***Phonemes … 15 - 5***

* Consonant -> it exits without obstructing the airway
* Vowel -> it exits with obstruction the airway
* 15 vowel sounds in English
* How many phonemes are there in the word foot?
  + There are 3 phonemes I this word

1. ***/i:/ (Long Vowel) (High Vowel)***
2. ee
   1. Meet -> /mi:t/
   2. Feel – see - free
3. Ea
   1. Team -> /ti:m/
   2. Mean - bean
4. ie / ei
   1. Belief – piece – neither - receive
5. Finale e
   1. Me – we – she - he
6. E + consonant + e
   1. Chinese – these - peter
7. Finale y
   1. City – duty – country - ability
8. Finding with ique
   1. Unique – boutique - critique

* A thief believes everybody steals
* The employees agreed to meet at eight fifteen
* Don`t keep the tv near the heater
* It`s extremely easy to cheat when the teacher isn`t here
* Please speak to peter about the meeting
* Steve will read the email before he leaves

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***2)******/I******/ (Short Vowel) (Low Vowel)***

1. I
   1. Hit -> /hIt/
   2. /wIt/, /hIz/, /sIp/, /fIg/, /wIt/
2. Ui
   1. /bIld/, /kwIt/, /kwIk/
3. Consonant + y + Consonant
   1. /krIpt/, Hymn -> /hIm/,

NOTE -> been

American -> /bIn/

Britch -> /bi:n/

NOTE -> women

/wImIn/

* Big city
* Drink milk
* This think
* Spring picnic
* Fish and chips
* Winter wind

***-----------------------------------------------------------***

***3) /ei/***

1. A + consonant + e
   1. Take -> /teik/, came -> /ceim/, save -> /seiv/, late -> /leit/
2. Ai
   1. Rain -> /rein/, wait -> /weit/, pain -> /pein/, aim -> /eim/
3. Ay
   1. Say -> /sei/, clay -> /klei/, spray -> /sprei/, stay -> /stei/
4. Ey
   1. They, gray, obey, survey
5. Eigh
   1. Weigh -> /wei/, eight -> /eit/, freight -> /freit/
6. A (in start the word) or (after e)
   1. April, alien, angel, great

* Take time for all things:
  + Great haste makes great waste
* She complained about her weight, but she ate the cake anyway
* jake hates waiting for trains and planes it rains in April and may
* I will stay in the game even though it is late
* My neighbor from Spain moved away to day

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***Writing***

1. ***simple and compound sentence*** 
   1. ***words***
      1. Simple, compound, subject, verb, object, idea, conjunction
   2. ***Explain***
      1. Simple sentence
         1. It has one ( subject & verb ) group
         2. express 1 complete idea
         3. no conjunction needed
      2. Compound sentence
         1. It has at least two ( subject & verb ) group
         2. express at least 2 complete ideas
         3. a conjunction or comma needed
   3. ***Examples***
      1. Wei gave her host a small present (simple)
      2. Pedro is travelling to China, so martin is teaching him Chinese (compound)
   4. ***Summary*** 
      1. [English\Writing Lv2\_ Ep1.pdf](../English/Writing%20Lv2_%20Ep1.pdf)
2. ***Propositional phrase -> (in, at, on, under, over)*** ***+ noun***

***Auxiliary verb -> (am, is, are, was, were) + verb***

* Proposition, location, phrase, Auxiliary, auxiliary verb
* Propositional phrase can go at the end of the sentence
* If you start with propositional phrase, you remember to use a comma
* In sentence with (be) as the main verb (only verb in the sentence) a propositional phrase cannot come first
* The holiday is on a Monday (correct)
* In February, it is. (incorrect)

***3) Negative***

* Action, positive, negative, negate,
* If both verbs are negative, use the words do not only once.
  + It's better to use the conjunction “or”
* If there are two verbs in a sentence and they both express an action done by the same subject, we still call that a sample sentence
* I do not exercise or eat very much

***4) simple and compound sentence***

* Related, unrelated, relationship, cause, result, contrast
* A compound idea sentence expresses at least two complete ideas. The ideas must be related to each other
* Use so to connect a cause and result.
* Use but to join contrasting ideas.
* Use and to connect two similar ideas.

***5) topic sentences, supporting sentences (give more info about sentences)***

* Paragraph, topic, support, wasteland, snap shirt,
* A paragraph is a group of sentences about one topic
* The topic sentence tells us the main idea of paragraph
* The topic sentence often comes at the beginning of a paragraph
* Supported sentences related to the main idea

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***English Bits … 31 - 5***

***1) just***

1. ***Just = only ( فقط )***

* She only goes out with her friends

1. ***Just ( حدث وقع للتو ) + past***

* No, I`m not the person who just called

1. ***Just = exactly ( تماما )***

* He looks just like his father

***--------------------------------------------***

***2) English proverbs and idioms***

1. ***Two wrongs don`t make a right***  ***( لا تعالج خطأ بخطأ ) -> if someone has done something bad to you, revenge will only make things worse.***

* Three nines make twenty-seven
* He insulted my friend. Wait and see what I`ll do
  + No, man two wrongs don`t make aright

1. ***The squeaky wheel gets the grease ( ما ضاع حق وراءه مطالب ) -> you can get better service if you complain. If you wait patiently, nobody is going to care***



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***3)***

***1) kick ass***

* Kick someone`s ass = beat someone up = to physically attack someone
* Kickass = awesome ( رائع )
  + This is your house? Wow, it is kickass
  + He is a kickass leader who takes good decisions
* Go kick some ass -> ( اذهب واثبت نفسك )
  + You can go out there and kick some ass (go out there -> (الخروج للعالم ده لو مش بيشاور على حاجه))
* Kickass = open my mind
  + The book kicked my ass to think in a different way

***2)***

***----------------------------------------------------***

***4) Until / till***

* Until -> formal … till-> unformal
  + We played soccer until / till midnight
* Till / until + present
  + I will study the whole summer until the school starts
* Till / until with form = to
  + I work from 9 am till/until 5 pm
* Until / till -> next time (لانهاء اللحوار حتى المرة القاادمه)
* Not until ( ليس قبل ذلك )
  + Won't you tell me about what happened last night?
    - Not until you tell me first
* Till / until -> ( لاتستخدم مع الارقام والمسافات ) … up to is used
  + The car can take up to seven people
  + We walked from house up to the lake
* A woman is like a tea bag you can`t tell (tell -> معرفه ) how strong she is until you put her in hot water.

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***Rules … 15 - 1***

***1) Gerunds***

* Go + ing -> ( يذهب ل )
  + Go swimming
* ( Dislike – enjoy – imagine – practice – keep – finish ) + noun
  + He dislikes waiting
  + Jake enjoys read a book

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***Thinking … 13 - 3***

***1)***

* Bad-mouth someone -> to say bad thing about someone
  + He was always bad-mouthing his wife.
    - I guess their love is gone
* Bad-mouth something -> to say bad thing about something
  + Zack bad-moused his car because it`s too small for him

***2)***

* Words
  + Odd -> Lowis`s choice of hair color is quite odd
  + Tough -> Max is the toughest in our city
  + Hall -> we`re going to have the party in the grand(big) hall
  + Immediately (right away) ->the ambulance came immediately after the accident
  + Mention -> you must be very brave to mention his name
* Idioms
  + Between the devil and the deep blue sea -> to be in a different situation where there are two bad options
    - I'm between the devil and the deep blue sea. If I call her, she will yell at me and if I don`t, she will think I`m ignoring her.
  + Settle the score with someone -> to take revenge on someone for something they have done in the past
    - That was not cool, man. Why did you do that to her?
      * To settle and old score.

NOTE -> married to (somebody)

NOTE -> Here (عاام) & in here (بخصص المكان)

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***Conversation … 15 - 1***

***1)***

* How have you been? ( لشخص بقالى كتير مشفتوش فبسأله عن أخبارة لحد دلوقتى )
  + I`ve been great
* How is it going? ( كيف حالك )
  + I`m doing well
* Wright now ( لو المتحدث بيقولها بعصبيه يبقى معناها الان تحديدا ) ( ولو عادى يبقى كتر كلام مش بتأثر )
* Good luck + with
* Never been better ( كويس جدا )

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***Listen 8 – 1***

***----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------***

***Words***

* Obstructing ( يعيق ) = block
* Bean ( فاصولياء ) , setting or check
* Belief ( اعتقاد / تصديق )
* Chinese ( صينى )
* Peter = implement ( ينفذ )
* Duty = must , mission , service
* Critique ( نقد ) …. criticism ( مقاله نقديه )
* Squeaky wheel ( العجله تعمل صوت ) .. it`s a squeaky door ( الباب بيزيق )
* Grease ( الشحم ) … greasy ( مشحم ) … greasy hair ( الشعر الدهنى )
* Device ( اداه او حيله )
* Prety ( جدا ) less than very
* Campus -> (England -> (الحرم الجامعى)) , ( America ->(حرم دراسى) )
* Claws ( حوافر القطه )
* Ham -> (لحم خنزير)
* Loophole -> (صغره)
* Magnificent
* A burka (حجاب)