Rat in a Maze (all paths)

Problem Level: Hard

Problem Description:

You are given a N*N maze with a rat placed at maze[0][0]. Find and print all paths that rat can follow to reach its destination i.e. maze[N-1][N-1]. Rat can move in any direction (left, right, up and down).

Value of every cell in the maze can either be 0 or 1. Cells with value 0 are blocked means rat cannot enter into those cells and those with value 1 are open.

Sample Input 1:

```
3
101
111
111
```

Sample Output 1:

```
100111111
100100111
100110011
100111001
```

Explanation:

4 paths are possible which are printed in the required format.

Approach to be followed:

For this code, the approach is quite intuitive. We will form a recursive function, which will follow a path. We will keep checking if this path successfully reaches the destinations while avoiding all the blocked cells. If this happens, we will print that particular path. If a particular path does not reach the destination then backtrack and try other paths.

Steps:

1. Create a matrix, **solution**, and initially fill it with 0s.

- 2. Create a recursive function, which takes the input matrix, output matrix and position of rat (i, j).
- 3. Check if the position is outside the matrix, or at a blocked cell. If this happens, simply return from the function.
- 4. Also, check if this position has already been backtracked. If yes, return from the function.
- 5. Otherwise, mark the position **solution[i][j]** as one and check if the current position is the destination or not. If the destination is reached, print the output matrix and return.
- 6. Recursively call for position (i + 1, j), (i, j + 1), (i 1, j), (i, j 1).
- 7. Unmark position (i, j), that is, **solution[i][j]** as zero.

Pseudo Code:

```
function ratInAMaze(maze , n):
    loop from i = 0 to i = n:
        loop from j = 0 to j = n:
             solution[i][j] = 0
    solveMaze(maze, solution, 0, 0 , n) // starting position = (0, 0)
function solveMaze(maze, solution, x, y, n):
    if x equals n - 1 and y equals n - 1:
        solution[x][y] = 1
        printSolution(solution, n)
        return
    if(x > n-1 \text{ or } x < 0 \text{ or } y > n-1 \text{ or } y < 0 \text{ or } maze[x][y] == 0 \text{ or }
solution[x][y] == 1):
        return
    solution[x][y] = 1
    solveMaze(maze, solution, x - 1, y , n)
    solveMaze(maze, solution, x + 1, y, n)
    solveMaze(maze, solution, x, y - 1, n)
    solveMaze(maze, solution, x, y + 1 , n)
```

```
solution[x][y] = 0

function printSolution(solution , n):
    loop from i = 0 to i = n:
        loop from j = 0 to j = n:
        print solution[i][j]
```

Time Complexity: $O(2^k)$, where **k** is the number of available nodes, which can be in the order of N^2 , where N is the number of rows and columns in the matrix.