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CHAPTER 6

Forms



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AGENDA

- Form Input Types
- Form Input Attributes
- Select & Text Area

Forms Input Types





- Nowadays it is extremely difficult to find websites that do not include some type of form element
- Forms are HTML elements which are used for user input. They
 can range from text fields where we write our
 username/passwords or select boxes where we choose our
 country, occupation.
- There are numerous types of form elements, each suited for different purposes





Form Elements

 The most common type of form element is the <input> tag, for allowing users to type in their input.

 The <label> tag is a text label to describe the input, so the users know what to type in.

 When we fill up forms on the internet, we usually have a submit button. Forms can also define their own submit buttons.





The <input> tag defines all types of input elements.

The type of input element is defined by the "type" attribute.

Text Input

```
<label for="name">First Name</label>
<input type="text" id="name">
First name:
```

The "for" attribute in label matches the "id" of the input.

This is to bind the label and the input element together.



Password Input

Allows us to create password inputs



Radio Buttons

Radio buttons allow users select ONLY ONE option from the list of choices.



Checkbox

Checkboxes allow users select MULTIPLE options from the list of choices.

Forms Input Attributes





Input fields may have several attributes to enhance their functionality

Text Input: value

The input value specifies an initial value for the input field.

Form Input Attributes

Text Input: readonly

```
<label for="name">First Name</label>
<input type="text" id="name" value="John" readonly>

First name:

John
```

Readonly fields cannot be edited or changed by the user.



Text Input: maxlength

```
<label for="name">First Name</label>
<input type="text" id="name" value="1234567890"
maxlength="10">
```

First Name 1234567890

Maxlength sets the size of the input field.

We cannot input more than 10 characters in this instance.



Text Input: placeholder

```
<label for="name">First Name</label>
<input type="text" id="name"

placeholder="Enter your first name">
```

First Name

Enter your first name

The input placeholder attribute specifies a short hint that describes the expected value of an input field.

Select & Text Area





This tag allows us to create a <select> dropdown list to choose from <label for="name">Choose a drink</label> <select id="name"> Choose a drink: Coffee ~ <option value="coffee">Coffee</option> Coffee <option value="milk">Milk</option> Milk Tea <option value="tea">Tea</option> Coke <option value="coke">Coke</option> </select>

The <label> tag is asking the user a question.

The <option> tag defines the options that can be selected. The first one is auto-selected by default





This tag allows us to create a multi-line input field. We usually use this for comments or reviews.

<textarea rows="10" cols="30">

The cat was playing in the garden.

</textarea>

The cat was playing in the garden.

The rows attribute specifies the visible number of lines in a text area.

The cols attribute specifies the visible width of a text area.

That's all for this module!

THANK YOU!

