

INPUTS : Groundwater recharge, R , (m/d)

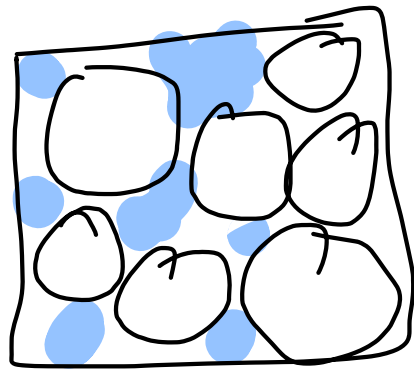
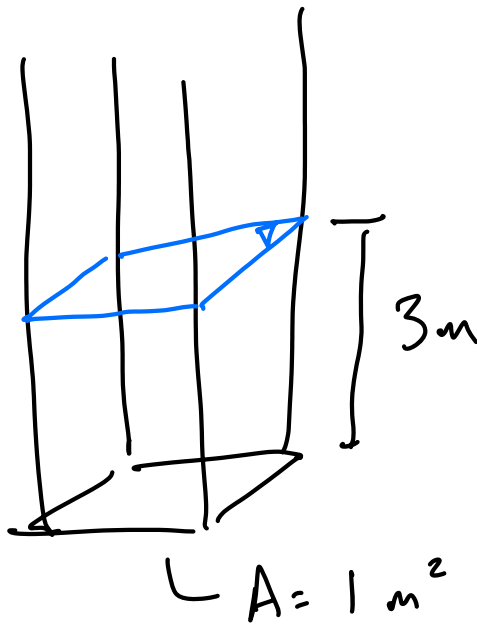
OUTPUTS : Groundwater discharge, D , (m^3/d)

$$\Delta M = M_{in} - M_{out}$$

$$= R \cdot 2L \cdot \rho \cdot \Delta t - 2D \cdot \rho \cdot \Delta t$$

$$\Delta(V_{w\cancel{\rho}}) = 2RL\rho\Delta t - 2D\rho\Delta t$$

$$\frac{\Delta V_w}{\Delta t} = 2RL - 2D$$



$$\Delta V_w = 1 \text{ m}^3 \quad \Delta h = 10 \text{ m}$$

$$\Delta V_w = \Delta h \cdot A \cdot S_y$$

$$\Delta h = \frac{\Delta V_w}{A \cdot S_y} = \frac{1}{1 \cdot 0.1} = 10$$

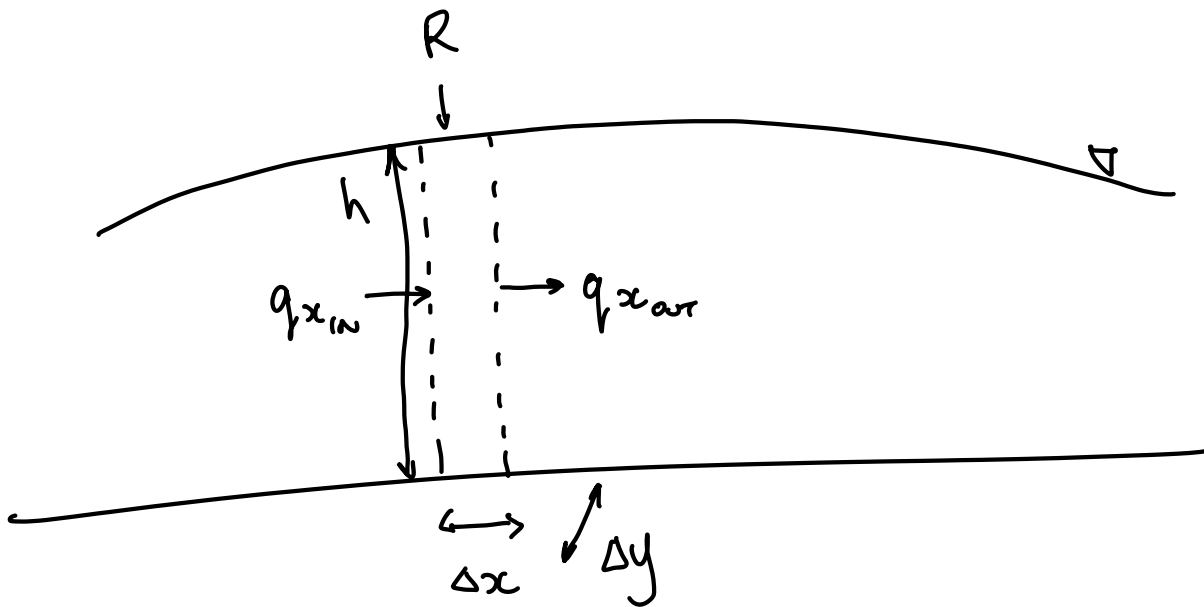
$$\frac{\Delta h}{\Delta t} \cdot A \cdot S_y = 2 \cdot R \cdot L - 2D$$

$$S_y = \text{specific yield} \\ = 0.001 \rightarrow 0.15$$

$$\frac{\Delta h}{\Delta t} \cdot 2L S_y = 2RL - 2D$$

$$S_y \cdot \frac{\Delta h}{\Delta t} = R - \frac{D}{L}$$

$$S_y \cdot \frac{dh}{dt} = R - \frac{D}{L} \quad \leftarrow \text{Lumped water balance of } \Delta y$$



$$\Delta M = M_{in} - M_{out}$$

$$\rho \cdot \Delta h \cdot \Delta x \cdot \Delta y \cdot S_y = R \cdot \Delta x \cdot \Delta y \cdot \rho \cdot \Delta t + q_{x,in} \cdot h \cdot \Delta y \cdot \rho \cdot \Delta t - q_{x,out} \cdot h \cdot \Delta y \cdot \rho \cdot \Delta t$$

$$S_y \cdot \frac{\Delta h}{\Delta t} = R + \frac{q_{x,in} \cdot h}{\Delta x} - \frac{q_{x,out} \cdot h}{\Delta x} = R + \frac{h}{\Delta x} (q_{x,in} - q_{x,out})$$

$$\text{Let } q_{x,out} = q_{x,in} + \Delta q$$

$$\Delta q = q_{\text{out}} - q_{\text{in}}$$

$$S_y \frac{\Delta h}{\Delta t} = R - \frac{\Delta q \cdot h}{\Delta x}$$

$$S_y \frac{\partial h}{\partial t} = - \frac{\partial}{\partial x} (q \cdot h) + R$$

Darcy's Law: $Q \propto \frac{\partial h}{\partial x}, A$

$$Q = -k \cdot A \cdot \frac{dh}{dx}$$

$$q = -k \cdot \frac{dh}{dx}$$

$$S_y \cdot \frac{\partial h}{\partial t} = - \frac{\partial}{\partial x} \left(-k \cdot \frac{\partial h}{\partial x} \cdot h \right) + R$$

$$S_y \frac{\partial h}{\partial t} = k \cdot \frac{\partial}{\partial x} \left(h \cdot \frac{\partial h}{\partial x} \right) + R$$

$$\frac{\partial}{\partial x} uv = u \cdot \frac{\partial v}{\partial x} + v \cdot \frac{\partial u}{\partial x}$$

$$u = h, v = h$$

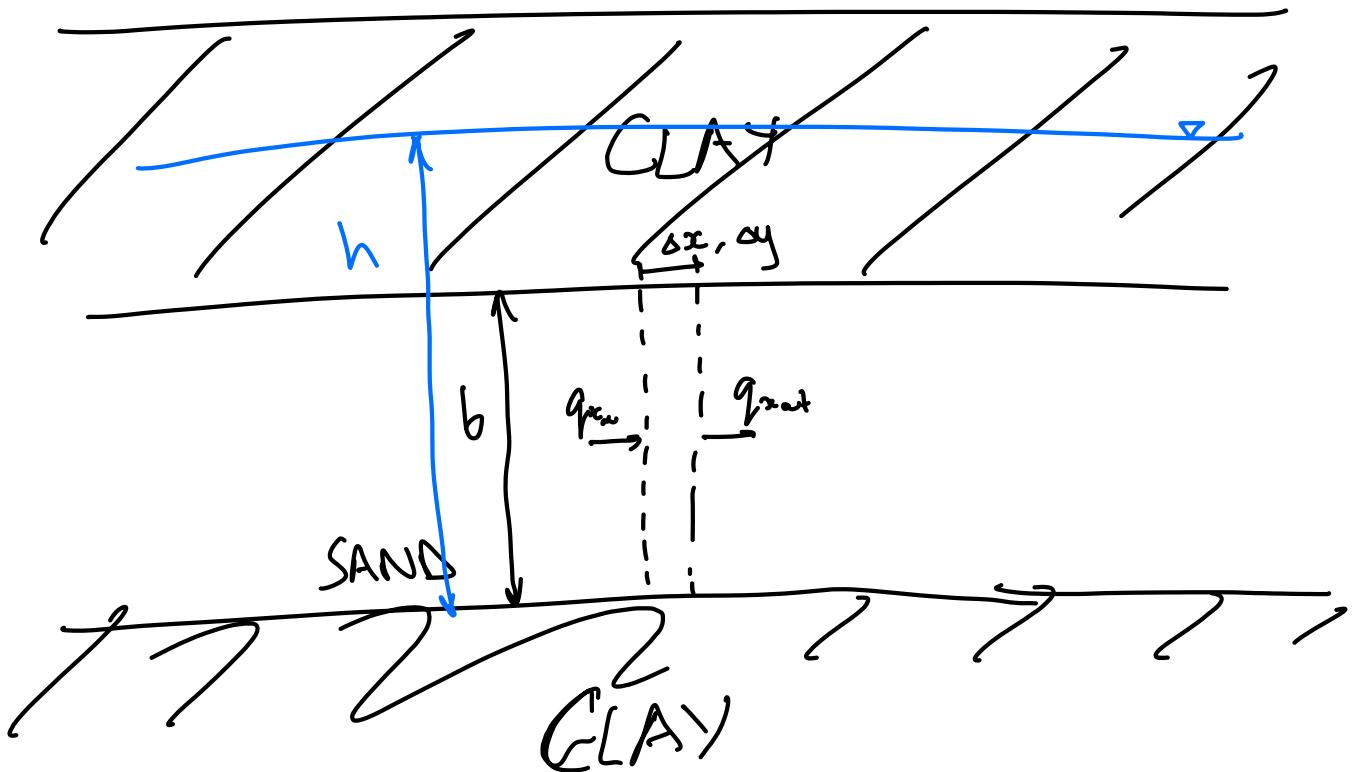
$$\frac{\partial}{\partial x} h \cdot h = h \cdot \frac{dh}{dx} + h \cdot \frac{dh}{dx} = \frac{\partial h^2}{\partial x} = 2 \cdot h \cdot \frac{\partial h}{\partial x}$$

$$h \cdot \frac{\partial h}{\partial x} = \frac{1}{2} \cdot \frac{\partial h^2}{\partial x}$$

$$S_y \frac{\partial h}{\partial t} = k \cdot \frac{\partial}{\partial x} \left(\frac{1}{2} \cdot \frac{\partial h^2}{\partial x} \right) + R$$

$$S_y \frac{\partial h}{\partial t} = \frac{k}{2} \cdot \frac{\partial^2 h^2}{\partial x^2} + R$$

Governing Equation for
1D, transient, GW flow in
an unconfined aquifer, subject
to uniform recharge.



$$\Delta V_w = \Delta h \cdot A \cdot b \cdot S_s$$

$$\Delta M_i = M_{i,w} - M_{o,i}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \Delta h \cdot \Delta x \Delta y \cdot b \cdot S_s \cdot \rho &= q_{x,w} \cdot b \cdot \Delta y \cdot \rho \cdot \Delta t - q_{x,o} \cdot b \cdot \Delta y \cdot \rho \cdot \Delta t \\ &= -\Delta q \cdot b \cdot \Delta y \cdot \rho \cdot \Delta t \end{aligned}$$

$$S_s \cdot \frac{\Delta h}{\Delta t} = - \frac{\Delta q}{\Delta x}$$

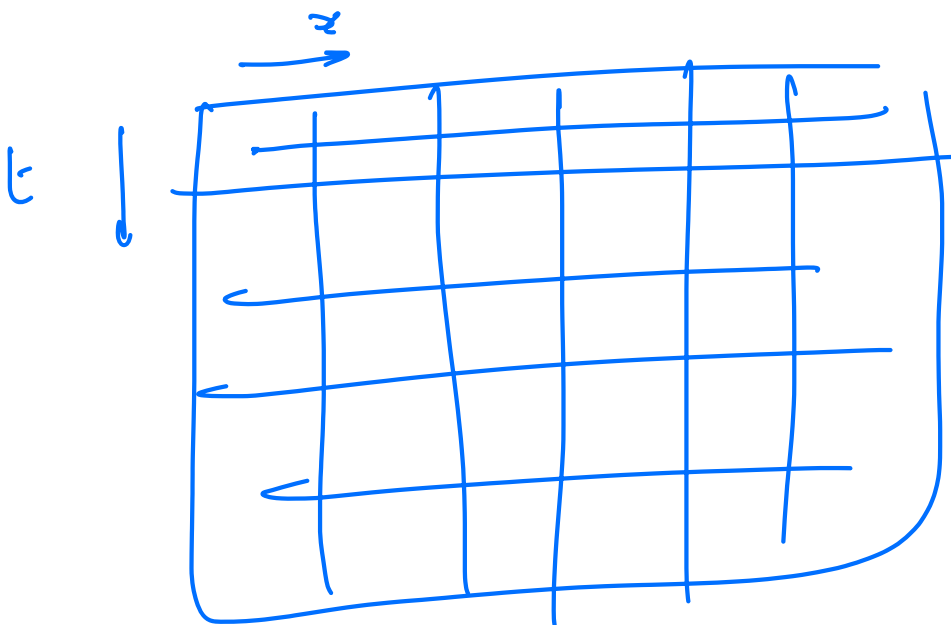
$$S_s \frac{\partial h}{\partial t} = - \frac{\partial q}{\partial x}$$

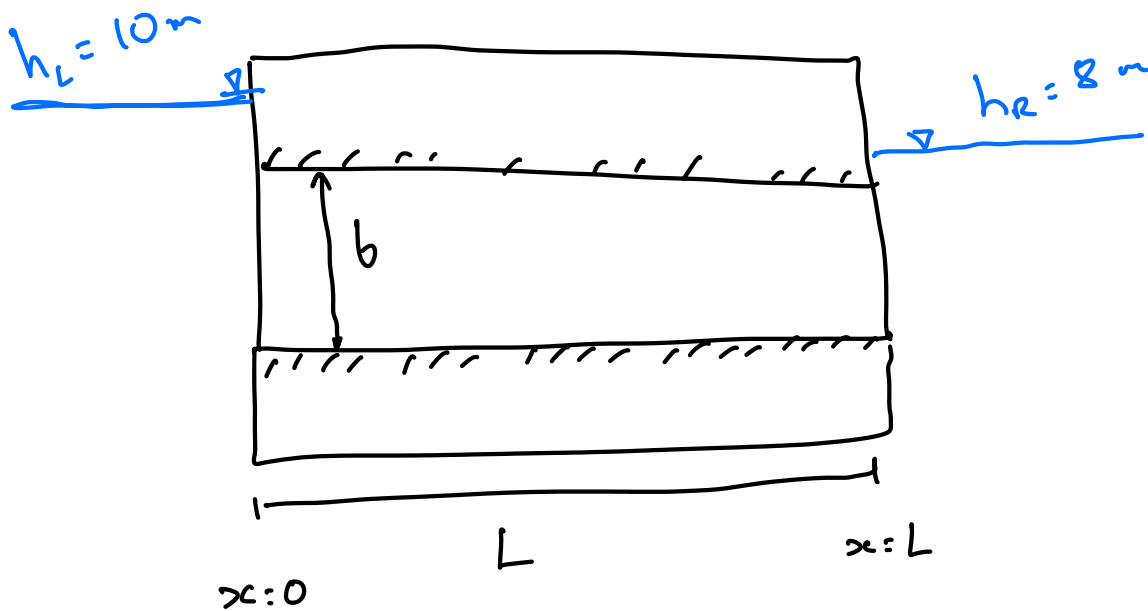
$$q = -k \cdot \frac{dh}{dx}$$

$$S_s \cdot \frac{\partial h}{\partial t} = k \cdot \frac{\partial}{\partial x} \left(\frac{\partial h}{\partial x} \right)$$

$$S_s \cdot \frac{\partial h}{\partial t} = k \cdot \frac{\partial^2 h}{\partial x^2}$$

Governing equation for 1D, transient, GW flow in a confined aquifer.





$$S, \frac{dh}{dx} = \kappa \frac{d^2 h}{dx^2} = 0$$

0 at steady state

$$\frac{d^2 h}{dx^2} = 0$$

$$\frac{dh}{dx} = C_1$$

$$h = C_1 x + C_2$$

General Soln.

$$h(x=0) = h_L$$

$$h(x=L) = h_R$$

$$x=0 \rightarrow h_L = C_1 \cdot 0 + C_2$$

$$h = C_1 x + h_L$$

$$x=L \rightarrow h_R = C_1 \cdot L + h_L$$

$$C_1 = \frac{h_R - h_L}{L}$$

Particular Soln

$$h = \left(\frac{h_R - h_L}{L} \right) x + h_L$$

S.S. solution Cr 1D unconfined flow w/ Redn.

$$\cancel{S_y} \frac{\partial h}{\partial t} = \frac{\kappa}{2} \frac{\partial^2 h^2}{\partial x^2} + R$$

$$\frac{\partial^2 h^2}{\partial x^2} = - \frac{2R}{\kappa}$$

$$\frac{dh^2}{dx} = - \frac{2R}{\kappa} x + C_1$$

$$h^2 = - \frac{R}{\kappa} x^2 + C_1 x + C_2$$

General Soln

$$h^2 = - \frac{R}{\kappa} x^2 + C_1 x + C_2$$

$$h(x=0) = h_L \quad h(x=L) = h_R$$

$$x=0 \rightarrow h_L^2 = C_2$$

$$x = L \rightarrow h_R^2 = -\frac{RL^2}{k} + C_1 \cdot L + h_L^2$$

$$\frac{h_R^2 - h_L^2 + \frac{RL^2}{k}}{L} = C_1$$

$$\frac{h_R^2 - h_L^2}{L} + \frac{RL}{k} = C_1$$

$$h^2 = -\frac{R}{k} \cdot x^2 + \left(\frac{h_R^2 - h_L^2}{L} \right) x + \frac{RLx}{k} + h_L^2$$

$$h^2 = \left(\frac{h_R^2 - h_L^2}{L} \right) x + \frac{Rx}{k} (L - x) + h_L^2$$

GW Divide:

$$\frac{dh^2}{dx} = -\frac{2R}{k} \cdot x + \left(\frac{h_R^2 - h_L^2}{L} \right) + \frac{RL}{k} = 0$$

$$\frac{2R}{k} \cdot x = \frac{h_R^2 - h_L^2}{L} + \frac{RL}{k}$$

$$x = \frac{k}{2R} \left(\frac{h_R^2 - h_L^2}{L} \right) + \frac{L}{2}$$

