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M.Sc. Final Project Report -  $Medical\ Face\ Mask\ Detection$ 

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# 1 Goals

In this project, the goal is to label all faces in the given image as  $\max/no$  mask

We'll need to determine which of these women is wearing a medical mask.



FIGURE 1: Original Image



FIGURE 2: Annotated Image

## 1.1 Expected Achievements

### Contents:

- 1. Take both datasets and use augmentation to improve pictures.
- 2. Pick two models best suits (CNN) our problem & search for the best hyper parameters.
- 3. Train two models on my datasets and save it for later use.
- 4. Test it using a GUI or a great integration script, and run on an unseen test images

## 2 Data

Data used for this project:

#### 2.1 Datasets

#### 2.1.1 Face Mask Detection Dataset [1]

Comprised of the following three classes:

- Face with mask
- Face without mask
- Mask worn incorrectly

Classes Distribution: (Equal number of images per class, to eliminate bias)

- mask\_weared\_incorrect: 2997
- with mask: 2997
- without mask: 2997

## 2.1.2 Face Mask Dataset [1] & Natural Images Dataset [2]

A custom superset of both [1] & [2], Comprised of the following classes:

- airplane
- car
- cat
- dog
- flower
- fruit
- mask\_weared\_incorrect
- motorbike
- $\bullet$  with\_mask
- $\bullet$  without\_mask

Classes Distribution:

• airplane: 727

• car: 968

• cat: 885

• dog: 702

• flower: 843

• fruit: 1000

• mask\_weared\_incorrect: 2997 -> 1000

• motorbike: 788

• with  $_{\rm mask}$ : 2997 -> 1000

• without mask: 2997 -> 1000

## 2.2 Transformations used for data

- Random Horizontal Flip: Horizontally flip the given image randomly with a given probability
- Random Resized Crop: Crop the given image to random size and aspect ratio



FIGURE 3: Cropping Sample

## 3 Architecture

In this section I'll describe the model and the modifications I've made during second phase.

#### 3.1 The Model

I chose a CNN, no other choice for that kind of task. I started from a known network that I previously used for a similar task, comvbined with an intuition from a known model for image classification. I played a little with the number of filters for each layer, this way I can capture more features. The problem with this method was that it take a lot of RAM (over 4GB), which made me debug on a pre-trained resnet18.

```
CNN(
  (loss_func): CrossEntropyLoss()
  (feature_extractor): Sequential(
    (0): Conv2d(3, 64, kernel_size=(3, 3), stride=(1, 1), padding=(1, 1))
    (1): ReLU()
    (2): MaxPool2d(kernel_size=2, stride=2, padding=0, dilation=1, ceil_mode=False)
    (3): Conv2d(64, 128, kernel_size=(3, 3), stride=(1, 1), padding=(1, 1))
    (4): ReLU()
    (5): MaxPool2d(kernel_size=2, stride=2, padding=0, dilation=1, ceil_mode=False)
    (6): Conv2d(128, 256, kernel_size=(3, 3), stride=(1, 1), padding=(1, 1))
    (8): MaxPool2d(kernel_size=2, stride=2, padding=0, dilation=1, ceil_mode=False)
  (classifier): Sequential(
    (0): Flatten(start_dim=1, end_dim=-1)
    (1): Linear(in_features=200704, out_features=1024, bias=True)
    (2): BatchNorm1d(1024, eps=1e-05, momentum=0.1, affine=True, track_running_stats=True)
    (4): Linear(in features=1024, out features=512, bias=True)
    (5): BatchNormId(512, eps=1e-05, momentum=0.1, affine=True, track_running_stats=True)
    (6): ReLU()
    (7): Linear(in_features=512, out_features=10, bias=True)
)
```

FIGURE 4: architecture

```
SGD (
Parameter Group 0
dampening: 0
lr: 0.001
momentum: 0.9
nesterov: False
weight_decay: 0
)
```

FIGURE 5: optimizer

## 3.2 Training

The training phase includes three models:

- 1. Natural Image:
  - A Pre-Trained Model that detects human beings (alongside other)
  - Isn't being used for final classification
  - Used for Human Model Retraining
- 2. Human Model
  - Fine tune 1 model's top layer
  - Classes: elaborated in 2.1.2
  - Add three classes (with mask, without mask, mask weared incorrect
  - Remove 'person' class in return
  - Used to determine if the object is a person
- 3. Face Mask Detection
  - A model we train from scratch
  - Classes: elaborated in 2.1.1
  - Used for Human Model Retraining

## 3.3 Testing Pipeline

- Take an image
- Determine if the object/s in the picture are human (using Human Detection Model model)

• Crop the object/s one by one (using first model), & determine masked/non-masked/partially-masked (using second model)

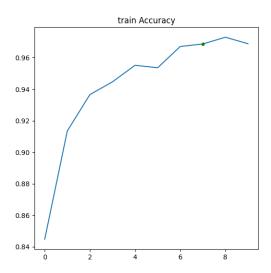
# 4 Results

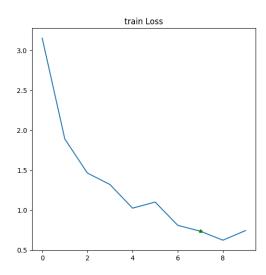
Results will be elaborated for both models: Accuracy:

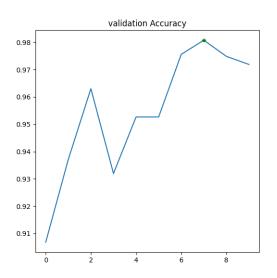
• Human Detection: 97.62

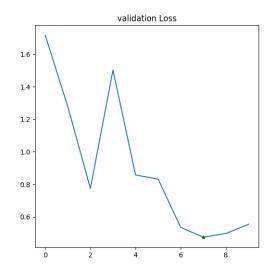
• Medical Face Mask Detection: 97.62

1. Mask Detection

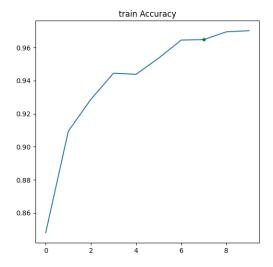


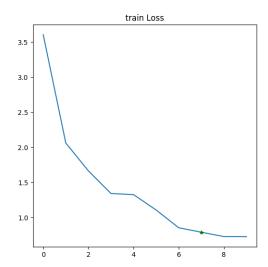


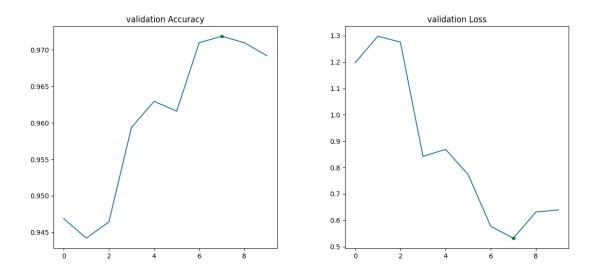




## 2. Human Detection







# 5 Gui

In this section we'll describe how our gui looks like and some screenshots

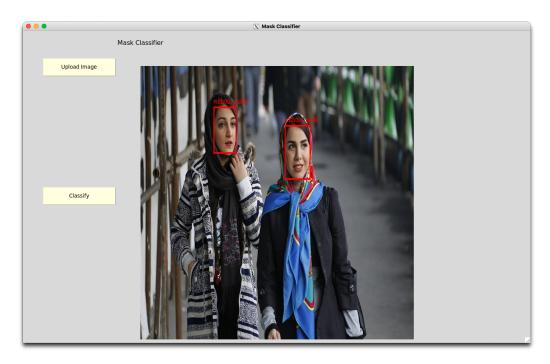


FIGURE 6: Non-Masked Sample

# 6 Bibliography

## References

- [1] Face Mask Detection, Building a face mask classifier https://www.kaggle.com/vijaykumar1799/face-mask-detection
- [2] A compiled dataset of 6899 images from 8 distinct classes. https://www.kaggle.com/prasunroy/natural-images
- [3] FaceNet: A Unified Embedding for Face Recognition and Clustering https://arxiv.org/abs/1503.03832

# 7 Appendixes

#### 7.1 The Code

My project is consisted of the following components:

| doc                  | Documentation, source and pdf             |  |  |
|----------------------|---|--|--|
| $\mathbf{out}$       | Saved Checkpoint - model & state dict.    |  |  |
| $\mathbf{samples}$   | Test images for Demo                      |  |  |
| $\operatorname{src}$ | Project's sources                         |  |  |
| $\mathbf{support}$   | Dockerfile to reproduce the required env. |  |  |

Table 1

| Camera.py                                 | Capture frames from Camera or Video               |
|---|---|
| ${\bf Face Mask Classification Utils.py}$ | Shared Helper and constants                       |
| ${\bf Face Mask Detection.py}$            | FaceMask classifier model                         |
| ${f Final Project.py}$                    | train and classify without a GUI                  |
| Gui.py                                    | A useful GUI assisting upload and classify images |
| ${f Human Detection.py}$                  | Human Detection Model                             |
| ${ m ObjectCrop.py}$                      | External Lib For Objects Detection                |

Table 2

## 7.2 How To Run The Project

• Train the model and test it, export a checkpoint file for the model and weights

```
Face Mask Data path
-F IMAGE_PATH, --image_path IMAGE_PATH
image to classify
--train
```

• Run GUI to classify images selected by the user:

#### Prerequisites:

- Pre trained model checkpoint (Model & weights)
- Project's Python source code