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Ex 05

## Task 2

The coverage is checked in Collab. It reaches more than 92 percent accuracy and less than 0.22 loss in the first 20 epochs. In my local machine, I did not have any compute power for showing the output. Sorry about that...

```
In [ ]: import tensorflow as tf
        from tensorflow import keras
        from keras import layers
        import numpy as np
        import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
        class MyBatchNormalization(keras.layers.Layer):
            def __init__(
                self,
                epsilon=1e-5
            ):
                super().__init__()
                self.epsilon = epsilon
            def build(self, input_shape):
                param_shape = (input_shape[-1],)
                self.gamma = self.add_weight(
                        name="gamma",
                        shape=param_shape,
                        dtype='float32',
                        trainable=True,
                self.beta = self.add_weight(
                        name="beta",
                        shape=param_shape,
                        dtype='float32',
                        trainable=True,
                self.built = True
```

```
def call(self, inputs):
        batch_mean = tf.reduce_mean(inputs, axis=0)
       batch_variance = tf.math.reduce_std(inputs, axis=0)
       normalized_inputs = (inputs - batch_mean) / tf.sqrt(batch_variance + self.epsilon)
        outputs = self.gamma * normalized inputs + self.beta
        return outputs
# for the last part of the questuion
class MyBatchNormalization_joint_version(keras.layers.Layer):
    def __init__(
        self,
        epsilon=1e-5
   ):
       super().__init__()
        self.epsilon = epsilon
   def build(self, input_shape):
       self.gamma = self.add_weight(
                name="gamma",
                shape=(1,),
                dtype='float32',
               trainable=True,
       self.beta = self.add_weight(
                name="beta",
                shape=(1,),
                dtype='float32',
                trainable=True,
        self.built = True
    def call(self, inputs):
        batch mean = tf.reduce mean(inputs)
       batch_variance = tf.math.reduce_std(inputs)
       normalized_inputs = (inputs - batch_mean) / tf.sqrt(batch_variance + self.epsilon)
       outputs = self.gamma * normalized_inputs + self.beta
        return outputs
def define_model():
```

```
K = 20 # number of convolution layers per block
            L = 3 # number of blocks
            x = inputs
            for i in range(0,L):
                for j in range(0,K):
                    x = layers.Conv2D(32, 3, activation="relu",padding="same")(x)
                    x = MyBatchNormalization()(x)
                    # for the second part we should use this version of BatchNormalization
                    # x = MyBatchNormalization_joint_version()(x)
                x = layers.MaxPooling2D(3)(x)
            x = layers.GlobalMaxPooling2D()(x)
            outputs = layers.Dense(10,activation='softmax')(x)
            model = keras.Model(inputs,outputs)
            # model.summary()
            return model
In [ ]: # Load and preprocess training data (Fashion-MNIST)
        (train_images, train_labels), (test_images, test_labels) = tf.keras.datasets.fashion_mnist.load_data()
        train_images = train_images / 255.0
        test images = test images / 255.0
        train_labels = tf.keras.utils.to_categorical(train_labels)
        test_labels = tf.keras.utils.to_categorical(test_labels)
        # Define and train model
        model = define_model()
        model.compile(loss=keras.losses.CategoricalCrossentropy(),optimizer=keras.optimizers.Adam(),metrics=["accuracy"])
```

## Task 3

inputs = keras.Input(shape=(28,28,1))

model.fit(train\_images,train\_labels, batch\_size=64, epochs=100)

```
In []: import tensorflow as tf
    from tensorflow import keras
    from keras import layers
    import numpy as np
    import matplotlib.pyplot as plt

def define_model():
```

```
# I define the implementation for the model manually here
   # in other words, it is not generalized with K, M, and L
   # and that is because I could not figure it out when we needed spatial sampling
   # also it was mentioned in the question to consider the graph for the implementation
   # the name of the layer has the following format: [LAYER TYPE] [L] [K]
   \# and each M = 2 layer a residual connection is added
   inputs = keras.Input(shape=(28,28,1))
   conv2d 0 0 = layers.Conv2D(32, 3, activation="relu", padding="same")(inputs)
   conv2d_0_1 = layers.Conv2D(32, 3, activation="relu", padding="same")(conv2d 0 0)
   matchChannel0 = layers.Conv2D(32, 1, padding="same")(inputs)
   add0 = layers.add([conv2d 0 1, matchChannel0])
   conv2d 0 2 = layers.Conv2D(32, 3, activation="relu", padding="same")(add0)
   conv2d_0_3 = layers.Conv2D(32, 3, activation="relu", padding="same")(conv2d_0_2)
   add1 = layers.add([conv2d 0 3, add0])
   maxPooling2D 1 = layers.MaxPooling2D(pool size=(3,3), padding='valid', strides=(1,1))(add1)
   conv2d 1 0 = layers.Conv2D(32, 3, activation="relu", padding="same")(maxPooling2D 1)
   conv2d_1_1 = layers.Conv2D(32, 3, activation="relu", padding="same")(conv2d_1_0)
   averagePooling2D 1 = layers.MaxPooling2D(pool size=(3,3), padding='valid', strides=(1,1))(add1)
   add2 = layers.add([conv2d_1_1, averagePooling2D_1])
   conv2d 1 2 = layers.Conv2D(32, 3, activation="relu", padding="same")(add2)
   conv2d_1_3 = layers.Conv2D(32, 3, activation="relu", padding="same")(conv2d_1_2)
   add3 = layers.add([conv2d 1 3, add2])
   maxPooling2D 2 = layers.MaxPooling2D(pool size=(3,3), padding='valid', strides=(1,1))(add3)
   conv2d 2 0 = layers.Conv2D(32, 3, activation="relu", padding="same")(maxPooling2D_2)
   conv2d 2 1 = layers.Conv2D(32, 3, activation="relu", padding="same")(conv2d_2_0)
   averagePooling2D_2 = layers.MaxPooling2D(pool_size=(3,3), padding='valid', strides=(1,1))(add3)
   add4 = layers.add([conv2d 2 1, averagePooling2D 2])
   conv2d 2 2 = layers.Conv2D(32, 3, activation="relu", padding="same")(add4)
   conv2d_2_3 = layers.Conv2D(32, 3, activation="relu", padding="same")(conv2d_2_2)
   add5 = layers.add([conv2d 2 3, add4])
   falttening = layers.GlobalMaxPooling2D()(add5)
   outputs = layers.Dense(10,activation='softmax')(falttening)
   model = keras.Model(inputs,outputs)
   # model.summary()
   return model
# Load and preprocess training data (Fashion-MNIST)
(train_images, train_labels), (test_images, test_labels) = tf.keras.datasets.fashion_mnist.load_data()
train images = train images / 255.0
test images = test images / 255.0
train labels = tf.keras.utils.to categorical(train labels)
test_labels = tf.keras.utils.to_categorical(test_labels)
```

```
# Define and train model
model = define_model()
model.compile(loss=keras.losses.CategoricalCrossentropy(),optimizer=keras.optimizers.Adam(),metrics=["accuracy"])
model.fit(train_images,train_labels, batch_size=64, epochs=5) # just tested with 5 epochs because of the limited comp
```

## Epoch 1/5

WARNING:tensorflow:From h:\Uni\WiSe 2024\ML LAB\ml\_lab\_venv\Lib\site-packages\keras\src\utils\tf\_utils.py:492: The na me tf.ragged.RaggedTensorValue is deprecated. Please use tf.compat.v1.ragged.RaggedTensorValue instead.

WARNING:tensorflow:From h:\Uni\WiSe 2024\ML LAB\ml\_lab\_venv\Lib\site-packages\keras\src\engine\base\_layer\_utils.py:38
4: The name tf.executing\_eagerly\_outside\_functions is deprecated. Please use tf.compat.v1.executing\_eagerly\_outside\_f unctions instead.

It reaches suitable accuracy and loss without batchnorm.

In [ ]: