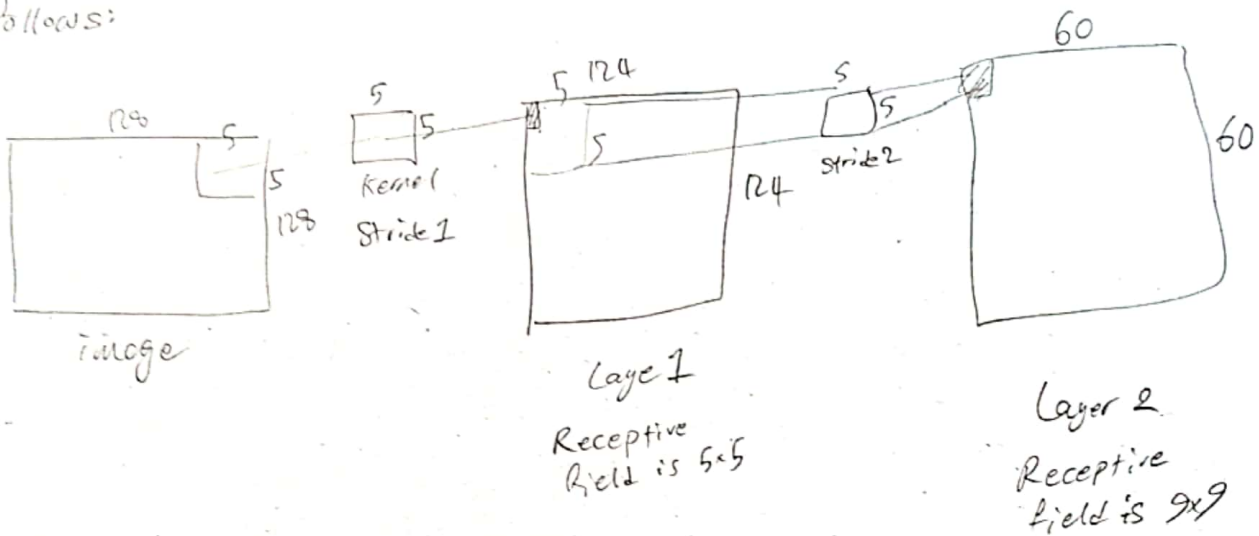


Task III)

For the first layer for example, the receptive field is as follows:



Hence, the Receptive Field of Layer m is calculated by:

$$RF_m = RF_{m-1} + (k_m - 1) \times \prod_{i=1}^{m-1} S_i$$

\downarrow Receptive Field of Previous Layer
 \downarrow kernel Size of the Layer
 \downarrow Product of Strides of the previous Layers

The validation for formula is done using the print outputs in the Previous task's Python notebook.

$$\begin{aligned}
 RF_1 &= 5 \\
 RF_2 &= 5 + (5 - 1) \times 1 = 9 \\
 RF_3 &= 9 + (3 - 1) \times 2 = 13 \\
 RF_4 &= 13 + (3 - 1) \times 2 = 17 \\
 RF_5 &= 17 + (3 - 1) \times 4 = 25 \\
 RF_6 &= 25 + (3 - 1) \times 4 = 33
 \end{aligned}$$

based on python
 outputs
 are true