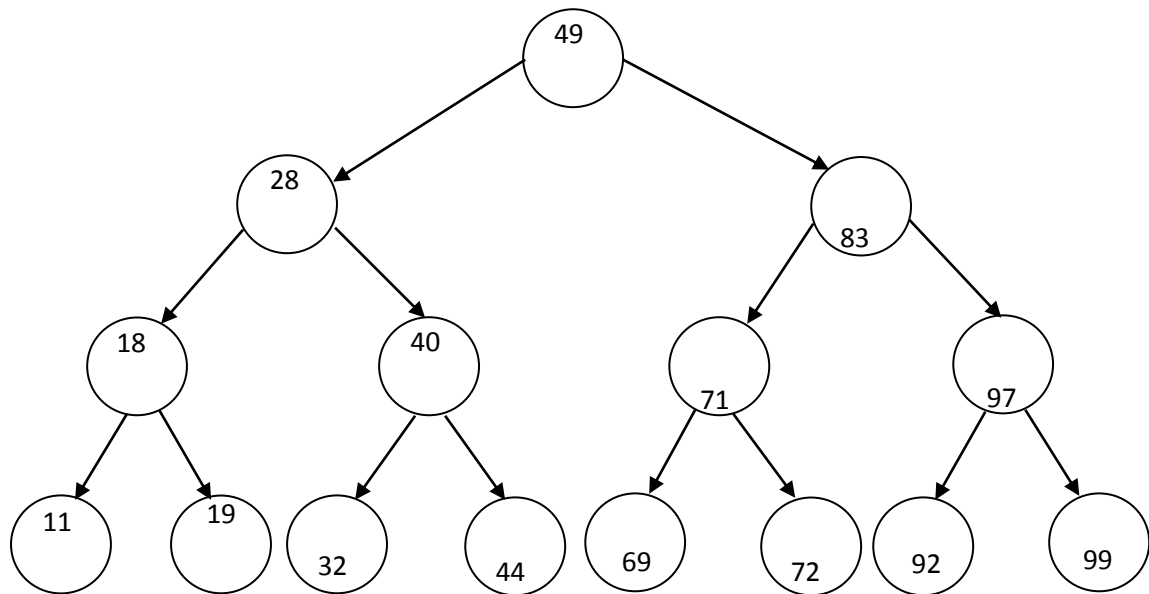
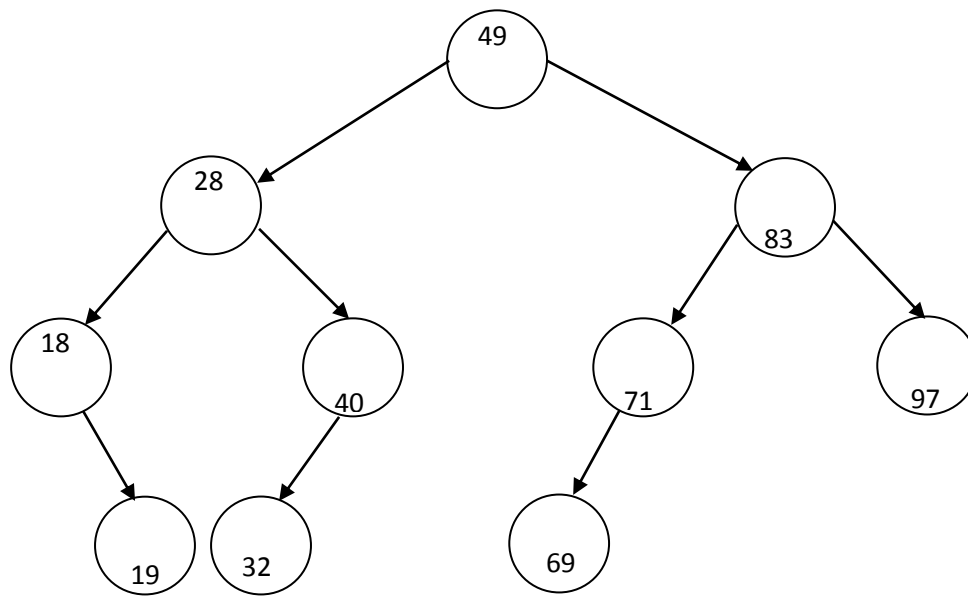


Figure 3

- 7) Draw the binary expression tree that represents the following parenthesized infix expression.

$$(((A + B) * (C - D)) / (E ^ F))$$

- 8) For the Binary Search Tree shown below, list down the postorder and preorder traversals of the tree.



(4 marks)

9) A binary tree has the following data structure:

```

struct tnode
{
    int data;
    struct tnode *lchild, *rchild;
};
  
```

Write a function to insert a new node in binary search tree to get a tree created.

10) Write a function to search for a given key value in a binary search tree